Boosts for Reds

Lavish Widener, Field and McLean Parties Held Spur to Dangerous Class Unrest—Westbrook Pegler, Page 9.

The Washington Post

The Weather

Today—Fair and warmer.
Tomorrow—Rain and colder.
Yesterday—High, 43; low, 33.
Details on Page 21.

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Roosevelt Calls Parley Of Rail, Labor Chiefs; G. M. C. Defies Unions

President Seeks Study of Retirement Act Controversy.

6-Hour Day Bill Discussion Likely

Collective Bargaining by Single Group Refused by Motors Head.

Labor-Employer Activities.

Rail executives and union heads will gather here this week for a conference, proposed by President Roosevelt, to seek agreement on the railroad retirement act. They are expected to discuss numerous other questions at issue between them.

General Motors Corporation defied the attempt of the United Automobile Workers to unionize its employes.

Edward F. McGrady, Assistant Secretary of Labor, returned from the scene of the deadlocked West Coast ship strike and studied latest moves in the automobile walkout.

President Roosevelt was kept in touch with the automobile strike developments by Secretary Perkins.

The Labor Relations Board, in a report to Congress, laid labor trouble in steel largely to "denial of the rights of self-organization and collective bargaining." It assailed the American Iron and Steel Institute.

By William V. Nesslv.

Railroad presidents and representatives of the 21 rail labor unions have been summoned to Washington for a conference, proposed by President Roosevelt to seek an agreement on the court-involved provisions of the railroad retirement act. The conference will open Thursday.

While the President suggested discussion of the retirement annuities problem, it was learned last night preparations are under way to broaden the meeting into a general threshing-out of numerous issues between the roads and their employes, with the general aim to substitute agreements for legislation governing their relations.

The White House last night made public an exchange of correspondence between the President and J. J. Pelley, president of the Association of American Railroads, and G. M. Harrison, of Cincinnati, chairman of the Railway Labor Executives Association. The President, pointing out, under date of December 28, that taxes under the railroad retirement act expire on February 28 and that further action by Congress soon will be required, proposed the conference "in order that Congress might have the benefit of joint recommendations."

Replies from Harrison and Pelley, under date of December 30 and 29, respectively, advised the President that arrangements for the conference were under way and that it was hoped to open the sessions after the middle of January. At offices of the railroads' association yesterday, however, it was said the meeting date had been advanced to January 7 to harmonize with other appointments of the conferees.

With both sides yesterday expressing their preference for agreements rather than laws to regulate their relations, it was pointed out that other matters in dispute which naturally would be subjects for discussion at the conference would include these:

The union demand, backed by bills in House and Senate, for a six-hour day.

Unemployment insurance.

The full-crew bill and train-length bill.

Proposed legislation on track and bridge inspection.

While the wage issue was not in-

Continued on Page 6, Column 3.

Fair and Warmer Weather Forecast Today for Capital

Although a severe cold wave was sweeping down from the frozen north yesterday, fair and warmer weather was predicted for Washington and nearby Maryland and Virginia for today.

Gentle to moderate southerly winds will fan the Capital, the Weather Bureau said, although a reading in the low 30's was expected before dawn. Tomorrow, however, the forecaster said, there will be a cold winter rain and lower temperatures. Yesterday was sunny, with a high mark of 43 at 3:30 p. m., and a low reading of 33 at 7 a. m.

The cold wave was expected to reach Chicago tonight, and envelop the entire Middle West, the Associated Press quoted Meteorologist J. R. Lloyd, of Chicago, as saying. Already it gripped certain frigid points. In northern Wisconsin the temperature toppled to 10 below, while fresh snow blocked highways in western Minnesota, and made snow plows helpless. Residents of northwestern Iowa and northeastern Nebraska dug out of drifts.

Will Attend Parley

J. J. PELLEY.

G. M. C. Assails Drive of Unions Among Plants

Sloan Challenges Efforts to Organize Workers; 3 Hurt in Riot.

By the Associated Press.

Detroit, Jan. 4.—General Motors Corporation, largest automobile manufacturing concern in the world, tonight defied the attempt of the United Automobile Workers to unionize its employes.

Alfred P. Sloan, jr., president of General Motors, announced the company "will not recognize any union as the sole bargaining agency of its workers."

He made the statement in a notice to be posted tomorrow on the bulletin boards of all the corporation's domestic manufacturing concerns.

Meanwhile the first violence of widespread labor troubles in the automotive industry marred the strike front as State and Federal governments offered mediation services.

3 Hurt in Clash.

A police officer and two union pickets were hurt slightly at Cleveland.

The "strategy board" of the United Automobile Workers and the Committee for Industrial Organization met to consider the next steps to enforce demands upon General Motors for a general collective bargaining agreement. The board has been empowered to call a general strike if it deems such action advisable.

Sloan, in his statement tonight, told General Motors employes:

"Have no fear that any union or any labor dictator will dominate the plants of General Motors Corporation. No General Motors workers need join any organization to get a job or to keep a job."

He asserted the "real issue" was "will a labor organization run the plants of General Motors Corporation or will the management continue to do so?"

40,000 Workers Idle.

Nearly 40,000 General Motors employes are idle because of U. A. W. strikes closing eight plants, and shutdowns of five other units of the corporation's automotive divisions. Barring unforeseen quick settlement of the disputes, approximately 135,000 will be without work by the end of the week, a company official said, adding that complete suspension would cost employes $1,000,000 daily in wages and the company approximately $330,000 daily in net profits.

At Flint, Mich., 500 strikers held to their posts in two plants of the Fisher Body Co., a General Motors division, for the third day in the face of a sweeping circuit court injunction obtained by the company. No bench warrants, a prerequisite to their arrest or forcible ejection, had been issued this afternoon. A copy of the injunction, however, was served upon Homer

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

Two Fliers Killed As Army Airplane Crashes at Rantoul

Rantoul, Ill., Jan. 4 (AP).—Capt. Reginald Gillespie and Sergt. Clarence Suddeth, Army fliers, stationed at Chanute Field, here, were killed today when their plane crashed in a vacant lot of the residential section.

Capt. Gillespie's home was listed as Seattle, Wash., Sergt Suddeth's as Ridge Farm, Ill.

Maj. James Duke, adjutant at the field, said the two were on a routine flight. "I can't say what caused the crash," Maj. Duke said. "A board will have to be appointed to make a full investigation. The plane did not burn."

Both men, he said, were the same age, 36. Capt. Gillespie is survived by his mother, Mrs. A. R. Gillespie, living in Spokane, Wash; and his wife, who resides here. Sergt. Suddeth left a wife and two children who also live here.

Child Labor Ban Foreseen In Court Rule

High Tribunal Upholds Act Forbidding Transport of Prison Goods.

Text of Prison-Made Goods Decision—Page 9.

By Franklyn Waltman.

In a decision which may have far-reaching significance and afford a basis for abolition of child labor and regulation of working conditions in industry, the Supreme Court yesterday unanimously upheld constitutionality of the Ashurst-Sumners act forbidding interstate transportation of prison-made goods to States prohibiting their sale.

The full implications of the Supreme Court decision were not immediately apparent, but Justice Department officials hailed it as "a landmark" in further clarifying the part which the Federal Government can play in assisting the State governments to curb abuses in industry and labor relations.

Senator Joseph C. O'Mahoney, sponsor of a bill for Federal incorporation of industries engaging in interstate commerce, declared that the decision "points the way for immediate legislation by Congress without constitutional amendment to regulate minimum wages, maximum hours and ban child labor." He further held that the decision, along with the court's previous ruling upholding the Hawes-Cooper prison-made goods act, "places the seal of constitutionality on provisions contained in my revised national incorporation bill.

Whitin Lauds Decision.

Dr. E. Stagg Whitin, executive chairman of the national committee on prisons and prison labor, in lauding the decision asserted that it "obviously should prove of great value in child labor, minimum wages and maximum hours and other problems in the broader field of social and economic welfare."

He contended that in addition to subjecting to control "unfair competitive exploitation of prison labor," the decision "clearly points out the American and constitutional way to approach other problems involved in the vast and controversial subject of industrial regulation." The decision undoubtedly will figure largely in Congressional discussion of measures for dealing with labor problems during the session which starts today.

This decision, delivered for the united court by Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes, was one of 36 written opinions handed down by the high tribunal when it returned from its holiday recess yesterday. In addition the court issued orders regarding a number of writs for hearings.

Oregon Law Unconstitutional.

Second in importance only to its prison-made goods decision was a ringing declaration from the court that the rights of free speech, free press and free assembly must be preserved in order that "government may be responsive to the will of the people and that changes, if desired, may be obtained by peaceful means."

"Therein lies the security of the Republic, the very foundations of constitutional government," asserted the court in an opinion also read by the Chief Justice in emphatic and sonorous tones.

The court ruled that "peaceable assembly for lawful discussion cannot be made a crime," that the "holding of meetings for peaceable political action cannot be proscribed" and that "those who assist in the conduct of such meetings cannot be branded as criminals on that score," even if they are Communists. Notwithstanding the objectives of that party, asserted the court, a Communist has "his personal right of free speech and to take part in a peaceable assembly having a lawful purpose, although called by that party."

The court made these declara-

Continued on Page 5, Column 2.

U. S. May Embargo Arms to Spain, Nazis

Roosevelt Expected to Cut Off Supplies as Both Countries Are Called in 'Undeclared State of War;' Flexible Law Sought.

By Sidney Olson.

With Germany and the Spanish government in a state of "undeclared war," President Roosevelt may declare an embargo on shipment of arms and munitions to both countries, it appeared last night.

The Spanish Ambassador to Paris already has declared Nazi seizure of Spanish vessels "equivalent to a declaration of war." If the Spanish government makes a similar statement it is believed here the State Department will advise the President that in its opinion a state of war exists.

Under the neutrality act the President may bar arms shipments to any countries he deems at war. Thus, the present difficulty with Robert Cuse, arms exporter who has been licensed to deliver $2,777,000 worth of airplanes to the Spanish government, could be solved, and time gained for a careful revision of the present neutrality law.

Observers here pointed to the present international practice of waging war without declaring it, illustrating this by citing Japan in Manchuria and Italy in Ethiopia, as ample basis for the President to decide Germany and Spain are at war.

The problem re-emphasized the serious cleavage of opinion in Congress over the form of permanent neutrality legislation. Administration supporters believe the President should be given a flexible instrument, adaptable to individual situations, in order to avoid new types of international entanglements such as the civil war in Spain, with its widespread international implications. Others headed by Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg (Republican), Michigan, stress the mandatory type of law.

Continued on Back Page.

3 Nazi Planes Are Shot Down In Bilbao Raid

Loyalists Capture Fliers Carrying Permits Signed by Gen. Franco.

By the United Press.

Valencia (Tuesday), Jan. 5.—Three Spanish rebel planes, manned by German pilots, and a loyalist plane were shot down yesterday in an air battle over the Basque capital of Bilbao, the loyalist air ministry announced today.

One of the Germans was shot dead after he had landed by parachute and killed a Basque militiaman who rushed up to arrest him. The loyalist aviator was killed when his plane crashed.

The air ministry said a fleet of 18 rebel ships, mostly German, appeared over Bilbao, on the Biscay coast, and dropped high-explosive and incendiary bombs before the loyalist squadron engaged them in battle.

Most of the bombs fell in the "Old Town," a section of the city inhabited by workers.

Plane Falls in Flames.

One of the German planes reportedly fell in flames in the suburbs of Larrase Quitu. The others were brought down in the Alonsotegui and Enecuri sectors.

The German pilot who took to his parachute landed in Iralaberri, Bilbao suburb. He pulled out a pistol and shot the militiaman who approached him. Another loyalist soldier shot the German with a rifle.

Permits signed by Rebel Commander Francisco Franco were found on the two captured Germans.

The Bilbao government was reported to have protested to Germany against the bombing of the Basque civil population by Nazi pilots.

It also was reported that rebel planes bombed Albacete late yesterday.

100 Killed in Madrid.

Madrid, Jan. 4 (AP).—Fascist warplanes killed at least 100 citizens bombarding Madrid today, and the total of the deaths of those buried beneath twisted wreckage and crumbled buildings may never be known.

Between 200 and 300 were wounded by insurgent bombs which wrecked houses and spread fires through a wide area.

Casualties mounted steadily with the influx of new reports from first-aid clinics and hospitals. Scores of dead or injured were buried under the debris scattered throughout the no longer safe neutral zone, and in other parts of the city where heaps of bomb wreckage were becoming a familiar sight in the streets.

Forty dead and wounded were extricated from one house alone in the former neutral zone, made so by mutual agreement between Fascists and Madrid defenders. More were believed to be still within the shambles, on Fortuny street opposite the apartment of John D. Johnson, the American consul, and within a stone's throw of the United States Embassy Building.

17 British Ships Sent to Protect Spain Shipping

Attacks on English Vessels Protested; New Italian Troops Arrive.

By the Associated Press.

London, Jan. 4.—Great Britain set 17 warships tonight to the task of protecting merchant shipping against new attacks in troubled Spanish waters.

Official protests were directed to Fascists of the Burgos insurgent junta and to Spanish Fascist naval authorities at Cadiz over the halting of the British steamer Etrib off Europa Point and shelling of the British steamer Blackhill in the Bay of Biscay.

There were no indications tonight that the British foreign office had received replies as a new danger developed along the northern Spanish coast.

Basque officials at Bilbao advised British shipping to navigate with care and announced long-range coastal batteries were set for "practice" fire into the patrol course of two German warships.

[British alarm because of developments in Spain increased tonight when London heard that Italy had sent 10,500 more troops to swell the rebel armies of the peninsula, the United Press reported. British satisfaction because of signing of the Anglo-Italian naval accord was tempered by unofficial reports that 4,000 Italians had disembarked from the ship, Lombardia, January 1 at Cadiz, and that 6,500 had arrived at the same port during Christmas week. These reports closely followed others that a large force of Germans also had landed at Cadiz. Thus Spain's quarrel has become in fact—if not in name—an international war.—Editor's note.]

The 17 British men-of-war, London informants said, will give protection to all Empire merchantmen but naval authorities will reserve the right to investigate any ship suspected of carrying arms or munitions to Spain.

While Britain does not recognize either Socialists or Fascists in the civil war as belligerents, she has indicated unofficial recognition of the insurgent rights to control Spanish waters within a three-mile limit—if the insurgents also control territory bordering those waters.

This does not include, however, recognition of the right to search British vessels within those territorial waters, official sources added—and any British warship sighting such an incident would be authorized to intervene.

Pact Forestalls Republic.

Rome, Jan. 4 (AP).—The Italo-British "gentleman's agreement" concerning the Mediterranean means implicitly that there can be no independent Catalan republic in Spain, well informed Fascists said tonight.

Such a republic would be a violation of the Spanish territorial status quo which may not be countenanced by either Italy or England, they stated.

(There have been indications that

Continued on Back Page.

Rayburn Wins in Fight For House Leadership; Congress Opens Today

Civil Service Board Urges Merit System

Annual Report Proposes Drastic Changes for 'Career' Program.

Urging the extension of the merit system to all nonpolicy-making positions, the Civil Service Commission in its annual report yesterday pledged itself to the establishment of a career service.

"The public service cannot thrive on a half-merit, half-patronage basis whether in national, State or municipal administration," the commission declared in recommending a seven-point legislative program that included three changes in the retirement law, the granting to the commission of authority to conciliate disputes between employes and supervisors, and amending of civil service rules to force department heads to take action against employes violating the political activity rule.

This legislative program was supplemented by a promise that in the next year the commission will do its utmost within the law to improve the selective quality of its examinations, bring its service records up to date, encourage training programs for Government workers and develop more adequate transfer facilities and better placement and supervision methods in Government agencies.

Urges Retirement Changes.

The retirement changes recommended by the Commission were, first, the establishment of a uniform optional retirement age of 60 years after 30 years service, or 62 years after 15 years service; the option to be exercised by either the Government or the employe, with 70 years the compulsory retirement age for all.

Second, to provide annuities for employes retired because of physical disability who recover before reaching retirement age, and who fail to secure reinstatement through no fault of their own.

Third, to broaden retirement benefits to permit an employe to elect a reduced annuity so that payments may be continued to a surviving dependent.

In asking authority "to investigate and conciliate differences between employes and supervisors arising from removals, reductions or suspensions," the commission, in effect, took over the proposal in the legislative programs of most of the Government employe groups for the creation of a civil service court of appeals. Creation of such a court of appeals, it has been argued, would provide a means for arbitrating disputes that have led to the picketing of Government agencies by employe unions.

Would Extend Service.

The commission's legislative program also called for:

Extension of the civil service to first, second, and third-class postmasters; granting President authority to bring under the civil service law all positions excluded by legislation or otherwise, and that "as soon as practicable all positions which are not policy forming be brought within the classified service."

Extension of the classification act to include approximately 100,000 positions in the field service.

Creation of an adequate statistical unit in the commission so the commission may have adequate personnel data to meet the many requests made of it for such information.

Amending the civil service rules to require the heads of a department or independent establishment to take the action recommended by the commission in any case where it is shown an employe has violated the political activity rule.

"Present trends in Government as applied to the social structure of the United States emphasize anew the basic importance of the extension of the merit system," said the commission.

"Originally proposed chiefly to protect democracy as a form of government against the influence of

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

Named House Leader

REP. SAM RAYBURN.

Mattson Asks Police to Curb Kidnap Search

Wants Negotiators to Have Free Rein After Ad Indicates Contact.

By the Associated Press.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 4.—Dr. W. W. Mattson asked officers to curtail activities tonight as a climax seemed impending in the eight-day search for his kidnaped 10-year-old son, Charles.

The physician issued his public appeal to all law enforcement agencies a short time after appearance of a newspaper personal advertisement which convinced observers contact has been established with the kidnaper, who is demanding $28,000 ransom.

Charles was abducted a week ago Sunday night by an armed, masked man who smashed his way into the pretentious mansion home and seized the boy while threatening Charles' brother, sister and the latter's girl chum with a gun.

The ad appearing in the 10:15 a. m. edition of the Seattle Times, which carried previous communications attributed to the family, said:

"Mable—We have received your communications. Police have not intercepted them. Channels are entirely clear. Your instructions will be followed. We are ready—Ann."

Less than an hour later, Dr. Mattson gave newspapermen his statement appealing for restraint of activity by Justice Department agents, State and local police. He said:

"My son was kidnaped a week ago Sunday night. He has not yet been returned. I desire to appeal to all law enforcement agencies to abstain from any action which would in any manner interfere with the full and free opportunity which I wish the kidnaper to have to return the child.

"I am sensible of the sympathy and desire to assist me of law enforcement agencies and feel certain that my request for the restraint of their activities will be accepted by them.

"As a father, I desire the safe return of my son. I wish that all efforts might first be concentrated upon that issue." The statement, which was not signed, found hundreds of State officers abandoning without result a widespread manhunt through the wooded Shelton area for two men who last night accosted G. H. Grubbe, a mill watchman, told him to "Tell Dr. Mattson everything is well," and then fled.

Pope's Leg Pains And Nervousness Showing Increase

Vatican City, Jan. 4 (AP).—Pope Pius XI, completing one full month in bed, suffered increased pain in the legs tonight and his nervous condition was increased noticeably, a Vatican source said.

He was able to take only liquid nourishment throughout the day. He did, however, bring himself to read the first official medical communique of his ailments.

The report listed a formidable array of sicknesses, which included:

Heart disease.

Nutritive disturbances.

Insufficient blood circulation, producing the local disturbances in both legs.

The pontiff's "cardiacal conditions," the medical bulletin said, "counsel certain prudence of judgment, owing to the nature itself of his illness and his age."

This was interpreted to mean that the Holy Father never will return to the active life he led before he was stricken with partial paralysis of the legs a month ago.

'Mistake' Wedding Voided.

Kansas City, Jan. 4 (AP).—The Christmas eve "mistake" marriage of Gilbert M. Wright, son of Harold Bell Wright, novelist, and Miss Margaret Royster, of Kansas City, was annulled here today. Mrs. Wright's petition stated both she and Wright believed his divorce from his former wife, granted in California December 3, was final, but discovered it would not become final for a year.

Texan Defeats O'Connor to Capture Key Post by Margin of 57.

Robinson Again Pilot of Senators

Bankhead Is Returned as Speaker by Routine Democratic Ballot.

Full Page of Pictures—Page 14.

By Robert C. Albright.

The Seventy-fifth Congress, third of the New Deal dynasty, and filled with unprecedented Democratic majorities, already organized and ready for business, will make its bow to the Nation at noon today.

The last troublesome barrier to a harmonious opening was passed last night when the preponderant House Democratic majority elected stocky, aggressive Sam Rayburn, of Texas, to the House leadership post by a margin of 57 votes.

Earlier in the day, Senate Democrats again had installed Senator Joseph T. Robinson, of Arkansas, as the Administration's Senate leader. Robinson was unopposed.

Rayburn, chairman of the House Interstate Commerce Committee, and the Administration's spearhead on security and utility legislation, triumphed over Representative John J. O'Connor, of New York, by a vote of 184 to 127, and immediately announced the Administration's program would be his program.

Bankhead Returned.

Speaker William B. Bankhead, of Alabama, was returned to the House rostrum by a routine ballot of House Democrats.

The actual business of a session which may run late into the summer and cope with such questions as run-away appropriations, unemployment relief, neutrality, Government re-organization and a constitutional amendment on wages and hours, will be begun with the snapping of gavels in House and Senate at noon today.

Shaggy-browed, ruddy-faced Vice President John Garner, who yesterday added another gardenia to his political score by bringing in his horse in the House leadership race, will wield the Senate mallet.

House Clerk South Trimble will call the House to order, and preside through the routine organization preliminaries, until Speaker Bankhead is formally escorted to the rostrum. There will follow election of officers in both branches, notice to the President that Congress is in session, and wholesale swearing in of new members.

But all major legislative moves will wait on the President's annual message on the state of the Union, to be delivered to both Houses assembled at 2 p. m. tomorrow, following official counting of November's electoral ballots. This speech will furnish Democrats with their policy cues for the session.

The House leadership race, which established Rayburn as heir-apparent to the Speakership, reached a colorful showdown at a late afternoon caucus of Democrats in the House chamber, and followed a bolt of eight New York Democrats, led by Representative Tom Cullen, from O'Connor to Rayburn.

Flushed with his victory, the Texan told reporters:

"Of course, I feel mighty good about it. All I can say is that when the Administration's program is fixed, after consultations between Congressional leaders and the President, that program will be my program 100 per cent.

Co-operation Pledged.

The dimunitive leader said he anticipated no difficulty in shepherding his heavy majority of 332 Democrats.

"All of our Democrats will act just like Democrats," he said. "By that, I mean that practically all will go along with the program."

He said he anticipated a "long session," lasting about five months.

Representative O'Connor, who claimed victory up to the bitter end, and roundly berated Representative Cullen for supporting the Texan, received the final official count that spelled defeat with good sportsmanship.

"You know the story of the man who had pins stuck into his body until finally he had so many that he was ready to go into the circus," he said. "That's how I feel."

The New Yorker, who at the end made the speech which led to Rayburn's final election by acclamation, said that as chairman of the House Rules Committee he expected "to stand at Rayburn's right side and co-operate with him."

"I will do everything in my power

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Mellon Returns to His Apartment in Washington to Chart Construction of $9,000,000 Gallery Housing Art Collection

Andrew W. Mellon, 81-year-old Pittsburgh multimillionaire, plans to spend the winter in Washington, it was learned last night, the better to follow the progress of his last great project—the establishment here of a National Gallery of Art.

He will live at 1785 Massachusetts avenue in Apartment 5, which has been his Washington home since the early twenties. This apartment takes up an entire floor of the palatial building off Dupont Circle.

Here are stored 55 pictures of the famed $50,000,000 art collection which the erstwhile Secretary of the Treasury and Ambassador to the Court of St. James's has offered to the people of the United States.

Fifteen paintings, including the Raphaels, the Titian, the Botticelli, the Van Eyck and the Perugino which Mellon bought from the Hermitage Gallery in Russia, are in a vault in the Corcoran Art Gallery. The others are scattered in New York and elsewhere.

Not only Mellon, but John Russell Pope, of New York, the country's leading architect, will spend the winter here. He has been retained by Mellon to design and supervise the construction of a $9,000,000 gallery to house the great collection.

Architect Pope will be operating on familiar ground. The art gallery is to rise on the north end of the Mall, between Fourth and Seventh streets northwest, on the site of the proposed George Washington Memorial, which was halted for lack of funds.

This is just southeast of the Archives Building, which was designed by Pope. He also was architect for the Scottish Rite Temple on Sixteenth street, the beautiful headquarters of the Pharmaceutical Institute on Constitution avenue at Twenty-second street, an extension to the British Museum (the only American architect ever given such a commission by the British government), the Metropolitan Museum in New York, the Natural History Museum in New York, the Frick Gallery in New York and the Baltimore Museum of Art.

A romantic coincidence is found in the fact that Pope, having designed a gallery for the art collection of Henry Clay Frick, is now being commissioned to design one for Andrew W. Mellon.

Frick and Mellon were chums when they were young men in Pittsburgh. Together they made the "grand tour of Europe," and there, browsing in the galleries of Florence and Venice, they acquired a taste for the old masters that later was to develop into a passion. Each became a financial titan, and each spent a goodly part of his fortune on rare masterpieces.

Unlike Frick, Carnegie, Rockefeller and other wealthy men who have become public benefactors, Mellon, in giving his art collection to the American people, is asking that his identity be submerged. In fact, that is an emphatic stipulation tied to his offer.

He wants it called the National Gallery of Art, and he hopes that, in the future, other wealthy connoisseurs will add worthwhile masterpieces to his own collection. To call it the Mellon gallery, he feels, would discourage such additions.

Mellon's formal offer, with its various stipulations, is now in the Department of Justice, where legal experts are translating it into the form of a bill for transmission to Congress.

If the legislation is passed—and President Roosevelt has told Mellon he will heartily recommend its passage—the George Washington Memorial Association will lose all claim to the site. However, the sponsors of the memorial already had planned to turn over the money in its treasury—some $100,000—to George Washington University for an auditorium.

Coercion Laid To W. Va. Firm By Senate Unit

Committee Turns Case Over to Counsel; Pennsylvania WPA Study Dropped.

By the Associated Press.

Informed by its investigators they had found evidence of political intimidation by the Cherry River Boom & Lumber Co., of Webster County, W. Va., the Senate Election Investigating Committee yesterday referred the matter to its counsel.

Robert Jefferys, committee secretary, said the investigators reported they had found "evidence of intimidation, coercion and discharge of employes" by the company for political reasons.

He said a preliminary report by the Justice Department, however, advised no Federal statute covered the committee agents' allegations. The committee ordered its legal staff to make a further search.

Complaints Dismissed.

The action was taken at a committee hearing at which complaints of politics in the administration of WPA in Pennsylvania were dismissed.

Jefferys said the investigators had found "no serious abuses" sufficient to warrant action among the host of complaints filed with it in connection with the Pennsylvania WPA.

With yesterday's action, the committee virtually concluded its investigation. It will ask the Senate for an extension of 60 days, however, in which to frame a final report and make legislative recommendations.

Investigation Ordered.

At the request of Senator Austin (Republican), of Vermont, the committee agreed to determine extent to which the Democratic National Committee sent out correspondence to political workers near CCC camps.

Allegations against the Cherry River Boom & Lumber Co. were turned over to the committee by Secretary Perkins, after they had been filed with a local prosecuting attorney.

Any action would have to be by the State, the department added.

In the Pennsylvania WPA inquiry, Jeffreys said, a number of instances of "co-operation" between Democratic Party officials and WPA officials were found. He reported, however, there also were instances of Republicans being appointed to WPA posts.

Official Denies Coercion.

Richwood, W. Va., Jan. 4 (AP).—An official of the Cherry River Boom & Lumber Co. said tonight "we didn't hesitate to tell our employes what we thought of the election" but denied charges of intimidation or coercion.

Virginia to Study Plan for Raising Game on Farm

Richmond, Va., Jan. 4 (AP).—Chairman Carl H. Nolting of the State Commission of Game and Inland Fisheries said today a study would be made of the advisability of raising deer in captivity on the State game farm in New Kent County.

The commission named a committee of three at a meeting here today to study the question in view of increasing costs of importing deer for game purposes.

Members of the committee are Nolting, Thomas G. Herring, of Harrisonburg, and Allan Epes, of Blackstone.

The commission also discussed possible methods of increasing the output methods to replenish the areas where a scarcity has been reported this year.

Railroads to Fight For Rate Increase

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The Nation's railroads started the first week of the New Year yesterday bitterly critical of the Interstate Commerce Commission for abolishing emergency freight rates, and prepared to fight for a sweeping 10 per cent rate increase.

The emergency rates added around $10,000,000 a month to their net revenues.

In abolishing the rates a commission majority held improved railroad earning from business recovery "point to the unmistakable conclusion that the emergency which we undertook to meet does not now exist."

On Wednesday the carriers who took sharp issue with this will appear before the commission to demand revision of all rates.

Kent Lecture Postponed.

Rockwell Kent's lecture, scheduled this afternoon at Trinity College, has been postponed. Mary Ellen Chase, author and member of Smith College faculty, will speak on the "Larger Life in Literature," Tuesday, January 12, at 4:30 p. m., at the college.

In Congress

YESTERDAY.

House.

Democrats in caucus nominated William B. Bankhead, Alabama, for Speaker, and chose Sam Rayburn, Texas, for Majority Leader.

Republicans in conference nominated Bertrand H. Snell, New York, for Speaker.

Senate.

Democrats in caucus chose Joseph T. Robinson, Arkansas, for Majority Leader and J. Hamilton Lewis, Illinois, for Majority Whip.

TODAY.

House.

Meets at noon.

Elects a Speaker of the House, and other officers.

Swears in new members.

Appoints committee to notify President that Congress is in session.

Adjourns out of respect for deceased members.

Senate.

Meets at noon.

Swears in new members.

Appoints committee to notify President that Congress is in session.

Adjourns out of respect for deceased members.

Politics and People

Wide Effect on Proposed Legislation Expected After Supreme Court Bans Prison Goods.

By Franklyn Waltman

JUST as the Supreme Court a year ago set the pace for the new session of Congress by invalidating the AAA, so the high tribunal in upholding the constitutionality of the Ashurst-Sumners prison-made goods act yesterday again cast the shadow of its influence over the convening Congress across Capitol Plaza. Perhaps this decision will set the pace in the consideration of measures dealing with child labor and other working standards for industry.

WALTMAN.

It seems difficult to attach too much significance to the Supreme Court's unanimous ruling upholding the right of Congress to prohibit the interstate shipment of prison-made goods into States having laws forbidding the sale of such commodities. The view is widespread that at long-last Federal and State governments have been given an instrument to force the elimination of child labor in industry. If the decsiion means no more than that, then it is a landmark in judicial interpretations.

But Senator Joseph C. O'Mahoney, of Wyoming, (and others) believes that this decision means more than an instrument for the outlawing of child labor. Senator O'Mahoney takes the view that the decision settles all doubts regarding constitutionality of his effort to enforce standard working conditions—minimum wages and maximum working hours—on industry through his Federal incorporation bill.

Be that as it may, there is good reason for believing that in this decision, although it is not a panaca fo all problems of this? type, the Supreme Court has pointed out a framework of procedure for dealing with labor problems, and has supplied a bridge for spanning in large part the so-called vacuum or "twilight zone" between Federal and State jurisdictions.

* * *

The Ashurst-Sumners act prohibits shipment in interstate commerce of any convict-made goods into a State forbidding the sale of such goods. The act further requires labeling of convict-made goods as such whenever shipped in interstate commerce. This act was supplementay to the Haws-Cooper act, which divested prison-made goods of its interstate character, thus permitting any State to forbid the sale within its borders of such commodities, even though they come from another State. The Supreme Court upheld this latter act last year.

The case on which the court has just passed was instituted when the Kentucky Whip & Collar Co., which uses convict labor to manufacture horse collars and harness, sought a mandamus to force the Illinois Central Railroad to accept for interstate transportation 25 separate shipments of its goods, unlabeled. Ten of these shipments were destined for States which forbid the sale of prison-made goods, five were destined to States with laws permitting the sale of prison-made goods, but requiring that they be labeled, and ten to States imposing no restrictions.

Attorneys for the manufacturers contended that Congress had no authority to prohibit the interstate shipment of any article which was not in itself harmful, evil or deleterious. They argued that prohibitory legislation of the past dealt with such shipments as liquor, narcotics, women for immoral purposes, lottery tickets and stolen automobiles. They maintained that there was nothing harmful or deleterious about a horse collar and in so arguing they relied in large part on the court's opinion in the famed Hammer versus Dagenhart case in which the child labor law was ruled unconstitutional.

The latter law forbid the shipment in interstate commerce of commodities made by child labor. The Supreme Court ruled it out on the ground that it was an effort to ploce local production under Federal control and that there was nothing harmful or evil about such commodities. It was this decision which led Congress to submit to the States the child labor amendment which has not been ratified.

The Supreme Court, however, rejected the contention the present case approximated the circumstances of the child labor case. Instead of Congress in the prison-made goods case seeking to usurp the powers of the States, the court in effect pointed out, it actually was seeking to protect the States in their desire to prevent practices which have "harmful consequences" and which were within the power of the States to restrict.

The court found an analogy between the prison-made goods law and legislation passed by Congress, before the eighteenth amendment and beginning in 1890, to protect States which desired to be dry from being flooded with liquor by wet States. The significant thing is that despite an amendment to the Constitution the country returned to that system as the best solution for the liquor problem.

* * *

Although yesterday's decision is not a reversal of opinion in the child labor case, it is a prescription of how to get around that earlier legal obstacle which has blocked all efforts to end child labor to date. For all practical purposes, it apparently washes out the child labor case decision by showing that there is more than one way to skin a cat.

This contention is based on the theory that in principle and in law no distinction can be made between commodities produced by convict labor and the same commodities produced by child labor and that the law which is applicable to one, is applicable to the other. If Congress can outlaw horse collars made by convicts from interstate commerce, it seems it has power to outlaw horse collars made by child labor.

Intervening in the prison-made goods case, Solicitor General Stanley Reed and his assistants in their brief significantly asserted that "if the child labor law had prohibited interstate transportation of goods made by child labor into States where their sale or disposition was forbidden by local law, instead of prohibiting all interstate transportation of such goods, regardless of the laws of either the State of origin or the State of destination, the situation in Hammer versus Dagenhart would have been somewhat analogous to the case now under consideration."

One argument on behalf of the child labor amendment has been that individual States, no matter how socially advanced or progressive they might be, could not abolish child labor because manufacturers would go to States which did not have such laws and compete unfairly with manufacturers remaining under the higher standards. Therefore, it was argued Federal action was necessary.

Under the Supreme Court decision yesterday, however, this argument appears no longer sound. Under that decision, it is believed, a score of the advanced States of the country can forbid the employment of children under 16 years of age and then, with the aid of Congress, protect their manufacturers from the competition of manufacturers in States with lower standards.

The result of such an undertaking would be to close the richest markets of the country to manufacturers in States permitting child labor and the effect undoubtedly would be the raising of child labor standards in the so-called "backward" States to conform with the requirements of the advanced States. It is an experiment well worth attempting and, with 42 State legislatures meeting this month, child labor could be effectively abolished by spring.

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Repulsed Suitor Slays Girl and Then Kills Self

Danville, Va., Jan. 4 (AP).—Crazed with jealousy and brooding, officers said, because his attentions had been repulsed, Harry McGregor, 23, shot and fatally wounded Miss Louise Hayden, 28, in the kitchen of her father's home at Keeling, 10 miles from here, this morning, then walked half a mile to a barn and shot himself to death.

Quakes Rock Salvador.

San Salvador, El Salvador, Jan. 4 (AP).—A series of minor earth shocks occurred today in the Province of Usultan, but no damage nor casualties were reported. The province borders on the Province of San Vicente, where an earthquake recently caused 250 deaths.

Car Plunges Over Wall, Woman, 24, Is Drowned

Baltimore, Jan. 4 (AP).—Mrs. Mabel Frye, 24, drowned in Jones Falls today after the automobile in which she was riding went over a 10-inch stone wall into the water.

Her husband, Leroy Frye, driver of the car, swam to safety after diving several times in an effort to locate the car and free his wife.

Extortionist Pleads Guilty.

Los Angeles, Jan. 4 (AP).—James F. Hall, sailor on the aircraft carrier Lexington, today pleaded guilty to charges he tried to extort $5,000 from Ginger Rogers, dancing film actress. Sentencing and probation arguments were set for next Wednesday.

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Tax on Profits Called Menace To Weak Roads

Impost on Undistributed Funds Would Penalize Them, I. C. C. Believes.

By the Associated Press.

The Interstate Commerce Commission advised Congress yesterday that imposition of the undistributed profits tax on weak railroads would penalize them for strengthening their finances.

In its annual report, the commission suggested Congress give "further consideration" to the situation created by the tax as between weak and strong roads.

Financially weak companies, the commission said, "which should use their income to improve their property, retire funded debt, and build up a liquid surplus against a day of future trouble will, if they undertake to do so, be subject to a penalty."

Railroads financially strong, the commission said, "may distribute all their income and thus escape the surtax."

Wider Powers Urged.

Extension of I. C. C. jurisdiction over a wider field of interstate commerce, including commercial air service, was recommended.

The commission said that in determining airmail rates, it must consider transport company income from other nonmail services while "control over the rates, fares, charges, and practices of the carriers for the transportation of persons and property, other than mail, is withheld from our jurisdiction."

Extension of I. C. C. control to such corporations as fruit express companies, private-car lines and certain types of transport holding companies was recommended as a means of strengthening I. C. C. control over rail carriers.

"Some Evade Clause."

"We have reason to believe," the commission said, "that some railroads subject to our jurisdiction evade the intent of the commodities clause of the act, by having subsidiaries not subject to the act serve as vehicles for carrier investments."

An "accelerated" upturn in freight and passenger income of railroads for 1936 was reported.

Legislative recommendations of the commission included:

Extension of I. C. C. powers to regulation of minimum rates of water carriers within its jurisdiction.

Restriction of the "long-haul right" to originating carriers, or subsequent carriers after they obtain possession of the traffic.

2 Youths Are Held For Juvenile Court

Two of three youths charged with the robbery of Almedo Alfaro, 15-year-old son of the Ecuadorean Minister, were being held in the Receiving Home last night awaiting trial in Juvenile Court.

The third youth, and three others accused in two armed robberies, were arraigned in Police Court and were held for the grand jury under $1,000 each.

George H. Molloy, 17, of 642 G street southeast, also accused of robbing Almedo of $20 Christmas night, was held for the grand jury.

Three others, said by police to comprise a gang of "thrill" robbers, pleaded not guilty when they were arraigned before Judge Isaac R. Hitt. They waived the hearing and were held for the grand jury. Their names are Melvin T. Greenberg, 3520 Legation street northwest; Randolph Heflin, 20, of 1615 A street southeast, and Joe Green, 18, of 308 Sixteenth street southeast, a local boxer.

300 Children Go On Strike to Get 'Cop' Reinstated

Deepwater, N. J., Jan. 4 (AP).—Three hundred Deepwater school children went on strike today in a demand that Patrolman William ("Pete") Eckley be reinstated officially as the community's "cop."

Eckley, ousted by the Lower Penns Neck township committee, had all the best of it. He still sported his uniform and directed traffic, chief function of the one policeman assigned to Deepwater. His official successor, William Prince, former dye plant worker, had a badge but stood idly by. He could get possession of neither a uniform nor the keys to the one traffic signal light.

Gathering in groups, children cheered Eckley and hooted the new officer. The badgered Prince threatened to put "half the town" in the Salem County jail, but made no move in that direction.

The youthful strikers included virtually every pupil except a score in the first grade and kindergarten. They paraded with signs reading, "Pete for Cop." "No More School Until We Get Pete." They announced they would repeat the performance tomorrow and as long as was necessary to get "Pete" restored to good standing.

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THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Security Savings and Commercial Bank of Washington, D. C., for the election of directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the banking house, TUESDAY, January 12, 1937, at 10 o'clock a. m. Books for the transfer of stock will be closed from December 21, 1936, to January 13, 1937. T. Hunton Leith, Secretary.

BE Successful—Earn More. YOU Can—Start NOW. Learn Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Accounting, Comptometer, Touch Typing, etc. Positions guaranteed graduates of Complete courses—Enroll today. BOYD SCHOOL, 1333 F St. NA. 2336.

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Norris Ignores Senate Opening To Usher In 1-House Assembly

Nebraska's Unicameral Legislature, Only One in Nation, Will Begin Sessions Today Under Watchful Eye of Its Sponsor.

By the Associated Press.

Lincoln, Nebr., Jan. 4.—Under the watchful eye of Senator George W. Norris, Nebraska's unicameral legislature, a governmental infant, will take its first steps tomorrow.

Senator Norris, father of the Nation's first and only nonpartisan one-house State lawmaking assembly, passed up the opening of his fifth term in the United States Senate to be present. He sponsored and campaigned for the constitutional amendment establishing the unicameral in 1934.

Legislators met today to decide which of the 100 seats in the House chamber the 43 will occupy.

Gov. R. L. Cochran and other State officers will be inaugurated Thursday. Cochran will deliver his message to the Legislature at that time.

Twenty-two of the 43 legislators formerly were Democrats, and 21 formerly were Republicans. Thirty-two of them have had experience in Nebraska Legislatures; the other 11 are "freshmen." Seventeen are farmers, ranchers and stockmen; 10 are attorneys. All will draw $1,744 for the two-year period for which they are elected.

Dr. John P. Senning, University of Nebraska political science department head and author of a book on unicameral legislatures, said the Nebraska house was the first "real" State unicameral assembly in American history. Georgia, Vermont and Pennsylvania had "so-called" unicameral legislatures late in the eighteenth century, Senning said. Each, however, had a board of censors which became, in effect, a second house.

G. M. C. Defies Union Leaders

Sloan Challenges Efforts to Organize Workers; Riot in Cleveland.

Continued from Page 1.

Martin, international president of the union, in Detroit today.

A committee of company officials and attorneys labored to make the working of the injunction flawless, with a view to testing the company's power to use that means of preventing "sit-down" or "stay-in" strikes.

Mediation Is Offered.

Gov. Frank Murphy, of Michigan, and Edward F. McGrady, Assistant Secretary of Labor at Washington, expressed their readiness to mediate in the dispute between the union and the automobile concern.

Murphy, after a conference with Martin and other officers of the automobile workers and of John L. Lewis' Committee for Industrial Organization, asserted "there is not going to be violence" in Michigan strikes. He added that "settlement must be reached through adjudication and conciliation."

McGrady talked with Lewis at Washington, offering the Department of Labor's services toward "an amicable settlement for both sides."

In the picket-line clash outside a strike-closed Fisher Body plant at Cleveland, strikers battled four policemen and turned back Lincoln R. Scafe, general manager, and 300 office employes attempting to enter the factory. Later the pickets peaceably allowed Scafe, a nurse, physician and 24 maintenance men and watchmen to enter.

Federal mediators at Toledo, Ohio, and at Pittsburgh sought a basis for settlement proposals in the strike that has shut down a major part of the glass industry. The Federation of Flat Glass Workers is co-operating with the United Automobile Workers for joint action in the automotive industrial strife.

Suspension of production in General Motors assembly plants resulted in a widening curtailment in supply factories. The Delco-Remy unit, at Anderson, Ind., closed, forcing out of work about 9,000 workers in its seven divisions. The Hyatt Roller Bearing Co., at Harrison, N. J., laid off 700 of its 1,700 employes. At Grand Rapids, Mich., 700 employes of the Michigan Bumper Corporation were laid off, as were 102 workers in the Applied Arts Corporation.

The Eagle-Ottawa Leather Co., at Grand Haven, Mich., received orders to stop all consignments to Flint General Motors plants and to the Pierce-Arrow plant at Buffalo.

More than 1,000 steel workers in the Youngstown, Ohio, district were idle because of the automotive shutdowns.

Martin, the auto workers' president, has said the union will call as many strikes as are "necessary" to enforce its demands. He declined to estimate the number of members the union could call upon, however, saying the total was growing daily, and an accurate figure was impossible.

An agreement providing wage adjustments and seniority rights sent union members at the Walker-Michigan Co. accessory plant at Jackson, Mich., back to work today. At Canton, Ohio, where some 1,800 workers of the Hercules Motors Corporation have been idle since a "sit-down" by 600 workers December 10, the corporation offices employing 160 were closed today because the U. A. W. strike committee announced they would be picketed. The Twin-Coach Co., at Kent, Ohio, employing about 800, announced it would not reopen until settlement of the Hercules strike.

The automobile workers' union, in its attempts to obtain an agreement with General Motors, has formulated eight demands, including a "national conference" to bargain collectively, abolition of piece work, a 30-hour week and six-hour day with time and a half for overtime, minimum pay rates "commensurate with an American standard of living," reinstatement of employes "unjustly discharged," seniority rights, and U. A. W. recognition as "sole bargaining agency."

The corporation has reiterated its policy that bargaining by its employes must be carried on with individual plant managers or divisional heads.

Marine Strike Continues.

San Francisco, Jan. 4 (AP).—Radio operators and shipowners met today in a resumption of maritime strike peace conferences, but both sides in the 67-day walkout appeared to be awaiting possible legislation by Congress before taking major action.

With nearly 40,000 men on strike and 233 vessels tied up, the Pacific Coast conflict, estimated by business sources to be costing as much as $7,000,000 daily, apparently is far from settlement

We're First In Washington!

Surrealism

Windows

New York is agog over the Surrealists' Art Exhibit. Lansburgh's is trigger quick in giving Washington its first window displays featuring Surrealist oil paintings and theories of composition. See these fascinating windows on Eighth and E streets today!

Lansburgh's

Injured Hiker, 17, Taken From Ravine

Pasadena, Calif., Jan. 4 (AP).—Perry Ustick, 17, who fell into a deep mountain ravine at noon yesterday, breaking his hip, was carried out at dawn today.

He fell 50 feet into Rattlesnake Canyon as he was hiking from Valley Forge to Mount Wilson.

His companion, Paul Faust, scrambled down after him but found him too injured to move. Faust built a fire and soon his shouts drew four other young mountain climbers.

The boys kept the fire going while Faust made his way to Valley Forge Lodge for aid.

Edward Is Unhurt As Car Sideswipes Another on Curve

Enzesfeld, Austria, Jan. 4 (AP).—The Duke of Windsor was shaken but uninjured when his car sideswiped another at the foot of Semmering Mountain, where the duke planned to go skiing yesterday, it was revealed here today.

The former King of Britain was so upset mentally he ordered his chauffeur to turn around and returned at once to the chateau of his host, Baron Rothschild.

The accident occurred 53 miles from Vienna. The duke's automobile was undamaged, but the machine it sideswiped on a curve was smashed.

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TICKETS: 808 15th St. N.W., ME 5656 (24 hr. service) or Hotels; Travel Bureaus.

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STARTLING . . because contrary to steadily rising fur markets, we proved our supremacy as Fur Value Headquarters by making purchases while prices were still lower.

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REDUCTIONS OF 10% to 40%
CLOTH COATS
Including styles for sports and dress occasions. Trimmed or untrimmed. Excellent fabrics. All sizes. Regularly $49.75 to $295.00 Reduced!
76 Coats at ¼ Off
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Suits and Ensembles
32 suits and ensembles, trimmed or untrimmed
½ OFF
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68 Indictments Clear Docket Of Grand Jury

Charge of First Degree Murder Is Placed in Cab Driver Slaying.

Clearing up its docket of all pending cases, the District grand jury yesterday returned 68 indictments to Justice Peyton Gordon in District Court. In addition the grand jury reported that persons named in four of its inquiries were not indicted because there was no evidence of their guilt.

In one of the indictments, the jurors charged Donald K. Stanton, jr., with the first-degree murder of Ray E. Childress, taxicab driver. Stanton is alleged to have shot Childress when the latter sought to force an entrance to an apartment at 69 New York avenue northeast, which Stanton, the landlord, was nailing closed because of an arrearage of rent.

Both Childress and Stanton had conferred with police prior to the shooting. Childress wanted to know if he could force his landlord to make minor repairs, and Stanton wanted to know if he could keep a gun to protect himself against Childress, who had threatened him if the apartment was barred. After shooting Childress, Stanton called police and waited for them to come and arrest him. The shooting occurred October 2.

First Degree Murder Charged.

Frank H. Acton, 35, also was charged with first degree murder. He allegedly shot and killed Donald E. Mursch, on the night of October 4 at Eleventh and E streets, southeast. The two had a dispute about money, police said.

In other homicide cases, two women and a man were charged with manslaughter. Anna Marie Sanford and Edna Weaver were charged with the fatal stabbing of William G. Jenkins, 49, in a Tenth street southeast, rooming house where all lived. The weapon was not found.

Carroll V. Henkel, 20, was named as the slayer of Ernest McCrory, 38, whom Henkel said he found hiding under a bed in his home. He took the man to the street where an altercation started and McCrory, knocked down, struck his head against the curb and suffered a fractured skull. Elizabeth Buchanan, colored, was indicted for second degree murder. She allegedly clubbed to death William Rawls, also colored, with a shot gun.

Robert L. Seymour, a former employe of the N. E. Ryon Co., real estate operators, was indicted for embezzlement. He was charged with having embezzled ten separate items aggregating $465 although officials estimated his shortage since 1929 was approximately $30,000.

Those indicted were: Ford Ware and James Oliver Young, nonsupport; John Hopkins, Benjamin J. Inabinett, Joseph Smith, Willie White, Sylvester Malloy, Albert Ballenger, William Jones and Ernest Hall, joyriding; Raymond Redgraves, Frank J. Parker, Lawrence J. Parker, Lawrence F. Scott, George Henderson, John Jones, Carl Pollard, Robert Cobb, jr., Milton Moore, Aubrey Moore, Albert R. Marshall, Paul Larry, Phillip Smith, housebreaking; Albert R. Marshall, Phillip Smith, Paul Larry, Bill Leach, Charles F. Coleman, Jesse T. Murray, Thomas Anderson, Russell Combs, Claude E. Randall, George W. Brown, grand larceny; Stanley C. Chiswell, petit larceny; Fred Melton and Clifton Wright, assault with intent to commit robbery; John Gill, attempt to commit robbery; Joseph Harris, Thomas Brown, Tom Marsh, Condee Watts, Semper Watts, Joseph Jones, Gus Morris, Charlie Johnson, Maurice Mitchell, Charlie Davis, Joshua Hawkins, James E. Matthews and Monroe Agee, robbery.

John Yeldell, larceny from the District of Columbia; Edward J. McGee, rape; George Haynes, assault with dangerous weapon and assault with intent to kill; James O. Lewis, Robert L. Seymour and Marion Rogers embezzlement; Arthur K. Brown, false pretenses; John Ferguson, Russell R. Riddell, Stanley Grady, Howard T. Conn, forgery and uttering; Howard T. Conn, larceny from the United States; Dominick Mimi Cassetta and James M. Ostrander, violation of the white slave traffic act.

F. M. Rowley and C. H. Bowen, abortion; Anna Marie Sanford and Edna Weaver, manslaughter; Elizabeth Buchanan, second degree murder; Donald K. Stanton, jr., and Frank H. Acton, first degree murder; John S. McCauley and Ione A. Alger, grand larceny; Carrol V. Henkel, manslaughter, and Carnell L. Thomas, altering Government money.

Those against whom the grand jury ignored charges were: Clarence Moore, Preston Russ and Dorsey Ayers, robbery; Joseph K. Thomas, larceny after trust; James M. Ostrander and Dan Cassetta, conspiracy.

Park Heads Open Rebuilt Roadway Closed 2 Months

Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway was opened at noon yesterday between P and Calvert streets by National Capital Parks officials.

For two months this thoroughfare has been closed to traffic due to road construction and raising of its grade.

Provision also was made yesterday for elevating some 500 Japanese cherry blossom trees in East Potomac Park, and arrangements were made for an earthen fill at the end of East Capitol street on banks of the Anacostia River—site of the projected stadium.

C. Marshall Finnan, superintendent of the National Capital Parks, yesterday made a tour of inspection with Frank T. Gartside, his assistant; Robert Horne, engineer, and Malcolm Kirkpatrick, landscape architect, who heads the local group, branch of plans and designs, National Park Service.

Briton Falls to Death From Belgian Airliner

Brussels, Jan. 4 (AP).—Max Weunner, an Englishman, plunged to his death today from a plane in flight between Cologne and Brussels. His body was found in the Meusel district of Belgium after the Belgian airliner in which he left Cologne had landed here without him.

The pilot said he felt the plane give a sharp jerk during the flight. Upon examination, it was discovered the fuselage fabric near the door was torn. None of the nine passengers or the crew saw Weunner leave the plane.

Farm Life 'Attractive.'

Lincoln, Nebr., Jan. 4 (AP).—Senator George W. Norris (Independent), Nebraska, said today "electricity will probably do more than any other one thing" to stop migration from the farm to the city. "Farm life should be attractive as well as profitable," the veteran Senator told the Nebraska Farm Bureau Federation meeting.

Wirephoto: Snowbound Navajo Indians Rescued

Copyright by the Associated Press.

With the aid of snow plows, United States Indian Service trucks managed to reach 300 snowbound Indians marooned in the Zuni Mountains in New Mexico. Some of the Indians ate their horses and dogs to escape starvation. A truck is shown taking a group to safety.

Carvin Baxter Faces Charges As Murder Aide

Brother, Evan, Is Sought in Slaying, Robbery of Eugene Hancock.

Carvin Burley Baxter, 27, brother of Evan Baxter, sought by police for the murder of Eugene Hancock, 66-year-old steamfitter, will be charged by Maryland authorities with being an accessory after the fact in the slaying, police said yesterday.

Carvin, with another brother, Lloyd Thomas Baxter, 19, have been in custody since December 31, when they were arrested by Detective Sergt. Aubrey M. Tolson for questioning in connection with Hancock's death.

Meanwhile, Lieut. John H. Fowler, ballistics expert, identified a .22 caliber rifle returned here from Cherryville, Va., yesterday by Sergt. Tolson as the weapon used to kill Hancock. The gun was recovered in the home of the Baxters' uncle.

Tolson and Lieut. George Darnall, chief of the local homicide squad, said Maryland authorities will forward a warrant charging Carvin with being an accessory in the crime. Carvin will be arraigned in Police Court this morning as a fugitive from justice.

Hancock's body was found in a lonely spot in a wood near Piscataway, Md., a week ago. His body was found several weeks after he had been reported missing from his home at 506 Third street northeast.

Tolson, with Prince Georges County Policeman Elon Turner, went to Lincoln, N. C., last Friday in search of Evan Baxter. He escaped less than an hour before the arrival of the detectives.

Sergt. Tolson said Carvin is alleged to have obtained some of the $100 that disappeared from Hancock's body. Carvin also is alleged to have taken the murder gun to Cherryville.

Trading Company Injunction Upheld

An order of the Federal Trade Commission requiring the Army & Navy Trading Co. to cease and desist using the words "Army and Navy" in the sale of its goods was upheld by the United States Court of Appeals yesterday. The company maintains its principal business here, though it is a Maryland corporation.

In a suit to enjoin enforcement of the Federal Trade order, the company pointed out that in its first days it purchased large quantities of Army and Navy goods but had lately been able to obtain only small quantities with the result that most of its goods were obtained from other sources. The court pointed out purchasers often bought goods thinking they were of Army or Navy specification.

The ruling was qualified to permit the company to mark any goods it obtained from either service with the word army and navy.

Copeland Will Fight To Repeal 'Red Rider'

Senator Copeland (Democrat), of New York, yesterday said he would support the movement to repeal the red rider and at the same time he advised postponing discussion of new local taxes until the Federal contribution is fixed.

The New Yorker is an active member of both the Senate District appropriations sub-committee and the Senate District committee.

Dutch Protest German Attitude Toward Wedding to Princess

Delay in Granting Passports to Royal Bridesmaids Termed 'Insult' to Queen; Reich Irked at Omission of National Flags, Anthem at Festivities.

By the Associated Press.

The Hague, the Netherlands, Jan. 4.—The Dutch government, with a sharp note of protest to Germany, sought tonight to prevent the "family marriage" of Princess Juliana from bringing about serious international complications.

The heiress to Holland's throne is to be married here next Thursday to Prince Bernhard Zu Lippe-Biesterfeld, of Germany. Discord arose because of Nazi charges disrespect has been shown Germany in the Dutch failure to display German national flags and play the German national anthem in pre-wedding festivities.

The Hague's protest centered on alleged delay in providing passports for three German princesses who were to have been bridesmaids. This, it was asserted, constituted "an insult to the Queen"—Wilhelmina, the bride's mother.

These passports now have been granted, but authoritative sources said one of the princesses, Sophie of Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, has abandoned plans to attend the wedding.

The other princesses involved are Sieglinde and Elizabeth Zu Lippe. All three are cousins of the bridegroom.

Because the passport difficulty has been settled, authorities here indicated no formal reply to the protest was expected.

The note was handed to the German foreign office today by the Dutch Minister.

Queen Wilhelmina, undeterred by disagreement with Berlin, went ahead with plans to make her daughter's wedding the most colorful ceremony Holland has known since her own marriage in 1901 to Henry, Duke of Mecklenburg, who died in 1934.

Career System Urged by Civil Service Board

Plans for Extending Merit Program Are Offered in Annual Report.

Continued from Page 1.

patronage, and later recognized as improving the efficiency of administration, the merit system has become essential to the program of social security to which the National Government is committed in co-operation with the States.

"The number of positions under the merit system on June 30, 1936, was 498,725, an increase of 43,496 since June 30, 1935, and the largest number ever included in the Federal classified service in time of peace. On the same date, however, there were 325,534 positions in the unclassified service, the proportion being 60.5 per cent classified to 39.5 per cent unclassified.

"These figures point directly to one of the major aspects in the reconstruction of the Federal service. Many important agencies of a presumably permanent character are still entirely outside the operation of the merit system. While the standards of personnel administration of these agencies may seem satisfactory, they lack the advantages of stability and protection from outside interference which are secured through the application of the civil service law. Many positions in the older established agencies also are exempt from the principle of open competition and should likewise be brought into the classified service."

"The executive order of July 20, 1936, which improved the competitive feature in the selection of first, second and third class postmasters, goes far toward establishing a merit system in connection with filling these postmaster positions. To complete the task it will be necessary to enact legislation to eliminate the four-year term of office, place these positions under the civil service law and thus consolidate the ground already covered by the executive order. The commission recommends that such action be taken.

"The public service cannot thrive on a half-merit, half-patronage basis whether in national, State or municipal administration."

Doubt Is Cast On Parks Plan For Auto Fee

Virginian Is Sure Service Will Drop Proposed Skyline Charge.

Representative A. Willis Robertson, of Lexington, Va., said yesterday he did not expect the National Park Service would go through with its plans to levy a license fee against vehicles using roads in the Shenandoah National Park in Virginia.

Robertson, representing the Seventh Virginia District in which most of the park area lies, said he had discussed the matter with an official of the Interior Department, and felt the proposal would be dropped. He said, however, he had not been given positive assurance to this effect.

The Representaitve said the status of the Virginia park was different from that of Western parks, in which the plan is followed. The Virginia park was made possible, he said, by considerable financial aid by the State of Virginia and individual Virginians.

Opposition to the move previously has been expressed by Senator Harry Byrd, and Senator Carter Glass also has indicated he would oppose it. A. E. Demaray, associate director of the Park Service, said today a letter written the service by the Winchester Chamber of Commerce opposing the plan had not come to his attention. He added there was nothing new in the plan, so far as the service was concerned.

Arno B. Cammerer, director of the service, was out of the city.

Capper Backs Increase For Government Clerks

Senator Capper (Republican), of Kansas, yesterday joined the growing ranks of legislators who favor an increase in pay for government employes in the lower brackets.

He said he would support legislation to bring about the pay raise if it is introduced, as expected, at the current session.

Island Refugees Safe After Ship Runs Aground

107 Passengers and Crew Rescued From Bleak, Snow-Bound Spot.

By the Associated Press.

Petropavlovsk, Kamchatka, Siberia, Jan. 4.—Saved from a bitter winter on bleak Karagin Island, 107 passengers and the crew of the wrecked steamer Kamo arrived here tonight en route to their homes in Vladivostok.

They lived more than two weeks in hastily constructed snow huts, lined with rich sables and blue fox skins. The wife of a storekeeper gave birth to a girl on a bed made of a fur-banked block of ice in one of the huts.

The Kamo lost its rudder December 9 and foundered after drifting on rocks. All aboard were landed safely and on Christmas Day the steamer Sakhalin was sighted. Because of a storm, it took the Sakhalin three days to rescue the refugees.

Tales of heroism and an exhausting battle for life on the island were told by the survivors.

All aboard the Kamo were landed quickly after the vessel grounded. Snow huts immediately were built.

The crew returned again and again to the buffeted wreck, removing a six-month supply of food and a cargo of furs.

Capt. V. Snitko rationed food to the refugees. The furs were used to line floors of the huts.

The Kamo was returning from the Arctic Circle, where it delivered supplies to Russian stations and had taken off families for wintering in the south, when the accident occurred.

In the rush to land from the vessel after it grounded, one sailor was forgotten because he had gone below to salvage his belongings.

Four days later his absence was noted and a rescue team from the crew saved him.

The refugees on landing scaled a 165-foot cliff to establish their camp. This was buried the next day by an avalanche and a new camp was set up further inland.

Life in the camp was organized for a stay throughout the winter when the rescue ship was sighted.

Trapped in Theft, Youth Confesses Robbing Boy, 10

Caught stealing an overcoat from a parked automobile, a 14-year-old colored boy was being held at the Receiving Home last night also for robbing George Shifflet, 10, of 600 Independence avenue southwest, of his Christmas wristwatch.

The youth, captured by Fourth Precinct police, was wearing the watch taken from George the day after Christmas while he was walking to a cousin's house to display the gift. George was knocked down and the watch taken from his arm.

The youth admitted to police he had taken the watch from George. He will be arraigned in Juvenile Court.

Howard Music Lecture Date Changed to Feb. 9

The lecture of John Tasker Howard, scheduled for this afternoon at Trinity College in Notre Dame auditorium, has been postponed until Tuesday, February 9. The change of date was made necessary by a rearrangement of the lecture course offered by the college.

Howard has specialized in research work in the historical development of music in the United States. He is the author of "Our American Music," and biographies of Stephen Foster and Ethelbert Nevin.

Pierre du Pont Protests '32 Income Assessment

By the Associated Press.

Pierre S. du Pont, of Wilmington, Del., petitioned the Board of Tax Appeals yesterday for redetermination of a $238,319 deficiency assessed against his 1932 income by the Internal Revenue Bureau.

Du Pont contended the bureau arrived at the deficiency erroneously by failing to allow a $460,398 deduction for a payment involved in a securities transaction by including in his income $19,674 of dividends received by a trust du Pont had created and by failing to allow a $52,109 deduction for bad debts or losses.

Fort Monroe Command Goes to Brig. Gen. Gulick

Newport News, Va., Jan. 4 (AP).—Brig. Gen. John W. Gulick assumed officially his command of the third Coast Artillery district at Fort Monroe today. The ceremony was attended by pompous military formations.

Gen. Gulick relieves Brig. Gen. Joseph P. Tracy as commander of the district, the latter having left Fort Monroe in November for San Francisco where he took over command of the Ninth Corps area.

Secret Inquiry On Tax 'Leaks' Started by U.S.

Confidential Data From Revenue Bureau Revealed as Given to Lawyers.

By the United Press.

Secret investigation into reported "leaks" of confidential tax information from the Internal Revenue Bureau is being made by agents of the bureau's intelligence unit, the United Press learned last night. The inquiry is under the personal direction of Elmer L. Irey, chief of the intelligence unit. It was understood to have the approval of Secretary of Treasury Henry Morgenthau, jr.

The investigation was undertaken after information reached the Treasury that a number of tax attorneys had received data on tax controversies. The data is available only in the confidential files of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

It was pointed out suspicion does not attach to any particular member of the bureau's personnel.

The leaks, it was explained, conceivably might have come from another source. A tax expert expained confidential information may be filtering out through a channel left by the "green slip" law. Under this act, State tax officials may investigate Federal income tax returns to determine whether a tax payer has reported properly in making a State return.

Workman Is Treated For Hammer Injuries

Everett Birckhead, 29, of 1340 I street northwest, was injured seriously yesterday when he was struck on the head by a four-pound hammer while working at the Dorsch Bakery, 641 S street northwest.

Birckhead was taken to Garfield Hospital, where he was treated for lacerations to his forehead and concussion of the brain.

According to fellow workmen Birckhead was struck when the hammer slipped from the hand of Reese Jones, 30, of 1430 W street northwest, another worker. Both men are employed by Fred Gichner Contracting Co.

Lieut. Col. Eglin Rites in Arlington

Funeral services for Lieut. Col. Frederick I. Eglin, Army Air Corps, who died January 1 as a result of a plane crash near Oxford, Ala., will be held in Arlington Cemetery today. The cortege will leave the Fort Myer gate at 1:30 p. m.

Military honors will be observed in Section 7, with Chaplain Ralph C. Diehert officiating. A formation of planes with one blank file will fly over the grave, weather permitting.

Honorary pallbearers are Lieut. Col. Rosenham Beam, Air Corps; Lieut. Col. W. E. Lynd, Air Corps; Lieut. Col. Vincent B. Dixon, Air Corps; Maj. R. L. Maugham, Air Corps; Maj. John T. Pierce, Cavalry, and Capt. C. E. Edgar Thomas, Air Corps.

Two Men Confess Extortion Threats

Winona, Minn., Jan. 4 (AP).—Federal and State authorities, investigating a series of written extortion threats here during the last year, disclosed tonight two men had confessed implication in the case.

Chief of Police H. C. Riebau said the men, F. H. Fray, 41, photo finisher, and Frederick E. Brown, 71, had admitted they attempted to get $30,000 from W. W. Norton, wealthy treasurer of the Loird-Norton Lumber Co., by threatening him with death.

The men made known also, Riebau said, that they had discussed similar threats against R. H. Watkins, an officer of the J. R. Watkins Co., and had considered as a kidnaping prospect "the young daughter of a wealthy local family."

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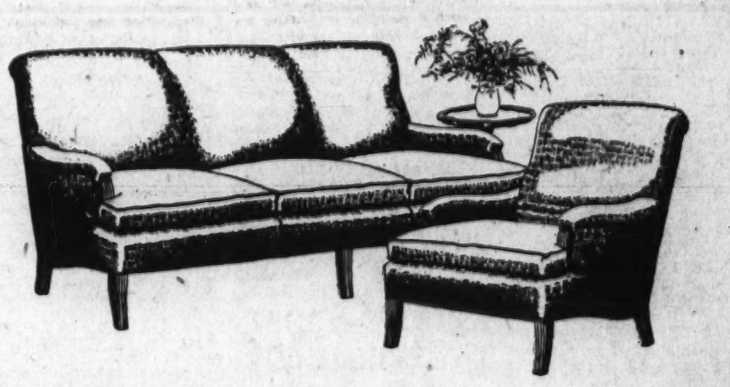

Many Karpen Living Room Suites

At Low Clearance Prices

Included in our January Clearance of one-of-a-kind suites for all rooms are many beautiful and quality built Karpen Living Room Suites. A few are quoted. Stop in and see all.

Karpen Suite, done in brown chevron mohair, Honduras mahogany base, horsehair filling, 2 pieces; was $210, now $189

Karpen Suite of 2 pieces, carved Honduras mahogany forearms and posts; rust mohair, hair-filled $185

Curly Mohair Karpen Suite—sofa and armchair, curled black horsehair filling; was $285, now $249

Karpen Sofa and Armchair in rust shade of curly mohair, hair filled; was $259, now.... $229

Chevron Mohair Karpen Suite in rust, sofa and arm chair, hair filled; was $210, now $185

Down Cushion Karpen Suite of two pieces, rust damask, curled black horsehair filling; was $365 now $265

Modern Texture Weave Karpen Suite—brown and natural, hair filled; was $169 now $139

Rust Flat Weave Mohair Suite of Karpen construction, curled black horsehair filling; was $195, now $175

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UNITED STATES LINES

House District Post Unwanted; Johnson in Line

Sub-Committee Members Dodge Chairmanship in New Congress.

The question of who will take the House Appropriations sub-committee chairmanship nobody wants was still unsettled yesterday despite a report that the only Democratic holdover has rejected the job.

Representative George W. Johnson, of West Virginia, who is in line for the assignment, denied a published report that he has refused the appointment.

"I don't know what I'm going to do," he said. "I haven't made up my mind. The whole thing is up in the air until I talk with Chairman Buchanan."

Johnson Not Enthusiastic.

Johnson has previously expressed his lack of enthusiasm for the post left vacant by the defeat of Thomas L. Blanton, however, and it would not be surprising if he withdrew.

Meanwhile, a rumor gained circulation that Representative Ross Collins, of Mississippi, a one-time member of the District sub-committee, might be drafted for the chairmanship. Buchanan was reported to have him tentatively slated for the job.

Collins, when asked about the rumor, laughingly discounted it and begged that he not be boosted for the appointment.

"I just as soon have the itch," he joked. "If I am named on the appropriations committee, I would like to tackle somebody my size.

Like Attacking Cripple.

"Fighting with the District is just like attacking a cripple."

District officials recall, however, that when Collins was a member of the sub-committee some years ago he was very friendly to Washingtonians and sympathetic with its fiscal problems.

Besides the chairmanship there are two vacancies if Johnson remains and three if he gets off the sub-committee. Should the West Virginian take another sub-committee, Representative Ditter, of Pennsylvania, the sole Republican, would be the only holdover.

Motorists Freed In Auto Fatalities

Two motorists were exonerated yesterday by a coroner's jury after inquests in two recent traffic fatalities.

James Lawman, jr., 22, of 5711 Sixteenth street northwest, was absolved from blame in connection with the death of Phillip Michaelson, 61, of 1335 Randolph street northwest, who died in Garfield Hospital December 24. According to witnesses, Michaelson was struck at Fourteenth and Randolph streets northwest, December 10. He was crossing the street in the crosswalk, the jury was told, and was struck in the street car tracks.

In the second inquest, Thomas W. Woltz, 63, of 710 E street northeast, was exonerated in the death of Ferdinand Dorr, 52, of 1252 Florida avenue northeast.

Detective Sergt. William J. Liverman, of the homicide squad, said his investigation disclosed Dorr was struck while crossing Florida avenue at Thirteenth street New Year's day. Dorr, Liverman testified, was crossing the street in the crosswalk when he was knocked down. He was pronounced dead on arrival in Casualty Hospital. He was the first traffic victim this year.

Man Killed by Auto Near Beltsville, Md.

An unidentified white man became the fifth traffic fatality in the last three weeks in the vicinity of Beltsville, Md., on the Washington-Baltimore boulevard when he was struck by an automobile driven by George W. Davis, Silver Spring, Md., manager of the National Employment Office at Rockville, Md.

Davis, who was released in $500 bond pending a coroner's inquest January 13, told police the man darted across the boulevard directly in front of his car. Death was instantaneous.

The body was removed to Gasch's Undertaking establishment in Hyattsville to await identification. He is described as about 50, five feet, nine inches tall and weighing about 150 pounds. Police believe his home is in Baltimore.

Four persons were killed in three automobile accidents the week of December 13—all within a mile of last night's fatality.

Mrs. Williams Dies On Visit to Illinois

Mrs. Elizabeth Conroy Williams, wife of Capt. Randolph P. Williams, meteorologist for the General Headquarters Air Force at Langley Field, Va., died Saturday at Belleville, Ill., it was announced yesterday by the War Department.

Mrs. Williams, who had been at Langley Field for about two years, was educated at Belmont College, Nashville, Tenn., and at Washington University, St. Louis, Mo. Before her marriage she practiced dentistry in the office of her father, Dr. J. K. Conroy, at Belleville.

Surviving, besides her husband, is a 2-year-old son, Thomas. Burial will be in Arlington Cemetery, at a time yet to be decided.

65 U.S. Trade Attorneys Hold 3d Annual Dinner

Members of the Chief Examiner's Division of the Federal Trade Commission held their third annual dinner last night at the Carlton Hotel, with 65 attorneys of the staff present.

Guests of honor were Chairman William A. Ayres and Commissioners Garland S. Ferguson, jr., Charles H. March, Ewin L. Davis, and Robert E. Freer, and Joseph L. Baker, assistant to the chairman.

Toastmaster was Everett Macintyre, and proceedings generally were "off the record." Principal speaker was Col. Charles H. March, commissioner in direct charge of the Chief Examiner's Division.

Alexander Inquest Set.

Hollywood, Jan. 4 (AP).—An inquest into the death of Ross Alexander, film actor, at which his widow will testify, will be held late this week, Coroner Frank Nance said today.

Viennese Film Star to Wed

At Los Angeles yesterday, Playwright Clifford Odets and Luise Rainer, film star, filed notice of intention to marry. Odets became fascinated with Miss Rainer when he saw the first picture she made in the United States.

Junior Schools Too Expensive, Orem Declares

Burden on Prince Georges Taxpayers Cited by Superintendent.

Inauguration of a junior high school system of education in Prince Georges County would be too great a burden on the taxpayers, Nicholas Orem, superintendent of schools, told the county Chamber of Commerce at a meeting last night in the Lord Calvert Inn, College Park.

Orem cited a half dozen reasons why the addition of junior high schools would be impracticable.

He said, with the present school appropriations, it would be impossible to offer the necessary diversified courses or to hire teachers for specialized classroom work.

He also pointed out that county leaders had always favored devoting all available money to the erection of a large number of high schools and to the improvement of the present system.

W. F. Mulligan, Daniels Park, president of the Chamber, presented the Federation of Citizens Associations' bill for revising the police department system. It was referred to the Chamber's executive committee for approval.

The Citizens Associations' bill recommends that the police force be organized on a civil service basis.

R. M. Watkins, president of the College Park Building Corporation; Dr. R. C. Wiley, president of the Federation of Parent-Teacher Associations and James P. Casbarian, executive vice president of the City Industrial Savings & Loan Co., of Hyattsville, were admitted to membership in the Chamber.

Will Leaves Million To Washington Man

New York, Jan. 4 (AP).—A transfer tax appraisal filed here today disclosed that Franklin L. Gunther, prominent fur dealer, had left a net estate of $1,052,598. He died in March, 1935.

Franklin Mott Gunther, of Washington, his son by a previous marriage, was named residuary legatee, while his widow, Mrs. Helen MacKnight Gunther, receives a $50,000 legacy and the income for life from a $300,000 trust fund.

Franklin Mott Gunther, who lives at 2812 N street northwest, is a native of New York, and retired but recently from the Diplomatic Service. He has held posts in many of the important capitals of the world. His last mission was in Ecuador.

14th Street Blaze Jams Up Traffic

Street cars and traffic were tied up for nearly an hour last night as firemen fought a smoldering fire on the roof of two buildings at 1127 and 1129 Fourteenth street northwest.

The blaze, firemen said, was probably smoldering for several hours before a passerby, who turned in the alarm, noticed it. The fire, it was said, started in an unoccupied third floor room and burned up the walls into the roof.

Northbound street cars formed an unbroken line for five blocks, checked by apparatus parked on the tracks in order to place extension ladders on the buildings' roofs.

Aimee's Associate Loses $100,000 Slander Suit

Los Angeles, Jan. 4 (AP).—Superior Judge Robert Kenny today agreed with Rheba Crawford that Ernest Thomas Eade, Angelus Temple scenic artist, had no grounds for his $100,000 slander suit against her.

Judge Kenny sustained Miss Crawford's demurrer. Eade had charged the former associate pastor of Angelus Temple said he had been making love to Aimee Semple McPherson.

SEC Chairman Landis Considers Resignation

By the Associated Press.

Chairman James M. Landis, of the Securities Commission, said after a conference with President Roosevelt yesterday he was considering returning to private life, but would remain in his present position at least through next summer. Landis is a former Harvard law professor.

Trees of Christmas Burned by Children

Tonawanda, N. Y., Jan. 4 (AP).—Children carried their Christmas trees—bereft of lights, colored balls and tinsel—to a huge bonfire at the municipal playground here tonight to give them "a more honorable end than the ash can."

While firemen held the crowds in check, officials of the Junior Chamber of Commerce arrived to lead the youngsters in singing Christmas carols in the light of the merry blaze.

Some of the trees, however, did not go up in the blaze. They were saved for distribution by the chamber's conservation committee about the countryside as shelters for game during the winter.

Conspiracy Charge Made by Power Co.

Chicago, Jan. 4 (AP).—Charges that a conspiracy existed to embarrass financially the $89,000,000 Utilities Power & Light Corporation were made in Federal Court today by Dwight N. Green, counsel for the giant holding concern.

Green accused Harley L. Clarke, former president of the company, of participating in the alleged conspiracy, declaring:

"This court is being trifled with and should take full cofinizance of the matter. There is a conspiracy between Harley L. Clarke and the petitioning creditors in this case. The court will recall that the company recently filed suit against Clarke, seeking the recovery of $3,000,000."

Green's statement preceded approval by Judge William H. Holly of a petition seeking voluntary reorganization of the company under the bankruptcy act. The petition was filed by Green and his associates.

New-Type Magazine About Films Planned

New York, Jan. 4 (AP).—A new monthly picture magazine, offered by its backers as "an experiment based on the tremendous unfilled demand for extraordinary news and feature pictures," will make its bow tomorrow.

The magazine, Look, will be published by a company of which Gardner Cowles, jr., is president and editor. Cowles is executive editor of the Des Moines Register and Tribune.

Naval Officer Dies.

Paris, Jan. 4 (AP).—Vice Admiral Camille Cambon, 58, assistant chief of the navy general staff, died in the military hospital here today. He had been promoted only December 31 to the general staff post from his previous post as president of the technical committee.

Dairies Urged To Form Own Selling Co-ops

Report to Congress Says Depressing of Prices Hurts Business.

By the Associated Press.

Declaring large dairy products companies have depressed producers' prices in some instances, the Federal Trade Commission yesterday urged dairymen to form their own milk-selling organizations.

The co-operative movement, which another board recently has been studying for President Roosevelt, received this boost in a trade commission report to Congress on an investigation of the dairy industry in four major producing areas and as many large cities.

"It is believed that conditions in the industry generally, and of producers particularly, can be improved if producers take full advantage of existing Federal and State laws authorizing the organization of co-operative associations to market farm products," the report said.

Turning to the problem of regulating the milk business, the commission advised Congress to authorize a Federal agency to help States write uniform control laws and enter into interstate compacts where necessary.

Reporting evidence that some large distributing companies had granted secret rebates and special discounts to certain customers, including "some of the large chain stores," the commission said further study was being made to determine whether these practices violated the Robinson-Patman anti-price discrimination act.

The commission renewed a recommendation that the Clayton act be amended to prohibit a corporation from acquiring another's property when the transaction would tend toward monopoly.

Glass Celebrates His 79th Birthday

By the Associated Press.

Carter Glass, Virginia's senior Senator, observed his seventy-ninth birthday yesterday by working as usual.

He was one of the first on hand for the caucus held yesterday by Senate Democrats, and then returned to his office to work.

Glass, now the oldest member of the Senate, had no special observance of the anniversary. A day or two ago he expressed a hope to live until he is 80.

His attendance at the caucus yesterday was his first official act on beginning a new six-year term.

Burial Rites Held For F. A. Carlson

Funeral services for Frederick A. Carlson, local custom tailor, were held yesterday at the Almus Speare undertaking establishment, 3200 Rhode Island avenue northeast. Burial was in Cedar Hill Cemetery.

Mr. Carlson, who was 65 years old, died of a heart attack Friday at his home, 2709 Wisconsin avenue northwest. A native of Sweden, he had lived here for 35 years. His tailoring firm he established with his brother, Joseph Carlson, about 30 years ago.

Surviving are a daughter, Miss Vera Carlson, and two sons, Harvey and Gordon Carlson, all of Washington.

Slayer of Colored Man To Hang in Mississippi

Water Valley, Miss., Jan. 4 (AP).—A scaffold was erected behind an enclosure in the courtyard at Coffeeville today in preparation for the hanging next Monday of a white man for the arson-murder of a colored man.

The white man, William C. Mitchell, was charged with setting fire to the house of Lewis Bryant, colored, after igniting Bryant's kerosene-soaked clothes and those of Bryant's wife and a son, July 11, 1933. The wife escaped, but Bryant and the son died.

Court Order Needed To Dismiss Sheriff

Mount Gilead, Ohio, Jan. 4 (AP).—Oscar George had to get a court order today to take over the sheriff's office, to which he was elected in November.

The duly chosen Morrow County sheriff went to his office this morning only to be told by Sheriff F. I. Struble that the post wasn't vacant. Struble, in effect, staged a "stay-in" strike.

The sheriff-elect announced he would use legal methods to oust Struble. His methods succeeded and both men agreed there were "no hard feelings."

Trucking Head, Philanthropist, Is Dead at 82

Clarendon Smith Dies; Capital Resident for More Than Six Decades.

Clarendon Smith, president of the Smith's Transfer & Storage Co., and for many years an outstanding citizen of the District, died yesterday morning at 11:10 o'clock at his residence, 1313 Rhode Island avenue. He was 82 years old, and a native of Aldee, Loudoun County, Va.

Born in 1854, Mr. Smith came to Washington when he was 16, and a few years later was married to Miss Selina Overall, of Overall, Page County, Va., that town having been named in honor of her great grandfather, a Revolutionary patriot, Capt. William T. Overall.

Starting in the commission business with a capital of $5, lent by a friend, Mr. Smith first sold butter, eggs and chees from a basket, then entered the flour and feed business at Fifth and K streets northwest, where he remained for more than 20 years.

Son Heads Company.

He then established the storage and transfer company, which bears his name, and built it up to its present proportions, with plant and offices at 1313 U street northwest. His son, Arthur Clarendon Smith, is vice president and general manager.

Mr. Smith was a charter member of the National Furniture Warehouse Association and also a member of the Mayflower Warehouse Association and the Columbia Trucking Association.

He was a member of the Washington Board of Trade, the Association of Oldest Inhabitants and a trustee of the Mount Vernon Methodist Episcopal Church South for 45 years. He also was prominent in the Bull Run Camp of the Sons of Confederate Veterans and one of the founders of the Young Men's Democratic Club of Washington.

Active in Charities.

Mr. Smith was known for his interest in charitable and welfare work. He was active in the Central Union Mission, and contributed much to his church, as well as to St. Paul's M. E. Church, the Cleveland Park Congregational Church and American University.

Surviving are his wife, his son, Arthur Clarendon Smith; a daughter, Mrs. George Burchfield; a granddaughter, Mrs. Donald Lathrom, and a grandson, Arthur Clarendon Smith, jr.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at Hysong's undertaking establishment, followed by private burial in Greenwood Cemetery.

George L. Johnson Funeral Is Held

Funeral services for George L. Johnson, retired Woodward & Lothrop furniture salesman, were held yesterday at Hysong's undertaking establishment, 1300 N street northwest. Burial will be at Rushville, Ind.

Mr. Johnson, who was 63, died of heart disease Saturday at his home, 3431 Oakwood terrace northwest. He retired about a year ago after having been employed at Woodward & Lothrop's for more than 30 years.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Frances R. Johnson, and three sisters, Mrs. Sada Ritchie, Miss Mary Johnson and Miss Elizabeth Johnson, all of Washington.

Rites for Mrs. Murray To Be Held Tomorrow

Funeral services for Mrs. Violet Murray, retired Engraving and Printing Bureau clerk, will be held at the Lutheran Church of the Reformation at 2 p. m. tomorrow. Burial will be in Congressional Cemetery.

Bowie Honored at Luncheon After 41 Years in U. S. Service

Scientist Retired From Geodetic Survey on New Year's Day.

Capt. William Bowie, one of the most distinguished officers of the Commerce Department's Coast and Geodetic Survey, who was retired New Year's Day after more than 41 years active service, was honored at a testimonial luncheon at the Department of Commerce yesterday.

The 64-year-old scientist, who won international fame in the fields of geodesy and geophysics, was presented with a smoking stand and a pipe, while his wife received a bouquet of flowers.

Commander Clement L. Garner acted as master of ceremonies. Speakers who paid tribute to Capt. Bowie included Admiral R. L. Patton, director of the bureau; Commander Jean H. Hawley, assistant director; Henry G. Avers and Walter D. Lambert.

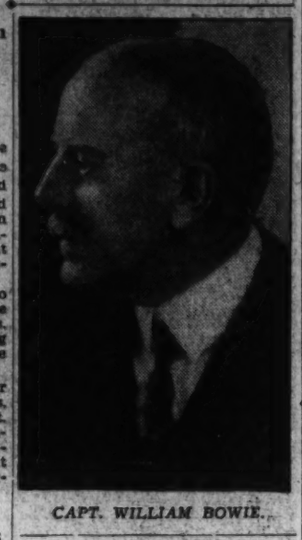
Six Degrees Owned.

Capt. Bowie was born May 6, 1872, at Annapolis Junction, Md., the son of Thomas John and Susanne (Anderson) Bowie. He married Elizabeth T. Wattles and they have one son, Claggett Bowie. His early education was obtained at public schools and private academies and St. John's College, at Annapolis, and he later received degrees at Trinity College (B. S., 1893; M. A., 1907; Sc. D., 1919) and Lehigh University (C. E., 1895; Sc. D., 1922), and from the University of Edinburgh, Scotland (LL. D., 1936).

Entering the service of the Coast and Geodetic Survey July 1, 1895, as a field engineer, his assignments included operations in many States, Alaska, the Philippines and Puerto Rico. In January of 1909 he became assistent chief of the Division of Geodesy, or "computing division and inspector of Geodetic work," as it was then called. On October 10, 1909, he was made chief of that division, a position he held until his retirement.

At the time he entered the service, it was headed by W. W. Duffield, followed by H. S. Pritchett, O. H. Tittman, E. Lester Jones and the present director, R. S. Patton.

At the time Capt. Bowie became head of the Division of Geodesy, 10,000 miles of triangulation and 25,000 miles of leveling work had been carried on in the United States. During his tenure of office this was increased to 67,000 miles of triangulation and 261,000 miles of leveling.



CAPT. WILLIAM BOWIE.

During the World War, from August, 1918, to February, 1919, he served in the Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, with the rank of major.

He is a member of the following scientific and engineering societies: National Academy of Sciences, National Research Council, Academy of Sciences of France, Academy of Sciences of Norway, National Academy of History and Geography (Mexico), Russian Geographical Society, American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Consulting Engineers, Washington Society of Engineers, Federal Board of Surveys and Maps, American Geographical Society, National Geographical Society, American Astronomical Society, Seismological Society of America, Geological Society of America, Geological Society of Washington, Philosophical Society of Washington, Washington Academy of Sciences, South Carolina Society of Civil Engineers, American Society of Photogrammetry, American Geophysical Union, American Association for the Advancement of Science, Pan American Institute of Geography and History, Society of American Military Engineers, Sigma Xi, Phi Beta Kappa, D. K. E. Club and the Cosmos Club.

Keyser Funeral Set for Today At Falls Church

Capital Transit Company Claims Department Head Dies at 45.

Funeral services for Harry Miles Keyser, manager of the Capital Transit Co. claims department, will be held at 2 p. m. today at the Falls Church (Va.) Baptist Church. Burial will be in Oakwood Cemetery at Falls Church.

Mr. Keyser died Saturday night at the Episcopal Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital. He was 45 years old.

A native of Fairfax County, Mr. Keyser in 1911 began work as a stenographer with the old Washington Railway & Electric Co., becoming secretary of that company in 1922. While working there he studied law at Georgetown University.

In 1928 he became assistant counsel of the W. R. & E., and in 1930 was made assistant treasurer. Two years later he was named treasurer and counsel. When the Capital Transit Co. was formed in 1933 he became manager of its claims department.

Mr. Keyser made his home in Falls Church. A thirty-second degree Mason, he was past master of Henry Lodge, No. 57, of Fairfax, Va., and a member of the Kemper Masonic Lodge at Falls Church, the Acca Temple Shriners at Richmond and the Alexandria Consistory of the Scottish Rite Masons.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Hattie Tuckerman Keyser; a daughter, Miss Dorothy Tuckerman Keyser, and a son, William Miles Keyser, all of Falls Church. He also leaves a sister, Mrs. Carrie Clinedinst, of New Market, Va., and a brother, Robert Keyser, of Luray, Va.

Mrs. Whitaker Funeral Service Set Tomorrow

Widow of Gen. Custer's Aide Will Be Buried at Arlington.

Funeral services for Mrs. Theodosia Davis Whitaker, 89-year-old widow of Gen. Edward Washburn Whitaker, chief of staff for Gen. George A. Custer during the Civil War, will be held at Wallace Memorial United Presbyterian Church at 2 p. m. tomorrow. Burial will be in Arlington Cemetery, attended only by members of her family.

Mrs. Whitaker, who was born in Washington September 3, 1847, died Sunday at her home, 756 Rock Creek Church road, after a long illness.

For several years after the Civil War she lived with her husband in Hartford, Conn., of which city her husband, who was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor for gallantry in action, was postmaster. The rest of her life was spent here.

Mrs. Whitaker was a member of Wallace Memorial United Presbyterian Church, a charter member of Princeton Chapter of the Y. W. C. A., a member of North Star Union of the W. C. T. U. and Lincoln Circle, Ladies of the G. A. R.

Surviving her are three daughters, Mrs. Charles T. Chapline, Mrs. Frank J. Bell and Mrs. George C. Siebold; five grandsons, Edward W. Bell, of General Accounting Office; Frank Bell, vice president of B. F. Saul Co.; Elmer T. Bell, Joseph A. Chapline and Louis E. Seibold, and two granddaughters, Mrs. William G. Nelson, of Roanoke, Va., and Grace D. Chapline.

One grandson, Lieut. George Vaughn Siebold, an aviator during the World War, was killed in France. She also leaves six great grandchildren.

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Court Revokes 7-Year Term Of Oregon Red

His Sentence Violates 14th Amendment, Justice Hughes Rules.

By the United Press.

The Supreme Court yesterday set aside the conviction of a Communist under Oregon's criminal syndicalism law in a decision holding unanimously that his constitutional rights were violated.

The court revoked a seven-year sentence imposed on Dirk De Jonge, Portland, Oreg., Communist, in the bitterness that grew out of the bloody Pacific Coast maritime strike of 1934 and remanded the case for proceedings consistent with its decision. This means that De Jonge's conviction must either be set aside by Oregon authorities or a new trial arranged on another charge.

Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes' declaration, on behalf of the court, that "peaceable assembly for lawful discussion cannot be made a crime" was regarded as most significant, since it applied specifically to a Communist subscribing to his party's principles of overthrow of capitalistic government by force.

Free Speech Right Upheld.

In setting aside De Jonge's conviction the court did not invalidate the Oregon criminal syndicalism statute. It held merely that De Jonge was within his constitutional rights when he addressed a Communist-sponsored meeting to protest against police raids on longshore strike headquarters and on Communist gathering places. To deprive him of his right of free speech under such circumstances, the court held, would be to violate the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution.

In 1934, when maritime workers up and down the Pacific Coast were on strike, there were charges that the strike was Communist-inspired and police raided party headquarters in several cities. Citizens formed vigilante committees to raid places. On July 27, 1934, the Communist Party called a meeting in Portland, attended by a crowd estimated from 150 to 300, only part of which was composed of Communist Party members. De Jonge presided and was the second speaker.

"While the defendant was a member of the Communist Party," Hughes said, "he was not indicted for participating in its organization, or for joining it, or for soliciting members or for distributing its literature. * * *

State Decision Overruled.

"His sole offense * * * was that he had assisted in the conduct of a public meeting, albeit otherwise lawful, which was held under the auspices of the Communist Party. * * *

"While the States are entitled to protect themselves from the abuse of the privileges of our institutions through an attempted substitution of force and violence in the place of peaceful political action in order to effect revolutionary changes in Government, none of our decisions go to the length of sustaining such a curtailment of the right of free speech and assembly as the Oregon statute demands in its present application. * * *

"Freedom of speech and of the press are fundamental rights which are safeguarded by the due process clause of the fourteenth amendment of the Federal Constitution. * * * The very idea of a Government, republican in form, implies a right on the part of its citizens to meet peaceably for consultation in respect to public affairs and to petition for a redress of grievances."

Security Act Ruling Refused.

By the Associated Press.

Other decisions handed down by the Supreme Court yesterday were:

A ruling on constitutionality of a major part of the Federal Social Security act—that levying a tax on employers for the benefit of the jobless—was refused by the court.

It declined to pass on an appeal by George P. Davis, of Boston, from a ruling by the Massachusetts Federal District Court upholding the legislation and dismissing his complaint.

Both Davis and the Government urged the Supreme Court to pass on the controversy without waiting for a ruling by the circuit court of appeals. Such procedure is unusual but is sometimes permitted in cases of great public importance.

Prompt Ruling Held Needed.

The Government, through Solicitor General Stanley Reed, said a prompt decision was "important to the Government" because of heavy expense in setting up Administrative machinery and because that would tend to prevent "a multitude of suits clogging the dockets of the courts."

This suit, the first embracing the New Deal's social security program to reach the Supreme Court, did not involve old-age pensions. Davis has started other litigation in lower courts against that part of the statute.

A stockholder in the Boston & Maine Railroad, Davis brought the present litigation in an effort to prevent it from paying the taxes imposed under the unemployment insurance program.

They range from 1 per cent on 1936 pay rolls to 3 per cent for 1938 and thereafter. Ninety per cent of the amount paid is refunded to employers in States which have adopted unemployment insurance laws approved by the Federal Social Security Board.

Davis contended the assessment violated States' rights and was a "capricious confiscation."

Indian Claim Returned.

Litigation brought by the Government in attempting to keep from paying $1,307,476 to the Seminole Nation under a series of Indian treaties and trust agreements dating back to 1856 was returned by the Supreme Court to the Court of Claims for a redetermination of claims.

Justice Butler delivered the unanimous opinion that reversed a ruling by the Court of Claims, that the Government had made improper payments at various times since 1867 from the income on four trusts totaling $2,070,000 held for the benefit of the Seminole Nation.

The Southern Natural Gas Corporation was granted a Supreme Court review in its effort to escape payment of a $15,466 franchise tax to Alabama for 1931.

An appeal from a judgment against the gas company by the Alabama Supreme Court was permitted by the tribunal.

Fifty-nine Southern lumber companies lost their claim for a $14,972 refund on freight charges collected by 94 railroads.

Wirephoto: Tugwell and New Boss

Copyright by the Associated Press.

Rexford Tugwell (left), pictured with his new boss, Charles W. Taussig, as he started work yesterday in the Wall street office of the American Molasses Co.

By the Associated Press.

New York, Jan. 4.—Dr. Rexford G. Tugwell, one of the major "brain trusters" of the first Roosevelt Administration, went to work in Wall Street today.

His first day on the job, he was a little late assuming his duties as vice president of the American Molasses Co., 75-year-old firm which supplies molasses to bakers, grocers and confectioners.

Dr. Tugwell was interviewed with his new boss, Charles W. Taussig, president of the company, seated at his side.

What were his duties? Dr. Tugwell wasn't sure; that would have to be worked out with Taussig.

Would he work a five-day week? An eight or nine-day week, more than likely, Taussig said with a grin.

Dr. Tugwell shied from the question of salary. He was reminded that he would now be eligible for social security benefits.

"So you are," chimed in Taussig. "Stay here long enough and you'll get—let's see, $85 a month. There, I've given away the salary secret. Now they know you get at least $3,000."

Child-Labor Ban Seen in Court Ruling on Prison-Made Goods

Continued from Page 1.

tions in an opinion freeing from seven years imprisonment Dirk De Jonge, a Communist, who was convicted under the Oregon criminal syndicalism law. The court held this law, as defined by the State courts in De Jonge's case, as "repugnant to the due process clause of the fourteenth amendment."

In one of its orders the court refused, in face of a request for Administration legal officers, to review a test case challenging validity of the taxes assessed under the social security act. No reason was given for the refusal, but it was believed the action was based on technical grounds, in that the case had not been passed on by an appellate circuit court in the usual procedure.

In another order the court refused to review a lower court decision throwing out a suit for recovery of AAA processing taxes on the ground that the petitioner, the Continental Mills, Inc., of Philadelphia, did not proceed in upholding the validity of that section of the AAA act prescribing the manner in which claims for recovery of the illegal taxes should be made.

But all these rulings were overshadowed by the court's opinion upholding the validity of the Ashurst-Sumners act, which prohibits the interstate transportation of convict-made goods to States which have laws forbidding their sale and which require the labeling of such commodities as convict-made.

The law was challenged by the Kentucky Whip & Collar Co. in a mandamus proceedings against the Illinois Central Railroad Co. The Federal Government, along with the American Federation of Labor, Industries Conference on Prison Labor, the General Federation of Women's Clubs and the attorney general of New York, intervened in the case, urging the law be upheld.

Packages Unlabeled.

The Kentucky Whip & Collar Co. manufactures with convict labor horse collars, harness and strap goods. This company sought to transport in interstate commerce 25 separate shipments of its goods, of which 10 were consigned to customers in States which have laws forbidding the sale of prison-made goods; 5 to States which have laws not forbidding the sale but requiring that such goods be plainly marked as convict-made and 10 to States imposing no restriction on sale or possession.

None of the packages was labeled as required by the Ashurst-Sumners act and the railroad company refused to accept them for shipment. The Kentucky company sought a mandamus injunction against the railroad. The lower court held invalid the prohibition against shipment into States with laws forbidding sale of such goods but upheld the labeling requirements. The Circuit Court of Appeals upheld the act in its entirety.

The Kentucky manufacturer argued before the Supreme Court that Congress was without power to prohibit the interstate transportation of useful and harmless articles made by convict labor and lacked power to exclude convict-made goods when not labeled as such. The argument against the law was based in large part on the court's decision in Hammer vs. Dagenhart, which invalidated the Federal act which sought to prohibit goods made by child labor from interstate shipment.

Court Rejects Argument.

The court, however, rejected this argument and held that the Ashurst-Sumners act was justified by the opinions upholding the Webb-Kenyon act, which forbid liquor shipments from wet into dry States before national prohibition.

"The pertinent point is," asserted the Chief Justice, "that where the subject of commerce is one as to which the power of the State may constitutionally be exerted by restriction or prohibition in order to prevent harmful consequences, the Congress may, if it sees fit, put forth its power to regulate interstate commerce so as to prevent that commerce from being used to impede the carrying out of State policy."

A sentence in the opinion which may be important in future arguments over validity of legislation designed to regulate labor relations was to the effect that "the Congress in exercising the power confided to it by the Constitution is as free as the States to recognize the fundamental interests of free labor."

The court held that the prison-made goods law did not constitute any delegation of authority by Congress to the States, nor a usurpation of State power. The court further ruled that Congress had plenary power to deal with interstate commerce; had formulated its policy and established its own rule and that the fact that it adopted its rule to aid the enforcement of valid State laws "affords no ground for constitutional objection."

It was this reasoning of the court which caused Senator O'Mahoney to hail the decision as justifying legality of his proposed national incorporation bill, which would impose labor standards on industry engaging in interstate commerce.

No Distinction in Law.

The Wyoming Senator contended that "there is absolutely no distinction in principle or law between convict-made goods and goods produced by children or under low standards of labor." Consequently, he added, "my bill which adopts with respect to child labor, minimum wages and maximum hours and collective bargaining the principle of the two statutes now approved by the Supreme Court, stands absolutely within the circle of constitutionality as drawn by two unanimous decisions."

He asserted, "we are coming to the end of a trail which began in 1890" when Congress passed the Wilson act subjecting intoxicating liquors shipped into any State to the laws of that State. This was upheld a year later and in 1917 came the Reed amendment which prohibited the shipment of liquor into dry States. This likewise was held valid.

"The significance of the decision today will be recognized," Senator O'Mahoney asserted, "when it is pointed out that the famous child labor decisions—which condemned by a vote of five to four the national child labor law—was based upon the contention that while Congress could constitutionally forbid the transportation in interstate commerce of commodities which were inherently harmful like impure foods, narcotics or lottery tickets it could not constitutionally prohibit the transportation of goods which were in themselves hamless. In other words, men's work shirts manufactured by children could not be barred from shipment in interstate commerce.

Doctrine Reversed.

"This doctrine has now been overturned, for the Whitfield case (upholding the Howes-Cooper prison-made goods act) revolved about the right of Congress to withdraw the protection of interstate commerce from men's work shirts manufactured by convicts and the Kentucky Whip case revolved about the right of Congress to prohibit the transportation of horse collars and harness manufactured by convicts.

"Work shirts and horse collars manufactured by convicts or by children are in themselves harmless. Therefore, by the decision today the Supreme Court has abolished the distinction between inherently harmful and harmless goods written into the child labor case.

"It must be manifest that by these decisions the court has said that Congress may come to the aid of the States which have high labor standards and protect them by the use of the commerce clause from States of low labor standards. That is precisely what my bill proposes."

Dr. Whitin, in his statement, said that "it seems highly significant that both of the Supreme Court decisions," namely the earlier decision upholding the Hawes-Cooper law and today's decision upholding the Sumner-Ashurst law, with their tremendously broader significance, relate to the two Federal statutes, and the only ones that were enacted by a Congress responding to the strong, coordinated support of industry, labor and consumer groups."

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Two Are Arrested On Gaming Charge

Answering a "shooting" call in the 1800 block New Jersey avenue northwest yesterday, police uncovered an alleged "numbers" establishment and arrested two men.

The policemen, George Absher and W. A. Dewey, were cruising when the call came over the radio.

At the Second Precinct station, the prisoners gave their names as Martin Evans, colored, 31, of the 100 block R street northwest, and Wilbur Ellis, colored, 38, of the 1600 block Tenth street northwest.

The policemen said a quantity of alleged "numbers" slips were seized along with two adding machines. Several other men found in the place were released.

Detroit Leader Dies.

Detroit, Jan. 4 (AP).—Richard Lindsay, 72-year-old Detroit city councilman, died at his home here today of heart disease. He had served three terms on the council. He was unmarried and had held many other city positions during his long political career.

Dr. Fraser-Harris Dies.

London, Jan. 4 (AP).—Dr. David Fraser-Harris, author and lecturer, died last night in a London nursing home. He was 69.

Rails' Rate Boost On Potato Upheld

The Bangor & Aroostook Railroad of Maine was within its rights when it raised the rates on potato shipments directed toward seaports and lowered them if they were inland shipments, the United States Court of Appeals ruled yesterday in an opinion sustaining a prior ruling by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The Maine Potato Growers and Shippers Association protested action of the carrier.

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B—Brocade sandal for the smart woman's evening. $10.50

C—Leaf Motif in gold and silver kid on white satin. $10.50

D—Silver kid bars the vamp of a medium heeled white slipper, by Garside. $12.75

E—Velvet and rhinestone bow on an open toe satin pump. $8.75

F—Lattice of woven silver kid in a medium-heeled white crepe slipper. $12.50

G—Heel-less, toeless sandal, by Garside, of white satin and silver brocade. $14.75

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A—California sends Sydnerknit in a crisply tailored suit of white flecked linen knit. Blue, green, coral, natural, sizes 14 to 20. Exclusive with us in Washington. $22.75

B—Wool and Celanese combined by B. H. Wragge in a slide fastened frock with action back. Exclusive with us in Washington. $19.95

C—Modern mermaid in a rayon jersey print suit, sizes 14 to 18. $13.95
—lolls on the beach under a straw and Persian print hat, $3.95
—wearing wooden-heeled espadrilles of red and white canvas, $3.95
—and carrying a red and white canvas beach bag, rope handled. $3.95

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McCallum's Play Colors
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Chukker Yellow Bagatelle Blue
Pair $1.95

HOSIERY, AISLE 19, FIRST FLOOR

Six Woman Lawmakers of New Congress Chart Their Legislative Programs

Definite Plans Already Under Way in Group

Senator Caraway Interested in Old-Age Pensions and Farm Question.

By Hope Ridings Miller.

It looks as if the six woman lawmakers of the Seventy-fifth Congress are going to do more than their part toward justifying the hard-won feminist fight that raised women to the same political level as men.

Judging from what they said yesterday, in brief interviews sandwiched between conferences and caucuses, every one of them—from Representative Mary T. Norton, of New Jersey, dean of the Congresswomen, to Representative Nan Wood Honeyman, of Oregon, who will take her seat in the House of Representatives for the first time this morning—knows exactly what type of legislative housekeeping she wants done this session and already has laid some pretty definite plans toward its accomplishment.

Senator Hattie Wyatt Caraway, of Arkansas, who believes that a vote in the right direction speaks more eloquently than any long-drawn-out harangue, and who is planning this year, as usual, "to let the men do most of the talking," already has decided to introduce at least one bill, and perhaps two. Confident the old-age pension law should be amended so that the Federal Government would guarantee each pensioner $15 a month, no matter what amount is legislated by the State, she will introduce a bill to that effect. The present law provides for an equal contribution of the Government with the States in payment of pensions up to and including $15 a month, with a possible maximum for each person of $30 a month.

"Under this law, residents of a State rich in natural resources might receive $30, while those just across the line in a poor State might get only $10," she said. "I feel that the Federal Government should see that each old-age pensioner receives at least $15 a month."

Studies Farm Problem.

Senator Caraway also is very much interested in the farm-tenant question, since she believes sharecroppers and renters in agricultural areas should be given a chance to own their own homes. Any proposed legislation that will promote proper recognition of women also will have her support. An active backer of the equal nationality law, which in 1034 extended to women a number of nationality rights previously limited to men, she consistently has stood behind measures designed to give women equality with men.

Representative Mary T. Norton, only woman member of Congress to be chairman of a committee, is going to have her hands full looking after affairs of the District of Columbia. The woman who has been known as one of Washington's unofficial "mayors," and who as head of the D. C. Committee frequently clashed with former Representative Blanton, of Texas, and gave him a few legislative lickings that made history on the Hill, feels that now something can be done to improve laws in the District.

Long concerned with child welfare, she is planning to introduce, as soon as possible, a new Juvenile Court bill designed to change the present penal type of institution into a court of chancery. Mrs. Norton also will be an enthusiastic supporter of proposed measures to improve local hospitals and prisons.

The only Republican woman of the House — Representative Edith Nourse Rogers, of Massachusetts, yesterday said that while she wasn't yet ready to announce the list of bills she would introduce, she would devote her time and attention to "any mandatory neutrality bill that will keep us out of war." She said further that safety legislation, which has constituted one of her chief interests for the past three sessions, would demand some of her time during the Seventy-fifth Congress.

"I shall not be satisfied until we pass some law to protect persons from automobile accidents and from the theft of automobiles," she added.

Strengthening the merit system and the protection of American-made cotton textiles are two other projects to which she will devote her attention. She believes something must be done to put Federal jobs on a merit, rather than a spoils' system basis, and she is convinced that a higher tariff is necessary to protect American cotton textile manufacturers.

Representative O'Day for Neutrality.

"An ironclad neutrality bill" is what Representative Caroline O'Day, of New York, wants.

"I shall strongly back any measure that will keep us out of foreign entanglements," she said. "I want peace at any price; that is, any price that permits protecting our own shores from invaders. In other words, I'm for adequate defense, but against competing with other countries in patently militaristic programs."

Her recent trip to the peace conference in Buenos Aires strengthened her conviction that "we must pass a neutrality bill that will justify the faith South American countries now have in our efforts and ability to preserve peace in the Western Hemisphere."

Representative Virginia E. Jenckes, of Indiana, who was identified with the "red rider" and made many a headline on her fight against the Red menace last session, refused to comment on what she expected to do along that line this year. She said, however, that she was planning to introduce at least two bills during the session. One of these is designed to make a felony of counterfeiting drugs or any type of medicine; the other proposes to create a United States Civil Board of Appeals, which would be a court of chancery for Government workers, who could settle their problems through that agency rather than by bringing political pressure to bear.

Representative Nan Wood Honeyman said she planned to spend a good part of her time during this first session "keeping my eyes and ears open and my mouth shut." But her special interest will be power legislation that would affect power projects now under way in Bonneville, Oreg., which is in the district she represents.

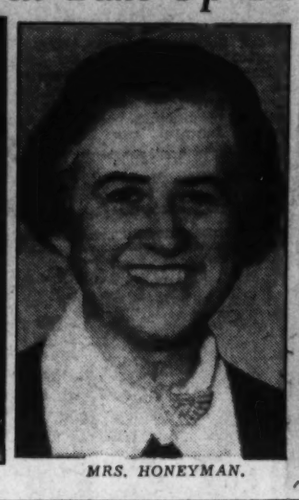
She said she would favor any legislation that would strengthen the position of women.

Women Members of Congress Who Today Will Take Up Their Share of the Affairs of State

MRS. CARAWAY.

MRS. NORTON.

MRS. O'DAY.



MRS. HONEYMAN.

MRS. ROGERS.

MRS. JENCKES.

Rayburn Voted Party's Leader Of New House

Texan Defeats O'Connor as Congress Prepares for Opening Today.

Continued from Page 1.

to carry out the program," said the defeated leader.

At outset of the House Democratic session, Representative Robert L. Doughton, of North Carolina, chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, was named chairman of the caucus, and presided throughout the election. Representative Hatton Sumners, of Texas, made the nominating speech for Rayburn, which was seconded by Cullen and others.

In the final count, a few scattered votes were cast for "dark horse" entries—two for Representative Clifton Woodrum, of Virginia; one for Doughton; one for Representative James M. Mead, of New York; one for Representative John Rankin, of Mississippi, and one for Representative Lindsay Warren, of North Carolina.

Democrats in Scramble.

A Democratic scramble for the two majority vacancies on the House Ways and Means Committee followed Rayburn's election. Representative A. Willis Robertson, of Virginia, was elected on the first ballot. Representative Frank J. G. Dorsey, of Pennsylvania, and Otha D. Wearin, of Iowa, were leading a neck-and-neck tussle for the second assignment, when the caucus was adjourned until this morning, when the tangle will be unraveled.

Representative Pat Boland, of Pennsylvania, who supported Rayburn for the leadership, probably will be renamed as House Democratic whip.

Although no hard and fast legislative program has been announced yet, a resolution adopted yesterday by the Democratic caucus to reappoint all incumbents of the House Foreign Affairs Committee left the House prepared to act on any necessary emergency neutrality legislation.

Neutral Plan to Fore.

At the other end of the Capitol Senator Robinson indicated that a resolution amending the neutrality act to apply to the Spanish situation might be one of the first acts of Congress. Senate Foreign Relations Chairman Key Pittman will sponsor the Senate resolution, expected to provide discretionary authority for the President to embargo arms shipments to Spain.

The movement for a Constitutional amendment giving either Federal or State Governments clear-cut authority to enact minimum wage and maximum hour legislation gained headway, as Speaker Bankhead concurred in Senator Robinson's view that an amendment is the "best method" to meet the dilemma caused by the Supreme Court's decision invalidating the New York wage law.

"I think we ought to meet the situation head-on, and I am not in favor of attempting to curb the power of the court," Bankhead said.

"Of course, many Democrats may be opposed to Constutional changes, so I don't think it would be a question of party lines."

Amendment Proposed.

Vindication of Bankhead's statement that party lines would be cut came with a declaration from Representative Allen T. Treadway, of Massachusetts, ranking Republican member of the Ways and Means Committee, for a Constitutional amendment if needed to cope with the wages and hours issue.

"Many features of the NRA are bad," said Treadway, "but it also had some good features, such as maximum hours, minimum wages and the elimination of child labor. I personally would be glad to see those features continued along Constitutional lines."

Other issues shortly to be projected before the new Congress include the perennial appropriations question and funds for relief, farm tenant legislation, the short labor week and extension of such laws as the President's power to revalue the dollar, the stabilization fund, lending functions of the RFC, the reciprocal tariff act and continuance of the CCC.

Four hours before the House Democrats met to thresh out the leadership issue, Senate Democrats in conference re-elected Robinson as leader and named Senator Hugo Black (Democrat), Alabama, as secretary of the caucus. Senator James Hamilton Lewis, of Illinois, again was chosen whip and authorized to name an assistant.

House Republicans again chose Representative Bertrand Snell, of New York, as minority leader. Snell's name today will be routinely entered as a candidate for Speaker, as will that of Representative George J. Schneider, of Wisconsin, Progressive candidate. But Bankhead will be re-elected as a matter of rote.

With the exception of possible emergency neutrality action, little legislation of major importance is expected until after the inauguration January 20. Even the regular appropriations bills, two of which already are in preliminary form, will not go before the House until after arrival of the President's budget message Friday.

Views of Congress Leaders on Legislation

Bankhead's Views.

By Rep. William B. Bankhead,
Speaker of the House. Written for the Associated Press.

I have been requested by a representative of the Associated Press to make a brief statement, giving my views on matters which will occupy the House of Representatives during the earlier period of its session.

Of course, the matter of first importance is to have the House properly organized for the transaction of business, and this will require the election of a Speaker and of House officers and the filling of many vacancies on important committees.

The first two days of the Congress will be somewhat colorful, particularly on January 6, when there will be a joint session of the House and Senate to count and certify the result of the electoral college in the various States in order to make the official declaration of the re-election of President Roosevelt and Mr. Garner.

It is now proposed that immediately after that certification, the President of the United States will appear before the joint session to deliver his message, making recommendations to the Congress upon questions of legislation. All members of the House are naturally very much interested in the concrete suggestions that may be made by the President, for they will, no doubt, in a measure, be influential in determining the nature of legislation reported by the committees.

I do not think it proper for me at this time to engage in any prophecy as to legislation that will be enacted. It is apparent, however, that there are number of items that will necessarily require attention. I refer particularly to a number of existing laws that will expire.

The first of these is the present authority of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to make loans. It expires on January 30 and unless this authority is renewed, of course, such lending power ceases and the board would merely continue as a collecting agency for moneys already loaned.

Apparently, the most acute legislative problem at this hour appears to be the necessity of further amendments to the neutrality resolution which also expires by limitation of law on May 1 and which will have to be extended or modified prior to that date. It is anticipated by some that the President in his message on January 6 will recommend some immediate amendments to that resolution to meet the present crisis with reference to the civil war in Spain, which is not covered by the existing act.

It appears that the House will also have to act at an early date on a deficiency appropriation to supply further funds for the relief of the unemployed and we do not know as yet what sum will be recommended as a temporary necessity. There will probably be, however, some sharp controversy with reference to the limitations that may be proposed in the House on the further expenditure of relief funds. We hope to get under way at least two of the regular appropriation bills at a very early date and it is my hope that the amounts carried in them will be upon the most economical basis possible.

Upon the whole, this promises to be a very interesting session of the House, but I am not prepared now to make any assertion that it will be a short session because I can reasonably anticipate many matters arising that might continue it late into the summer.

Responsibility Increased.

By Rep. Bertrand H. Snell,
Republican Leader in the House. Written for the Associated Press.

The approaching Seventy-fifth Congress imposes upon the Republican membership of the House a responsibility to the American people far beyond ordinary legislative responsibilities to the Congressional minorities. Although our representation has been lessened, our responsibilities have increased. We will not shirk them.

I am certain there will be a compact minority, militant for the rights of all the people, but not arbitrarily resistant; a constructive, not a destructive minority.

Because of our decimated ranks, no one would have the temerity to say that we could push to a successful conclusion any part of our own legislative program, in which the majority dissented. No one properly could say that once the majority is determined to push through a partisan measure we would have the strength to stop it.

But this does not imply that we cannot make every possible effort to acquaint the public with the vital issues in every legislative proposal, the fallacies and the loopholes that hastily drawn legislation invariably leaves. As I regard it, this is one of our most important duties in the coming session and it is one we will fulfill to the best of our ability.

To carry this out entails need for the freest possible discussion of legislative proposals. There should be no gag rule clamped on by the majority. The public is entitled to know what Congress endeavors to do and, so far as it is humanly possible, the Republican minority will insist upon Administration forces permitting this basic principle of democracy. Good government depends upon it; present day thought and progress demand it.

The Republican Party has always been the champion of American progress under constitutional means. There wil be no deviation from this policy now.

Our duty is plainly written. In a two-party government, the minority must constructively criticize. This will be our policy. There will be no sniping for sniping's sake. Where opposition is needed it will be forthcoming, always with a view however, to serving the greatest number of the public. We have this service to perform to the country and we intend to carry it out.

Faces Many Problems.

By Joseph T. Robinson,
Senator from Arkansas, and Democratic Leader. (Written for the Associated Press.)

(Written for the Associated Press.)

The Seventy-fifth Congress meeting today is the sesqui-centennial Congress. Marking the Nation's 150th year, it faces many problems little foreseen by those who founded the Government.

High on the list will be such issues as regulation of hours and wages of workers, improvement of conditions surrounding farm tenants, legislation to protect farmers competing in a highly complex industrial civilization; and appropriations for millions of citizens who cannot find work.

But with economic conditions swiftly improving, and the emergency years past, the necessity for hasty legislation has been removed. Congress can, and should, study these complex problems from every angle and with deliberation.

When the great depression threatened the Nation with ruin we had to move quickly. The evils of speedy action were more than offset, however, by the helpful results of getting the economic machinery again in motion.

One paramount issue of the session, and one which calls for thorough inquiry, is determination of America's permanent neutrality policy. It may be necessary to act quickly to maintain neutrality in the present Spanish conflict, but much care must be exercised in writing the permanent law.

It is to be hoped that business improvement will curtail the need for Government spending. The budget will be balanced as soon as it can be without causing real suffering. I hope that will be within the next two years.

To Await President.

By Charles L. McNary,
Senator from Oregon, and Republican Leader. (Written for the Associated Press).

Until the President announces to the Congress his policies and purposes, it will be impossible to predict the attitude of the Republican minority in the approaching session.

No resort will be made to dilatory tactics, no measure will be opposed solely upon the ground that it emanates from Democratic sources. However, every legislative proposal will be scrutinized with care and studiously considered.

Doubtless the Republican membership will make a strong effort toward diminution of Government expenditures and a balanced budget.

In my judgment, we will oppose legislation calculated further to continue the present powers of the President to negotiate reciprocal trade agreements, unless there is a measure of control by the Senate.

Neutrality will be one of the most controversial and highly important issues of the session. Any proposal to extend broad discretionary powers on the President will be closely analyzed by the minority.

The Republican membership will continue loyally to advocate the fundamental doctrines that in the past have brought about national progress and party achievement.

It will propose and aggressively support legislation designed to improve the welfare of the country. While major differences exist between the parties, inevitably other issues will arise as the President goes forward with his plans and legislative program.

Rail Presidents, Labor Leaders To Confer Here

Continued from Page 1.

cluded on the original program for the conference, there were indications that some of the union men intended to raise it and seek a revision of pay scales, largely undisturbed since April 1, 1935, when the last of the 10 per cent reduction put into effect in 1931 was restored to the men.

However, it was said at the association offices that that organization does not discuss wages and working conditions. Previously wage negotiations for the roads have been left in the hands of a committee of managers.

The rail executives will be represented in the negotiations, it was announced, by M. W. Clement, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad; Charles E. Downey, president of the Erie; J. B. Hill, president of the Louisville & Nashville; L. A. Downs, president of the Illinois Central; Carl R. Gray, president of the Union Pacific, and H. A. Scandrett, trustee of the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific road.

Harrison will lead the union presidents, though the full list of union executives who will attend had not been made public last night.

Replaced Old Law.

The present railroad retirement act was passed as two separate laws to replace the previous one thrown out by the United State Supreme Court. The new one was enacted as two laws, one granting the pensions and the other taxing income of the railroads and the employes, the combined taxes providing the fund from which the pensions would be paid.

The District of Columbia District Court held the tax provisions of the present act unconstitutional and appeal was taken to the Circuit Court. There has been discussion, without action to date, of a possible writ of certiorari to take the case direct to the Supreme Court. The tax provisions were enacted to continue only until February 28.

In opposing the Federal pension system, the carriers have pointed to their own private pension systems, which they contend must be continued for benefit of the older employes. They argue that all but two roads have such plans, which they declare are more beneficial to the men, and in most of which the employes do not contribute to the fund. None of the roads, they assert, discontinued the pensions during the depression.

President Roosevelt's letter to the carriers and employes said that the two groups "have shown great aptitude in the co-operative solution of their problems," a reference, probably, to settlement of the disputes over caring for men displaced by co-ordination of facilities and services, restoration of the 1931 pay cut, and the reverse gear issue that once was taken to the Supreme Court.

Asks Board's Help.

The chief executive pointed out that the Railroad Retirement Board "has collected a wealth of information bearing on the problems which would be considered by such a conference." He said he was requesting the board to offer assistance to the conferees.

Labor's expectation is that "widening the scope of collective bargaining between the organized railworkers and the Nation's carriers will be one of the main subjects" at the conference, it was said in an editorial in the current issue of Labor, organ of the rail unions, of which Edward Keating is manager.

"A broad range of subjects will be taken up," it says, adding that "the question of railroad pensions will probably have a prominent part."

Prefer Negotiation.

It says the carrier's court fight against the retirement act "could be terminated, of course, by a national agreement between the railroads and the standard unions," and adds that other subjects "will include a general review of the basic problems of management-labor relations in the railroad world."

"The standard railroad labor organizations," it continues, "have always preferred to negotiate rather than legislate."

Takes Up Auto Situation.

Edward F. McGrady, Assistant Secretary of Labor, returning from the deadlocked West Coast shipping strike, plunged yesterday into conferences on the growing strikes in General Motors plants and allied glass factories.

Insisting he is not transferring his main interest from the shipping to the automobile disturbances, McGrady said he is conferring with John L. Lewis, head of the C. I. O., to learn latest moves and plans of auto workers.

Steel Institute Criticized.

The Labor Relations Board, reporting to Congress, yesterday laid labor trouble in the steel industry to "denial of the rights of self-organization and collective bargaining to the employes."

It severely criticized the American Iron and Steel Institute in this connection.

Of 784 strikes in the first five months of 1936, the board said, 375 involved self-organization and collective bargaining.

Thomas Says Election Favored Masses Care

Senator Elmer Thomas, of Oklahoma, yesterday told members of the Women's National Democratic Club that the people, in the last Presidential election, showed they wanted the Government "to take care of the masses" as it heretofore "has cared for the big business classes."

Speaking at the club's weekly forum luncheon, the Senator gave his opinion that the present Republican Party is now "a matter of history." He suggested that during the session of Congress opening today the 17 Republican Senators would be as effective if seated in the Republican cloakroom as in the Senate chamber.

Social Program La Follette Aim In Third Term

Progressive Party Wins All Wisconsin State Posts for First Time.

By the Associated Press.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 4.—Philip F. La Follette joined the ranks of third-term Governors today with a pledge to keep his new administration on a course of action to meet unsolved social and economic problems.

Inauguration of the 39-year-old Governor was a gala occasion for the Progressive Party, which assumed control of all the State's administrative offices for the first time.

La Follette confined his address to a broad statement of the task ahead, reserving disclosure of his program for the meeting of the Legislature January 13.

High officials of the new party, including the Governor's brother, Senator Robert M. La Follette, jr., gathered at the State capitol for the inaugural ceremonies, starting at noon.

Legal Clash in North Dakota.

Bismarck, N. Dak., Jan. 4 (AP).—North Dakota's incoming administration today moved toward another of the legal clashes that have centered around the chief executive's office for the last three and a half years, during which four Governors have served.

The new administration, taking over tomorrow, is headed by William S. Langer, elected in November as an Independent after his defeat by acting Gov. Walter Welford in the Republican primary. Welford, on Saturday night, filed a complaint that Langer violated the corrupt practices act during the last campaign. Langer has 30 days to answer.

Georgia Fight Opens.

Atlanta, Jan. 4 (AP).—Litigation developed today over one of the closing acts of Eugene Talmadge as Governor of Georgia, the appointment of William Ingram, 35, to a Supreme Court bench.

Talmadge, who will be succeeded by Governor-elect E. D. Rivers, January 12, named Ingram to the Cherokee Superior Circuit to fill the place of the late James McFarland, of Dalton, Ga., who died after his election to the judgeship last November.

Judge Claude Pittman, whom McFarland defeated, declared, however, that no vacancy existed and declined to approve Ingram's credentials.

Benson Takes Oath.

St. Paul, Jan. 4 (AP).—Elmer A. Benson, Farmer-Laborite, took his oath of office today as Governor of Minnesota, the third member of his party to hold the position.

Four Others Take Office.

Four other governors took office in Western States yesterday, the Associated Press reported. They were Barzilla W. Clark, in Idaho; R. C. Stanford, in Arizona; Roy E. Ayres, in Montana, and Henry H. Blood, in Utah. All are Democrats.

Jewish Center to Open At-Home Month Tonight

Its "At Home Month" to members and prospective members will be opened by the Jewish Community Center tonight.

A special entertainment will be followed by a membership rally, which will be addressed by Burnett Siman, general chairman of membership enrollment and vice president of the center.

Police Press Hunt For Kidnaped Wife

Newark, Ohio, Jan. 4 (AP).—Police broadened a search for an 18-year-old wife tonight 24 hours after her husband reported she had been abducted by a man who "was crazy about her."

The husband, Wesley Wheeler, 24, named Arthur Spence, 32, as the abductor and Police Chief Curtis Berry said a warrant for kidnaping had been filed.

Meanwhile, searchers expressed the hope the young woman would be able to communicate with friends or relatives within a few hours.

Despite a wide hunt by officers, Chief Berry said no trace had been found of the young woman or Spence since her husband reported she was forced into an automobile near the public square Sunday night.

15 Alabama Convicts Violate Holiday Parole

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 4 (AP).—A black mark of 15 Christmas parole violations—an all-time high—was stamped tonight on the record of Alabama's yuletide custom that Gov. Bib Graves began nine years ago to reward meritorious prison conduct.

A final check-up at the State's four prisons and 12 road camps showed today the 15 were missing among 494 who left December 17 for a two-week holiday with their families as a Christmas gift from the Governor. Hamp Draper, convict department chief, said the number of violations this year was almost as high as the total for the preceding eight years.

Keech Predicts Power Rate Cut

According to a prediction yesterday by Richmond B. Keech, vice chairman of the Public Utilities Commission, Washington's electric light users soon are to share in last year's success of the Potomac Electric Power Co., by a substantial reduction in power rates.

Hearings to consider the annual adjustment between electric current consumers and the power company under the sliding scale procedure are tentatively scheduled for January 25, Keech said.

He added that no figures are now available and amount of the rate reduction would be impossible to predict. Since 1929, Keech said, electric current users in Washington have benefited under the sliding scale procedure. The benefits are derived from net profits over and above 6½ per cent of the company's valuation.

Miller Quits Justice Post For Tax Appeals Board

Justin Miller, Special Assistant Attorney General, and one of the Justice Department's ace crime experts, resigned today to become a member of the Board of Tax Appeals.

Miller devoted most of his time to crime research and specialized on probationary problems. He is affiliated with almost every important crime commission in the Nation.

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KIDNEY DISORDERS
Drink **Mountain Valley Water** direct from famous Hot Springs, Arkansas.
This famous Health-water gently stimulates the kidneys and aids the thorough elimination of the trouble-causing acids.
Prescribed by doctors for more than 50 years as the finest natural aid for kidney disorders.
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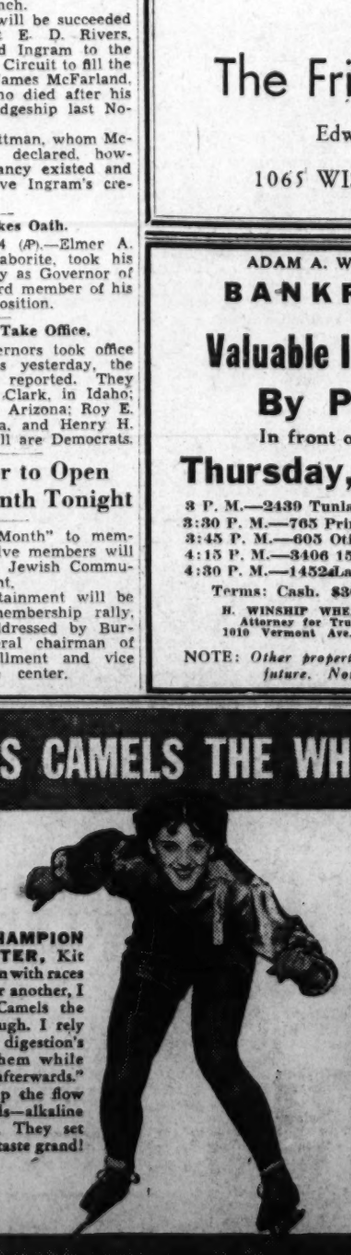
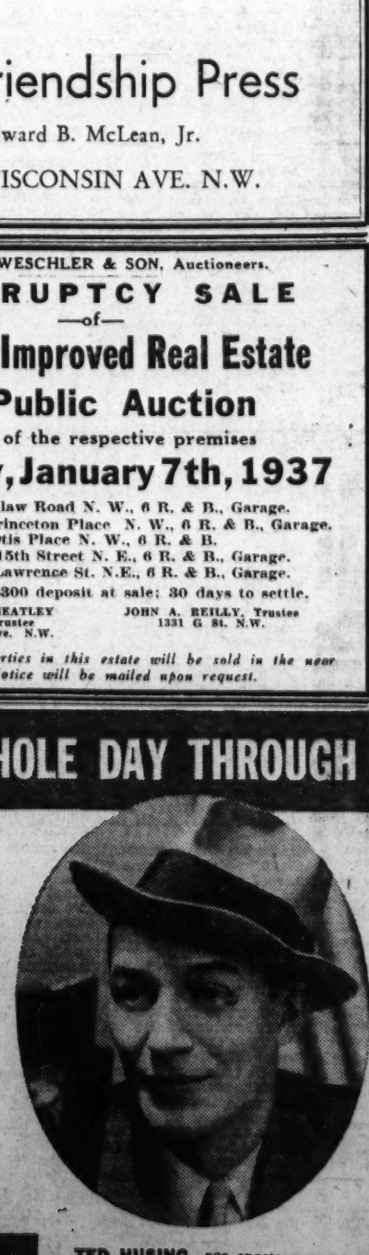
3 P. M.—2439 Tunlaw Road N. W., 6 R. & B., Garage.
3:30 P. M.—765 Princeton Place N. W., 6 R. & B., Garage.
3:45 P. M.—605 Otis Place N. W., 6 R. & B.
4:15 P. M.—3406 15th Street N. E., 6 R. & B., Garage.
4:30 P. M.—1452d Lawrence St. N.E., 6 R. & B., Garage.
Terms: Cash. $300 deposit at sale; 30 days to settle.
H. WINSHIP WHEATLEY, Attorney for Trustee, 1010 Vermont Ave. N.W.
JOHN A. REILLY, Trustee, 1331 G St. N.W.
NOTE: *Other properties in this estate will be sold in the near future. Notice will be mailed upon request.*

ENJOYS CAMELS THE WHOLE DAY THROUGH





WORLD'S CHAMPION SPEED SKATER, Kit Klein, says: "Even with races coming one after another, I like to enjoy Camels the whole day through. I rely on Camels 'for digestion's sake'—enjoy them while I'm eating and afterwards." Camels speed up the flow of digestive fluids—alkaline digestive fluids. They set you right! They taste grand!

TED HUSING, ace sports announcer, says: "Mine's a hectic life—but my digestion keeps running smoothly. I enjoy Camels with my meals and after. Camels never irritate my throat." Camels are mild—better for steady smoking. They don't get on your nerves!

FOR DIGESTION'S SAKE ... SMOKE CAMELS

105 in Congress Will Make Bow At Noon Today

New Legislators Break Out Cutaway Coats to Greet Their Colleagues.

One hundred and five new Congressmen, many of them appearing self-conscious in fresh cutaway coats, will take their seats in the House and Senate today at noon.

Thirteen Democrats, two Republicans and one Farmer-Laborite form the Senate's freshman class. Besides the 89 newcomers in the House, six former Representatives will start the comeback trail.

The new Republican Senators—H. Styles Bridges, of New Hampshire, and Henry Cabot Lodge, jr., of Massachusetts—are comparative youngsters.

Bridges, who planned to resign the governorship of his State at midnight, is 39, a one-time county farm agent and school teacher who carried New Hampshire twice in the midst of Roosevelt landslides.

Lodge Only 34.

Lodge, 34, is a member of a top-flight family in Massachusetts society and politics. A grandson of the late Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, he once wrote Washington news for a New York newspaper.

Among the new Democratic Senators are Josh Lee, once known to his Oklahoma neighbors as a boy orator; Gov. Clyde L. Herring of Iowa, former cowpuncher, jewelry clerk and auto salesman, and Gov. Edwin C. Johnson of Colorado, who spent his boyhood as a railway section hand.

Representative Ernest Lundeen, 58, of Minnesota, who opposed American entry into the World War, is the new Farmer-Laborite, joining Senator Shipstead, of the same State.

Like that in the Senate, the Democratic majority in the House will be the heaviest of any party since the Civil War.

Youngest Are 27.

The two youngest newcomers there — Representatives O'Connell (Democrat), of Montana, and Boren (Democrat), of Oklahoma, are bringing brides to Washington. The bridegrooms are each 27.

Among other new members are Franck R. Havenner, lone California Progressive, who has done newspaper work in San Francisco and Washington; 30-year-old Clyde L. Garrett, of Eastland, Tex., who defeated Representative Tom Blanton (Democrat), of Texas, long known as the "watchdog of the Treasury," and William S. Jacobsen, of Clinton, Iowa, who takes the seat of his late father, Representative Bernhard M. Jacobsen.

All Spick-and-Span.

In order to get the Capitol spick-and-span for the Seventy-fifth Congress, 400 workmen have just finished the Nation's biggest job of housecleaning.

Their task included dusting 2,500 rooms, repairing early colonial molding and polishing nearly 10,000 pieces of cut glass in the price-less chandeliers.

Although new members do not take their oath until today, they have been on the pay roll since noon Sunday.

Art Valued at $1.50.

The record for larger-than-life Congressional portraits goes to Senator Vandenberg (Republican), Michigan, whose office decorations include a picture of himself measuring nearly 5 feet from chin to forehead. A souvenir of the last campaign, it was painted with an air-brush in about 30 minutes by a signmaker. Price, $1.50.

Huge Gavel Turnover.

A couple of dozen gavels have been manufactured for Speaker Bankhead by Capitol workmen. Whether they will last the session depends not only on how hard he wields them, but also on how many souvenir hunters manage to acquire them.

Lobbyists Draw Fire.

Nine Cabinet members received letters yesterday from Representative Dies (Democrat), Texas, urging them to tell their employes to have no dealings with former Government officials.

Dies hinted that unless the Cabinet officers acted, he might offer a bill aimed at what he called the "evil" of officials' resigning to take private jobs or to lobby in Washington after getting training, prestige and contacts in Government service.

No Money for Gilding.

About the only dull spot in the newly soundproofed House restaurant is the frame around a large, ornate mirror. Supervising Engineer A. E. Cook said it would cost $750 to regild the frame—and there wasn't any money.

Late Due to Son's Illness.

Senator Ellison D. Smith, of South Carolina, notified his office he would be delayed in reaching Washington for the new session of Congress because of the condition of his son, Ellison, jr., injured in a hunting accident.

Ellison, jr., was accidentally shot in the knee while fox hunting on December 26 near Florence, S. C., with his father; his brother, Farley Smith, and his brother-in-law, Carlton Pierce, of Florence, S. C., the Senator's office said. Infection developed and Ellison, jr., is still in a Florence hospital.

Representative Maury Maverick, of Texas, who has identified an ancestor with about every high-handed happening in the annals of the continent, said:

"I'm out for antilynching, though one of my early grandpops originated the lynch law. He was my Great-Grandfather Lynch."

Hat 8 Years Old.

Representative Nan Wood Honeyman (Democrat), Oregon), the only Congresswoman from west of the Mississippi River, set somewhat of a record in feminine frankness when reporters admired her hat.

"It's eight years old," she said.

Vice President Garner took a look around Capitol corridors yesterday and opined:

"Don't you fellers ever think that G. O. P. elephant ain't full of life."

It took four husky men to carry a gigantic moosehead into the office of Senator Robinson, of Arkansas, and install it on the wall over his fireplace.

The Senator, leader of the Democrats, is a mighty hunter, but he disclaimed credit for the trophy.

"No," he said, when asked if he had shot it, "It was a gift from a conservation organization."

Guy Howard, of Minnesota, the tall Senator with the short term, will have the distinction of holding office and never occupying a Senate seat.

Elected to fill a vacancy, Howard's term was for 60 days, and paid him $1,666. Congress was not in session during that time. Today his credentials will be presented, but the full-term Senator, Ernest Lundeen, will be seated. Howard will stand in the rear of the Senate chamber and "slip out after a while."

1,000 to Hear Speech.

Fewer than 1,000 visitors will see the President deliver his message on the State of the Union to the joint session of Congress tomorrow.

Joe Sinnott, veteran House doorkeeper, was flooded with mail and telephone requests for gallery seats, but reservations distributed by members of Congress, at the rate of one seat each, virtually filled all available space.

Mr. Roosevelt's appearance will be his sixth before a joint session of Congress. House officials said the Chief Executive "had a long way to go," however, to equal the record of Woodrow Wilson. During two terms, they said, the war-time President made 17 appearances to deliver messages.

RESORTS.

Orlando, Florida.

You'll like this smart city. Send for new Booklet Room 42 Orlando C. of C., Orlando, Fla.

Miami Beach, Fla.

TEMPERATURE IN Miami Beach YESTERDAY WAS 76°

House Employe Is Discharged After 47 Years of Service

Burt Kennedy Dismissed Without Pension by Minority Caucus.

A white-haired legislative employe who has served the House of Representatives 47 consecutive years was dismissed summarily yesterday by a Republican caucus.

Burt W. Kennedy, 64, who was a doorkeeper in the House when many present members were schoolboys, was turned out without pension or notice for a younger man. He was succeeded by John Andrews, a World War veteran, of Massachusetts.

The only official explanation of the dismissal came from Representative Woodruff, of Michigan, chairman of the caucus. He said that the Michigan delegation wanted Kennedy retained, as Michigan is his native State.

Massachusetts Group Wins.

"The Massachusetts delegation wanted to put in Andrews," he explained, "and they just got more votes."

Kennedy was the first minority employe ever hired by Congress. He became a page in the Fifty-first Congress under the Speakership of Thomas Reed.

In the Fifty-fourth Congress he was promoted to assistant doorkeeper, and for 16 years he served as acting doorkeeper due to the incapacity of the doorkeeper.

In 1919 he was given the full title of doorkeeper and held the job until 1933. Since then he has served as a minority employe.

A native of Grand Ledge, Mich., Kennedy said he has worked hard all of his life. He began as a messenger boy and at 7 years of age had saved $40 from is earnings.

BURT W. KENNEDY.

His successor in the House served in secretarial capacities to two Republican members, one of whom died and the other of whom was not re-elected last November.

Older Republican members are making efforts to find a new job for Kennedy, who because the retirement act does not cover legislative employes has no source of income.

Among his dependents is an infant granddaughter left when his daughter died recently.

What's Going On And Where

TODAY.

Breakfasts.

Early Birds, Willard Hotel, 8 a. m.

Luncheons.

Credit Mens Association, Raleigh Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Veteran Druggists Association, Raleigh Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Associated Retail Credit Men, Raleigh Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Civitan Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Optimists Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Lions Club Directors, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

National Association, River and Harbor Contractors, Willard Hotel, 1 p. m.

Kappa Beta Pi, Willard Hotel, 12:15 p. m.

Rotary Club, Board of Directors, Willard Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Dinners.

Women's National Press Club, Willard Hotel, 6:30 p. m.

Meetings.

National Association, River and Harbor Contractors, Willard Hotel, 11 a. m.

D. C. Chapter, Catholic Daughters of America, Willard Hotel, 7:30 p. m.

American Legion ball committee, Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.

Progress Club, Layfayette Hotel, 8:30 p. m.

D. C. Guidance and Personnel committee, Roosevelt High School.

Electrical Contractors Association, PEPCO Building, 8 p. m.

Collectors Club, Branch 5 S. P. A. Thomson School, 8 p. m.

Botanical Society, Cosmos Club, 8 p. m.

Magistrates Association, Prince Georges County, 621 Washington-Baltimore boulevard, 8 p. m.

Women's City Club book hour, 736 Jackson place, 5 p. m.

Band Concerts.

U. S. Marine Band, Marine Barracks Auditorium, 3 p. m.

U. S. Soldiers Home band, Stanley Hall, 5:30 p m.

U. S. Navy Band Symphony Orchestra, Sail Loft, Navy Yard, 8 p. m.

4 Young Indian Boys Found Frozen to Death

Vanderhoof, British Columbia, Jan. 4 (Canadian Press).—The bodies of four young Indian boys were found half-buried in snow near the east shore of Fraser Lake Saturday night. Word of the deaths reached here today.

It was believed the boys, students at the Indian school at Lejac, on the south side of Fraser Lake, left the school Friday to visit the Nautley Reservation at the east end of the lake. Fraser Lake is aproximately 60 miles west of Prince George in the northern interior of British Columbia.

Post Ad-Writers will be glad to assist you in preparing a good, result-producing ad when you call National 4200.

Mechanics During War Are Refused Back Pay

The United States Court of Appeals said yesterday $1,000,000 in back wage claims of war-time mechanics can not be paid until Congress appropriates the money.

E. N. Cleutier, a machinist for the Minneapolis Steel Co. during the World War, lost a $284.96 test case in which he claimed a Congressional act authorizing payment of the claims was mandatory upon the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mayoralty Dispute Delayed by Court

Tallahassee, Fla., Jan. 4 (AP).—The Florida Supreme Court kept hands off today in the dispute over the refusal of Daytona Beach's housewife mayor to relinquish her office so the incoming Governor, Fred P. Cone, may have a chance to intervene if he desires.

Cone, who takes office tomorrow, declined today to comment on the action of his predecessor, Gov. Dave Sholtz, in removing Mayor Irene Armstrong and all but one city commissioner on charges of excessive expenditures and "lack of "sound judgment."

Meanwhile, Daytona Beach's city hall remained closed. Armed policemen continued to guard city records.

Attorneys for Harry Wilcox, whom Sholtz named to succeed Mrs. Armstrong, asked the Supreme Court today for an order nullifying Mrs. Armstrong's injunction preventing him from taking over the office. The court, declining to take immediate jurisdiction, agreed to hear the case Friday.

Town Has No Auto Deaths.

College Park, Ga., Jan. 4 (AP).—College Park, one of the busiest traffic centers in Georgia, went through 1936 without an automobile fatality. "The reason," Chief of Police R. W. Moore said, "is you can't fix a traffic ticket here." College Park is 10 miles from Atlanta.

Smith Slander Suit Dismissal Upheld

Action of the District Supreme Court in dismissing a suit filed by Col. Edwin B. Smith, a former employe of the Federal Tariff Commission, against Robert L. O'Brien, chairman of the Commission, for alleged slander, was sustained in the United States Court of Appeals.

The Appellate Court held that any statements made by O'Brien were made in his capacity as a member of the Commission which "is invested with all the functions of authority which protect its members from liability for statements made in connection with the transaction of the business of the Commission."

It was explained Col. Smith went to the Commission to seek its aid in having a pension granted to him because of long Federal service. The statements of which he complained were uttered when he went to O'Brien's office to ask his personal help in getting the pension put through.

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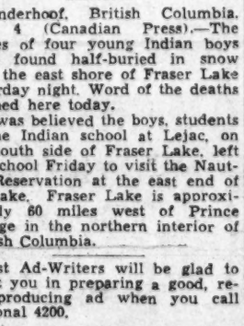
Take it for irregularities and for those distressing ailments of women, before and after childbirth and at Change of Life. Also as a tonic for nervous and rundown condition.



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SPECIAL COMBINATION

- 60c Campana's Italian Balm (For Softening and Whitening Hands)
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Both For 55c

A combination offer that's truly outstanding . . . FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLY. The wonderful lotion that overcomes red, rough, chapped skin. The tooth powder that cleanses gently, but thoroughly.

Let Its Soothing Healing Rays Aid You to Better Health . . .

KNAPP-MONARCH Infra-Red Lamps $3.95

With Gooseneck Stand

The infra-red rays are soothing to muscular aches, neuralgia, lumbago, sprains, and other common ills. With cord.

A Daily Spraying Will Help To Prevent Many Colds . . .

Dr. Dobell's Nose and Throat Atomizers 98c

With an atomizer, you can spray into the hard-to-reach areas of the nose and throat.

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With Twisted Metal Case.. 98c

These thermometers are thoroughly tested, so you can be sure of their accuracy. In case with chain. Easy to read.

Room Thermometers For Only .. 25c

RELIABLE COLD REMEDIES

Quickly Relieves Head Colds . . .

REL NASAL JELLY

Discontinued 50c Size Tube 31c

A little bit squeezed up the nose will relieve nasal congestion and make breathing easier.

A Soothing Remedy For Coughs and Bronchial Irritations Due to Common Colds . . .

HALL'S EXPECTORANT

Small Size .. 35c Large Size .. 60c

A pleasant syrup that soothes irritated membranes, warms the chest and throat.

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60c Pertussin	51c
35c Pisos	24c
60c Rem	49c
35c Smith Brothers	25c
S. & D. Syrup Sedatole	59c
75c Syrup Cocillana	48c
65c Pinex (concentrated)	45c
65c Bronchuline Emulsion	60c

PEOPLES QUALITY PRODUCTS

Brown Mixture (4 ounces)	25c
Wampoles Creo-Terpin (3 ounces, bulk)	29c
Camphorated Oil (3 ounces)	25c
Citrate of Magnesia	25c
Aspirin Tablets (5 grain, bottle of 100)	39c
Rhinitis Tablets (full strength, bottle of 100)	39c

NOSE DROPS, INHALANTS

35c Hills Nose Drops	24c
65c Mistol Nose Drops (Plain or Ephedrinated)	56c
50c Pineoleum Spray	34c
50c Groves Nose Drops (Emulsified)	45c
$1.00 Thompsons (Ephedrine Inhalant)	89c
75c Vapex Inhalant	59c
50c Vicks Va-tro-nol	34c

Take at the First Sign of a Cold for Prompt Relief . . .

MILBURN'S Cold Capsules

35c

Rich in Vitamins That Build Resistance Against Colds

W. S. THOMPSON'S Halibut Liver Oil Capsules, Plain

$1.25 Box of 50 Capsules..... 89c

Contains 10,000 vitamin A units (equal to 4½ teaspoonfuls of cod liver oil). Pleasant to take.

Particularly Recommended for the Relief of Head Colds . . .

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Take them at the first sign of a cold for prompt relief.

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Greystone Briar Pipes

Smokes sweet, cool, and dry. Needs no "breaking in." $1.00

5c Tobaccos 6 for 25c

Choice of Bugler, Kite, Bull Durham, Golden Grain, or Dukes Mixture.

10c Tobaccos 3 for 25c

Choice of Granger, Tarret, Model, Tuxedo, Munex-Wurth, Union Leader, Beechnut, or Mail Pouch.

15c Tobaccos 2 for 25c

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Highest Quality Fresh, Live Rubber

Rubber Gloves 29c Pair

Protect your hands while doing housework with these long-wearing, pliable rubber gloves.

SENATE Hot Water Bottles 2½-Quart Size..... $1.98

Built to give at least five years' service. Exceptionally strong rubber.

Kwikway Electric Corn Poppers

Makes Delicious, Fluffy Popcorn

For Only ..... 89c Cord Extra

The bottom is grooved to prevent scorching . . . the top is perforated for shaking out unpopped kernels.

Handy Tool Sets Six Pieces.. 25c

A handy set to keep at home or in the car. Has two screw drivers, hammer, awl, tack puller, and wooden handle for holding the pieces.

Levering Nasal Vaporizers For Only $1.25

Relieves colds, catarrh, and sinus. Vaporizer that works like a flashlight, sample of Nasal Vapor, dropper, and two batteries.

"Stay young!"

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Soft rubber vacuum cup for facial massage — wrinkled and sluggish complexion.

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Has 3-Heat Control

With Zipper Rubber Cover. $4.95

An exceptionally fine pad with FIRE-PROOF ASBESTOS LINING . . . double thermostatic control . . . three separate heats! Has a soft, fluffy, long-wearing cover and zipper slip cover to make it wet-proof. Long cord and rubber grip plug.

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50c Jergens Skin Lotion	36c
55c Ponds Face Creams, jar	39c
50c Ipana Tooth Paste	39c
60c Djer-Kiss Face Powder	40c
30c Calox Tooth Powder	23c
45c Gloco Hair Dressing	32c
$1.10 Angelus Lipstick	89c
50c Venida Wave Set	39c
75c Maybelline Mascara, cake	50c
$1.00 Jeris Hair Tonic	69c
30c Resinol Skin Soap	21c
25c Squibb Shaving Cream	23c
25c Mavis Talcum Powder	19c
50c Junis Cream, jar	39c
40c Bost Tooth Powder	32c
70c Ponds Face Powder	47c
25c Golden Glint Shampoo	20c
50c Kolynos Tooth Paste	35c
35c Cutex Nail Polish	31c
75c Kreml Hair Tonic	69c
25c Johnsons Foot Soap	19c
35c Ingrams Shave Cream	29c
25c Djer-Kiss Talcum	19c

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Tuesday, January 5, 1937.

The Seventy-Fifth Congress.

Congress meets today under circumstances very different from the tense atmosphere which pervaded the Capital when the first session summoned by President Roosevelt convened nearly four years ago.

Then, every act was designed to meet an emergency. Instead of legislating Congress merely gave its consent to the exercise of drastic powers by executive agencies. Now its chief tasks seem to be to survey the results of those policies, to consolidate gains that have been made, to retrace steps that have proved unfortunate, and, most important of all, to revert to the normal practices of democratic government.

In the face of crisis it is a great advantage to have a government that can adopt and enforce policies with single-hearted unity. As an emergency passes, however, need for the critical faculty becomes more imperative. In other words, the greater the speed attained at a crucial moment, the greater becomes the need for effective braking power when the danger spot is past.

With its heavy majorities in both the Senate and House, the Democratic Party might easily employ steam-roller tactics. But such a policy in this period of extended recovery, when the greatest need is for deliberation, might easily alienate much of the overwhelming support that party has won. The very strength of the New Deal legislative machines in both houses makes restraint the more desirable.

Senator Robinson's forecast of a 'leisurely session" strengthens the hope that the frantic activity of the last two Congresses will be replaced by more thoughtful procedure. Of course, this should not mean a "do-nothing" session.

Issues of great import await consideration. Included in the list are such far-reaching objectives as neutrality, economy, practical slum-reclamation and low-cost housing legislation, civil service reform and probably some measure to improve working conditions for unorganized and underprivileged labor. If the Administration decides to sponsor a constitutional amendment to extend its power over the employer-employe relationship, that issue may well come to dominate the 1937 political horizon.

Crop insurance, Government aid for farm tenants and proposals to renew Federal control over agriculture will doubtless be considered. In addition Congress must pass the regular appropriation bills and decide whether to continue various emergency measures, including the President's powers to devalue the dollar and negotiate reciprocal trade agreements. On the local side, Congress is expected to adopt a new policy governing fiscal relations between the Federal and District Governments. And it may be called upon to pass other far-reaching local measures.

With such a full calendar, there will be no time for aimless drifting. But there will be ample time for thorough analysis of major legislation and for full restoration of democratic procedure. And it is by this test that the Seventy-fifth Congress will doubtless be ultimately measured.

Handling Drunks.

Whatever else proponents of a new prohibition law for the District may claim, they can scarcely say that liquor controls are not conscientiously applied here. The Alcoholic Beverage Control Board is endeavoring to reduce liquor dispensaries to a minimum even in neighborhoods where the trade might make additional stores profitable. And now the Corporation Counsel's office is about to apply the regulation providing penalties for second and third offense drunkenness.

Whether, however, a sentence of 60 or 90 days in prison will prove effective in discouraging intoxication is another question. Defendants charged with offenses involving 90 days or more of imprisonment have a right to trial by jury. The District courts are already clogged with 200 cases awaiting tedious jury hearings and the addition of habitual drunkards to the docket will only add to the overload. Moreover, it is doubtful whether a term behind bars for them will effect more than temporary cures.

The "drunk farm," soon to be once again recommended for the District, would seem to offer a better solution of the problem. There at least a man would receive some sort of treatment. And the extra expense would probably be offset by the labor required of patients under the self-supporting program of the contemplated institution.

The Automobile Strike.

It is difficult to see how the mediation properly offered by Gov. Murphy of Michigan can of itself solve the rapidly spreading dispute between the employes and management of the General Motors Corporation.

The crux of the argument is found in the seventh of the eight demands put forward by the strikers. This asks recognition of the United Automobile Workers "as the sole bargaining agency . . . for the adjusting of any or all disputes that may arise" between the company and those whom it employs. The other demands, several of which lend themselves to a negotiated settlement, are clearly subordinate to that of union recognition. Concessions by management on these other points would not satisfy the strikers' board of strategy, any more than surrender by the strikers of every point except number seven, assuming unqualified victory for them on that, would satisfy the management.

So the country finds itself face to face with a showdown on the issue of independent versus company unionism, with the underlying problem of the closed or open shop in the immediate background.

There is nothing surprising in the emergence of this issue. It has been developing for months, though until recently there was anticipation that it would be fought out first in the steel industry. The greater vulnerability to strikes of the automobile industry, together with the relative weakness of independent unionism in the steel mills, has caused the Committee on Industrial Organization to change its strategy. But the terrain chosen for the opening battle of this war is less important than the fact that hostilities are joined.

There have been earnest efforts to work out the problem peacefully. The endeavor of the National Labor Relations Board to let unhampered balloting determine the form of organization in each particular plant is worthy of the highest praise. Unfortunately a number of large employers have shown unmistakably that they would oppose independent unionism regardless of the proportion of their workers who desire it. And this attitude has played into the hands of the C. I. O., which feels itself strong enough to achieve by direct action the aim which would take much longer to reach by evolutionary procedure, even if the latter were welcomed by all employers.

The whole situation is a disquieting reflection on our much-vaunted industrial leadership. Labor relations in the automobile industry are obviously far less advanced than those engineering accomplishments which have given it world dominance. And while there is a natural tendency to say that the two sides should now fight it out without intervention, that attitude is rendered impossible by the Nation-wide implications of the developing strike, and the ease with which it may seriously retard the development of recovery.

At the same time the extraordinary ineptitude of Mr. George Berry, who comes out in favor of one of the parties to this dispute while holding the presumably impartial post of Federal co-ordinator of industrial co-operation, makes the constructive value of governmental intervention dubious.

There will be some advantage in this fundamentally unnecessary strike if it helps to drive a few simple lessons more deeply into the national consciousness.

One of these is that the day is past when great corporations can take a feudal attitude toward their workers, arbitrarily telling them what protective organizations they can and cannot join. Another is that a high conception of social responsibility, toward the needs of the country as a whole, must be developed by industrial unionism as it gains in power. Still a third lesson, for which Mr. Berry abundantly points the moral, is the importance of complete objectivity and impartiality on the part of Government officials if they desire to forward constructive solution, rather than increase the bitterness, of industrial disputes.

Leadership In The House.

The selection of Representative Rayburn, of Texas, as floor leader of the House is not surprising. Throughout the recent part of this bitter contest with Representative O'Connor, of New York, the former chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee appeared to hold the inside track. The unfortunate part of the affair is that such vitriolic campaigns should have been waged when Mr. Rayburn was not in danger of losing and Mr. O'Connor had but a poor chance to win.

The O'Connor forces had one strong argument on their side. By choosing a Texan as Democratic leader in the House both chambers of Congress come under the sway of Southern hegemony. Vice President Garner, of Texas, presides over the Senate, where Senator Robinson, of Arkansas, is majority leader. On the House side, Speaker Bankhead represents the seventh district of Alabama. With the substantial increase of Northern Democrats in Congress, this overwhelming Southern leadership is not a good augury for a harmonious session.

Geographical arguments against Sam Rayburn were easily overcome, however, by his greater capacity to fill the role of House leader. Both his temperament, training and legislative judgment gave him a more effective claim to the position than could be made by his opponent. The House has done well to place personal qualifications above mere geographical distribution of its honors.

Incidentally, the group now holding the reins of the House is more likely to exercise independent judgment upon New Deal legislation than some of the challenging factions. Democrats of the traditional type may not have run the campaign, but they hold the positions of control in Congress.

Calling A Spade A Spade.

The possibility that President Roosevelt may shortly decide to declare that a state of war exists between Germany and Spain cannot lightly be dismissed. Such action would indeed be the logical outgrowth of Germany's high-handed seizure of Spanish government ships in reprisal for refusal to free alleged contraband in the cargo of the German freighter, Palos.

These seizures come very close to constituting an act of open war against Spain. This Germany may deny, since the Nazi regime appears to have no immediate intention of declaring war against the Madrid government. But wars may arise without benefit of declaration and it is entirely within the President's power to declare a state of hostilities in existence when that is actually the case. Under the present neutrality act, once this is done, it is mandatory upon the President to place an embargo on arms, ammunition, implements of war, loans and credits to both sides.

It is questionable whether the Third Reich can afford to provoke the United States to such action. To be sure it is in no need of our munitions. Nor would an embargo on credits to Germany make any particular difference to a nation already unable to obtain them. Nonetheless recognition by the United States of an undeclared state of war between Germany and Spain could hardly inure to Hitler's benefit.

Such a step might, for one thing, bring home to the German people the dangerous position in which Germany now finds herself. For no censorship, however drastic, could permanently prevent the news from leaking out in the Fatherland if the American government decided to regard Germany as in a state of war. And should the President then warn American citizens against traveling on ships of belligerent powers, the effect on German shipping might well prove disastrous.

Germany's Spanish policy, so lightheartedly entered into by the Fuehrer, is producing only Dead Sea fruit. Its cost has deprived the Reich of foreign exchange which it sorely needs, yet to produce any favorable results the investment in money and in men must be doubled and redoubled.

Hitherto Hitler has been able to cash in on the weakness of France and Great Britain. They were prepared to countenance interventionist activities by Germany in Spain so long as these did not lead directly to a European war. But the mood of Paris and London is rapidly stiffening. Hitherto Hitler has also been able to look for support to Mussolini. But the Duce has now given notice that the victory of Franco plus the good will of the Fuehrer mean less to him than the friendship of Great Britain. Only Great Britain—and France—can supply Mussolini with the funds he needs so badly.

Thus Hitler finds himself out on a limb. Diplomatic isolation is never pleasant; it is decidedly unpleasant when it is combined with an internal economic-financial crisis of great seriousness.

Now the dangerous game he is playing may shortly be further impeded by the United States Government. It is the President's right and his duty to call a spade a spade when the question of war is involved. But it is hardly to Germany's interest to act in a manner that would compel him to do so.

Baton, Inc.

The cracker-barrel philosopher is losing ground to the standardized facade of the chain grocery store. The blustering captain of industry is succeeded by a collection of proxies and a bespectacled efficiency expert. And now it seems that the famous orchestra leaders, whose names galvanize thousands on the dance floors of the country, may be replaced by articles of incorporation.

Orchestras led by Isham Jones, Bob Crosby and Glen Gray had been incorporated before without damaging the position of their famous leaders in the public eye. But recently Little Jack Little's men took a step as subversive as the carioca and as revolutionary as the rumba. They cut loose from their leader, incorporated under the laws of Illinois, and set up a co-operative organization.

This move is doubtless a blow at the musical moguls, the leaders who tyrannize over second fiddlers and oppressed oboeists. It may substitute a diatonic democracy for the czars of swing, some of whom appear to be Simon Legrees in spite of the fragility of their batons.

Famous dance bands have popularized new movements often enough. But to advance the cause of co-operation an orchestra must appeal to the country's social conscience in addition to hypnotizing its hips. The outcome of this experiment is doubtful. The power of personality is considerable, even if expressed by a crooning voice under a marcel wave. Autograph hunters may mob band leaders for their names, but are not likely to be enthusiastic over a signature like "Co-operative Clarinets, Cellos, and Castanets, Inc."

The inaugural ceremonies will be short and simple this time. The President is magnanimously trying to make Maine and Vermont feel they are not too much left out of things.—*Omaha World-Herald.*

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

The Question Before The House.

Letters to the Editor

All communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the Editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents, brevity is requested. Letters are subject to condensation.

New Name for G. O. P.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir:

A suggestion has come from one of the Southern Republicans that the Republican Party, in order to win the votes of the South, adopt a new name. It is a timely and happy suggestion. Theodore T. Whitney, jr., of Milton, Mass., proposes "Constitutional," "American" or "National" Party. But these names would indicate a conservative policy which if carried out would not create an issue to draw sufficient numbers from the Democratic Party to win even a near victory. Roosevelt, always more conservative than liberal, has won and will keep the conservative vote. He has not nor will he win the stand-pat vote. He is far too intelligent to want it.

In the last election I fought for Roosevelt and Garner, not because I am a Democrat but because I was opposed to putting a small town man with limited experience at the head of this Government. Otherwise last November I voted the entire Republican ticket, I was and am for Vandenberg as the most brilliant leader in the Republican Party. I was and am utterly opposed to Roosevelt's policy of decreased production and higher prices. I was and am for the policy indorsed by the liberal element in the Republican Party, namely increased production and lower prices, as being more indicative of the tendency of the times. I suggest that the Republicans change their name to the Liberal Party, with Vandenberg as leader and their policy based upon the lines I have suggested.

ALICE CARPENTER.
Boston, Mass., Jan. 2.

"Arkansas"—Sorry.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir:

Referring to the article published in The Post of January 3 from the pen of Mr. R. C. Albright, in which it is stated that I have returned from Alabama, I should like to bring to your attention the fact that I am one of the Senators from the State of Arkansas and have never represented or claimed to represent Alabama. (Laughter.)

JOE T. ROBINSON,
United States Senate.
Washington, Jan. 3.

Christianity Vs. 'Churchianity'

To the Editor of The Post—Sir:

I read with much interest in your issue of December 25 extracts from the sermon of Dr. Russell J. Clinchy, pastor of the Mount Pleasant Church, headlined as follows: "1936 Victory Year for Religion." It may have been a victory year for some religions, but not for Christianity; fortunately, however, Christianity is not a religion. A religionist can be a Christian, but a Christian can not be a religionist. St. Paul was first a religionist, afterwards a Christian.

Christianity is the expression of God given fundamental ethical and moral truths that can neither be compromised to meet social and economic imperatives, nor to be harmonized with any other religion; be it Romanism, Protestantism, Judaism, Mohammedism, Islamism, Shintoism, or any other ism that claims authority to rule the destiny of mankind.

There are many religions, but only one Christianity. Religions therefore should not be confounded with Christ's teachings as expounded in the gospels. Many religions, while they claim Christ's teaching as their basis, are based for the most part on man made creeds, traditions and philosophies interwoven with scripture texts distorted or twisted to conform with such creeds and traditions. It is for this reason that churchianity has failed generally to conquer the hearts of men. Christianity can never fail; its purported exponents failed to teach true Christianity, and, as a result, so-called Christians with few exceptions, have failed to carry out their duties to God and their neighbors.

C. A. M. WELLS.
Washington, Jan. 2.

Navy Christianity.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir:

The Federal Council of Churches evidently entertains the idea that Chritsianity and an Army or Navy uniform are an impossible combination status!

The Master's word is "By their fruits ye shall know them." Here in San Diego, where over 100 warships rendezvous for Christmas, the amount of cheer dispensed by the crews to the poor children of the city has, for years, been an outstanding exhibition of the season's spirit of good will and kindness. Not, indeed, by merely sending baskets of "eats" to needy homes—the usual method—but by inviting hundreds of poorly clad, poorly fed youngsters on board the various ships, seating them at mass tables loaded with turkey and all the trimmings, entertain them as guests for an hour or two, and finally handing to each and all gifts that vary, according to need, from pretty toys to new suits of clothing.

That the officers, including the chaplains, of course, gladly share in these Christmas entertainments may be taken for granted since they alone could give the necessary permission for this happy invasion of their vessels. But the men of the crews naturally and joyously carry through the programs and bear their full share of expenses. In fact, to those of them not on shore leave these Christmas entertainments are looked on and put over in the light of substitutes for the home gatherings denied them. Not that these ship gatherings lack the family element entirely, in many cases the wives and children of the married sailors, with homes in the city, join their husbands at the festive boards of their ships, whether submarines or first-class cruisers. For here is an outing as well as eating, a feature which mightily adds to the joys of their little guests, makes Christmas a real red-letter day for underprivileged waifs who know so little of our world save hardships and want.

Nor is this yearly custom limited to San Diego. Wherever the American fleet is represented, in foreign as well as home waters, Uncle Sam's uniformed boys take pride in thus providing one day's real happiness to such children as can most appreciate an exhibit of Christmas good will. Chinese, European, or American, all are given a proof of the hearty, generous, good will of our fleet's personnel.

Possibly, therefore, the low estimate of uniforms entertained by members of the churches' Federal Council is more of a pacifistic fetish than of any real knowledge.

ROBERT McADIE.
San Diego, Calif., Dec. 30.

Commonwealth College.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir:

The recent magazine article attacking Commonwealth College at Mena, Ark., is quite what might be expected from a confirmed reactionary who went to the college with pre-established hostility against the institution and all it stands for. It was also to be anticipated that Mr. Aubrey Williams and the Works Progress Administration would be verbally castigated for extending Federal aid to this school. Every form of assistance that the Administration has rendered to progressive education, liberalism and advancement has been assailed by the unrelenting foes of social welfare.

The man who went to Commonwealth and wrote a three-page article in denunciation of it spent two hours there. His questions were obviously framed unfairly, and it may also be conceded that the replies were not always worded as tactfully as they might have been, but tact or lack of tact is not so essential as veracity and fairness.

In Andrew Jackson's day, plutocracy realized how futile it would be to attack him for his iconoclastic and democratic opinions. So it fell back on the favorite device of throwing mud and smut at him because of personal relations. The scheme failed and Jackson looms up today as one of America's greatest. The same below-the-belt methodology is utilized in this recent effort to misrepresent and injure one of the finest and most idealistic universities of the United States. Reaction's weapons have not changed. They are uniform in all epochs. And, in the long run, they always fail.

LINN A. E. GALE.
Washington, Jan. 1.

For Union Among Federal Employes

To the Editor of The Post—Sir:

I have been somewhat puzzled over the mention in the press of a number of organizations of Government employes that seem to have sprung up like mushrooms in the last year or two, and am wondering what will be the result of their individual activities before Congress.

The N. F. F. E. was the first organization of Government employes, of which I was a charter member until the time of the Welch bill, when I resigned and organized the League of the American Civil Service; then later came the split between the A. F. of L. and the N. F. F. E., and the A. F. G. E. was organized, but now it appears that many separate groups of employes are forming, each with some special program and others with a number of specialties to put before Congress which will only confuse the minds of our legislators and make it difficult to obtain action.

In 1930 the League of the American Civil Service advocated and set out to obtain just 12 objectives—two of which we endeavored to have passed by Congress each year. If one only was passed we added another and concentrated on those two at the following session. That our policy has been successful is proved by the fact that four of our first objectives have already been passed, namely, the "Welch bill and amendments;" the "transfer of the duties of the personnel classification board to the Civil Service Commission," and the "Saturday half-holiday throughout the year."

Congress has also passed a part of other two of our objectives, namely, "Abolition of the so-called efficiency rating system and the return to the old system" (a new system having been set up) and "Thirty days annual leave for all employes of the Government, as a right and not as a privilege, and 30 days sick leave when necessary, together with an additional 30 days in case of extended illness or emergency."

We believe that it was largely due to our personal contact and hard work among members of Congress that the aforesaid objectives have become law and we still have eight pending, namely:

1. Optional retirement after 30 years service at the age of 60 years.
2. Minimum annuity $365 per annum and maximum $1,500 per annum.
3. Establishment of an independent board of appeals, vested with power to make its decisions final, for the investigation of all cases, either departmental or field, involving dismissals, reduction in grade or salary, questionable or improper allocation, or cases heretofore adversely ruled on by the personnel classification board, and other matters pertinent to the personnel of Government employes under said jurisdiction.
4. Automatic yearly promotion for all employes up to the maximum of the grade where allocated, and allocation to the same grade for all employes doing the same class of work.
5. Establishment by the Civil Service Commission of a transfer roll, on which names of employes desiring transfers to other work, or other deportments, shall be placed and from which roll names must be taken whenever vacancies occur before resort is had to the regular Civil Service eligible roll.
6. Establishment of a hospital where employes can receive hospitalization at the same rate provided for the Army and the Navy.
7. Commissary privileges such as are enjoyed by the Army and Navy.
8. Equal pay for equal work and no discrimination on account of sex.

I am convinced that any two of the above objectives could be passed by the Seventy-fifth Congress, provided all Government organizations of employes would unite on the same two and bend their efforts to that end. The League of American Civil Service is willing to co-operate.

MARGARET HOPKINS WORRELL, President.
Washington, Jan. 2.

The Post Impressionist

Audience With Pius IX.

I have just read the story by Pegler, "An Audience with the Pope," which recalls to my mind an audience I had with Pope Pius IX sometime in December, 1913.

I was a member of the crew of the battleship Arkansas which with the Wyoming visited Italy late in 1913. I had been granted a six-day furlough and visited Rome. Neither I nor any of my companions had any idea that an audience was to be granted by the Pope, and the first we knew of it was when a young Navy chaplain in uniform stopped us and asked us if we desired an audience with the Pope the next day. We replied that we did. He then told us to go at once to the American College and call Bishop O'Hara, who would give us a pass, and being late he advised us to get a carriage and guide. This we proceeded to do.

Who this young chaplain was I do not know, though I guess he was attached to the Wyoming, as our ship had no chaplain aboard at that time. I don't even know what his religion was, and he did not ask ours. But when we were ushered in to Bishop O'Hara he (the bishop) did ask us what our religion was. On being told that all four were Protestants he declined to give us passes.

At first it looked like we were out of luck but sometime in the evening, some one had got the idea to ride out at the stated time, which was 8 or 9 o'clock. When we got there, we found a small gathering of chief petty officers, marines and sailors, some of whom we knew and some we did not. We eased into the crowd and said nothing. After a while a man herded all of us upon the front steps of St. Peter's and took our picture. I still have one of these pictures and there are 57 in the picture. And I think that was all there was.

* * * *

My companions were a Homer Root, a boy named Osborne, another named Hamilton and myself. Root was a son of A. I. Root, of Medina, Ohio, a famous beekeeper and an editor of a religious paper. But I don't know what religion he belonged to. Osborne from upper New York was religious but I don't know what denomination. Hamilton, like myself was a hill-billy from one of the Carolinas, and the only religion he knew about was what he had heard at camp meetings.

Mr. Pegler says that the room where he waited had seats around the wall, but this one had no seats and the long wait was very uncomfortable. At one end of that room was a raised dais, around which lounged several Swiss guards. When priests went through these guards would snap out of it and give a snappy salute, then lounge about again—a lot worse than any marine would do, even when he knew he wasn't being watched.

Quite a number of American people of both sexes were brought into the room and kept there for some time. The men wore high hats, Prince Albert coats, stiff white collars and gray striped pants. The women were dressed in black with long veils.

After the civilians had been conducted out through a hall to the right, our turn came and we were conducted into a square room where we lined up about the walls. After a short wait two officers in most startling uniforms entered. These officers did not enter backward, they just walked in and looked us over, then walked out the way we had come in, and about the time they did the Pope, with quite a number of prelates, among whom I recognized my friend, OHara and three or four of the Prince Albert coated guys, came in.

His holiness was dressed in a cream-colored gown which looked like flannel. On his head he wore a little skull cap of the same color. On his feet were pink bedroom slippers and suspended from a long gold chain around his neck was a silver cross 8 or 10 inches long.

I looked at his face to remember. I am not a religious man and had no reverence for any man, but in that face I saw power.

His holiness said a little speech in Latin or Italian, which was translated by O'Hara, and then ordered distributed among us a little pamphlet. He then left by the way we had come. Everybody had knelt on both knees, but there was nothing said about kissing the famous ring and, though I had been within three feet of him, I forgot to look at it. I was too busy looking at his face. The night before we had been told that we would have to kiss the ring, some said his foot, others said he would look out of a window at us in the little garden. And all were wrong. He simply walked in on his own feet—the kindest faced old man I have ever seen—said his little piece and walked out. Just what Bishop O'Hara translated to us I forgot in three minutes except that the holy father blesses you and all the things you have about you, or something to that effect.

* * * *

After the Pope had left we were ushered out some place, where our guide rejoined us and conducted us through the Vatican museum and the Sistine Chapel. I saw some of the finest art that I have ever seen. Being an Ozark hill-billy, with exactly no education, art does not impress me greatly. But I saw some pictures and some statues that no one could ever forget. One of a prizefighter, one side of his face is a smile and the other looks like old Phil Schlossbing, who used to be Navy champ, just when he waded in for a K. O.

Another is in the chapel and the guide told us it had been painted by Raphael. I think he said the name was "The Resurrection." Some resurrection! Even yet when I have a nightmare I see that picture.

GROVER F. HAMBY.

Fair Enough

By

Westbrook Pegler.

Boosts For Communism.

WITHIN the last week there have been three spectacular demonstrations along the coast of a kind likely to arouse dangerous unrest among the lower classes and promote the spirit of communism.

It is improbable that the authors of these occasions are in secret sympathy with Moscow, yet the situation is one which seems to invite the patriotic intervention of the American Legion, the Daughters of the American Revolution and the churches.

In Philadelphia Mr. and Mrs. Peter A. B. Widener 2d gave a debut for Mrs. Widener's daughter, Joan Peabody—cost $50,000. In New York, for the second time in a year, Miss Barbara Field, the daughter of Marshall Field, was introduced to society with 1,000 guests on hand—cost $50,000.

Miss Field was first introduced to society by her father at a $50,000 party, but either she or society didn't catch the name, so the presentation was repeated at the Ritz under the auspices of her mother, who gets alimony of a million dollars a year from Mr. Field, who gets it from the department store in Chicago.

It is to be hoped that Miss Field and society both listened carefully this time so that they will recognize one another hereafter.

• • • •

NOT ONLY DO these introductions run into money but, more important, they tend to irritate the lower classes who do not have the intelligence to reason things out calmly and perceive the nobility of such spending.

There is no use arguing that this spending gives employment to waiters and florists and the peasant girls of France who tread the grapes, because the lower classes can see only contrasts, and these make them sore.

The third party was given on New Year's Eve by Mrs. Evalyn Walsh McLean—cost $50,000.

To be sure, these are all very rich people, and their money is theirs to spend as they please after they have met the inquisition of the income tax department. Yet there are other ways of arousing the ignorant annoyance of the unemployed and the underpaid than by howling at them from a soap box or stepladder in a foreign accent redolent of garlic, and this is one.

Indeed, these three hosts, sturdy Americans of honest American background, by their garish extravagance, widely publicized in the papers, reached a far greater audience than all the soap-box and stepladder agitators in the Communist party, and in much more realistic fashion.

• • • •

THE CASE is one which cries for the robust Americanism of the chiefs of police of Terre Haute, Ind.; Atlanta, Ga., and Tampa, Fla., who know how to deal with Communist disturbers coming into their midst to stir up unrest and strife by exhorting the lower classes to strike for something called their rights.

Comrade Earl Browder, of Kansas, who ran for President on the Communist ticket, was resolutely suppressed during the late campaign although he could not possibly have dramatized the proposition as effectively as it was presented in these three demonstrations within the last week.

Perhaps it would involve a slight invasion of the constitutional rights of the hosts in such cases if the local chief of police, the legion and the D. A. R. should intervene, each according to established custom.

The chief could turn out the strong-arm squad to rip down the decorations, beat up the musicians and the guests and confiscate the champagne.

The legion might picket the premises and the D. A. R., of course, would pass resolutions denouncing the festivities as provocative of social unrest and a boost for communism.

• • • •

I AM INCLINED to measures a little more robust, feeling that anything which breeds discontent among the lower classes prepares the way for communism with its Godlessness and intolerance for sacred things. My way would be to call on Mussolini and Hitler for bombing planes to blast these $50,000 parties without mercy in the name of God, instead of waiting until the lower classes are driven to vulgar extremes as in Spain and then bombing the people themselves.

Of course, I may miscalculate the feelings of the poor on reading that Miss Field, for example, has been introduced again, at a further cost of $50,000 to a lot of boys and girls whom she has known all her life, and to a lot of others whom she will never see again if her luck is with her.

Possibly they are pleased, in their simple way, to hear about this and the mother's annual alimony of a million dollars from the father who gets it from the store.

But there are almost certain to be some employes who will entertain a selfish wish that the money had been spread around in wages for the clerks.

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Woodrow Wilson

By William Lyon Phelps

32 Columns.

The most distinguished name in the twentieth and final volume in the Dictionary of American Biography, on which I commented yesterday, is, of course, Woodrow Wilson.

Now as I run over the names in this twentieth volume, which includes Americans "famous, calm and dead,' see how many you instantly recognize. This would make an instructive and entertaining parlor game for a pleasant company assembled after dinner. It would be almost as intellectually profitable as bridge. Have everybody supplied with pencil and paper. Let some one read off these names, giving three minutes to each. Let every one write a biography of each one of three or four lines and give a prize to the most successful competitor, either in quantity or quality, as previously agreed upon. Are you ready?

• • • •

Wesson, Benjamin West, Benjamin West again, E. N. Westcott, Westinghouse, E. P. Weston, Edward Whalley, Francis Wharton, William Wheatley, Henry Wheaton, Benjamin Ide Wheeler (there are 14 Wheelers). Eleazar Wheelock, E. P. Whipple, J. A. M. Whistler (14 columns), Andrew D. White (10 columns), Edward D. White, John Williams White, Richard Grant White, Stanford White (5 columns) (there are 37 Whites), George Whitefield (11 columns) Clarence Whitehill, Brand Whitlock, Charles O Whitman Marcus Whitman, Walt Whitman (17 columns), Eli Whitney (5 columns), Josiah D. Whitney, Myron W. Whitney (O Boston Ideals and The Heart Bowed Down!), William C. Whitney, William Dwight Whitney (6 columns), Whittier (6 columns), H E. Widener, P. A. B Widener, Kate D. Wiggin, Henry Wikoff, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Marshall P. Wilder, Charles Wilkes, James Wilkinson (7 columns), Smma H Willard, Frances E. Willard, Eleazar Williams, Frederick Wells Williams, Henry S. Williams, Jesse Lynch Williams, John Sharp Williams, Roger Williams (6 columns), Samuel Well Williams, Talcott Williams (there are 57 Williams), N. P. Willis (5 columns), Samuel Williston, Samuel W. Williston, Alexander Wilson, Henry Wilson (5 columns), James Wilson (9 columns), Robert Burns Wilson, William L. Wilson, Woodrow Wilson (32 columns), (there are 36 Wilsons), Alexander Winchell, Caleb T. Winchester, O. F. Winchester, William Windom, Edward Winslow, Justin Winsor, William Winter, John Winthrop (8 columns), John Winthrop again, and once more, Robert C. Winthrop, Theodore Winthrop, William Wirt (5 columns), Henry A. Wise, and again, John Witherspoon (5 columns), Edward O. Wolcott, Oliver Wolcott, again, Fernando Wood, Leonard Wood (6 columns) (there are 28 Woods), George E. Woodberry (6 columns), Victoria Woodhull, Timothy Woodruff, Alva Woods, Samuel Woodworth, Theodore Dwight Woolsey, Theodore S. Woolsey, Constance F. Woolson, C. Work, Silas Wright, Wilbur Wright (6 columns), Frank W. Woodworth, Joseph E. Worcester, Henry W. A. Wyckoff, Elinor Wylie (4 columns), George Wythe, Elihu Yale (only two columns), yet John Harvard got even less space! W. L. Yancey (7 columns), C. T Yerkes (about 4 columns), E. L. Youmans, Brigham Young (about 6 columns), Charles A. Young, Carl Zerrahn, F. Ziegfeld.

I should have flunked on about 10 per cent of these names.

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London Letter

Correspondent Cites Accuracy Of Macaulay's Estimate Of British Morality; Nuffield And Kouka Make Big News.

By David Wills.

Special Correspondence of The Post.

London.

"WE KNOW no spectacle so ridiculous as the British public in one of its periodical fits of morality. In general, elopements, divorces and family quarrels pass with little notice. We read the scandal, talk about it for a day, and forget it. But once in six or seven years our virtue becomes outrageous. We cannot suffer the laws of religion and decency to be violated. We must make a stand against vice. We must teach libertines that the English people appreciate the importance of domestic ties.

"Accordingly, some unfortunate man, in no respect more depraved than hundreds whose offenses have been treated with lenity, is singled out as an expiatory sacrifice. If he has children, they are to be taken from him. If he has a profession, he is to be driven from it. He is cut by the higher orders and hissed by the lower. He is, in truth, a sort of whipping-boy, by whose vicarious agonies all the other transgressors of the same class are, it is supposed, sufficiently chastised. We reflect very complacently on our own severity, and compare with great pride the high standard of morals established in England with the Parisian laxity. At length our anger is satiated. Our victim is ruined and heartbroken. And our virtue goes quietly to sleep for seven years more."

These words were written by Macaulay in a review of Moore's "Life of Byron" in the Edinburgh Review for June, 1831. Change Parisian to American, and they might have been written today. We are now in the complacent reflection stage. The Times, their Graces the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, and a bevy of mere bishops are busy completing the chastisement, assuring us that our public heart is in the right place, that after all you can always rely on the British public to do the right thing. Mr. John (Modesty) Citizen is in fact a pretty fine fellow, who has behaved as only an Englishman can. (What was that old saying about Black Men beginning at Calais?)

Church Presses For Rebirth Of Religion.

AND IF the church can help it, Mr. Citizen is not to be allowed to follow Macaulay's rule; virtue is to have no seven years' holiday. The nation is to be led to a spiritual rebirth; a religious revival is to be organized, and if possible some suitable ceremonial act of re-dedication is to be organized before the Coronation. What could be neater than a vicarious dedication to cap a vicarious sacrifice?

Those who are still trying to find out just what did happen in the late, and now almost forgotten, crisis, have been struck by the very skillful timing of the publicity. The press had kept its mouth shut for months. Suddenly a number of provincial papers broke their silence on the opportunity provided by a bishop's ambiguous criticism of the King. The very peculiar step was taken of giving the leaders to a news agency before the papers were in print so that the London and other press could reproduce them simultaneously with their authors.

They were all in remarkably similar terms, and there is pretty clear evidence that the inspiration came from the government. If the government wanted the King to give up the lady and stay on the throne they could have encouraged him by keeping the silence. If he had been willing the matter could have been settled in the public ignorance and no official notice need ever have been taken of it. It was because they expected this to happen that the papers agreed among themselves to be silent in the first place. But if the government wanted the King to go at all costs, all they had to do was refuse the marriage, and release the publicity. It would then become impossible for him as a man to renounce the lady. The publicity was released in exactly these circumstances; and the King went.

Tension Of Crisis Broken By Holidays.

THE TENSION of the crisis broken there has been little to distract the public from their Christmas shopping. It is true that while the public was otherwise distracted a deal was made with Mussolini which attempts to buy him off in Spain by de facto recognition of Abyssinia and by the ejection in due course of Abyssinia from the League. But foreign news doesn't cut much ice, particularly at Christmas and in England where there is no ice to cut anyway. And so honors in the home news have had to be shared between Lord Nuffield and Princess Kouka.

Lord Nuffield is apparently trying to out-Carnegie old Andrew himself. His last present of $10,000,000 for the benefit of the Special Areas, which is our euphemistic title for our economically derelict regions, brings his known contributions for charitable and social purposes to over $37,000,000. Thus Lord Nuffield becomes the first Englishman to rank with the Carnegies, Harknesses and Rockefellers. And the money comes from the Morris Motors firm which he built up to be Britain's equivalent to Ford.

The last $10,000,000 is to be used by trustees to promote employment and social betterment in the Special Areas. The problem of these areas is simply stated. In the main their industries have collapsed because international trade has shrunk. They might regain some employment if international trade were to recover, which is about as hopeful in modern Europe as suggesting that pigs might fly. The unemployed might be transferred to other parts of England. Such a transfer took place during the present year at the rate of about 40,000 a year; but this is a slow job, and the area behind is left as derelict as ever. The only permanent solution seems to be to encourage new industries in the dead areas.

But it is in the Special Areas that local taxation is highest. Some years ago Winston Churchill introduced a derating scheme. Local taxation on certain particularly depressed industries was reduced, and a block grant made instead from the central Exchequer. But the grant wasn't sufficient; and local taxation on other property became high enough to discourage any would-be industrialist. The government has just decided to make another taxation adjustment which will relieve the most depressed areas. This will help, but will not be sufficient in itself. It will not be sufficient even if combined with a ban on new factories in London and the South East, as was recommended by the retired Special Areas commissioner.

In South Wales, for example, one of the worst problems is lack of road connections with English markets. A road bridge or tunnel across the mouth of the Severn is needed, but againt this comes opposition from the Great Western Railway which fears loss of traffic, instead of realizing that it would gain from a return of prosperity in South Wales. Lord Nuffield's gift may provide a fighting fund to convert people, industry and government to the best solutions, once it has decided what they are.

Sudanese Actress Scores British Rain.

LORD NUFFIELD'S competitor in the news is Princess Kouka, from El Fasher in the Sudan, who has arrived in England to star in a film with Paul Robeson.

We are used to the American star, who admires our charming accent, our charming countryside, our old customs, even though he or she despises our plumbing. How much more should a native of El Fasher have gaped at our merits. But not the Princess. "If I stay in England, shall I become red and white like all of you? There is no sun, and always, always it rains." And immediately she is respected; El Fasher becomes not some black man's tent in a desert, but a place desired above England.

Chang Still Subject To 'Severe' Penalty

Nanking, Jan. 4 (AP).—Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang, fully pardoned by the highest civil authority for his recent rebellion in northwest China, tonight remained "subject to severe military discipline to be decided by the military affairs commission," a government mandate announced.

This came a few hours after the council of state had granted a pardon canceling the ten years' prison sentence handed down last week by the military affairs commission sitting as a court martial.

Officials interpreted the mandate to mean that while under discipline—not imprisonment—the marshal will be unable to hold military posts and his movements will be subject to approval of his military superiors. Marshal Chang, it was expected, will go into retirement after termination of his technical detention in the home of Dr. H. H. Kung, acting premier. It has been suggested authoritatively he will make a long journey abroad.

Off the Record.

By Ed Reed

"I'm glad you grew that moustache, darling. My father's a lip-reader."

Double Cross

By

Barnet Nover

Anent The Mediterranean Pact.

WHEN THE ITALIAN Ambassador at Berlin next calls on Adolf Hitler he might, as a measure of precaution, take "Putzy" Hanfstaengl along with him. The skill of that Harvard alumnus in smoothing the ruffled temper of the Fuehrer by a judicious dose of good music has been much publicized. And "Putzy" might well improve by some selections from Beethoven, Bach or Wagner what, in view of the newly concluded Anglo-Italian Mediterranean pact, might otherwise be a very awkward occasion.

It is to be hoped, however, that this well known song from Shakespeare's "Much Ado About Nothing" is not in his repertoire:

Sigh no more, ladies, sigh no more,
Men were deceivers ever,
One foot in sea and one on shore;
To one thing constant never!

For that might too pointedly remind the Fuehrer of the uncertainties of present-day European diplomacy.

• • • •

FROM SEVERAL angles the Rome-London accord is bad news for Berlin. Indeed, though not unexpected, since Mussolini has openly been flirting with Great Britain for several months, it is in some respected, since Mussolini has openly been flirting with For it tends to leave Germany isolated in Spain at a time when such isolation is fraught with danger.

Two provisions in the Mediterranean pact are clearly directed against Germany. First there is the statement by the two parties that they do not desire to modify or see modified "the status quo as regards national sovereignty of territory in the Mediterranean areas." Then there is Italy's pledge that, so far as it is concerned, "the integrity of present territories of Spain shall in all circumstances remain intact and unmodified."

• • • •

THIS DOES not necessarily mean that Italy will cease giving aid to Gen. Franco, whom it has hitherto supported, if not quite to the same extent that Germany has done. Indeed, rumors persist that on the very eve of the signature of the Anglo-Italian accord 6,000 Italian troops were landed at Cadix.

These rumors may be entirely without foundation. They may deliberately have been given currency by Italy in order to prove to Germany that the Berchtesgaden agreement still stands. Certainly Mussolini would like to keep Hitler's friendship even while restoring friendship between Italy and Great Britain.

Yet it would be too much to expect the Duce to continue his intervention in Spain purely for the purpose of aiding the rebels and saving Germany's face.

• • • •

THAT VICTORY, as the siege of Madrid clearly shows, cannot be achieved without very large outside reinforcements. It is doubtful whether even if it were achieved Franco could rule without continuing to lean heavily on foreign bayonets.

The persistent and apparently credible reports that his men are beginning to desert him show that the little popular support he once had is tending to dwindle and disappear. Even so staunch an apologist for the rebels as the late Miguel de Unamuno, the famous Spanish writer, expressed before his death his abhorrence of large-scale German intervention. Certainly it is doubtful if France would join the combination if Mussolini, while with one hand guaranteeing Spain's territorial integrity, with the other continued his intrigues in the Iberian Peninsula.

• • • •

IT WAS POINTED out in this column on October 29 that the Italo-German agreement was by its very nature a fragile thing.

"At best," the writer then said, "the friendship between Germany and Italy signalized by the Berchtesgaden accord is an agreement not to disagree rather than one to agree. In substance Duce and Fuehrer are holding hands so as to avoid temptation to strike each other."

When the agreement was made neither Hitler nor Mussolini had any reason to place much stock in each other's pledges. The June, 1934, Venice meeting of the dictators, in which Hitler promised to observe the status quo in Austria, was followed after an interval of only two months by the tragic fiasco of the Nazi putsch in Vienna in which Chancellor Dollfuss lost his life. The invasion of the Rhineland, involving the destruction of the Locarno Treaty, which Hitler pledged himself to maintain, was equally illuminating. On the other hand, Italy's tactics in 1915 and more recently its cavalier treatment of the League Covenant, when that document stood in the way of its East African ambitions, were similar manifestations of "sacred egoism."

• • • •

ITALY'S DESERTION of Germany in Spain can be taken for granted. Thus Hitler faces the alternative of sending a very large body of troops to support Franco or abandoning the latter to his fate. That would mean a victory for the Spanish government forces.

Neither alternative is pleasant. The Berlin government is in no position to spend the money required to finance an expeditionary force to Spain. Nor could such action now easily lead to the acquisition by Germany of Spanish colonial territory or naval bases.

Mussolini's sea foot is anti-German, though his land foot may not be. On the other hand, Hitler can ill afford the blow to his prestige that withdrawal from Spain would entail. That helps explain why Germany's present policy is a combination of hesitation and bluster. No large-scale movement of German "volunteers" to aid the rebel forces appears to be under way at the moment.

But Germany is, at the same time, indulging in very aggressive naval action which is almost tantamount to war against the Madrid-Valencia government. There is a possibility, however, that the latter policy is designed to win a diplomatic victory in the form of acquiescence by the Madrid-Valencia regime and the Basque government which can be blown up to sufficient proportions to make possible an orderly retreat from Spain.

• • • •

WHEN STATESMEN prepare for official receptions it is customary for them to put on their orders and decorations. But there is one decoration which they carefully leave behind That is the Ancient Order of the Double Cross. They leave it behind because it would be all too pertinent a reminder of the way international relations are practiced in these piping days of peace.

The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Beyond Compare.

Roses I love and acanthus trees,
Yet you are lovelier far than these
Moonbeams I love and a cool sea breeze,
Yet you are refreshing far more than these.
Emeralds I love and yachting sprees,
Yet you are costlier far than these.

AVERY L. GILES.

Back Home Stuff.

Dear Hi:

Nostalgic, slightly .... When I was a kid my mother took me Saturday mornings in cold weather to the oyster houses on Quinnipiack River, where women, standing in sort of stalls, opened oysters to our order .... We had school picnics at Santonstall Lake, and the place was alive with blacksnakes.

• • • •

Do you remember: When the Yale boathouse was located on Chapel street at Mill River, hard by the Tomlinson drawbridge? ... The Kickapoo ("Sagwa") Indians in the dark red frame buildings on Grand avenue, between Mill River and the railroad tracks? ... When there was an active town pump at the Church and Chapel corner of the Green, with heavy metal cups attached to chains? ... Heublein's and the Tontine Hotel? Yours appreciatively,

ALICE M. JOHNSON.

The fellow who said two heads were better than one hadn't been on a New Year's Eve party.

Scot wants to know how, if they ban crooks from night clubs, some of the owners are going to get in?

Only 355 days to Christmas!

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Text Of Prison Goods Decision

Supreme Court Upholds Constitutionality Of Ashurst-Sumners Legislation Forbidding Interstate Transportation Of Convict-Made Products; May Offer Basis For Child Labor Abolition.

Below is the text of opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of the Kentucky Whip & Collar Co., petitioner, vs. the Illinois Central Railroad affirming the constitutionality of the Ashurst-Sumners act prohibiting the transportation in interstate commerce of prison-made goods:

Mr. Chief Justice Hughes delivered the opinion of the court.

This controversy relates to the constitutional validity of the act of Congress of July 24, 1935, known as the Ashurst-Sumners act, 49 Stat. 494.

The act makes it unlawful knowingly to transport in interstate or foreign commerce goods made by convict labor into any State where the goods are intended to be received, possessed, sold or used in violation of its laws. Goods made by convicts on parole or probation, or made in Federal penal and correctional institutions for use by the Federal Government, are excepted. Packages containing convict-made goods must be plainly labeled so as to show the names and addresses of shipper and consignee, the nature of the contents, and the name and location of the penal or reformatory institution where produced. Violation is punished by fine and forfeiture.

Petitioner manufactures in Kentucky, with convict labor, horse collars, harness and strap goods which it markets in various States. It tendered to respondent, a common carrier, 25 separate shipments for transportation in interstate commerce, of which 10 were consigned to customers in States whose laws prohibited the sale of convict-made goods within their respective borders, 5 to States whose laws did not prohibit such sale, but required that the goods should be plainly marked so as to show that they were made by convicts, and the remaining 10 to States whose laws imposed no restriction upon sale or possession. None of the packages was labeled as required by the act of Congress and, in obedience to the act, respondent refused to accept the shipments.

Petitioner then brought this suit for a mandatory injunction to compel the transportation. The District Court dismissed the bill and the Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the decree. The District Court declared the act to be invalid so far as it prohibited transportation of convict-made goods into States which proscribed sale or possession, but sustained the provision which required labeling. 12 Fed. Supp. 37. The Circuit Court of Appeals sustained the act in its entirety. 84 F. (2d) 168. This court granted certiorari. October 12, 1936.

Petitioner contends (1) that the Congress is without constitutional authority to prohibit the movement in interstate commerce of useful and harmless articles made by convict labor and (2) that the Congress has no power to exclude from interstate commerce convict-made goods which are not labeled as such.

Commerce Clause Invoked.

First—The commerce clause (Art. 1, sec 8, par. 3) confers upon the Congress "the power to regulate, that is, to prescribe the rule by which commerce is to be governed." This power "is complete in itself, may be exercised to its utmost extent, and acknowledges no limitations, other than are prescribed in the Constitution." Gibbons v. Ogden, 9 Wheat. 1, 196. By the act now before us, the Congress purports to establish a rule governing interstate transportation, which is unquestionably interstate commerce. The question is whether this rule goes beyond the authority to "regulate."

Petitioner's argument necessarily recognizes that in certain circumstances an absolute prohibition of interstate transportation is constitutional regulation. The power to prohibit interstate transportation has been upheld by this court in relation to diseased livestock, lottery tickets, commodities owned by the interstate carrier transporting them, except such as may be required in the conduct of its business as a common carrier, adulterated and misbranded articles, under the pure food and drugs act, women, for immoral purposes, intoxicating liquors, diseased plants, stolen motor vehicles and kidnaped persons.

The decisions sustaining this variety of statutes disclose the principles deemed to be applicable. We have frequently said that in the exercise of its control over interstate commerce, the means employed by the Congress may have the quality of police regulations. Gloucester Ferry Co. vs. Pennsylvania, 114 U. S. 196, 215; Hoke vs. United States, 227 U. S. 308, 323; Seven Cases vs. United States, 239 U. S. 510, 515. The power was defined in broad terms in Brooks vs. United States, 267 U. S. 432, 436, 437; "Congress can certainly regulate interstate commerce to the extent of forbidding and punishing the use of such commerce as an agency to promote immorality, dishonesty or the spread of any evil or harm to the people of other States from the State of origin. In doing this it is merely exercising the police power for the benefit of the public within the field of interstate commerce."

The anticipated evil or harm may proceed from something inherent in the subject of transportation as in the case of diseased or noxious articles, which are unfit for commerce. Hipolite Egg Co. vs. United States, 220 U. S. 45; Oregon-Washington R. & N. Co. vs. Washington, 270 U. S. 87, 99. Or the evil may lie in the purpose of the transportation, as in the case of lottery tickets, or the transportation of women for immoral purposes. Champion vs. Ames, 188 U. S. 321, 356; Hoke vs. United States, supra; Caminetti vs. United States, 242 U. S. 470, 486. The prohibition may be designed to give effect to the policies of the Congress in relation to the instrumentalities of interstate commerce, as in the case of commodities owned by interstate carriers. United States vs. Delaware & Hudson Co., 213 U. S. 366, 415 And, while the power to regulate interstate commerce resides in the Congress, which must determine its own policy, the Congress may shape that policy in the light of the fact that the transportation in interstate commerce, if permitted, would aid in the frustration of valid State laws for the protection of persons and property. Brooks vs. United States, supra; Gooch vs. United States, 297 U. S. 124.

Cites Kidnaping Act.

The contention is inadmissible that the act of Congress is invalid merely because the horse collars and harness which petitioner manufactures and sells are useful and harmless articles. The motor vehicles, which are the subject of the transportation prohibited in the national motor vehicle theft act, are in themselves useful and proper subjects of commerce, but their transportation by one who knows they have been stolen is "a gross misuse of interstate commerce' and the Congress may properly punish it "because of its harmful result and its defeat of the property rights of those whose machines against their will are taken into other jurisdictions." Brooks vs. United States, supra, p. 439. Similarly, the object of the Federal kidnaping act is to aid in the protection of the personal liberty of one who has been unlawfully seized or carried away. Gooch vs. United States, supra; compare United States vs. Wheeler, 254 U. S. 281.

On the same general principle, the Congress may prevent inter-State transportation from being used to bring into a State articles the traffic in which the State has constitutional authority to forbid, and has forbidden, in its internal commerce. In that view, we sustained the acts of Congress designed to prevent the use of inter-State transportation to hamper the execution of State policy with respect to traffic in intoxicating liquors. This was not because intoxicating liquors were not otherwise legitimate articles of commerce. On the contrary, they were recognized as such "by the usages of the commercial world, the laws of Congress and the decisions of courts." Leisy vs. Hardin, 135 U. S. 100, 110, in re Rahrer, 140 U. S. 545, 556; Louisville & Nashville R. Co. vs. Cook Brewing Co., 223 U. S. 70, 82. It was because intoxicating liquors were legitimate subjects of commercial intercourse that the States were powerless to interfere with their transportation in inter-State commerce. Bowman vs. Chicago & Northwestern Rwy. Co., 125 U. S. 465, 489; Leisy vs. Hardin, supra, pp. 110, 113; Rhodes vs. Iowa, 170 U. S. 412; Vance vs. W. A. Vandercook Co. (No. 1), 170 U. S. 438; Louisville & Nashville R. Co. vs. Cook Brewing Co., supra. But because of the effects ascribed to the traffic in intoxicating liquors, the States in the exercise of their police power in relation to their internal commerce could restrict or interdict that traffic without violating the Federal Constitution. Foster vs. Kansas, 112 U. S. 201, 206; Mugler vs. Kansas, 123 U. S. 623, 657-659. To aid the States in securing the full protection they desired, Congress brought into play its power to regulate inter-State commerce.

By the Wilson act of August 8, 1890, intoxicating liquors transported into any State were subjected upon arrival to the operation of State laws to the same extent as though they had been produced within the State, although still in the original packages. This act was upheld in In re Rahrer, supra. But the statute did not apply until the transportation was completed by actual delivery to the consignee. Rhodes vs. Supra, page 426; Adams Express Co. vs. Kentucky, 214 U. S. 218, 222; Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co. vs. Cook Brewing Co., supra. As "the right to receive" was not affected by the Wilson act, "such receipt and the possession following from it and the resulting right to use" remained, protected by the commerce clause, Clark Distilling Co. vs. Western Maryland Railway Co., 242 U. S. 311, 323, In this situation the Congress passed the Webb-Kenyon act of March 1, 1913, which prohibited the transportation of intoxicating liquors into any State when is was intended that they should be "received, possessed, sold, or in any manner used," in violation of its laws. The court upheld the constitutional validity of this act as a regulation of interstate commerce, Clark Distilling Co. vs. Western Maryland Railway Co., supra. It was supplemented by the act of March 3, 1917, known as the Reed amendment. United States vs. Hill, 246 U. S. 420, 424.

The ruling in Hammer v. Dagenhart, 247 U. S. 251, upon which petitioner relies, in no way contravenes or limits the principle of these decisions. In the Hammer case, the court concluded that the act of Congress there under consideration had as its aim the placing of local production under Federal control. Id., pp. 271, 272. Far from disapproving the decisions we have cited, the court expressly recognized their authority. "In each of these instances," the court said, "the use of interstate transportation was necessary to the accomplishment of harmful results. In other words, although the power over interstate transportation was to regulate, that could only be accomplished by prohibiting the use of the facilities of interstate commerce to effect the evil intended." Id. And within a few months after the Hammer case, the court in United States v. Hill, supra, emphatically reiterated the doctrine of these cases and, in particular, that of Clark Distilling Co. v. Western Maryland Rwy. Co., sustaining the Webb-Kenyon act.

The course of Congressional legislation with respect to convict-made goods has followed closely the precedents as to intoxicating liquors. By the Hawes-Cooper act of January 19, 1929, the Congress provided that convict-made goods (with certain exceptions) transported into any State should be subject upon arrival, whether in the original packages or otherwise, to the operation of State laws as if produced within the State. In Whitfield v. Ohio, 297, U. S. 431, petitioner was charged in the State court in Ohio with selling convict-made goods in violation of the State law. It appeared that the goods had been sold in the original packages as shipped in interstate commerce and that there was "nothing harmful, injurious or deleterious" about them. But this court said that the view of the State of Ohio, that the sale of convict-made goods in competition with the products of free labor was an evil, found ample support in fact and in the similar legislation of a preponderant number of other States. The court observed that the Congress had prohibited the importation of the products of convict labor. All such legislation, State and Federal, proceeded upon the view "that free labor, properly compensated, cannot compete successfully with the enforced and unpaid or underpaid convict labor of the prison." The court upheld the power of the State, so far as the Federal Constitution is concerned, to base nondiscriminatory legislation upon that conception, and as it appeared that the Ohio statute would be unassailable if made to take effect after sale in the original package, the statute was held to be equally unassailable in the light of the provisions of the Hawes-Cooper act. As to the validity of the latter act, the court followed the decision in In re Rahrer, supra, in relation to the Wilson act.

Like Webb-Kenyon Act.

The Ashurst-Sumners act as to interstate transportation of convict-made goods has substantially the same provisions as the Webb-Kenyon act as to intoxicating liquors and finds support in similar considerations. The subject of the prohibited traffic is different, the effects of the traffic are different, but the underlying principle is the same. The pertinent point is that where the subject of commerce is one as to which the power of the State may constitutionally be exerted by restriction or prohibition in order to prevent harmful consequences, the Congress may, if it sees fit, put forth its power to regulate interstate commerce so as to prevent that commerce from being used to impede the carrying out of the State policy.

In the Congressional action there is nothing arbitrary or capricious bringing the statute into collision with the requirements of due process of law. The Congress in exercising the power confided to it by the Constitution is as free as the States to recognize the fundamental interests of free labor. Nor has the Congress attempted to delegate its authority to the States. The Congress has not sought to exercise a power not granted or to usurp the police powers of the States. It has not acted on any assumption of a power enlarged by virtue of State action. The Congress has exercised its plenary power which is subject to no limitation other than that which is found in the Constitution itself. The Congress has formulated its own policy and established its own rule. The fact that it has adopted its rule on order to aid the enforcement of valid State laws affords no ground for constitutional objection.

Second.—As the Congress could prohibit the interstate transportation of convict-made goods as provided in section 1 of the act, the Congress could require packages containing convict-made goods to be labeled as required by section 2. The requirement of labels, disclosing the nature of the contents, the name and location of the penal institution where the goods were produced, and the names and addresses of shippers and consignees, was manifestly reasonable and appropriate for the carrying out of the prohibition. Seven Cases v. United States, supra; Freeman v. United States, 239 U. S. 117; Weeks v. United States, 245 U. S. 618, 622. The fact that the labeling was required in all shipments of convict-made goods, regardless of the law of the State of destination, does not invalidate the provision as its scope could reasonably be deemed to be necessary to accomplish the legitimate purpose of the act. Otis v. Parker, 187 U. S. 606, 609; New York ex rel. Silz v. Hesterberg, 211 U. S. 31, 40; Purity Extract Co. v. Lynch 226 U. S. 192, 201; Everard's Breweries v. Day, 265 U. S. 545, 560.

The decree is affirmed.

Liberal Aid Urged For Farm Tenants

Dallas, Jan. 4 (AP).—Liberal Government aid was urged as an essential move toward solution of the farm tenancy problem at a regional conference conducted here today by Dr. L. S. Gray, executive secretary of President Roosevelt's committee on farm tenancy.

Farmers and representatives of agricultural organizations suggested that the Government should help farm tenants and share-croppers become land owners.

Their suggestions included providing money at interest rates of 2 per cent, tax relief, crop rotation, education in farm ownership and distribution of land to tenants through some Federal agency.

Japan Takes Lead In Cotton Imports

By the Associated Press

The Department of Agriculture reported yesterday in a survey of the world trade in cotton that Japan had replaced the United Kingdom as the largest cotton importer since 1929, while South American countries expanded as exporters.

The United States was the chief supply source in the 15-year period from 1921 to 1935.

The the pre-World War period 1909-1913, Europe took about 80 per cent of world production and Japan about 11 per cent. From 1931 to 1935, Europe bought 66 per cent of the world total, Japan 28 per cent and China about 5 per cent.

Packers Face Hearing On Monopoly Charges

New York, Jan. 4 (AP).—Department of Agriculture hearings on charges of unfair trade practices, made against the Armour and Swift companies, meat packers, will start here Monday, January 11, it was announced today.

The companies are charged with having obtained a monopoly on the meat business of certain steamship companies through allegedly extending long credit to certain favored debtors.

2 Musicians Are Honored At Parties After Concert

Dinner Given by Minister of Rumania, Luncheon of Mrs. Townsend Highlights of Day in Capital Society.

By Jessie Ash Arndt.

Music sounded the keynote for a round of entertaining in the Capital yesterday, with the dinner given by the Minister of Rumania, Mr. Charles A. Davila, as the climax. The function was in honor of his distinguished countryman, George Enesco, violinist, composer, conductor and pianist, who was heard with Felix Salmond, cellist, in the second of Mrs. Lawrence Townsend's series of musicales at the Mayflower in the morning.

Following the large dinner at the legation, the Minister entertained additional guests at a musicale at 10 o'clock.

Always a gracious host, the Minister last night took sincere pleasure presenting so gifted a native of his country. Mr. Enescu, who will conduct the New York Philharmonic in a series of concerts within a few weeks, played with even more warmth last night than at the morning program. Many who were guests in the evening had heard him earlier in the day and listened with added enjoyment to his second performance.

He played with the entire absorption characteristic of musicians whose art is inseparable from them. If the strenuous day had been fatiguing, there was no hint of it in his music, nor that of his accompanist, Mr. Sanford Schlussel, who announced each group.

The violinist stood beside the piano in the ivory-paneled drawing room, behind him a broad window with its green silk draperies drawn together, and beside him, a small-paned mirror, from floor to ceiling, which reflected the gowns and jewels of the guests who composed the audience, in the soft light of the room.

Most of them were seated on the gold chairs which had been placed in rows, but a few formed a semi-circle around the front of the room. Among those sitting there were the Ambassador of France and Mme. de Laboulaye, the latter presenting an artistic picture as she sat listening to the music, a glow of light across her face.

The Ambassador of Poland and Countess Potocka, in a black gown, were among those enjoying the concert, as were Mme. Wankowicz, wife of the Counselor of Embassy, and their lovely young daughter, Mlle. Irene Wankowicz, tall and fair, and wearing a pale pink gown; and Mme. Kulikowska-Higersberger.

Mme. Peter wore an unusual frock of black taffeta with a stand-up collar trimmed in a gold band which extended down the front of the bodice. Mrs. Joseph Leiter, who wore a gown of silver lame, was with her mother, Mrs. John R. Williams. Miss Mabel Boardman was in a becoming gray satin gown.

Sitting near the front of the drawing room was Mrs. Townsend, as happy as was the host to hear Mr. Enesco in his second program. She wore a gray lace gown and velvet cape, corals at her throat and a fan-shaped coral comb in her hair. Those behind her enjoyed watching the inclination of her head occasionally in time to the music.

The Ambassador of Cuba and his daughter, Mme. Schlatter, with Mr. Schlatter, of the Swiss Legation; the Minister of Greece, Mr. Demetrios Sicilianos; the Counselor of the British Embassy and Mrs. V. A. L. Mallet; the Commercial Secretary and Mrs. Heywood; Mme. Wijkman, wearing a becoming frock of white; Mrs. Hennen Jennings, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Jennings Hackett, and Mrs. William S. Culbertson, were all among the guests. Mrs. Culbertson and Mr. Culbertson, who is at present in the Middle West, had heard Mr. Enesco many times when Mr. Culbertson was Minister to Rumania.

The United States Minister to Rumania and Mrs. Leland Harrison were also guests.

All members of the Rumanian Legation, the Secretary and Mme. Popovici, the Financial Counselor and Mme. Boncesco, the Assistant Financial Counselor and Mme. Dimitriu and the Attache, Mr. Laurence Bungardeanu, all of whom had been at the morning concert, were there, of course, last evening.

Following the musicale the guests went downstairs to the dining room where a buffet table was set.

Also Entertained By Mrs. Townsend.

Mr. Enesco and Mr. Salmond also were honored yesterday at the luncheon at which Mrs. Townsend was hostess at the Mayflower after the concert. The Minister of Rumania was the ranking guest and several other members of the Diplomatic Corps were present. They included the Minister of The Netherlands and Mme. van Haersma de With, with their daughter, Mlle. Nora de With; the Minister of Greece, Mr. Demetrios Sicilianos, and, from the British Embassy, the Counselor and Mrs. V. A. L. Mallet; Mrs. H. O. Chalkey, wife of the commercial counselor; the First Secretary, Mr. Philip Mainwaring Broadmead the commercial secretary, Mr. Leander McCormick-Goodhart; the Secretary of the Rumanian Legation and Mme. Popovici; the Counselor of The Netherlands Legation and Baroness van Breugel Douglas and the Secretary of the Legation of Yugoslavia, Mr. Rastko Petrovic.

Also present were the United States Minister to Rumania and Mrs. Leland Harrison, Mrs. Matthew Whittall, Mrs. Frank C. Letts, Mrs. Edwin M. Watson, Miss Mabel Duncan, Miss Moira Archbold, Miss Dorothy Q. Tirrell, Miss Irene Boyle, Miss Marian Trumbull, Mr. Henry B. Wickins, Mr. Peter Chambers, Mr. Arthur Willmore and Mr. Sanford Schlussel.

Another luncheon which followed the concert was that given by Mrs. Charles M. Lea, at her home, with the Countess de Castellane, sister of Mrs. Walter R. Tuckerman, as guest of honor. Others in the company included Mrs. Tuckerman, Mrs. D. Lawrence Groner, Mrs. Mason Gulick, Mrs. George B. Pillsbury, Mrs. Harrison Fairfax, Mrs. George Barnett and Mrs. Harry N. Cootes, who also were in her box at the musicale.

Mrs. Harper Sibley Guest at Luncheon.

Mrs. Harper Sibley was guest of honor at the luncheon at which Mrs. Cabot Stevens entertained at the Mayflower after the program. The guests were received in the north room of the hotel, where they had cocktails and later were seated at a luncheon table decorated with a large globe in the center, symbolic of Mrs. Sibley's extensive travels.

Receiving with Mrs. Stevens and Mrs. Sibley were Mrs. Daniel C. Roper, wife of the Secretary of Commerce; Mme. Ertegun, wife of the Turkish Ambassador, who had with her at the concert Mrs. Walter Duncan, of London, her guest at the embassy; Mrs. William W. Howes, wife of the Acting Postmaster General; Mrs. William H. King, wife of Senator King, and Mrs. Mark-Wardlaw, wife of the assistant naval attache of the British Embassy.

Among her other guests were Mrs. Ralph Close, wife of the Minister of the Union of South Africa; Mme. Rajamaitri, wife of the Minister of Siam; Mme. Hurban, wife of the Minister of Czechoslovakia; Senora de Castro Beeche, wife of the Minister of Costa Rico; Mrs. Ralph O. Brewster, Mrs. George T. Pettengill, Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, Frau Herbert Scholz, Mme. Seijiro Yoshizawa, Mrs. Merchant Mahoney, Miss Pauletta Guffey, Mrs. Frederick Taber, Mrs. David Robertson, wife of the President of Goucher College; Mrs. Breckinridge Long, Mrs. Roberta Campbell Lawson, Mrs. Henry A. Roberts, Mrs. Henry Grattan Doyle, Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, Mrs. Henry Alvah Strong, Miss Ellen Vinton, Mrs. Whitman Cross, Mrs. Vincent Miles, Mrs. Arthur MacArthur, Mrs. Ze Barney Phillips, Mrs. Albert Evans, Mrs. Custis Lee Hall, Mrs. John J. O'Connor, Mrs. Wilson Compton, Mrs. William McCracken, Mrs. Ralph Hallett, Mrs. David A. Skinner, Mrs. Gilbert Grosvenor.

Also, Mrs. Royal T. McKenna, Mrs. Dexter Perkins, Mrs. Harold E. Doyle, Mrs. Peter A. Drury, Mrs. George W. Stone, Mrs. Franklin Kenworthy, Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, Mrs. James Lynch, Mrs. Neitah King, Mrs. William L. Darby, Mrs. Frederick E. Farrington, Mrs. Walter Wyatt, Mrs. Louisa A. Roberts, Miss Ellen Vinton and Miss Hettie Anderson.

There also was a group from the junior league to greet Miss Elizabeth Sibley. These included Mrs. A. C. Oliphant, Mrs. Hal Rust, Mrs. John F. Simmons, Miss Stellita Stapleton, Miss Bambie McKenna, Miss Elizabeth Lyster, Miss Constance Marlatt. Several of this season's debutantes, invited for the niece of the hostess, Miss Margaret Elizabeth Conkling, of Santa Barbara, Calif., were Miss Gloria Grosvenor, Miss Mary Senate Howes, Miss Suzanne Kappler, Miss Bette Hartz, Miss Katherine Friant and Miss Grace Mary Ives.

Miss Burton, Rev. Schilling Are Married

Reception Held in Parish Hall of St. Paul's Episcopal Church.

Miss Martha Van Buren Burton, daughter of Mr. Paul G. Burton and the late Mrs. Burton, was married at 7:30 o'clock last evening to the Rev. George Gladston Schilling, of Avon Park, Fla., son of the late Mr. and Mrs. George W. Schilling. The ceremony took place at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, the Rev. Claver E. Buck officiating.

The bride wore a gown of white satin made with a soft cowl neckline and ending in a train. Her veil extended the length of her dress and she carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley. Her father gave her in marriage.

The matron of honor was the bride's sister, Mrs. Wayne Wagenseller, of Portage, Wis., who wore a gown of powder blue crepe with a fitted jacket, and a turban of pink velvet. She carried a sheaf of Johanna Hill roses.

The bridesmaids were Mrs. H. Fairfield Butt 3d, Mrs. Harry C. English, Miss Marion Burton, a cousin of the bride, and Miss Louise Barlow. They wore gowns of varying shades of peach, dubonnet, maize and green, and carried talisman roses.

Mr. James T. Marshall, jr., served as best man and the ushers were Mr. Russell Brown, Mr. Clayton H. Brown, Mr. C. William Buck, Mr. J. Kenneth Rohrback, Mr. Frederick Russell, Mr. C. Peck Daniel, Mr. John H. Kuppers and Mr. Robert Kuppers.

A reception at the parish hall of the church followed the ceremony, after which the couple left on a wedding trip to Florida.

The bride attended Holton Arms School in Washington.

Wives of Officers Aid Mrs. Pettingill In Third 'At Home'

The Commandant of the Navy Yard and Mrs. George T. Pettingill entertained at their third "at home" of the season yesterday afternoon at their quarters in the Navy Yard.

Wives of several younger officers of the Navy assisted Mrs. Pettingill in receiving. They included Mrs. Percival E. McDowell, Mrs. Paul W. Hord, Mrs. Arthur W. Ellis, Mrs. Samuel Shumaker, Mrs. Joseph Wright, Mrs. B. H. Hanlon, Mrs. Bianca Allen, Mrs. Frederick Bell and Mrs. Lyman S. Perry.

The Admiral and Mrs. Pettingill have as their guest Mr. Dupont Irving, of New York and Southampton. He recently has come to Washington to join a New Deal agency and will remain with the Pettingills until he leases an apartment.

Joukowsky Entertain Russian Visitor at Tea

Mr. and Mrs. Wsevolod L. Joukowsky entertained at tea in their home in Mount Rainier yesterday for their house guest, M. Gregory A. Alexeieff, a member of the main committee of the Union of Russian Zemstvos in Paris. Before the revolution he and Mr. Joukowsky were associates in Moscow.

Amateur Hour, Floor Show, Costumed Guests Will Feature Junior League's Ball Thursday

Underwood & Underwood.

Members of the Washington Junior League preparing for the Celebrity Ball on January 7. In the picture are, left to right, Mrs. John L. Newbold, Mrs. W. W. Mackall, jr., president of the league, and Mrs. G. Howland Chase discussing plans for it.

Further plans for the Junior League Celebrity Ball, to be held Thursday at the Mayflower Hotel, were made at a tea given yesterday in the league club rooms.

Two entertainments will be featured at the ball which will begin at 10:30 p. m. The first is an amateur hour, in which league members will take part, with Mr. Charles C. Barry acting as director and master of ceremonies. The second will be a professional floor show.

Guests will come dressed to portray their favorite celebrity and prizes for the most successful impersonations will be presented. A committee, headed by Mrs. David B. Karrick, has been formed to assist guests in their choice.

Women Voters to Push 4-Point Program For New Legislation Before Congress

Extension of Merit System, Better Pure Food Law, Two Goals.

Mrs. Harris T. Baldwin, first vice president and legislative chairman of the National League of Women Voters, will lead the members of the league in "big four" legislative campaign which will begin with the opening of Congress today.

The league is supporting improvement in the merit system for public improvements; strengthened food-drug-cosmetic regulatory measure; continuation of the riciprocal trade agreement, and neutrality legislation. With this four-point program in mind, women voters will attend committee meetings and sessions of Congress, and strive to arouse public opinion in support of their program.

Mrs. Baldwin pointed out yesterday the league will continue its drive against the patronage system and will support several specific methods for improving the Federal civil service.

The Petworth Woman's Club had its first meeting of the year in Petworth School last night. Miss Mary E. Downey, chairman, library committee, District of Columbia Federation of Women's Clubs, was guest speaker. Miss Downey, who is nationally known for her library organization work and as a lecturer and teacher, spoke on evolution of the library and the part the modern library plays in education and recreation.

Mrs. Ernest Grant, managing director of the Tubercular Association of the District of Columbia, discussed her organization.

Mrs. Dorothy Benedict, who was living on the Island of Majorca at the outbreak of the Spanish civil war, was guest speaker at a dinner meeting of the Business and Professional Women's Club at the Hamilton last night.

Mrs. Benedict gave a graphic description of the outbreak of the war and its effects. She answered many questions from the members who took this opportunity to get first-hand account of the war. Miss Ada Jean Bennett, chairman of the international relations committee, introduced the speaker.

Members of the Sunshine and Community Society met at the home of Mrs. Eugene Thompson yesterday. The benevolent committee, child welfare committee, school committee, Gospel Mission committee, hospital aid committee and Old Ladies Home committee reported on their work.

Mrs. Archie T. Reid was hostess, assisted by Mrs. Cornelia S. Barnes, Mrs. Russell Bowen, Mrs. Anton Heitmuller, Mr. Harvey L. Hutchings, Mrs. William H. Moran, Mrs. A. J. Schana and Mrs. Adolph Volk.

Dr. and Mrs. Frederick Murphy will be guests of honor at a dinner at Trinity College Thursday evening. Following dinner Dr. Murphy, the head of the school of architecture in Catholic University, will give a lecture on, "Modern Trends in Architecture."

Also present will be Miss Alice Dante, president of the Arts Club at Trinity, and Miss Mary Kate Bland. Miss Dante will introduce Dr. Murphy.

League of American Pen Women announces the poetry work-shop directed by Evelyn Norcross Sherrill will meet tonight at 8 o'clock. Members are asked to bring an original Cinquain. Anna Priestly will give an informal talk. At 9 o'clock John Lee Higgins will speak on analyzed and oblique rhyme and will lead round table discussion. Analyzed rhyme contest of the month sets an 8-line limit. Mail entries to Mrs. Marion Hayn, Wardman Park Hotel.

The Wednesday rendevous will be held tomorrow from 2 to 6 p. m. Inez Tyler, hostess.

Paintings by Margaret Zimmele will be on exhibition until January 15.

Columbia Chapter, Delphian Society, will meet Thursday at 10 a. m., in Pierce Hall, Sixteenth and Harvard streets. The topic for discussion is French opera. Mrs. George H. Post is leader for the day and will give the introductory comment. Other topics are: "Early French Opera" by Mrs. Maude E. Thatcher; "The Work of Gluck" by Mrs. Elizabeth R. Davidson; "Cherubini" by Mrs. James G. Yaden; "Les Huguenots" by Mrs. H. B. Linton; "Gounod's Faust" by Mrs. William S. Graham; "Saint Saens" by Mrs. C. M. Jansky, jr.; "Mignon" by Mrs. George Ellis.

Mrs. George M. Norris, president, will give the summary.

The Takoma Park Women's Club will have its first luncheon meeting of the new year today in the town hall. Luncheon will be served at 12:30 o'clock by a committee

Congressional Chiefs Settle In Homes Here

Officials and Families Set for Winter Residence During New Session.

With Congress all set to convene today, the majority of officials have returned to Washington and with their families are settled for the official season. Some, like Senator McAdoo, are veterans in Washington; others are coming for the first time.

Senator and Mrs. Royal S. Copeland are again established at the Shoreham Hotel for the season after spending the summer and fall at Suffern, N. Y., their country place, and in New York City.

Senator and Mrs. Harry F. Byrd also are at the Shoreham, having come from their home at Berryville, Va. Others of the Senatorial contingent already arrived in Washington are Senator and Mrs. Homer T. Bone, of Tacoma, Wash.; Senator and Mrs. A. Harry Moore, of Jersey City, N. J.; Seantor and Mrs. George L. Radcliffe, of Baltimore, Md.; Senator John G. Townsend, jr., of Selbyville, Del., and Senator Robert F. Wagner, of New York; Senator and Mrs. James F. Byrnes, of Spartanburg, S. C., and Senator Robert Reynolds, of North Carolina.

Representative and Mrs. Harold G. Moser, of Cleveland, Ohio, are in residence at the Shoreham. They are newcomers to the Congressional ranks. Representative Moser being the former Attorney General of Ohio. Among others who have arrived at the hotel are Representative and Mrs. D. Lane Powers, of Trenton, N. J.; Representative and Mrs. Dow W. Harter and their son, Jack, of Akron, Ohio; Representative and Mrs. D. H. McLean, of Elizabeth, N. J.; Represenative and Mrs. Harry B. Coffee, of Omaha, Nebr.; Representative and Mrs. D. Worth Clark, of Pocatello, Idaho; Representative and Mrs. Charles A. Buckley, of New York; Representative William M. Citron, of Middletown, Conn.; Representative M. H. Evans, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Representative Leo Kocialkowski, of Chicago, Ill.; Representative Andrew L. Somers, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Represetnative Emanuel Celler, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Representative Theodore Peyser, of New York; Representative Thomas H. Cullen, of Broklyn, N. Y.; Representative George N. Seger, of Passaic, N. J.

Mrs. Richard M. Kleberg and her daughter, Alice, are still in Corpus Cristi, Tex., but will leave there the middle of next week to join Representative Kleberg, who is at the Shoreham.

Retention of Reciprocal Trade Treaties and Neutral Act Backed.

composed of Mrs. W. C. Magathan, chairman; Mrs. Joseph A. Becker, Mrs. Charles H. Davey, Mrs. F. G. Umbau, Mrs. Frank A. Richmond, Mrs. William Robinson, Mrs. William Ransom, Mrs. Frank A. Nickols, Mrs. Anthony Hutchinson, Mrs. Harry I. Houston and Mrs. Gilbert Sward.

Guest speaker will be Mrs. Alexander B. Trowbridge, who will speak on "The American Woman's Responsibility." Mrs. Trowbridge has traveled extensively abroad and studied habits and customs of women in other countries.

Government study department will meet Thursday at 1 p. m. in the home of Mrs. Vernon S. Auld, 111 Holly avenue. A round table discussion of current and timely topics is planned by Mrs. John B. Mertie, chairman.

Duplicate bridge class will meet Friday, 1 p. m. in the home of Mrs. Roy Ferner, 50 Whittier street northwest.

Mrs. Herbert Gregor will address the Land Ladies' Club at a luncheon at Tilden Gardens today. Club members are the wives of land economists. A series of bridge benefits for the scholarship fund will be given at the homes of Mrs. M. L. Wilson, Mrs. H. R. Tolley, Mrs. L. C. Gray, Mrs. C. C. Taylor and Mrs. A. G. Black. Mrs. C. F. Clayton is president of the club.

In the Club World Today.

Book hour, Woman's City Club, 5 p. m.

Lecture on Constitution, Ellis Meredith, Woman's National Democratic Club, 11 a. m.

Buffet supper, Woman's National Press Club, Willard Hotel, 6:30 p. m.

Meeting of the Marietta Park Woman's Club, Albright Memorial Evangelical Church.

Dinner meeting, Business Woman's Club of the Y. W. C. A., 6.30 p. m.

Luncheon of the Adas Israel Sisterhood, Mayflower Hotel.

Meeting of D. C. Chapter, Catholic Daughters of America, Willard Hotel.

Meeting Excelsior Literary Club, home of Mrs. Harry S. Newman, 2804 Twenty-seventh street northwest.

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THE MERRY WHIRL by MARYLYN

Among her Christmas presents Mrs. Ednass Wilkins received a large and very gay picture of Hawaii. Having spent several years in the islands, he has been trying to identify the scene. It might be a spot on the kona side of the island and again it looks like a place over the mountain—a happy situation, because the painting will never become monotonous. One can practically take a trip just looking at it.

* * *

Speaking of Hawaii, at a recent party, which the Second Secretary of the German Embassy and his statuesque blonde wife, Frau Struve, attended, she presented a lovely picture. Frau Struve, who formerly made her home in Honolulu, was wearing a white satin gown and around her neck a lei of spicy coral carnations. In her hair just behind her left ear she had tucked in two of the "fringed" blossoms.

* * *

Maria Elena Garduno was telling us about her new little niece, just a month old, who is the daughter of the Third Secretary of the Mexican Embassy and Senora de Garduno. The young miss is very tiny, has enormous brown eyes and chatters incessantly in her own little language. Already she has been given a nickname and we are wondering what she will think of it when she gets old enough to understand. Anyway it is "Misifus" meaning kitten—a quaint name for a tiny babe.

* * *

Ever since Ambassador Bullitt introduced our polo to Moscow, the Soviets have taken an interest in the lively sport in a big way. Born horsemen, anyway, it is right in their line. Besides the game of men, horses, balls and mallets was played in that land, many many years ago, when it was known by another name, pulu, taken from the wood of which the balls were made.

If Mr. Constantine Oumansky, the counselor of the Soviet Embassy here, and Mr. Gregory Grigoriev, attache, ever find a few moments, when their desks are not demanding attention then have promised themselves a fling at polo.

Mrs. Roosevelt Guest at First Formal Lunch

Mrs. Swanson Is Hostess to Officials' Wives at Sulgrave Club.

Mrs. Roosevelt was guest of honor at a luncheon given yesterday at the Sulgrave Club by Mrs. Claude A. Swanson, wife of the Secretary of the Navy. The luncheon was first in a series given each winter for the First Lady by wives of members of the Cabinet.

The other guests at the luncheon yesterday were Mrs. John Nance Garner, wife of the Vice President; Donna Matilde de Suvich, wife of the Italian Ambassador; Lady Marler, wife of the Minister of Canada; Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, jr., wife of the Secretary of the Treasury; Mrs. Henry A. Wallace, wife of the Secretary of Agriculture; Mrs. Thomas Holcombe, wife of the newly appointed Commandant of the Marine Corps; Mrs. William D. Leahy, whose husband, Admiral Leahy, recently arrived in the Capital to assume his new duties as Chief of Naval Operations; Mrs. Thomas C. Hart, wife of Admiral Hart; Mrs. Charles Edison, wife of the newly appointed Assistant Secretary of the Navy; Mrs. William Howard Taft, Mrs. William R. Castle and Mrs. Hugh Matthews.

Also Mrs. James Clement Dunn, Miss Mabel Boardman, Mrs. Robert Woods Bliss, Mrs. Paul Bastedo, wife of the President's Naval Aide; Mrs. Albert Niblack, Mrs. Ridley McLean, Miss Mary Patten, Mrs. Walter Edge, Mrs. Laurence Vincent Benet, Mrs. J. Fred Essary, Mrs. Harry Covington, Mrs. Bernard Jones, Mrs. Harry Flood, Mrs. Edgar L. Woods, Miss Ollie James, Mrs. J. H. Gibson and Mrs. John R. Beardall, wife of Capt. Beardall, aide to Secretary Swanson.

Later in the afternoon Mrs. Roosevelt entertained at two teas at the White House, the first at 4 o'clock and the second at 5 o'clock. She will hold a press conference today at 11 a. m.

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2 Visitors From Abroad Here To Renew Former Friendships

Mrs. Arthur Graham Glasgow, of London, Guest of J. F. Wilkins; Princess Ghika, of Rumania, Making Short Stay in Capital.

There's a saying that if one just waits long enough in Washington, everybody he has ever met will turn up eventually on a visit to the Capital. Apropos of this saying, there's news today of two very distinguished members of society who are now in Washington for a brief time.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Wilkins have as their guest at their residence at 1700 Massachusetts avenue Mrs. Arthur Graham Glasgow, of London. Mrs. Glasgow, the former Miss Margaret Branch, of Richmond, Va., with her husband, has been visiting her former home there, and after a stay of several days in Washington will sail from New York on her return to England.

Mrs. Glasgow is a famous hostess in London, and her home, Moncorvo House, at Ennismore Gardens, is the scene of many gay parties during the season. The wedding of her daughter, the former Miss Marjorie Glasgow, to Mr. Ambrose Congreve, of Mount Congreve, in southern Ireland, was an outstanding event of the 1935 season in London. Mr. Congreve is a nephew of the Earl of Bessborough, former Governor General of Canada.

Mr. Clarence Hewes will entertain at a dinner this evening in Mrs. Glasgow's honor at his residence on Massachusetts avenue.

The other distinguished visitor to Washington is the Princess Albert Ghika, of Rumania, who is spending a few days at the Mayflower. The princess will be remembered as the sister of Mme. de Zaldivar, wife of the former Minister from El Salvador, Senor Don Raphael Zaldivar. She lived for several years here with Mme. de Zaldivar, who, Irish by birth, was one of the most popular diplomatic hostesses Washington has ever known.

George Hornback Weds Jane Evans At Quiet Service

A small, quiet wedding in the presence of members of the family was that of Miss Jane Evans, daughter of Mrs. Grace Evans, whose marriage to Dr. George Hornback took place yesterday morning in St. Alban's Church with the Rev. Charles Warner officiating.

She was unattended and wore a tailored ensemble of green and brown. After a motor trip to Florida Dr. Hornback and his bride will make their home in Hannibal, Mo.

Miss Richards Resumes Talks

Miss Janet Richards will resume her weekly "Talks on Public Questions" tomorrow at the Sulgrave Club at 11 o'clock, when a general review will be given of recent epoch-making crises in the world. Two new books will be briefly reviewed. The talk begins at 11 o'clock.

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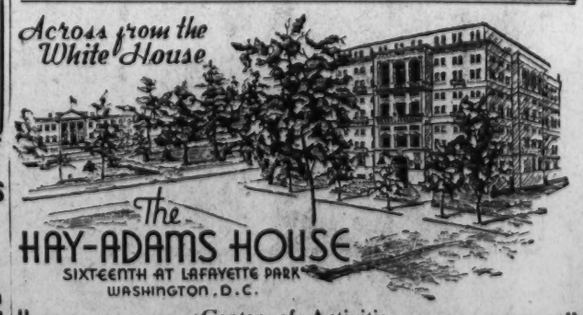

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Today's HEALTH TALK

By Dr. Irving S. Cutter.

The Why and Wherefore of Joints.

There is scarcely a movement made by the body that does not utilize one or more joints; structures in which two bones lie close together and wherein opposing cushioned surfaces glide over one another smoothly. With every turn of the head we move certain vertebrae of the spinal column. Watch a pianist and note the nimbleness and precision of his fingers. In the execution of a relatively simple composition thousands of joint movements are made, involving the fingers, wrists, elbows, shoulders and many other parts of the body.

Injuries to these structures are rather frequent and because the knee is the largest and most exposed it is hurt more frequently. The extent, of course, varies with the force, and much will depend upon whether ligaments are torn or cartilage destroyed or broken.

Most youngsters who participate in school games will complain of knee symptoms at some time or other. If the ligaments are loosened or stretched there is nothing to do but rest until repair occurs. Heat and snug bandaging will help. There is no type of dressing, however, that will enable the injured one to go about as formerly until healing has had a chance to manifest itself.

Strains, or sprains as they are called, are not insignificant, as they may be accompanied by a pouring out of fluid from the synovial membrane (the secret lining of the joint). This is known as "water on the knee." Any joint cavity that contains more than the normal amount of this fluid is weakened. The space is under pressure, there is generally marked swelling, and muscles attached nearby cannot operate accurately.

A blow or a fall may be severe enough to cause a bit of cartilage (which covers the ends of the bones) to chip off. The sliver may be small and flat, resembling an almond or a pumpkin seed. This displaced particle will often slip from side to side and cause pressure with much pain. More serious impairment of the cartilage will result in greater disability. A torn ligament can carry with it a break in the cartilage.

The symptoms of trouble are usually obvious. The patient realizes that there is something wrong inside the knee. Furthermore, that it is weak and unstable, and unable to support his weight. Pain is felt beneath the kneecap, extending to one side or the other. In addition, the synovial membrane secretes an excess amount of fluid and this pressure adds to the difficulties of the situation.

If there is a dislocation the deformity should be restored as quickly as possible, as the ligaments are on a stretch, and rest thereafter for at least a month is imperative.

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Menus for Today

BREAKFAST.
Figs
Creamed chipped beef with mushrooms
Toast Butter
Coffee Milk

LUNCHEON.
Spinach soup
Green peppers stuffed with meat salad
Whole wheat muffins Butter
Sliced pineapple

DINNER.
Fruit cup
Broiled ham
Candied sweet potatoes
Tiny lima beans
White Bread Butter
Apple salad
Coffee Milk
Vanilla Mousse.

VANILLA MOUSSE.

Beat ½ pint cream until stiff; beat in ¼ cup sugar, 1 teaspoon vanilla and a few grains of salt. If the cream is very thick add top milk slowly while beating, to make mixture light and fluffy. Freeze in drawer of a mechanical refrigerator or put in small molds; cover tightly (heavy wax paper and rubber bands may be used) and pack, using equal parts ice and coarse rock salt.

New Mid-Season Hats Designed to Follow the Coiffure

Inspired by Scotch Highland caps, the clever hat above of black grosgrain ribbon is a smart midseason acquisition. It follows the current trend for coiffure exposure, and is versatile enough to accompany many costumes.

Taking a cue from the Navy the straw model above copies the sailor's cap. Worn at a jaunty angle, it smartly complements the midseason suit or spectator sports costume. Note the new upward movement.

Off-Face Models Return to Popularity, Early Showings Reveal.

Many Colors, Decorations Featured; Crowns Are Now Made Lower.

By Ethel Ehlen.
The Post Fashion Editor.

MID-SEASON hats, designed to wear with winter coats now, are being built around the coiffure. Off-face models, which are much to the fore in advance millinery showings, are primarily planned to expose the above-the-forehead curls. Tiny hats which dip forward aim to complement the elongated roll, which seems to be universally accepted by women of all ages.

In general, hats in this mid-season category, dependable heralds of spring styles, are youthful, trim and exceedingly wearable. All of this is in sharp contrast to the exotic, skyrocketing hats of fall and early winter, which distressed so many women who lacked the courage to try wearing them, or to whom they were frankly unbecoming. Crowns are definitely lower and lowering in altitude with each collection being presented. Shallow crowns, with an upward movement, are featured by a number of the French designers.

Return of Trimming.

The tendency to restore trimming to hats is evidenced in all of the newest millinery. For spring and summer it is flowers, atop and under crowns; for immediate wear, it is veils, ornaments and ribbon cockades. After a winter with an unprecedented popularity for black, color is again appearing on the scene—both brilliant and subtle color themes. Almond green is of special significance—due no doubt to the exploiting of this tone for frocks and suits in the spring fashion picture. All shades of blue, bright red and tones of yellow are also featured in the latest millinery color chart.

Hats to be worn now, complementing winter costumes, are quite simple, but subtle, in their styling and trimming. The inevitable beret has returned in several new versions and is fashioned of straw, felt or silk fabrics. Sailors are again to be worn on the smartest heads. These have narrow brims and rather flat crowns, and sometimes flaunting veils. Bonnets, according to style predictions, will dominate the summer mode; they are appearing now in modified forms, so as not to conflict with large fur coat collars. Like the sailor type of hat, bonnets, no doubt, will be interpreted in about 1001 different varieties.

Since stylists declare that a new hat is the best solution to that after-Christmas, let-down feeling, one of the gay spring models discussed here should prove a grand tonic for tired nerves and weary wardrobes. There are numerous styles and materials from which to make a choice, and the majority of them are as wearable as they are chic.

If you hesitate to purchase a chapeau made entirely of straw, there are smart models which combine straw and felt, and others, fashioned of heavy silk materials, that have a lot of dash and verve.

Daily Exercise Helps Combat Danger of 'Holiday' Waistline

Routine Needed to Offset Effects of Heavy Foods; Trim Figure Is Easy to Retain If Proper Work Is Followed.

By Carolyn Abbott.

THE WAGES of a holiday season are too often a larger waistline and too dear a price to pay for the candy you just couldn't pass up and the a muddy complexion. The loss of your slim figure and clear skin is rich, heavy meals you ate Christmas and New Year's. The problem now is how to regain your former appearance. Something must be done to remedy these new flaws.

You should start at once on daily exercises. Skipping your routines is likely to put pounds on you as all of the good things to eat that you have had. Remember that the girl who rolls back and forth on the floor 50 times every morning certainly will have slimmer hips at the end of one month than the woman who goes to a reducing salon once a week and does a few exercises between visits. Regularity is what counts most in this business of losing weight.

How to Reduce Stomach.

If, as a result of your holiday festivity, your stomach isn't as flat as you would like to have it, repeat this exercise ten times a day for two weeks, then 20 times a day for the following month. Here are other exercises for improving the after-Christmas figure:

Sit on the edge of a low table or bed with right leg outstretched and the left foot resting on the floor. Now, keeping right knee straight, bend forward and try to reach right toes with fingertips. You may not be able to touch them for days and days, but keep trying. Reverse, sitting on the opposite side of the bed with right foot on the floor and touch toes of the left foot.

Lie on your stomach on a bed or floor with elbows bent and hands, palms down, between chest and floor. Keeping legs straight, raise yourself until elbows are straight and all of your weight is on hands and toes.

Turn over, resting on your back. Bend knees so weight of the legs is on the balls of the feet, and, supporting your hips with your hands, raise yourself upward until stomach is on an even line with your knees. Hold the position for 10 seconds, relax and repeat five times. After one week, do this ten times a day.

Now you must think of your complexion and how it has been neglected, probably the same as your figure because of the lack of routine. Give yourself a regular morning and evening beauty treatment and your skin will look as it did before the holidays.

Every morning, rub over your face and neck a small amount of cleansing cream. This will soften the waste matter. Now take your wash cloth and dip it into water as hot as you can stand it to the touch. Wring out the cloth as dry as possible and quickly spread it over the face, pressing it there for a few seconds. The steam will open the pores and draw the blood to the surface. Repeat the hot steam application at least three times on the face and neck, then with a cooling wash cloth over the fingers, dig out the dirt. Rub firmly along the jaw bone from the chin up in front of the ears to where the facial muscles are hinged.

If your skin is oily, it is not necessary to pat on cream before putting on your make-up.

Capital Mother Has Complaint That Modern Youth Is Rude

Own Children Display Lack of Manners, She Complains; Conduct at Private Dances Cited as on Verge of Boorishness.

By Margaret Wallace.

"I OBJECT to the friends of my son and daughter using my house as a night club," writes one Washington mother to this department. "They come to dinner without taking the trouble to greet either myself or my husband, although we are always stationed near the drawing room door to receive when we have guests. But the young men and women swing into our front door past the maid ignore the invitation to leave their wraps in the cloak room, dash upstairs chatting gayly to my son's or daughter's room or hurry into the dining room to pour themselves drinks. They are really nicer than they sound. One of the young men is a rising young lawyer and another has a very successful business. They do not drink excessively. The girls smoke all the time and drink a little but all of them are engaged in some kind of worth-while pursuit at college, in a profession or business.

"When we have a dance at our house the young men do not think it is necessary to dance with any of the girls, but the ones they prefer. They have evidently forgotten all about duty dances and my own son is one of the offenders in his own home. I introduce him to the daughter of an old friend whom I had invited to the dance and my son merely bowed and cut in on another girl. Then I tried one of the guests and he did the same thing. In order to get partners for the young and pretty girl my husband had to threaten to send all the guests home if my son did not do his duty and ask some of the others to dance with her. I like to dance myself but very few of the young men think it necessary to be polite enough to ask the hostess to dance."

Casual Youth.

Casual manners seem to be prevalent among young people today and this mother will probably receive much sympathy from other mothers and hostesses.

It is, of course, very rude for anybody to arrive at a home and fail to greet the hostess. The maid or butler who opens the door should be instructed to say "Mr. and Mrs. Jones are receiving in the drawing room." If there are servants in the rooms where the guests leave, their wraps they could also be instructed to say "Will you go to the drawing room please? Mr. and Mrs. Jones are receiving there."

The rudeness of many of the young men of today at a dance in a private home is occasioning much criticism. If the hostess dances, every young man present should be on the alert to see that she is asked to dance every time she has the opportunity. Of course she cannot and will not dance with all the young men present but she likes to be asked even if she has to decline because she is engaged in her duties as hostess. It is the duty of every young man guest to ask the daughter or daughters of the house to dance as soon as opportunity arises. When the hostess presents a young man to a girl on the dance floor it is equivalent to asking him to dance with her and he should comply at once. It is very illbred of the son of the house or any other young man to bow and acknowledge the introduction and then seek the favor of a dance from another girl. Young men who do not obey these rules of common politeness are lacking in good breeding.

A WOMAN'S NEW YORK

By Alice Hughes.

New York, Jan. 4.

TWO UNUSUALLY interesting parties have caught my wandering notice in the past week—one hailing screen stars of tomorrow, the other a graceful nod to a French-woman, who was one of those toasts of Paris for so many years I won't even mention it.

ALICE HUGHES.

At first I found little Sonja Henie, the Scandinavian skating star, who is now prettier than ever, since the movies' glamour experts have been at work on her, and Arline Judge, another screen youngster, who was wearing a startlingly interesting sequin jacket cut like a man's smoking jacket. The little Henie wore a long-sleeved black afternoon dress—and looked very grand and grown up. And the new Dream Prince, Tyrone Power, was also on hand—and if these old eyes can still judge, he will give Robert Taylor a stiffish run for male beauty honors. It was all youth, good looks, high spirits.

• • • •

And the other festivities were given by Mr. and Mrs. Lanny Ross to honor Mistinguett, that indestructible, immortal ornament of the Paris revue stage who had "the most beautiful legs in the world" when Marlene Dietrich still wore long clothes. It was a nice party, and small jeweled legs were given as favors, out of compliment to the guest of honor. The wife of Lanny, favorite radio tenor, formerly was Olive White—a press agent, and a good one. She sang his praises while he sang his high C's, and now they're great successes professionally and matrimonially.

• • • •

GIRL ABOUT TOWN—I knew it wouldn't be long until some local beauty snapped up the handsome Italian, Aldo Nadi, who has been making fencing a popular indoor pastime hereabout rather than something one saw in the movies. And it wasn't, either, for a lovely girl named Rose Marie Wallace, who has captured and married the foils master. Many a minx at the St. Regis and El Morocco must be in mourning.

• • • •

Hollywood continues to pour into town to "do a play on Broadway." If it keeps up I don't know who'll make the movies but Shirley Temple! In addition to the lot which came in the fall, we find no less than four in one show, "Hey, Diddle, Diddle"—Alice White, Conway Tearle, Martha Sleeper and Lucille Ball, a tall and lovely blonde who had her first big role in the new Lily Pons film, and is going very far in pictures, I'll up and predict.

• • • •

I learned today that one of the biggest business offices here forbids its young ladies to wear high heels to work. The personnel boss opines that their clatter helps give executives their characteristic jitters. Well, it may be so, but that isn't the sort of jitters I learned about as a girl.

• • • •

Ruth White Colton, one of our smartest and busiest women, recently hit on a crafty notion for the air. She started a program called "For Men Only"—with the natural result that women are calling her and writing her constantly for counsel and advice. But Ruth sticks strictly to her story—Men Only!

• • • •

If any of the Christmas money is left for a new evening dress, I find the best bet now is that heavy white satin called "slipper." Although white is usually considered a summer color, it has lasted right into this midwinter. For second choice, I'd say a silver brocade or upholstery damask. With a low square neckline and little puffed sleeves, they're the height of fashion now—they may be what the trade knows as "fords," but everybody wears them, for they are beautiful and serviceable.

• • • •

If you want to launch any daughters here, remember that you must have two bands, and the same two—Emil Coleman's for the dancy stuff, and the nine Hungarians in the green coats who do gypsy at the command of Alexander Haas. This is absolutely obligatory. If another orchestra plays, I gravely doubt that your daughter will be very far out.

• • • •

We had some balmy, beautiful days right after Christmas, and all the ladies who had been given cash presents rushed out to spend them. And were our merchants beaming! . . .

• • • •

I wish I'd been lucky enough to have been invited to that New Year's Eve party over at Kate Smith's house, where the favorite soprano singler was entertaining her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hanby, of Riverdale, Va., on their fifty-second wedding anniversary. The 72-year-old bride wore her wedding gown of course, and it must have been a charming few hours while the rest of Gotham was going insane outside. Any wedding cake left, Katherine?

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PLEASANT HOMES

By Elizabeth MacRae Boykin.

"HEY MOM, hurry up! Here comes——" and a childish voice shouts the name of some radio favorite. Mother wipes her hands and rushes from the kitchen; father drops his paper and knocks out his pipe and starts packing it again.

We never can understand quite what people mean when they lament the passing of the camaraderie of the old family gatherings that once centered about the piano. To us, radio has been but another contribution of our age to a more pleasant home-life—a new home center. For that reason, the radio should be placed centrally where the family can gather about it with comfortable chairs, a large ash tray within easy reach, mother's sewing basket near by. Radios nowadays are good looking enough to go in any room in the house. We can thank our lucky stars that we don't have a loud speaker horn or dangling batteries around any more! We take our choice of many attractive designs and if we're particular about period and such we can have our radio incorporated in traditional furniture—consoles, highboys, modern end tables and the like.

If, however, you've grown fond of your old and not very presentable radio or can't afford a new one just now, why not hide it behind a screen? Have your husband build three frames of light wood, hinging them together and covering the frames with composition board. Now, cover the old piano bench in the attic for them! A coat of shellac and your job is done. On the screen side toward the radio you might paste radio data—times and dial numbers, foreign stations heard, with dates and times—a family radio log that the children will love.

And don't forget that small radios in the children's room and in the cellar playroom will avert all those family arguments as to who's going to listen to what.

If you're still a piano family, though, you'll be interested in Miss Boykin's bulletin, "How to Arrange a Room With an Upright Piano." It will be sent on receipt of a 3-cent stamp.

Fish Are Inspiring All Sorts of Styles In Present Season

New York (AP).—Fish seem to be inspiring all sorts of styles this season. In furs, the newest thing is the "fish-tail silhouette." and advance spring hats from one Paris house are trimmed with fish bladders.

In fact, there seems to be great fondness for all the wild life of field and stream as apparel. Proof—the little imitation birds and real wings which women wore in their hair to the Metropolitan Opera opening this week—and the fancy feathers a foot long which trailed down from one woman's forehead.

The "fish-tail silhouette," in fur wraps, is a rippled effect in the back, and the wrap is longer at the back than it is in front.

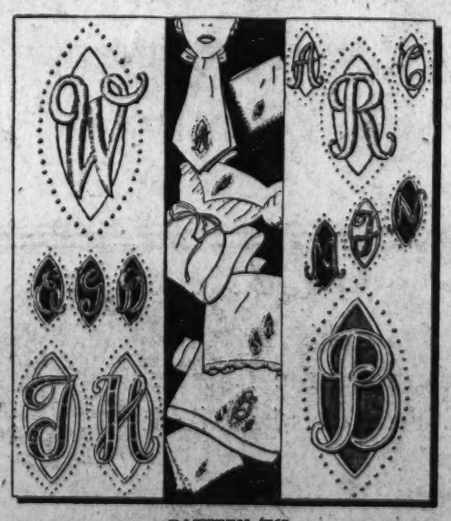
Dein Bacher, designer of furs for some of New York's best-dressed women, featured it at the Miami-Biltmore Fashion Show, and it won a prize.

Corduroy Is Popular For Sports Costume

Paris (AP).—Black corduroy trousers flash into view for winter sports evening wear. They are topped with bright-colored jackets some of which are gold-embroidered.

Jacket and skirt combinations share honors with dress and jacket ensembles for afternoon wear. Light jackets are often worn over dark dresses in plain wool or striped jersey.

Initials in Dainty Embroidery Add Personal Touch to Linens



PATTERN 5743.

By Alice Brooks.

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To obtain this pattern send 10 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to The Washington Post, Household Arts Dept., 250 W. 14th Street, New York. Be sure to write plainly your name, address and pattern number.

MARY HAWORTH'S MAIL

Girl Wonders If Man Loves Her, As He Seldom Calls and Scolds Her for Coming to See Him.

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I have been going with a fellow for nearly a year. At first he was very devoted, but of late he shows less interest. I work in Washington and go to Baltimore once a week to see him. He tells me I am crazy to come over so often; that I should save my money. I just can't understand his attitude, since he says he loves me. Lots of time he sends word he will be unable to get over to see me; that he is just too tired to come. What do you think of such an excuse?

• • • •

Do you think I should continue to love him or give him up? He works every day until 4 o'clock. I think if he cared for me he would try to see me at least once a week. He has taken me out only twice since we have been going together. Mostly we just sit at home when he comes, or when I go to see him. Still, I don't mind that so much, as I am a home-loving person.

• • • •

Please tell me what you think I should do. My mother says I should give him up. I write him twice a week and he never answers. Two weeks ago I met another man who wants me to go with him. He is waiting for an answer from me, for I told him I would not see him until I had made up my mind what to do about the other fellow. Since we met two weeks ago, this man has written me every day. He says he wants to marry me and I do want to get married and have a home of my own. Do you think I should give up the other man and try to get better acquainted with this new one? MISS. E. J.

Best to Forget Him.

DEAR MISS E. J.: Certainly you should stop running after a man who is so little interested in you that he actually scolds you for coming to see him. His failure to answer your letters, and his lackadaisical attitude about coming to see you or take you out to places of entertainment all show pretty plainly that his affection has cooled to the vanishing point. I think the wisest thing you can do is forget him and accept the other man's attentions. Don't be in too great haste to get married, however. An offer of marriage made at first meeting is a rather irresponsible sort of proposition, it seems to me, and you should not take it seriously until you have had at least six months' opportunity to learn whether or not you are essentially suited to the man who offers it, and whether he is adequate to shouldering the grave responsibility of marriage. M. H.

• • • •

Another Love Problem.

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I have been keeping company with a man for about eight years, but now he is going with another girl. Yet every time I telephone or write him, he always comes back to me. I think he likes me a great deal and I care for him a lot, but I don't feel things can go on like this. Must I forget him? Or do you think it all right to continue to see him, so long as he is willing to accept my invitations? Please give me your advice.

KATHIE.

• • • •

DEAR KATHIE: I think you are wasting your time on the young man. Since eight years' association finds him today no nearer a proposal than he was at first and probably farther away from such a notion than he was in the beginning; since he is now paying court to another girl and tossing you only such crumbs of attention as you solicit, you will be saving yourself a lot of heartache by forgetting him altogether.

• • • •

My advice to you is to adopt an attitude of complete indifference. Don't write to him and don't telephone him. If it can possibly be managed, go out with other men; and if it should so happen that he calls you for an occasional engagement—after he awakens to the fact that you are no longer pursuing him—put him off once in a while. Say you have made other arrangements for the evening. Such tactics may rekindle his interest in you, if any spark remains. And your only hope of regaining control of the situation is to place him in a position where he must solicit the pleasure of your company, as a favor, if he is to see you at all. M. H.

• • • •

What College to Attend?

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: From what sources may one obtain accurate, unbiased information in regard to the ideals and objectives of several of the leading women's colleges? We wish to make a wise and intelligent choice of a college to which to send our daughter. She is a girl of unusual intellectual promise and perception for whom it is well worthwhile to make a choice based on accurate understanding of the relative advantages and opportunities which the leading institutions afford.

• • • •

Our friends are partisan to their own colleges, but it must be possible to obtain from some source authentic information which may lead to a decision based on actual knowledge of the facts. DIOGENES.

Let Daughter Decide.

DEAR DIOGENES: Since you are unwilling to accept the recommendations of your friends at face value, with regard to the ideals and objectives of various women's colleges, it seems to me you have no choice but to make an exhaustive survey of the situation yourself. I know of no source of authoritative, objective information in the field. Any recommendations I might make in this matter would no doubt, like your friends', bear the imprint of "personal bias." However, if you wish to give your name and address, I am perfectly willing to tell you what I believe to be true about at least seven of the better-known Eastern women's colleges, and let you make your choice on the basis of fact and comment thus offered.

• • • •

You might narrow your list down to half a dozen of the most outstanding women's colleges in the country, and then get in correspondence with Heads of the schools, asking for a statement of purpose and program, and for all printed data the institution furnishes to parents of prospective students. Better yet—why not let your daughter have some voice in choosing the college she is to attend? If she is indeed a young woman of unusual intellectual promise and perception, her preference should carry great weight. M. H.

Miss Haworth will be glad to help you in solving your problems. Write her in care of The Post Woman's Page.

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It Walked in the Dark

By Agee Hays

SYNOPSIS.

Bob Holbrook, as the Brians' butler, is helping his brother Larry investigate the stabbing of Alexander Brian. Brians' offices are in the home. Miss Hunt, resident stenographer, heard Brian scream, rushed upstairs, found him dead; his older son, Peter, asleep; his younger son, Mark, locked in his room trying to get out; Julian, the private secretary, running water in the bathtub. Cora, the cook; Frank, the gardener; Lee Sen, houseboy, and Jean, maid, all seem to have alibis. Mrs. Brian is in an asylum. The second night Bob is there Peter Brian is murdered in his private office shortly after midnight. Miss Hunt and Julian working overtime in their respective offices just outside. As before, the murderer used a thin blade like a sword and did not leave it. Mark says he was on his way home from his club when it happened, for he saw a light in his brother's office, but when he arrived it was out. The doors were locked, so the murderer may have escaped through a window, although the bloodhounds just outside, who are death on strangers, had not uttered a sound. Which of the household, then, was it?

Mark stared fixedly for a moment, then nodded. "Yes; I—Iguess I was."

"Now think, Brian. Did you touch the telephone when you entered that room?"

The question had a strange effect on Mark. He looked from Larry to Sutton and paled perceptibly. "Why—I—why?"

"Because it happens to be important. Did you?"

Mark swallowed miserably. His frantic eyes wandered toward the hall door. He seemed to be trying to reach a difficult decision.

"Well!" Sutton bellowed impatiently.

Mark jumped. "Why—perhaps I did."

"You mean," Larry insisted, "you picked up the telephone and hung up the receiver?"

Bewildered.

Mark shook his head in aparent bewilderment. He buried his face in his hands.

"My God! I don't know what I did!" he moaned. "It sort of seems to me I did something to the phone. Maybe I hung up the receiver."

"We have to be sure," Larry said softly.

For a moment Mark studied the toes of his perfectly polished shoes. "Yes," he said, in a low tone, "I—guess I did."

"Look here!" boomed Sutton. "Did you have any reason for touchin' that phone?"

"No! No! What reason should I have? I just—I suppose it was a habit. I sore of—out of one corner of my mind saw the receiver needed hanging up, and I hung it up."

"Um!" Sutton grunted incredulously.

Larry nooded as asked quickly, "Where was Julian at the time Miss Hunt said she heard your brother yell?"

As Mark reflected, his eyes wandered beyond Sutton and Larry and were caught and held by the stare of the portrait.

CHAPTER 6.

"Oh, Julian," Mark said finally. "Why—I don't believe I noticed where he was. In his office, I guess. I know he came out of there later and helped us try the door."

Sutton rolled his cigar to the corner of his mouth. "Was you alone when you come from the club?"

Mark nodded. He had dropped back into his first lethargy.

"You haven't got a chauffeur?"

"Not since Mother left. Peter and I like to drive."

The captain reached back for the bronze ash stand, pulled it toward him absently and shook his cigar over it before snapping: "All right!"

"Is that all?" Mark asked anxiously.

Sutton nodded. Larry had been sitting for the last few minutes with apparently no thought beyond the cigarette he smoked. Now he looked up.

"One thing, Mr. Brian."

Mark sighed and sank back into his chair.

"You said you were sure this was the same murderer who killed your father. I didn't know you thought your father was murdered."

A faint tremor went over the young man and if possible he became paler. "I—know he was," he said huskily "—and by the same person."

"What makes you think so?"

"Why—" he shrugged impatiently "There couldn't be two people who'd want to kill our family."

"Can you think of any reason why one would want to?"

Something of Peter's nervousness had taken possession of Mark. His slim clean-shaven face was tense. "No!" he answered wildly. "But there you are! Somebody wanted to! Somebody wanted to get my father and my brother both!"

Larry made a sympathetic gesture. "You must pull yourself together now," he urged. "Help us apprehend the fellow. I thought perhaps when you first spoke you might have noticed a similarity between the deaths."

For a moment Mark eyed Larry intently. "It looked," he said slowly, "like Dad was stabbed the same as Peter."

"Notice any other similarity?"

"No-o-o—Well, yes! They were both locked in their rooms from the inside And both of them had that same awful expression," he shuddered visibly, "like they were surprised and horribly scared."

I thought of the expression on the face of Peter Brian. Mark had described it exactly—surprise and extreme terror. What had those men seen that even as they froze with horror had surprised them?

"I wasn't here on the first case," Larry observed. "Tell me. What was the first thing you noticed—as being wrong—on the night of your father's death? They say you were pounding on the door, which had been locked, when Miss Hunt came upstairs."

Describes Crime

"Yes. The first thing. I had gone to bed. But I hadn't gone to sleep when I heard some one go down the hall past my door——"

"Was there anything unusual about the walk?"

"Yes! It was like somebody walking stiff-legged and hurrying. Then there was heavy breathing. A minute later I heard Dad yell—kind of hoarse and wild. . . . Then he groaned. I jumped out of bed to rush to him, and I couldn't get out."

"How much later was it when Miss Hunt opened the door?"

"Well, she came right up from her room. Then she had to go back for a skeleton key she had in her purse. But it didn't take her long."

"Had you left the key in your door when you retired that night?"

"I think so. It was usually there—on the inside."

"Did you ever find it?"

"No. We looked everywhere. I had to have another one made."

"Was there anything familiar about that walking and breathing?"

"Why—uh—not exactly." A queer expression flitted across Mark's face.

"Come Brian," urged Larry patiently. "If it had the faintest trace of familiarity, tell us. Of course, you want to do all you can to clear this up."

"Oh, of course. It—didn't sound like anybody familiar." His jaws set firmly.

A minute later and Mark was gone. Sutton shut the door and turned to Larry. "What d'you make of that?"

"Nothing—only he's holding out on us."

"Sure he is!. . . Think he did it?"

Larry shrugged. "Too early to say definitely yet. Somebody around here did."

A New Angle

"Yeah. And this guy would gain more'n any one else by it. . . Even more than the Brain money."

"Well," Sutton drew long on his cigar. "Seems him an' this Hunt woman have been nuts about each other for a long time. The old man went on a rampage when he heard about it and was goin' to fire her if his son didn't lay off. We dug that up last time."

"He hadn't fired her, had he?"

"No. Seemed Mark had promised to forget her if his dad would keep her."

"Hmm." Larry rose and strode to the window. "This place is certainly isolated!" he remarked, drumming absently on the pane.

Sutton rose, too, and stretched. He turned to gaze thoughtfully at the portrait over the mantel.

For a moment the library was silent.

"Two thirty," Larry said at last. And turning toward my hiding place, asked, "Have you noticed Mark and Peter quarreling over anything, Bob?"

I hadn't. But I recalled the sobbing in Miss Hunt's room the night before and her insistent pleading on the telephone in the afternoon.

Larry and Sutton exchanged thoughtful glances.

"We'll take her next," Sutton said and stepped to the door to have her sent in. "Don't let 'er kid you, Holbrook. She's a beauty!" he winked playfully.

Larry smiled. "Watch yourself, captain."

Sutton paused in straightening his flamboyant tie and stared, bugeyed, at Larry. "Who? Me! Say! I'm married. I'm safe. Why——"

The door opened and Marilyn Hunt entered, scanning the room timorously almost as if she expected some horrible object on exhibit there. She was a slender girl with a creamy complexion and copper curls that usually wandered gracefully to a knot at the back. They were loose now and clinging like frightened children to the outer edges of her face. Sutton was right. She was beautiful.

Miss Hunt's Story.

Larry seated her solicitously. "We don't want to upset you, Miss Hunt, but we know you want to help us as much as you can."

She raised her gray eyes to him in quick agreement.

"Tell us all about how things happened this evening."

She sat forward clasping and unclasping her hands. "Well—Mr. Brian was expecting some important mail on the last delivery. It was about a large order. He wanted me to go over it with him and check with the stock numbers. It was a rush order that meant a lot to the company and he had agreed to see to it personally."

"Yes?" Larry encouraged kindly.

"Well, the order came and we had just finished." She toyed absently with her handkerchief. "It must have been nearly midnight. We had found out that a few numbers didn't correspond and he told me to write notes to the heads of those departments while he dictated one to the purchasers——"

"How could he do that?" Sutton interrupted.

"He used a dictaphone. I went on into my office and he closed the door so he wouldn't bother me——"

"Could you hear him at all through the door?"

"Yes. I could hear his voice dictating all the time, but I couldn't understand him. All at once he screamed. Then there was a noise like his light had been snapped out—and another funny noise."

"A funny noise?"

"A—gasping or choking—like he was breathing hard. I jumped up and rushed to his door, but I couldn't get in. Then I called for Julian and——"

"Was Julian in his office?"

"No. I thought he was, but he had just stepped down to the storeroom for something."

"Did he come right away?"

"It—took him a while to get there. Then he and I both tried all the doors and while he was working on one of them I ran out to see if Mark had got in. I met him in the hall and ——"

From there her story corresponded perfectly with Mark's

The Lost Key.

"Miss Hunt," Larry's smile was reassuring, "why didn't you or Julian take your own key and get to Mr. Brian from one of your offices?"

She stared at him blankly a moment. "Why—I hardly ever used my key . . . You see if we locked the main door into the office, it didn't make so much difference if the inner offices were open into each other. I got to leaving my keys in the lock and several days ago I missed it."

"You mean it had been taken from the lock?"

"It might have been! But at the time I just concluded it had dropped out and been swept up or kicked around someplace."

"Did you speak about it to anybody?"

"No."

"Humm . . . Kinda funny, wasn't it?" Sutton remarked.

Miss Hunt shuddered. "It was strange," she admitted. "But I didn't think of it then."

"Now, listen," Sutton leaned forward and studied her intently. "I want you to think. Did you hear any sound in his room before he let out this yell?"

For a minute, she remained silent, her eyes closed. "I—thought, just before that, he had moved his chair. There was a noise something like it."

"You didn't hear anybody walking around anywhere?"

"Why——" Her eyes opened in sudden terror. "Yes! I did. Somebody was walking softly in the outer office. I didn't think anything about it then because I thought Julian was out there."

"Was there anything individual about the walk?" Larry asked. "Anything that would make you think it was Julian or any other special person?"

"It was——" Slowly a strange comprehension appeared on the girl's face and following it—consternation.

To Be Continued.

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12 Die in Holiday Fires, Soviet Orders Arrests

Moscow, Jan. 4 (AP).—With at least 12 children burned to death and hundreds injured in New Year's tree fires, the newspaper Za Komunisticheskoye Proveshcheniye (Communist Education) announced today those responsible will be arrested and tried.

"The trials will serve as lessons," the paper added.

The fires were stated to have been due mainly to the desire of the Russians to make a big event of the official return of trees for heralding the new year. In some cases, decorators used heavy candles which overburdened the branches of the trees.

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PANAIR
12:07

A new place on the Chesterfield Map

The new Wake Island Hotel—over-night stop on the new Pan American Airways route to China.

CHINA MANILA GUAM WAKE MIDWAY HONOLULU SAN FRANCISCO

Off on a new cruise

Carrying more pleasure to more people ...giving smokers what they want ...*Chesterfields are off on a new cruise.*

From Wake Island 5000 miles out in the Pacific Ocean, Pan American Airways flashed this radio:

"RUSH TEN THOUSAND CHESTERFIELDS TODAY'S CHINA CLIPPER."

At three o'clock that afternoon the Chesterfields were on their way. Four days later back came the message:

"CHESTERFIELDS JUST ARRIVED. FAST WORK. PANAIR WAKE."

When smokers find out the good things Chesterfields give them . . . *nothing else will do*

Local News
Financial

The Washington Post

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**** X WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1937 13

The Federal Diary

By Samuel Lubell.

Career Bargain.

Contrary to impressions prevailing among some members of Congress a career service is not so terribly expensive. The statistical and service records foundations required for such a career system, for example, can be set up with an appropriation of only about $250,000.

In its annual report the Civil Service Commission asks that an "adequate statistical unit be established so the commission may have adequate personnel data to meet the requirements of the President, Congress and the various Government establishments."

Not a day passes, but a half dozen or more calls for personnel statistics of some sort come into the commission. To meet these demands and to bring its personnel statistics up to date, the Commission would like to conduct a survey of all Government agencies, transferring the data to punch cards. Then if the commission was asked for information the cards could be whirred through the machines and the data gotten. All this can be done for just about $100,000.

Another section of the report urges the need of bringing up to date "the serious arrearage in service records" and "more extensive personnel records to be kept by a mechanical system." So far behind is the commission in its work that it is often months before appointments are checked. If these records could be brought up to date and the data transferred to a mechanical record system, transfers, and promotions would be facilitated and the commission would have a means for securing the personnel data necessary for a career system. How much that cost? About $150,000.

Add the $100,000 for establishing an adequate statistical unit and the total cost would be $250,000. Even the slightest improvement in personnel morale and efficiency would pay Uncle Sam dividends on such an investment.

Here are a couple of figures that speak volumes on how overworked the commission's personnel is. From 1920 to 1930 the commission normally examined 250,000 applicants annually. Last year 780,000 were examined.

Annual Reports.

This being the season when Cabinet and bureau chiefs resume the activities of the last fiscal year our desk is literally piled high with annual reports. We haven't had time to read more than a few—the trees probably will be green again before we're through with the lot. Most significant from the point of Government workers is that of the Civil Service Commission which is summarized elsewhere in the Post—significant because rarely has a commission's report shown such firm resolve to seek the extension and improvement of the merit system.

Another report, sections of which might well be mimeographed and distributed to all employes—and personnel officers—is that of Dr. W. W. Stockberger, personnel director at Agriculture.

"A major function of the office of personnel," writes Dr. Stockberger, "is to sponsor and promote every legitimate measure which will contribute to the efficiency, morale and general welfare of our employes, and to effectuate a reciprocal and sympathetic appreciation by supervisory officials and the rank and file of their respective points of view.

"The central office of personnel formulates general policies . . . but the results depend upon the nature of the relationship established in that narrow zone of contact between superviser and supervised. Personnel administration will be successful to the extent that line supervisers are made conversant with approved personnel procedures and are held responsible for their understanding and use.

"Securing of new, acceptably qualified incumbents for vacant positions at higher levels of responsibility is a problem of increasing difficulty. This indicates the desirability of a more critical examination of the educational background of future entrants into the service and also the necessity for a systematic program of training through which active-minded employes could acquire a better understanding of the principles of management and of the interrelations of departmental operations and functions. Career training should prove attractive to competent, younger employes, if provision is made for security of tenure, reasonable compensation and opportunity for promotion."

To Dr. Stockberger's report may we add three resolutions for personnel officers put forward by the Civil Service Assembly in their current newsletter.

To initiate and follow through at least one research study covering some phase of personnel administration; to stimulate employe training programs, and to work closely with departmental officials to find workable and satisfactory solutions to their personnel problems.

Postals.

War Department Engineer Harry A. Knox has just received a patent on a new suspension spring device for trucks . . . With production credit associations beginning to hold meetings in various parts of the country, this has become the barnstorming season for several Farm Credit officials. Gov. William I. Myers, S. M. Garwood, C. R. Arnold, C. G. Gorman and Charles Stewart . . .

The Washington chapter of the newly formed National Lawyers Guild meets Saturday night in the Interior Auditorium to hear Representative Maury Maverick and Morris W. Ernst . . . Clara McWhinney, of Veterans' Administration, will preside at the next meeting of Babcock's U. C. S. E., January 12, at the Harrington . . . Add January social jottings: An entertainment and dance of the Joint Retirement Committee of the Naval Gun Factory, January 29, at the Mayflower . . .

Extension of the merit system to all postmasters and Presidential authorization to extend the system to emergency agencies are two of the planks in the legislative program being pushed by the National League of Women Voters . . . The Office of Education has 19 forum demonstration centers in as many States, serving a gross population of about 4,000,000.

Just Embers Remain of Reed Home at Four Corners

Post Staff Photo.

Blair Reed (inset) father of William Reed, who is sought for murder of Elwood Matthews, yesterday saw his home at Four Corners, Md., burn to the ground. Two firemen are shown watching the still smoking ashes.

More Authority For D. C. Heads Urged by Seal

Citizens' Group Told Need of Delegating Power to Commissioners.

Revealing that of the 142 bills relating to the District and presented in Congress last year, 38 should have been controlled by municipal regulation, Elwood H. Seal, assistant corporation counsel told the Dupont Citizens Association yesterday that they plan to introduce legislation this year that would delegate more power to the Commissioners.

"The District authorities cannot, for instance, prevent loitering in public buildings or have a body disinterred without permission of Congress," the assistant corporation counsel declared.

Reviewing the eleven bills that will soon be introduced and that were given a public airing in the District Building last week, Seal said that most interest centered around the Sunday licensing of liquor stores and that most of those present left after voicing their opposition.

"I must give you to understand," Seal declared, "that the Commissioners did not sponsor that bill and that they will not be a party to its advocacy if it reaches the Capitol."

The association earlier discussed the proposal to levy a $5 tax on each car and the floating of a bond issue on the strength of the collection to provide for municipal garages for District owners. A resolution authorizing the chair to ask the traffic commission to furnish a report on that proposal was adopted. Woodson P. Houghton, vice president of the association, presided.

Forest Hills

The Forest Hills Citizens Association last night went on record as being strongly in favor of the proposal that all children in the District be immunized against diphtheria. The suggestion was made by Dr. Charles B. Campbell at the Federation of Citizens Associations' meeting Saturday.

After an explanation of the proposed small claims court by Mark Stearman, local attorney, the citizens voted to approve the plan in principle.

Maj. Gen. Mason M. Patrick was appointed chairman of the committee, in charge of the association's annual dinner, to be held early in February.

Kenilworth

The Kenilworth Citizens Association, meeting at Kenilworth Recreation Center last night, re-elected the entire slate of officers who served during the past year.

The officers are William Webb, president; John Burke, vice president; Mrs. Mabel M. Hubbel, secretary; Paul Dollman, treasurer; Earl Dillon and Charles Maize, delegates to the Federation of Citizens Associations.

Mrs. Hubbel announced that the Capital Transit Co. had agreed to run a special bus for the benefit of children in the section who attend Anacostia High School. The bus will leave Sixteenth street and Minnesota avenue northeast at 7:51 a. m. It will start its return trip at 3:07 p. m.

Georgetown

The Georgetown Progressive Citizens Association appointed a committee to work with the Alley Dwelling Authority in a study of the alley situation in Georgetown.

After a talk by Robert Dougan, of the Capital Transit Co., another committee was appointed to make recommendations for changes in street-car and bus routes in the Georgetown area.

Takoma Park D. C.

The Takoma Park D. C. Citizens Association, meeting last night in Takoma School, commended the action of the District Commissioners in refusing to recommend proposed legislation to permit the sale of liquor on Sunday and in favoring passage of a bill to strengthen the law against gambling.

The citizens also praised the Commissioners for attempt to make suitable provision for the treatment and care of drunkards. Meetings of the association will continue to be held in Takoma School, it was announced.

Elder Reed Sees Home Burn As Son Is Hunted in Murders

Flames Raze Maryland Farmhouse While Police Throughout Country Seek Young Suspect in Slaying of Two Men.

Blair Reed, Maryland businessman and family disciplinarian, yesterday watched the comfortable little home, in which he had raised his children to be proud of their distinguished ancestry, crumble in flames.

Gone were his oldest boys upon whom he had pinned his hopes. Edward, 28, was serving a ten-year term for housebreaking in the penitentiary, and William, 25, was hunted throughout the country in a murder case.

Stern, unyielding, Reed watched the walls of his home fall, and then trudged across the muddy fields with his youngest boy, Milburn (Pee Wee) Reed, 18, to seek shelter at a neighbor's home.

Fire broke out in the frame cottage in the woods near Four Corners, Md., while Reed and his son were shopping at a store 2 miles away.

Mrs. Phillip Brown, neighbor who discovered the blaze, said the fire started in the roof near the chimney. The elder Reed and firemen agreed the blaze had been caused by an overheated stove. The police said there was no evidence of incendiarism.

Father Stood by Them.

Reed is known to his neighbors as a frugal and well-to-do man. He insisted that his family live modestly and as his boys matured refused to pamper them with advantages other youths lacked. He wanted them to grow us as he had and become respected citizens.

As the years passed, however, policemen frequently called at the Reed home to question the Reed boys about small thefts and other minor crimes. Then Edward was sent to the penitentiary. Elwood Matthews, neighboring farmer, for whose recent murder William is sought, testified against him. William was sent to the house of correction for two years in connection with another crime.

The father of the boys stood by them and paid for their bail and lawyers.

Several weeks after William was released, he is reported to have waylaid Matthews near Four Corners, with Lawrence Gingell, 20, and War Joseph Kirby, 22. According to confessions made by Gingell and Kirby, William shot the aged farmer while the latter pleaded for mercy after he had been thrown into the Northwest Branch.

The trio fled to West Virginia and their car ran out of gas near Charleston. William E. Dollman, 30, en route to his Charleston (W. Va.) home to visit his parents Thanksgiving day, stopped and offered to drive Gingell and Reed to a gas station. Gingell said Reed shot Dollman through the head and then cremated his body in the automobile.

The confession stated that after the crimes Reed returned to his father's home. The parents urged their son to surrender to authorities. Young Reed refused, and during the night his father went out to telephone the police to get their son. But when policemen surrounded the house the youth had fled.

Citizens Fight $830,000 More For D. C. Relief

Additional Appropriation Would Hit 'Creaking Machinery,' Is View.

Citing seven points in opposition, the Washington Taxpayers Association yesterday urged the District Commissioners to refuse support of a proposed $830,000 additional appropriation for direct relief in the District, scheduled for discussion with local welfare leaders today.

Contending the additional appropriation would "throw another monkey wrench into our already creaking financial machine," the group advocated discontinuance of direct relief and abolition of the District's public assistance division beyond the necessary staff to administer old-age pensions, blind pensions and the like.

In a letter to the Commissioners, Rufus Lusk, president of the organization, said:

"The Commissioners are confronted with a serious enough problem to raise the necessary funds for the 1938 budget. This additional $830,000 would only add another burden."

In support of his group's demands, Lusk asked consideration of the following points:

There is no depression in Washington today and there has been none for almost three years.

The number of employed persons here is greater than at any time, except during the World War period.

Pay rolls are probably the largest they have ever been.

Residential building in 1936, on which is employed much common labor, was more than any year in the history of the city, with the exception of 1925 and 1926.

Department store sales are back to the 1929 level despite reduction in prices.

The number of Federal employes in the city is within 2,000 of the wartime peak.

The number of automobiles is the largest of any city of its size in the world.

Spokesmen of the Council of Social Agencies and other private civic and welfare groups are scheduled to appear before the Commissioners today to urge the $830,000 as a supplemental relief apropriation.

According to Board of Public Welfare officials, the sum is needed to care for aproximately 1,000 families not eligible for relief because they have one or more members who are classed as "employable."

Direct relief since June has been limited to those classed as "unemployables." Certain physical handicaps, it has been pointed out, hinder many of those classed as "employables" from finding suitable work.

Woman Hit by Truck In Serious Condition

Ethel Omohundro, 26, of 528 Minnesota avenue northeast, was injured seriously last night when she was struck by a light delivery truck operated, police said, by John Stewart, 40, colored, of the 1000 block of Fifty-first street northeast.

The accident occurred on the west end of the Benning viaduct. Miss Omohundro was taken to Casualty Hospital, where physicians said she had suffered concussion of the brain, a fractured rib and multiple cuts and bruises. Police arrested Stewart.

Reformer Lashes At Policy Racket

Stating that $100,000 a day is spent by District residents in the numbers racket, Henry N. Pringle, of the International Reform Federation, yesterday told his audience at the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church that Nero and his Roman cronies were pikers in comparison to modern vice czars.

Pringle, who turned the guns of his reform spirit on everything from prostitution to cigaret smoking and alcohol, said that one-fourth of the national income is expended directly or indirectly on vice. He called smoking mothers "potential murderesses," State governments the "silent partners of gamesters" and dubbed race track betting in the United States "the occupation of knaves."

City people, Pringle said, are "not more wicked, but more tempted," and he added:

"In our large cities vice preys on virtue and altruism is crushed out by greed and there is an ominous silence in our chamber of commerce."

4 CCC Units To Be Armed For Inaugural

Pick, Shovel and Ax Brigade to March 400 Strong.

Four companies of Civilian Conservation Corps workers, dressed in new uniforms and armed with picks, shovels and axes, will participate in the Inaugural parade here on January 20, it was announced last night at the Third Corps Army headquarters in Baltimore.

Each company, it was said, will have 100 men and one will be composed of colored boys.

Final plans for President Roosevelt's second Inaugural were thrown into "high gear" here yesterday as Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson, general chairman of arrangements, announced receipt of more than half of the necessary guaranty fund.

A total of 94 donors, Admiral Grayson said, have subscribed $56,-; toward success of the Presidential induction ceremonies. Prompt response to pleas for financial aid, the Inaugural chairman added, have made it possible to complete grandstands along Pennsylvania avenue by Thursday of this week. Paint and decorations will be added early next week and the stands will be completed.

2,000 Helpers on Hand.

More than 2,000 District residents —among them civic, business and Government leaders—are helping to put finishing touches on the Inaugural program, Admiral Grayson said. Members of his staff are now working seven days a week to complete hundreds of unfinished details.

Grandstand tickets will be printed this year so that only a small stub will be torn off and the remainder may be retained as a souvenir. It will bear pictures of both President Roosevelt and Vice President Garner and instead of a rising sun as was pictured four years ago, the souvenir tickets will show a full sun, indicative of recovery.

The two service cadet corps will arrive in Washington just in time to join the Inaugural parade from Capitol Hill. The West Pointers will leave New York the night of January 19 and midshipmen will leave Annapolis the morning of January 20.

Lighting Costs $3,000.

Admiral Grayson also announced that bids are now open for lighting of the court of honor in front of the White House. Flood lights are expected to be used in addition to hundreds of colored bulbs. Col. Dan I. Sulton, chairman of the grandstand committee, estimated the lighting cost at $3,000.

Robert V. Fleming, chairman of the finance committee, announced the following names and concerns as having subscribed to the Inaugural guaranty fund:

Byron S. Adams	$ 100.00
F. G. Addison, Jr.	100.00
Annapolis Hotel	500.00
A. & P. Food Stores	500.00
Barber & Ross Co.	100.00
Charles H. Bates	50.00
Jos. Berlanstein and John M. Thal	20.00
Clifford K. Berryman	25.00
Henry P. Blair	100.00
Blue & Gray Sight Seeing Tours, Inc.	50.00
Brewood	100.00
Capital Transit Co.	3,000.00
Dr. Simeon L. Carson	100.00
Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co.	4,000.00
W. W. Chiswell	100.00
P. O. Coffin	250.00
Admiral H. I. Cone	25.00
Cornell Wall Paper Co.	25.00
William H. Cragin	50.00
Corcoran Thom	10.00
Charles A. Douglas	50.00
E. P. Droop Sons Co.	250.00
H. Rozier Dulany	100.00
Eastern Vlavi Co.	20.00
Electric Boat Co.	500.00
Evening Star	2,000.00
William W. Everett	300.00
Robert V. Fleming	500.00
Isaac Gans	25.00
Julius Garfinkel & Co.	1,500.00
Harry J. Gerrity	50.00
Charles C. Glover, Jr.	200.00
Admiral Cary T. Grayson	1,000.00
Greater Natl. Capital Committee	4,000.00
Gilbert Grosvenor	100.00
Hon. F. M. Gunther	50.00
Randall H. Hagner & Co.	500.00
Hamilton Hotel	500.00
Hay-Adams House	500.00
Hechinger Co.	100.00
C. Heurich	500.00
Joe High	10.00
Frank J. Hogan	1,500.00
William D. Hoover	100.00
Frank Jelleff, Inc.	1,500.00
Kal Advertising, Inc.	100.00
J. B. Kendall Co.	100.00
Lamb Seal & Stencil Co.	100.00
Ralph W. Lee & Co.	200.00
Mrs. Jacob Leander Loose	1,000.00
L. P. McLachlen	200.00
Maz Hardware Co.	300.00
Mazo-Lerch Co., Inc.	100.00
Harry G. Meem	150.00
Robert N. Miller	50.00
C. Powell Minnigerode	25.00
Edgar Morris Sales Co.	300.00
G. M. P. Murphy & Co.	1,000.00
National Capital Press, Inc.	100.00
National Electric Supply Co.	500.00
N. & W. D. C. Steamboat Co.	1,500.00
Robert Lee O'Brien	100.00
Peoples Drug Stores, Inc.	2,000.00
R. Ross Perry, Jr.	100.00
M. Philipsborn & Co.	100.00
Potomac Electric Power Co.	4,000.00
Ord Preston	250.00
Jesse W. Rawlings	10.00
L. H. Reichelderfer	300.00
W. M. Ritter	200.00
Rothstein Dental Laboartories	10.00
Dr. Sterling Ruffin	20.00
H. L. Rust Co.	1,000.00
E. G. Schafer Co.	50.00
Charles Schneider Bakins Co., Inc.	200.00
James Sharp	10.00
A. Leftwich Sinclair	100.00
W. & J. Sloane	150.00
Odell S. Smith	50.00
Col. David S. Stanley	100.00
A. Blair Thaw	50.00
Corcoran Thom	1,000.00
Charles H. Tompkins Co.	100.00
Joseph Tumulty	100.00
George O. Vass	100.00
Washington Gas Light Co.	3,000.00
Hotel Washington	2,000.00
Washington Properties, Inc.	4,000.00
Weaver Bros., Inc.	500.00
Adam A. Weschler & Son, Inc.	50.00
Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co	250.00
G. C. Wilkinson	100.00
Willard Hotel	2,000.00
Wodward & Lothrop	4,000.00

Admiral Grayson announced that Commissioner George E. Allen had selected the following persons to serve with him on the general reception committee:

Raymond N. Beebe, Col. E. Goring Bliss, Clement L. Bouve, John St. Clair Brooke, Harry C. Butcher, Louis Caldwell, James E. Colliflower, Carl W. Corby, Robert J. Cottrell, Clarence Phelps Dodge, Robert V. Fleming, John Hana, Arthur Hellen, Thilman J. Hendricks, Frank Jelleff, John T. Lambert, Thomas E. Lodge, Karl Loos, Guy Mason, William McClellan, Malcolm McConihe, Lowell Mellett, Eugene Meyer, William Montgomery, Edgar Morris, Newbold Noyes, Theodore Noyes, Eleanor Patterson, John Pelley, E. Barrett Prettyman, Seth Richardson, Frank M. Russell, Hal Rust, jr., John Saul, Russell E. Singer, W. W. Spald, Marcy L. Soerry, W. C. Sullivan, Merle Thorpe, Walter Tuckerman, Corcoran Thom, Joseph P. Tumulty, Nelson M. Walker, Roger J. Whiteford, Lloyd B. Wilson.

South Is U. S. Literary Center, Asserts Allen Tate, Noted Poet

Most Famous of Modern Writers Southerners, Author Declares.

By Eugene Warner.

The literary regeneration of the South, cabbages and kings were discussed yesterday by Allen Tate, noted Southern poet, who is visiting here preparatory to writing a novel on life in old Georgetown and Fairfax County.

Tate, small, moustached, high-browed, has like many other American intellectuals interested himself more in the world's social ills than the daffodils and romance which bewitched earlier poets. He has just published a symposium with Herbert Agar called "Who Owns America," and is a leader in the Southern agrarian movement.

No Socialist, no Communist, no Fascist is he. He considers himself and his friends true Jeffersonians. "Their plan for solving the economic difficuties of America is a return to a nation of small, independent freeholders, and the complete decentralization of Big Business." This, he says, was the America in which democracy thrived, and this at least is some kind of an answer which does not involve either of the extremes which have the world hypnotized today, communism and fascism.

Southerners Lauded.

Speaking of literature, he said: "The literary center of the United States is definitely in the South." He named Stark Young, William Falkner, Ellen Glasgow and Elizabeth Maddox Roberts, all Southerners, as the finest novelists of the times. (Asked why he did not mention Mary Margaret Mitchell and James Branch Cabell on his all-star Southern team, he said, "Let's skip them.")

Going on to build up his premise, he added that the best magazine published today is the Southern Review, a Louisiana State University offshoot. He then stated that the best poet of the times is John Crowe Ransom, of Nashville. (Both Tate and Ransom are Guggenheim Fellows, Tennesseeans and poets). Ransom is author of "Bread After Meat," "Chills and Fever" and other books of verse. He said New York publishers are all frantic to get Southern writers.

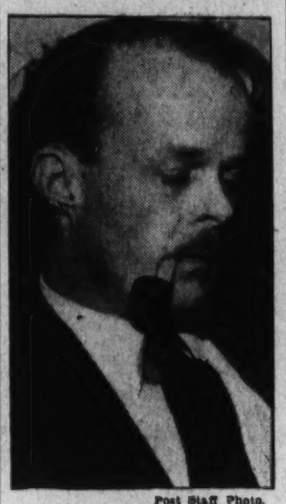
"The reason for the popularity of the Southern school of writing is quite plain to me," he said. "It develops from the unrest in the great Northern metropoles. Readers in the thickly populated North are fascinated by the stability of Southern civilization. Of course, that civilization has its unrests now, too, but such a book as Stark Youngs' 'So Red the Rose' gave our unhappy moderns a picture of something they never knew, but which they want terribly much. The security, the tradition and the solidity of the old Southern social system, even when known only through the pages of a book, was an antidote to their unrest."

Bandwagons Deplored.

Tate criticized the American intellectual habit of jumping onto bandwagons. "I have a great many friends in the South and in New York who knew that something was vitally wrong with a capitalistic structure which would permit the crash of 1929, and they immediately looked around for some solution. Without thinking much, they jumped onto the Communist bandwagon. They were stampeded.

"I am sorry to see men of letters deserting the field of ideas. We should reserve our judgments until we have examined all possibilities. Now communism is no more satisfactory to us as a nation than is fascism. We ought to uncover some other solution. This agrarianism that we have been preaching in Nashville may or may not be the answer. Some very fine thinkers here and in England believe it has merit. The English advocates call their system 'Distributionism,' but it is the same plan as ours. Hillair Belloc, the late G. K. Chesterton and Douglas Jerrold were identified with it there."

Tate's family lived in Washington during the 1860's and he went to the old home yesterday at Prospect and Thirty-fifth streets northwest, to find it completely closed and possessing something of a reputation in the neighborhood as a "mystery house." He plans to use some of the features of the house in his next book.



Post Staff Photo.

ALLEN TATE.

Wife Also Writes.

His wife, Caroline Gordon, author of three novels, is with him here. They are visiting at the home of Mrs. Randolph Winslow, painter, at 3161 P street northwest. Caroline Gordon wrote a novel quite similar in setting to Margaret Mitchell's "Gone With the Wind," Tate said, and had it accepted for publication about the time "The Wind" appeared. So great was the success of Miss Mitchell's book, the publisher decided to withdraw Miss Gordon's book for publication "until the wind subsided." His wife's new book is called "None Shall Look Back."

Tate is author of "Stonewall Jackson," "Jefferson Davis—His Rise and Fall," and several volumes of verses and criticism. His "Reactionary Essays," in 1936, caused considerable stir in literary circles. "Jefferson Davis" was the only book he ever made any money on, but he hopes to pick up some money with his first romantic novel, on which he is working now. Tate and his wife live at Benfolly, an old country estate near Clarksville, Tenn.

D. C. Zone Unit Loses Its Fight On Apartment

High Court Denies Review Involving Project on Woodley Place.

The District Zoning Commission yesterday lost its long legal battle to prevent rezoning of an uptown residential section to permit erection of a six-story apartment house at 2609 Woodley place northwest.

The United States Supreme Court denied review of a suit against the commission brought several years ago by Evelyn S. Hawley, owner of the property. After passing from the District Court to the District Court of Appeals, the suit, seeking a mandatory injunction against the commission, had been pending for some time.

The property is at the west end of the new Calvert Street Bridge, adjacent to Rock Creek Park. It is now zoned as "Residential A"—exclusively private homes. By the Supreme Court's decision, however, the commission must now change the zoning to "Residential C," permitting erection of the apartment house.

Col. Hugh P. Oram, District Zoning Commissioner, long opposed to the change, said a six-story apartment house on the site would be equal to a 12-story building in other sections of the community because of the high ground.

"Under the court order," Oram said, "we will have to reopen the case. But I have hopes of reaching some sort of compromise with the property owner."

G. A. R. Auxiliary Unit To Install New Officers

Gen. George H. Beck Chapter, Ladies of the G. A. R. will hold its annual installation of officers tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the Raleigh Hotel.

Officers to be installed will include Mrs. Pess Pierce, president; Mrs. Eva States McBride, first vice president; Mrs. Catherine Winkleman, second vice president; Mrs. Minnie Curtiss, treasurer; Mrs. Anne Hausman, patriotic instructor; Mrs. Suzanne Myers, conductor, and Mrs. Clara Feister, assistant conductor.

Housing Board Setup Is Asked By Labor Body

Lower Rents, Fee Control Periodic Inspections Also Requested.

A resolution urging Congress to lower rents, alleviate the housing problem and establish a District Housing Authority was adopted unanimously last night by the Central Labor Union.

The resolution, which also asks for establishment of a landlords' court, control of rent fees and periodic inspection of houses by the health department, likewise was adopted unanimously after being presented by H. J. Thompson, chairman of the housing committee.

To make the motion effective, a meeting of all affiliated locals of the central body with the labor housing conference of the American Federation of Labor will be called early in February.

Thompson in his resolution said that houses available to low and medium salaried workers were inadequate.

Reiterating its stand, the union indorsed Representative Mary P. Norton's racing bill for the District. The bill would permit the parimutuel betting system here.

Re-election of all officers of the central body except Mrs. Agnes King, a trustee, was assured last night when present officers were nominated for a second term without opposition.

Those nominated were: John Locher, president; Clyde M. Mills, vice president; Frank J. Coleman, recording secretary, who has served 15 terms; R. C. Lester, financial secretary; J. E. Toone, treasurer, and Michael Tozzollo, sergeant-at-arms.

Henry Ryan, the only new officer nominated, will succeed Mrs. King as a trustee. Harry J. Thompson and Frank W. Lee are the other trustees re-nominated.

Lumber Output Soars.

The National Lumber Manufacturers Association reported yesterday the lumber industry experienced sharp increases in production, shipments and new business during 1936, compared with 1935. Production increased 26 per cent, shipments 23 per cent, and new orders 26 per cent.

Army Control Of Potomac Is Outlined

Markham Asks $582,000 to Be Expended on Local Projects.

Plans for controlling the Potomac River and developing the Washington waterfront were outlined yesterday by Maj. Gen. Edward M. Markham, chief of Army Engineers, in his annual report recommending expenditure of $252,796,450 on combined rivers and harbors and flood control projects throughout the Nation.

Gen. Markham estimated that $582,000 could be "profitably expended" by the War Department in the fiscal year beginning July 1 on local projects.

He recommended expenditures totaling $240,000 for local flood control; $285,000 for starting work on development of the Washington Harbor, and $157,000 for dredging and clearing the Potomac River.

On a national scale, Markham estimated $140,150,150 for waterway improvements and $112,646,300 for flood control could be expended profitably. An additional $39,718,770 would be required for maintenance, he pointed out.

Comparison Made.

The total proposed sum compares with $225,558,465 actually spent in the fiscal year which ended in June, 1936.

Gen. Markham pointed out it would require $1,520,800 to complete the local flood control project which embraces construction of dams and levees at Cumberland, Harpers Ferry and Moorfield, W. Va. Of this amount, $571,000 would be required to build levees and raise grades to protect downtown Washington, Bolling Field and the Naval Air Station and the Arlington Experimental Farm.

Gen. Markham pointed out that the disastrous floods last March cost the District and Federal governments alone $300,000.

The proposed development of the Washington commercial waterfront calls for a yacht harbor of four sections with berthing space for 286 boats in Washington Channel, construction of five new wharves and removal of old and dilapidated structures. It would cost $1,650,000 to complete the project.

$15,000 Available for Plans.

Army engineers would like to spend $285,000 during the next fiscal year constructing three sections of the yacht basin, Gen. Markham said. Plans for the waterfront development are being prepared with a $15,000 allotment granted last July.

Out of the $157,000 suggested for making the Potomac River more navigable in the vicinity of Washington, Gen. Markham said, $110,000 would be spent dredging the Virginia Channel between Memorial Bridge and Easbys Point.

Gen. Markham pointed out that $210,000 was allocated for flood control projects on the Potomac River in the current fiscal year.

Markham topped his list of recommendations for the Maryland area with $4,110,000 for work on the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal.

Improvement of the canal, scheduled for completion July 1, 1938, will increase the depth of the old waterway from 12 to 27 feet and the width from 90 to 250 feet. Total cost of the project is estimated at $14,000,000.

Among Larger Estimates.

Among the larger estimates were:

Missouri River, Kansas City to Sioux City, $18,600,000 and $750,000 for maintenance.

Great Lakes to Hudson River waterway, $10,000,000.

Missouri River at Fort Peck (Mont.), $8,706,000.

Illinois waterway, $7,934,000 and $998,000 for maintenance.

Bonneville Dam, $6,974,000.

New York and New Jersey channels, $5,000,000 and $118,000 for maintenance.

Sacramento River debris control, $4,645,000.

Cape Cod Canal, Massachusetts, $4,000,000 and $370,000 for maintenance.

Chesapeake & Delaware Canal, $3,650,000 and $460,000 for maintenance.

Kanawha River, West Virginia, $2,480,000 and $200,000 for maintenance.

Largest of the national projects recommended was expenditure of $35,041,000 on the Mississippi River between the Missouri River and Minneapolis, requiring an additional $1,969,000 for maintenance.

Boilers in District Just Worry Along Without Inspector

Since December 24, it was learned yesterday, Washington has had no boiler inspector.

Price M. Greenlaw, the District's one and only inspector of boilers, was ousted from office by a law abolishing the fee system enacted at the last session of Congress.

His job was the last fee system position on the District pay rolls. When the law became effective, there was no funds available with which to pay his salary.

Under civil service classifications, the position calls for a salary of $3,200. But under the fee system—a percentage from each inspection—Greenlaw was reported to have made considerably more.

Engineer Commissioner Dan I. Sultan said it would probably be possible to delve into a special emergency fund to pay Greenlaw.

TROUSERS
TO MATCH YOUR
ODD COATS
EISEMAN'S, 7TH & F

Capitol Hill Prepares for Opening of the 75th Congress

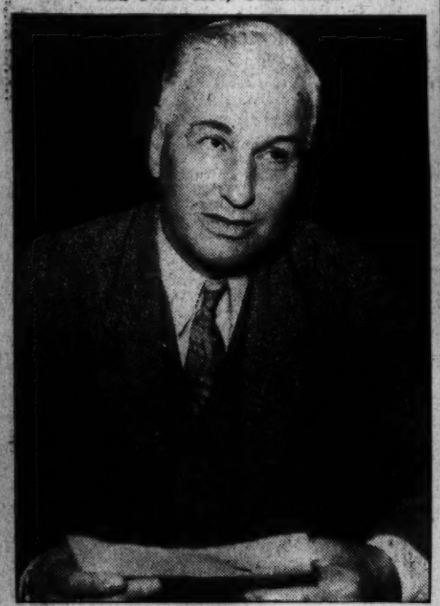
The Post is the only daily morning paper in Washington with A. P. WIREPHOTO Service.

Post Staff Photo.

CELEBRATES 79TH BIRTHDAY. Senator Carter Glass (center) of Virginia being congratulated by Senator Bailey of North Carolina (left) and Senator Byrnes of South Carolina as they left for the Democratic caucus meeting.

Underwood & Underwood.

NEW DEMOCRATIC SENATORS WELCOMED. Group of newly-elected members of the U. S. Senate, who will begin their terms today, pictured with Senator Joseph T. Robinson, floor leader. From left, Senators H. H. Hitchcock, of South Dakota; P. M. Brown, of Michigan; E. C. Johnson, Colorado; Allen Ellenden, Louisiana; Claude Pepper, Florida; Senator Robinson; H. H. Schwartz, Wyoming; C. O. Andrews, Florida; J. H. Hughes, Delaware; G. M. Gillette, Iowa, and Josh Lee, Oklahoma.



Harris & Ewing.

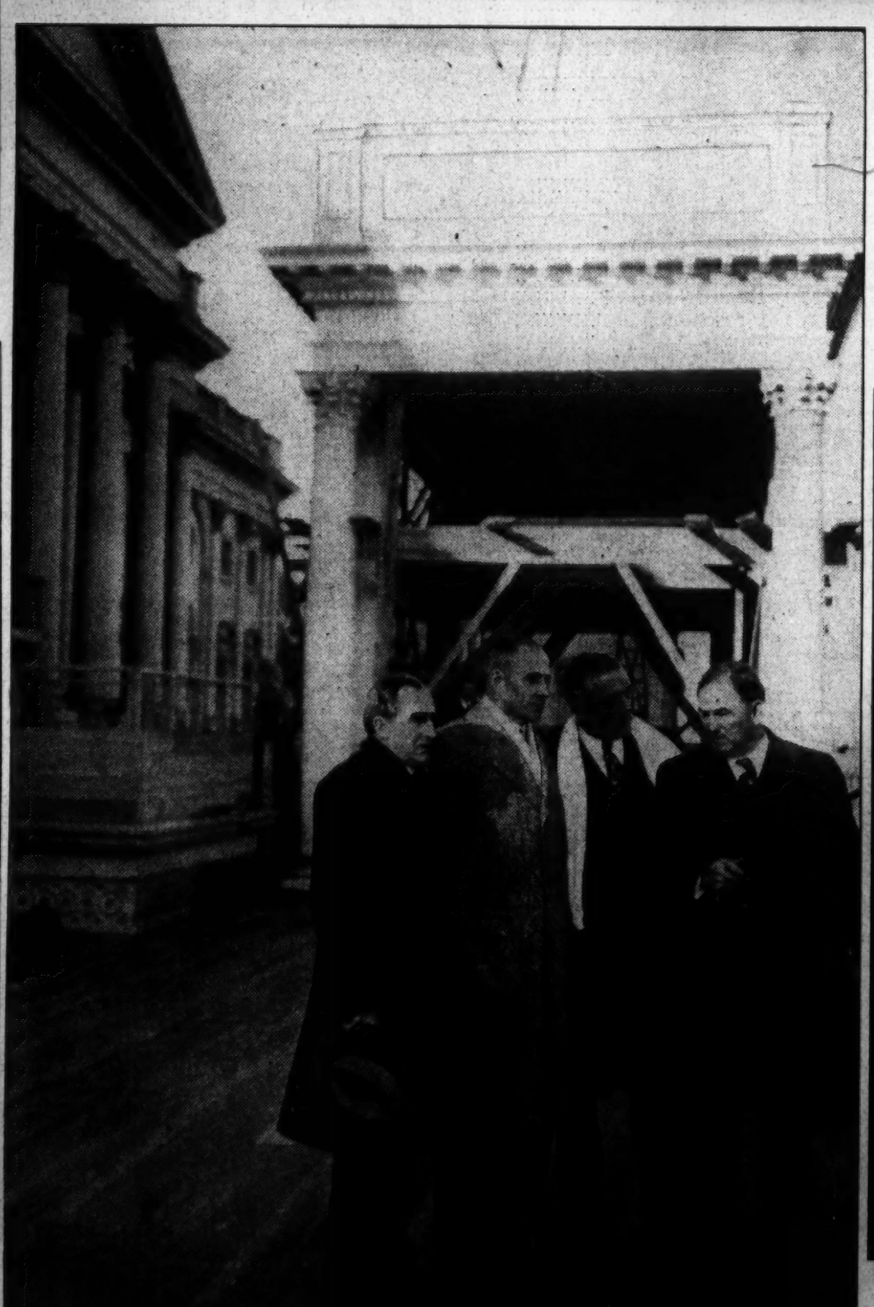
NEW SENATOR FROM IOWA.—Guy M. Gillette, elected to the Senate from Iowa, pictured shortly after arriving at his office yesterday.

Post Staff Photos.

NEW HOUSE LEADER CLEANS UP.—Flash bulbs were popping all around Representative Sam Rayburn following announcement of his selection as majority leader of the House. At right he is being congratulated by a colleague.

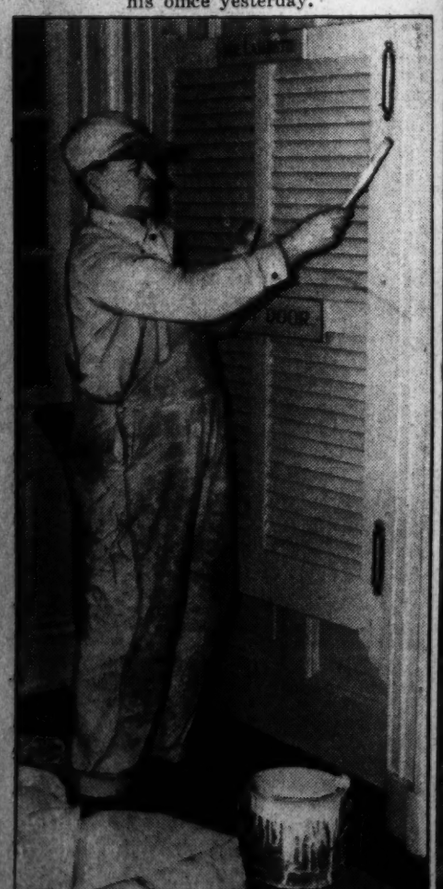
Post Staff Photo.

THE LADY FROM OREGON. (Right) Representative Nan Wood Honeyman, newly elected member from Oregon, who takes her seat with the 75th Congress today.



Harris & Ewing.

INSPECT INAUGURAL STANDS. (Left) Admiral Cary T. Grayson, inaugural committee chairman, with members of the Capitol Inaugural Committee as they inspected stands where President Roosevelt will take his second oath of office on January 20. Senator M. M. Neely, of West Virginia; Col. Edwin Halsey and Senator Joseph T. Robinson are shown with Admiral Grayson.



Post Staff Photo.

CAPITOL PAINTERS BUSY. Quick drying paint was being applied hurriedly in corridors and offices of the Capitol Building in preparation for the opening of Congress today.

Post Staff Photo.

TOWARD THE END OF THE DAY. Speaker Bankhead, who was returned to the rostrum following the House caucus, and Representative Rayburn, who won the majority leadership, shown as they made a last stand before the horde of photographers that invaded Capitol Hill yesterday.

In HOLLYWOOD With Jimmy Fiddler

Idol Chatter.

Hollywood, Jan. 4.

Freddie Bartholomew may be billed over Mickey Rooney in the advertisements but Mickey leads the studio gang. Jean Muir is too foot conscious; on least provocation she boasts hers are Garbo-size. Name that reminds me of April flowers tra-la: Spring Byington. When Nat Pendelton wraps her huge paw around a water glass, no one can see glass. Lyda Roberti is superstitious about autographing pictures to people she likes; says it ends friendships.

Shirley Temple reminds me of Little Miss Muffet Who Sat On the Tuffet. Peas from the same pod: Margaret Sullavan and Noris Nolan.

Twelve years ago Norma Shearer worked for L. B. Mayer for $75 a week; today he pays her nearer a million annually. Robert Taylor's hair is not really curly; when movie roles demand, he calls in a hair-dresser.

Best scene of the month: Mae West circling and eye-measuring robust Randolph Scott (in "Go West Young Man"). Out in public, Joan Crawford talks and Franchot Tone listens. Henry Fonda rates aces among set crews because he never fails to lend a hand when there is heavy work and lack of man power. Add good fellows: Jimmy Stewart. Movie stars "talk shop" more than the busy bees of any other industry or profession. This may startle you, but star-actresses beg to play opposite William Powell more often than Clark Gable or Robert Taylor.

Spencer Tracy and I were swapping banter about nothing much in particular this morning, when we were joined by a conceited young actor who talks about himself half the time, but will consent to listen while you talk about him the other half. Today he was strangely quiet, and Spence and I were mute with astonishment. At length the fellow did say, "I don't feel like myself." At which Tracy snapped, "Yeah, I notice the improvement."

Nickelodeon theaters, of which the town has several, are drawing on Hollywood for more patronage than might be expected. After all, these cinemas are small, ill-ventilated places. Nevertheless, I have found several stars and more directors who pay their nickels to see the old movies which are reissued in such theaters. Charlie Caplin's "The Gold Rush," produced in 1925, brought out at least a dozen, for example. The Hollywood attendance is made up of present day notables who go either to see traditional old photoplays, or to see themselves as they looked in their earlier days.

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The Post's New Yorker

By Leonard Lyons.

American Tragedy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.

THEODORE Dreiser spent New Year's Eve at Leon & Eddie's—blowing balloons. When a news photographer snapped his photo, Dreiser sighed: "So this is fame." . . . Francis Lederer spent three days shopping for a Christmas gift for Margo. He finally found what he wanted—at the Jewelers' Exchange on the Bowery—a 3-karat diamond ring, which Margo now wears . . . The Brass Rail is reported to have paid $125,000 for the first N. Y. World's Fair Concession—the frankfurter and roll consession . . .

STRAVINSKY *went to the Cotton Club New Year's Eve. The noted conductor watched the midnight snake dance and shouted: "Ah, Amereeca—vunderful." He refused to pose for photos—but the press agent told him: "America, this wonderful place—everybody poses for pictures on New Year's Eve." So Stravinsky posed!*

THE CABARET Squad which trails jewel-bearing socialites on night club tours to see that no harm befalls, thereby has acquired knowledge regarding the intimate lives of the bluebloods . . . learning names, trysting places, etc. . . . At the opening of the French Casino, a member of the French Consolate asked to see the owner of this French show. "Which one do you want to see," he was asked, "Mr. Blumenthal—or Mr. Shapiro?" The diplomat then was taken backstage, where he asked: "Is there a real native Frenchman here?" A voice answered: "Oui," and out stepped Feral Benga—a dusky Senagambian! . . .

THE BIRTH *Control Association held its annual convention here Wednesday, attended by a good portion of New York's gynecologists. D. A. Davidson, who reported the convention, counted seven interruptions by phone calls for doctors who had to rush away—to attend maternity cases!*

Gov. Burgess, of New Hampshire, visited Mon Paris the other evening, and requested the band leader to play "Oh Suzanna." When the band leader confessed that he didn't remember it, the Governor whistled the melody to him . . .

WARDEN Richard A. McGee, of Ricker's Island Penitentiary, instructed the inmates to ballot for the movie they'd prefer to see as part of a special Christmas treat. The results revealed these final standings: 103 for "Anthony Adverse," 97 for "San Francisco," 92 for "Bullets or Ballots," and 1 vote for "SINS OF MAN." . . . The Christmas issue of the Riker's Island Weekly Review devoted its front page to the Warden's annual message. The problem was—what to do with the blank back page. It was solved by the Warden. Headed with a fervent prayer by the Editor that "We hope it will be of service to you throughout the coming year," the prison-magazine's back page carried a complete 1937 calendar!

Landon Donated $1,000.

Alf M. Landon, 1936 Republican Presidential nominee, reported to the Senate Campaign Investigating Committee yesterday that his sole gift during the campaign was $1,000 to the Republican Party.

Theaters' Business Is Good Despite the Tradition That Holiday Week-End Is a Dud to Boxoffice

Variety and Quality of Current Attractions Lures Amusement Seekers Even If Christmas Bills Are Now Falling Due; Hal Roach, 45 Next Week, Has Been a Producer 23 Years; Looking Into Some of the Items Scheduled for Next Week Downtown.

By Gerald G. Gross.

(Substituting for Nelson B. Bell.)

DESPITE a paucity of transient traffic, deflation of pocketbooks by the Christmas spending orgy, New Year's hangovers and other handicaps common to the occasion, the holiday week-end just over was mighty kind to Washington's downtown stage and screen houses.

While no exact figures are available, with the Grimes and the Fords and the Meakins and all the other managers still checking their books, first-hand inspection of the various theaters between Thursday night and Sunday plus the cheerful comments of their respective directors lead but to one conclusion, namely, that the shows are conquering the New Year's bugaboo by presenting first-rate attractions.

To the patrons was served—and it's still on tap—an entertainment menu which, indeed, was worth standing in line for—something that thousands of them had to do, notably at the Capitol, Earle and Keith's.

Still piling up grosses as New Year's week wanes are the Earle's happy combination of "God's Country and the Woman" and a vaudeville bill featuring Little Jack Little's music and Comedian Herbert Mundin; "After the Thin Man" and "Folie Parisienne" at Loew's Capitol; RKO-Keith's; "That Girl From Paris," "Smart Blonde" at the Metropolitan and the Belasco's "Week End Millionaire."

Corresponding success has attended the second week of Garbo and Taylor in "Camille" at the Palace; Eleanor Powell's return engagement at the Columbia in "Born to Dance" and the revivals of "The Guardsman" and "Ruggles of Red Gap" at the Little and Rialto, respectively.

Plenty of variety, as well as quality, in that line-up. A lusty film that employs natural color well nigh to perfection . . . some swell dance music, piano playing and cockney comedy . . . a fitting follow-up on "The Thin Man" . . . gorgeous girls and breath-taking specialties . . . Lily Pon's voice, not to mention Jack Oakie's in a boy soprano chorus . . . wisecracks by Glenda Farrell . . . Buddy Rogers . . . heavy acting by Garbo and Taylor . . . brilliant tap routines by La Powell . . . the inimitable comedy of Lunt and Fontanne . . . Charles Laughton's memorable butler.

A fitting introduction to 1937 which merits all the S. R. O. signs, standees and shekels it is garnering.

• • • •

Birthday greetings to Hal Roach, of slapstick comedy fame, who will be 45 next week. Twenty-three years a producer, holder of a 4-goal polo handicap and probably the youngest veteran in the movie industry; the father of "Our Gang" comedies introduced such stars to the films, by way of comedy shorts, as Will Rogers, Harold Lloyd Lupe Valez, Jean Harlow, Theda Bara, Bebe Daniels, Jackie Cooper, Johnny Downs, Anna May Wong and Fay Wray—to mention just a few. Now turning out feature productions exclusively, with the sole exception of a dozen one-reel "Our Gang" comedies annually, his debut as a Hollywood impresario dates back to January 8, 1914, when, with only $850 at his disposal, he began production of his first picture.

• • • •

Looking forward to a few of the incoming attractions:

Ann Corio returns to the Gayety next Sunday as "guest star" in the "Hi-Flyers Company," which features Miss Nona Martin, whom Col. Jimmie Lake identifies as the "Joan Crawford of Burlesk."

In the supporting cast of "Sing Me a Love Song," which follows "God's Country and the Woman" at the Earle, is Myrtle Stedman, star of the silent era.

The Salici family, whose puppets will dominate the Capitol stage show next week, have followed their art, generation to generation, since 1830.

It took Dorothy Lamour only 50 minutes to change from street clothes into the dark Malayan make-up and "sarong" costume she wears in "The Jungle Princess," next at the Metropolitan.

According to Director Frank Tuttle, the success of Martha Raye, to be seen next at the Palace in "College Holiday," is due to the fact she is a combination of Clara Bow and Marie Dressler.

• • • •

Anton Hardt, erstwhile Roadside Theater director, is in New York as a member of the cast of "The Country Wife." He also is directing productions at the Hilda Spong Theater School.

• • • •

Rosalean and Seville, in "Folie Parisienne" at the Capitol, have added a new dance routine to their act. Called the "Sevilla," it was created during their engagement at the Savoy in London. The number has been arranged to the tempo of Ravel's "Bolero" and the music of Bizet's "Carmen."

Incidentally, due to the public's heartening response to the current bill at the Capitol, its doors will open at 9:45 a. m. for the remainder of the week.

Postlude

By Ray C. B. Brown.

Joint recital by George Enescu and Felix Salmond (Sanford Schlussel and Ralph Angell, accompanists) in the Mayflower Hotel ballroom Monday morning. Program: First movement of Sonata No. 2 in C major for violoncello and piano (Enescu), Andante from Double Concerto for violin and violoncello (Brahms), Largo Espressivo (Pugnani), Bagatelle in Rumanian Style (Scarlatescu), The Foundation of Arethusa (Szymanovski), Zigeunerweisen (Sarasate), Apres un Reve (Faure), Piece en Forme de Habanera (Ravel), Requiebros (Cassado), Passacaglia for unaccompanied violin and violoncello (Handel-Halvorsen).

Solidity of musicianship and refinement of artistry were the characteristics of this collaborative recital by George Enescu, quadruply distinguished as composer, conductor, violinist and pianist, and Felix Salmond, the superlatively suave violoncellist. In both of these accomplished interpreters, virtuosity is ancillary to a genuine musical devotion; their skill is never vaingloriously flaunted, but always subordinated to the purposes of art. Not the slightest evidence of vanity perturbs one's enjoyment of their sincerely motivated readings.

A single movement from Enescu's new sonata, performed for the first time in public, incited regret that the length of the program made presentation of the entire work inadvisable. Those familar only with the nationalistic aspects of Enescu's music doubtless found his use of modern harmonic idioms unexpected, but a more thorough knowledge of his writings as a whole would have forewarned them that he is a progressive composer.

The portion of the sonata which one heard stimulates curiosity about the remainder. Inasmuch as many modernistics eschew melody as an outworn decoration, the remarkable point in Enescu's latest composition is the freedom and length of the melodic line. The violoncello discourses with a lyric sweep, while the piano part is an ingenious commentary. The mood is tranquil and meditative, with an occasional passage of emotional urgency.

In his solo group, Enescu exercised the restraint that is his dominant trait as a violinist. His style of playing is quiet and concentrated, and even bravura passages have little flourish about them. The selection from Pugnani was beautifully performed in the classic mode with dignity of phrasing and exquisite shadings of tone. His reading of Sarasate's "Zigeunerweisen" showed how sedulously he has studied the gypsy style and was an object lesson to violinists who toss off this composition as a mere show piece.

Felix Salmond, whose individual tone, smooth and translucent as amber, would stand out in a whole choir of violoncellos, was in the excellent form which is his daily wont. However often one hears him, one is invariably charmed by his absolute command of intonation, the fluency of his bowing and the eloquence of his phrasing. The surety of his musical instinct is unerring and his readings are imbued with an unfailing warmth of poetic feeling.

The performance of the concerted numbers by Brahms and Handel was such as one would have expected from two artists of fine fiber. They approached the music with a mutual understanding which brought them in accord on every point of accent and every turn of phrase.

In 'Children's Hour' at the National

KATHERINE EMERY, who is Karen Wright, one of two school teachers whose lives are wrecked by the falsehoods of a satanic pupil in "The Children's Hour," which opened last night at the National.

MRS. ELY CULBERTSON ON CONTRACT

Chaotic Bidding.

It is always difficult and often impossible to correct a bad error in bidding. But even though a certain amount of damage has been done, there is no reason to lose one's head—and heap error upon error. Far the better course is to make a silent admission of error, pull one's self together, and then to make the best of a bad situation. East, in today's hand, got himself into trouble with one bad bid, and then aggravated the situation with a worse one.

South, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

	♠ 7 6 3 2 ♡ K 9 6 3 2 ◇ Q J 7 3 ♣ —	
♠ 9 8 ♡ 7 ◇ 6 5 4 2 ♣ K J 7 6 3 2	North West East South	♠ K J 4 ♡ A J 10 8 5 4 ◇ A 9 ♣ 9 8
	♠ A Q 10 5 ♡ Q ◇ K 10 8 ♣ A Q 10 5 4	

The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 ♣	Pass	1 ♡	Double
Redouble	2 ♣	Pass	2 N T
Double	3 ◇	Double	3 ♡
Double	Pass	Pass	Pass

East's double of the one heart bid was an error that is much too common in average bridge circles. It was, of course, quite true that he held a splendid heart suit and a good general hand. But his bid meant something quite different from what he intended and, therefore, it was unwise. Obviously, he wanted to play against one heart, but equally obviously he could tell that his partner did not know that and would moreover be unable to "stand the double." East's only sensible course, therefore, would be a trap pass over the heart bid, waiting for the opponents to get into trouble. South's redouble of the heart was excellent tactics. It is true that he had only a singleton heart, but his holding outside was excellent and, besides, his singleton was an honor. Moreover, he was certain that East had really intended his double as a penalty double but that West would not be able to read this situation and would be forced to rescue a double. West's two club bid was correct, and now East had the opportunity to minimize his loss by bidding two hearts, which might not even have been doubled. His two notrump bid was very bad, under the circumstances. West's three diamond bid should not be severely criticized; he could hardly be blamed for a frantic effort to escape from what he could see would be a ruinous notrump contract. At three hearts doubled, East was very unhappy.

South opened the ace of clubs and then gave his partner a ruff. A spade was returned, South taking East's jack with the queen, and then South laid down the kueen of hearts to prevent the ruff of a spade. Declarer won, and still had to lose two more spade tricks, two more hearts and one diamond, for a total penalty of 1,100 points.

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MacDonald Starts Conn Death Study

Police last night were awaiting the result of laboratory tests on portions of the anatomy of Whitman P. Conn, Washington newspaperman and contractor's trade journal editor to determine the cause of his death.

Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald performed an autopsy on Conn's body Sunday night after the dead man's physician refused to issue a death certificate. Dr. MacDonald submitted portions of Conn's brain to Dr. Oscar Hunter, District pathologist, for a report. His death was due to an undetermined brain injury.

Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. today from Hines undertaking parlors. He will be buried in Congressional Cemetery.

Film Table

Loew's Capitol—"After the Thin Man," at 10:00 a. m., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00 and 10:00 p. m. Stage shows at 11:55 a. m., 2:55, 5:55 and 8:55 p. m.

Earle—"God's Country and the Woman," at 11 a. m., 1:35, 4:20, 7:05 and 9:55 p. m. Stage shows at 12:45, 3:35, 6:20 and 9:05 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"That Girl From Paris," at 11:24 a. m., 1:26, 3:28, 5:30, 7:32 and 9:34 p. m.

Palace—"Camille," at 11:35 a. m., 2:05, 4:35, 7:05 and 9:35 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Smart Blonde," at 11:00 a. m., 12:40, 2:30, 4:25, 6:15, 8:05 and 9:55 p. m.

Belasco—"Week-End Millionaire," at 12:23, 2:21, 4:19, 6:17, 8:15 and 10:13 p. m.

Little Theater—"The Guardsman," at 11:25 a. m., 1:28, 3:31, 5:34, 7:37 and 9:41 p. m.

Rialto—"Ruggles of Red Gap," at 2:00, 3:52, 5:44, 7:45 and 9:45 p. m.

Columbia—"Born to Dance," at 11:00 a. m., 1:10, 3:20, 5:25, 7:35 and 9:45 p. m.

Uptown—"Love On the Run," at 2, 3:55, 5:45, 7:35 and 9:30 p. m.

Ambassador—"God's Country and the Woman," at 6:15, 8 and 9:45 p. m.

Tivoli—"Go West, Young Man," at 2, 3:55, 5:50, 7:45 and 9:40 p. m.

Justice Bureau Friction Related by Commons

By the Associated Press.

Attorney General Cummings disclosed yesterday that the relationship between the Department of Justice and other Government departments is "not always happy."

This was revealed in a new book written by Cummings and Carl McFarland, special assistant to the Attorney General. The book (published by McFarland) is called "Federal Justice." For the most part it is a history of the Justice Department.

Man Hunted in Fatal Blast Seized on Farm

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 4 (AP).—County officers tonight captured Harry Reeves, wanted in connection with an explosion plot which killed Harold Baker in Sioux Falls, S. Dak., New Year's Eve. He was taken in a garage on a nearby farm.

Children's Hour Scores in Debut At the National

First Play by Lillian Hellman Is Closely Knit and Well Acted.

"THE CHILDREN'S HOUR." Herman Shumlin presents the three-act play by Lillian Hellman, featuring Katherina Emery, Anne Revere and Florence McGee. Settings by Aline Bernstein, executed by Scintu Syrjala. Staged by Mr. Shumlin.

THE CAST:

Peggy Rogers	*Connie Nickerson*
Mrs. Lily Mortar	*Aline McDermott*
Evelyn Munn	*Elizabeth Seckel*
Helen Burton	*Liberty Dick*
Lois Fisher	*Jacqueline Rusling*
Catherine	*Elizabeth Irvin*
Rosalie Wells	*Margaret English*
Mary Tilford	*Florence McGee*
Karen Wright	*Katherine Emery*
Martha Dobie	*Anne Revere*
Dr. Joseph Cardin	*Blaine Cordner*
Agatha	*Edmonia Nolley*
Mrs. Amelia Tilford	*Katherine Emmet*
A Grocery Boy	*K. Edwin Shaw*

By Gerald G. Gross.

"A marvelous play, but, oh! so unpleasant."

A plausible observation that, uttered at 11 p. m. last night in the National's lobby by a matriarchal first nighter homeward bound (presumably) from "The Children's Hour," but one which far from sums up the new play in E street.

For the same remark might have been applied to almost any of Ibsen's works or O'Neill's. Well, "marvelous" conceivably fits a few of O'Neill's plays anyway. What we mean to say is that "The Children's Hous" is truly a hit — marvelous is a strong word, madam—and, unpleasant though it may be, it is stimulating and entertaining and thrilling.

Sitting at this typewriter a few minutes before midnight wondering in what order shall be mentioned the workmanlike quality of Lillian Hellman's first play, and the incisive performances of all its principals, we suddenly recall a drama of a decade ago whose structure similarly was woven around the diabolic strivings of a female.

In Sidney Howard's "The Silver Cord" it was a mother. In "The Children's Hour" it is a teen-age brat, a monster with bobbed hair, a pathological terror whose evil mind and brazen tongue send her teachers and her kinfolk onto the shoals of suicide, frustration and despair.

Opening with the accent on comedy with a sewing-room scene in an exclusive school for adolescent girls, "The Children's Hour" proceeds swiftly to the point. Mary Tilford is the "problem pupil." Her lies, told solely for the musical effect they have on her own ears, are swallowed by Mrs. Lily Mortar, the school's parasitic teacher, but are easily detected by the coheadmistresses, Karen Wright and Martha Dobie, who, nonetheless, are nonplussed as to a solution of Mary's vicious habit.

Protesting she is being persecuted, after her physician cousin exposes the sham of her fainting gag, Mary runs off to her grandmother's house and fabricates a tale which gives "The Children's Hour" its thematic peg. She tells her grandmother that Miss Dobie's relations with Miss Wright are "unnatural," withholding none of the details, which are as false as they are artfully constructed.

Mrs. Amelia Tilford takes her grandchild, whom she believes implicitly, out of the school and has her many influential friends do likewise with their children. From that point the play is tragedy, stark and unrelieved, cilmaxed by a turbulent scene between the two young teachers, the disclosure of whose import here might only serve to flag the interest of those who have yet the pleasure of visiting the National this week.

Acting honors must be divided equally among Forence McGee, as Mary Tilford; Katherine Emery and Anne Revere, as the harassed teachers; Katherine Emmet, the gullible grandmother who learns the truth too late, and Aline McDermott, whom Playwright Hellman made almost as despicable as Mary Tilford in the role of Martha's "Aunt Lily" Mortar.

In a less exacting part, Blaine Cordner is highly satisfactory as Karen's fiance, who himself comes to believe—or, at least, not disbelieve—the foul story that sprang twixt the cursed lips of Mary Tilford. The remainder of the original New York cast are similarly up to their respective roles.

"The Children's Hour," whose screen mutation called "These Three" shelved the Lesbianism motif without appreciable sacrifice of dramatic content, is a well spent 150 minutes in the theater. Soundly fashioned and produced with the expert touch of a Shumlin, it yet must depend upon skillful characterizations for maximum effect. And these it gets in bountiful measure.

Rev. Nelles Dead At Mays Lake, Ill.

The Rev. Valerius Nelles, O. F. M., brother of the Rev. Henry Nelles, S. J., assistant pastor of Holy Trinity Church in Georgetown, died Sunday at the St. Francis Retreat House at Mays Lake, near Hinsdale, Ill. He was 67.

A native of Germany, Father Nelles came to this country when a boy. A member of the Franciscan order for 50 years, he was ordained a priest in 1893.

At the time of his death Father Nelles was retreat master of the St. Francis Retreat League. Last June he acted as secretary of the sixth national conference of laymen in the retreat movement.

'Roughed Up a Bit'

ELAINE BARRIE, whose 57-day marriage to John Barrymore terminated in a separation at a New Year's Eve party where she claimed he became quarrelsome. "He roughed me up a bit," said Miss Barrie, who announced the difficulty with regret.

'Eternal Road,' Postponed, Will Open Thursday

Max Reinhardt Spectacle Will Have Premiere in N. Y. Opera House.

"The Eternal Road," most elaborate spectacle undertaken by Max Reinhardt since his "The Miracle" of a decade and a half ago, will have its premiere in New York Thursday night.

The production was to have opened last night, but a postponement was called to permit three more days of rehearsal. "The Eternal Road" will be presented in the Manhattan Opera House.

Conceived and executed on gigantic proportions, the play is by Franz Werfel and will unfold to the music of Kurt Weill. Max Reinhardt directed the production.

It is more than two years since plans were announced for the presentation of "The Eternal Road." Meantime hundreds of artists, technicians and mechanics have been whipping the play into shape.

Members of the huge cast include Sam Jaffe, Rosamond Pinchot, Thomas Chalmers, Katharine Carrington and Florence Meyer.

WPA Workers Demand Aid

Topeka, Kans., Jan. 4 (AP).—About 50 former WPA workers gathered in the Shawnee County courthouse today and announced they would stay until the county provided relief funds. They told Shawnee County commissioners they had no funds to tide them over their transfer to resettlement work. The county board issued $5 grocery orders to what they said were the "most needy" cases.

Post Ad-Writers will be glad to assist you in preparing a good, result-producing ad when you call National 4200.

AMUSEMENTS

Warner Bros. Theatre
EARLE
Last 3 Days
James Oliver Curwood's Epic
"GOD'S COUNTRY AND THE WOMAN"
A Warner Bros. Technicolor Hit With
Geo. Brent & Beverly Roberts
On Stage
HERBERT MUNDIN
LITTLE JACK LITTLE & ORCH.

Coming Friday
"SING ME A LOVE SONG"
A Warner Bros.—Cosmopolitan Production with
James Melton • Patricia Ellis
AND FIVE COMEDY STARS
On Stage
HAL MURRAY
WITH ROSALIE
DIXIE LAND JAZZ BAND
25c to 1 P. M.

Warner Bros. Theatre
METROPOLITAN
Last 3 Days
"SMART BLONDE"
A Warner Bros. Comedy With
Glenda Farrell • Barton MacLane
Also
DEANNA DURBIN
And Judy Garland—IN "EVERY SUNDAY"

Coming Friday
"JUNGLE PRINCESS"
A Paramount Picture with
Dorothy Lamour — Ray Milland
Akim Tamiroff — Lynn Overman
25c to 5:30 p. m. — 25c & 40c Thereafter

NATIONAL Tonight At 8:30
Evgs., 55c to $2.75. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 55c to $2.20. (Inc. tax.)
HERMAN SHUMLIN Presents
The Most Discussed Play of the Generation.
CHILDREN'S HOUR
By LILLIAN HELLMAN
ORIGINAL CAST
85 WEEKS IN NEW YORK
Next Week, Seats Thursday Prior To New York
DENNIS HELEN ERNEST
KING GLEASON TRUEX
in Franz Lehar's New Operetta
FREDERIKA
Staged and Directed by
HASSARD SHORT
American Adaptation by Edward Eliscu
Choreography by Chester Hale
Settings by Watson Barratt
Prices (inc. tax): Evgs. Orch. $3.30; Balc., $2.75. $3.20, $1.65; Mat. Wed. Orch., $2.20; Balc., $1.65, $1.10; 2nd. Balc., 55c; Sat. Mat. Orch., $2.75; Balc., $2.20, $1.65; 2nd. Balc., $1.10.

KEITH'S 15th at G
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LILY PONS
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"THAT GIRL from PARIS"
5 New Song Hits • 1,000 New Laughs
Heart Trouble Set to Music
COMING
BARBARA STANWYCK
PRESTON FOSTER
in Sean O'Casey's
"PLOUGH and the STARS"
with ABBEY PLAYERS of DUBLIN

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RUGGLES of RED GAP
CHARLES LAUGHTON CHARLIE RUGGLES
MARY BOLAND ZASU PITTS
A Paramount Picture
PEARL HAUER at the ORGAN
25c to 5:30 30c-40c thereafter

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Betty Boop Cartoon.
DUMBARTON 1343 Wisconsin Ave.
Frank McHugh, Joan Blondell, "THREE MEN ON A HORSE."
Comedy and News.
FAIRLAWN ANACOSTIA, D. C.
Clark Gable and Marion Davies, "CAIN AND MABEL."
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LIDO 3227 M St. N.W.
"A SON COMES HOME." "TWO AGAINST A WORLD."
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SECO 8241 Ga. Ave., Silver Spring, Md.
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Kay Francis "GIVE ME YOUR HEART"
Comedy and News.
STATE Falls Church, Va.
Irene Dunne in "THEODORA GOES WILD."
TAKOMA 4th and Butternut Sts. No Parking Troubles.
Janet Gaynor, Loretta Young, "LADIES IN LOVE."
James Dunn, "COME CLOSER, FOLKS."
WILSON Opp. Colonial Village Arlington, Va.
Jane Wyatt, Louis Hayward, "LUCKIEST GIRL IN THE WORLD."
HIPPODROME E. Nr. 8th
Double Feature
Return Engagement—Popular Demand
Eddy-McDonald—"Naughty Marietta."
Stuart Erwin—"All American Chump."
CAMEO MT. RAINIER, MD.
Today—Tom Powell—Loy—"Libeled Lady."
ARCADE Hyattsville, Md.
Today
Bellamy—"Straight from Shoulder."
RICHMOND ALEXANDRIA, VA
Today—Tom Gable-Crawford—"Love On The Run."

Direction Sidney Lust

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with its color, spectacle and cast of 85 French stars moves on to Miami early Friday Morning . . . Miamiams will HAVE TO PAY $4.00 to see this same show you can SEE TODAY FOR ONLY . . .
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• They'll pay $4.00 to see only this startling revue . . . yet for the nominal Capitol fee you'll also be delighted by the merry, riotous mystery
"AFTER THE THIN MAN"
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WILLIAM POWELL and MYRNA LOY
NOW—COME EARLY
Loew's CAPITOL
Doors Opens 9:45 A. M.

Loew's PALACE Now
2ND Romantic WEEK
GRETA GARBO Loves ROBERT TAYLOR
Camille
FRIDAY
COLLEGE HOLIDAY

Loew's COLUMBIA Now
Eleanor POWELL in "BORN TO DANCE"
25c to 5:30—NIGHTS 28c-40c

NATIONAL, THIS SUN. EVE., 8:30
TRUDI
Comic Ballet
SCHOOP
Entirely New Ballet
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GAYETY BURLESK
NOW PLAYING
PEANUTS (MINIATURE) BOHN
and his
WHAT "DA" HEY GIRLS
With FERBER and MARVIN, BILLY ARLINGTON
and the female charmers Dorothy Ahearn and Evelyn Cushway.

GASOLINE ALLEY — He's Everything to Her

AND YOU CAN TELL YOUR FRIEND TOPS HE'S A CAD AND A BRUTE AND I DETEST HIM!
YOU MEAN IT, TRIXIE!
SHE SURE HATES HIM. BUT SHE LIKES ME. SHE'S NEVER WALKED WITH ME BEFORE WHEN I HAD MY CART!
AND BOY! DID SHE FRY YOU IN DEEP FAT! SHE SAID YOU WERE MEAN AN' COMMON AN' VULGAR AN' BEGGARLY.
SHE SAID THAT!
YES, AND WHAT'S MORE, YOU'RE A BOOR, A CHURL, A TRAMP, AND BENEATH CONTEMPT.
GOOD! SHE'S CRAZY ABOUT ME!

LEWIS, 3-1 FAVORITE, LOSES DECISION TO ETTORE

Split Verdict Is Won by Italian

13,000 See Ettore, in Last-Round Flurry, Rock Negro Foe.

Light-Heavy Title Not at Stake; Lewis Draws Blood at Start.

By the United Press.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4.—Al Ettore, hard-hitting Philadelphia Italian, pounded out a 10-round decision over John Henry Lewis, light-heavyweight champion, in a non-title bout tonight.

Ettore upset the dope and 3-to-1 odds in trouncing the Pittsburgh Negro before 13,000 fans who paid $30,000 at Convention Hall.

The Philadelphian entered the ring weighing 191½ pounds—an 8-pound advantage over Lewis. Two judges and the referee rendered a two-to-one verdict.

Ettore Forces Fight.

Ettore, coming back from a September five-round knockout by Joe Louis and an unimpressive draw in New York with Arthur Gody, carried the fight to the 183-pound champion all the way.

Brief flurries by the dark-skinned Lewis gave him the edge in three close rounds. Ettore pounded Lews' body with hard punishing rights in the tenth and deciding round and rocked the Negro with vicious right-hand slams to the face.

Lewis opened a cut above Ettore's left eye in the first round and brought a gush of blood from the blond Italian's nose in the seventh.

Lewis came out in the final round with the count even and drove after Ettore with renewed vigor. The twany-haired heavyweight fought him off after several brief fusses against the ropes and smashed hard rights against Lewis' jaw and punished his body with lefts and rights.

Lewis held repeatedly after Ettore cut down the advantage the colored titleholder gained in the first three rounds.

Judges Differ Widely.

One of the judges, Nat Lopkinson, and the referee, Joe McGuigan, awarded the bout to Ettore. Al Levitt, the other judge, gave the decision to Lewis.

Levit gave the first eight rounds to Iewis, the last two to Ettore. Lopkinson gave Ettore four rounds and Lewis three, with three even. McGuigan gave Ettore five rounds and Lewis four, with one even.

Paul Pirrone, of Cleveland, won a ten-round decision over Johnny Duca, of Paulsboro, N. J., in the semi-windup.

Duca, substituting for Eric Seelig, of Germany, was floored twice in the seventh round for counts of eight and seven, respectively.

Ten-Club Limit Is Advocated By Evans

By the Associated Press.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Chick Evans, who has been roaming the fairways for 25 years, thinks ten clubs are enough for any golfer in any kind of competition.

The drastic action of the United States Golf Association in restricting bags to 14 weapons in all competition after January 1, 1938, is fine business Evans opined today. But it is only a nice, long step in the right direction.

For many years a campaigner to lighten the caddy's load, Evans, who in 1916 became the first player to win both of the country's major championships in the same year, would toss away four more clubs. His first notion was to reduce the number of clubs to eight, but he became "liberal" and decided ten would be about right.

Bring Back Skill.

"The move is a fine one in every way," he said, "but if they really want to make golf the game of individual skill it used to be, let them restrict the armament to ten clubs.

"Instead of using the same swing—a full cut—for every shot," he pointed out, "players would be forced to learn the finer technique of part-strength swings. They could no longer place most of their reliance on selecting the right club and using the same swing all day long.

"They would have to master the art of using the same club for two or three different kinds of shots," he explained. "Playing in the wind, for instance, it would be necessary to learn when to tilt the club head, to toe in, or toe out—restoring real science to golf."

Gene Rouark Winner Of 5th Billiard Match

Gene Rouark, District amateur billiard champion, yesterday won his fifth victory in six starts of the annual city three-cushion championships by swamping Jerry Crowder, 35-10, at the Royal Billard Parlors, 817 Fourteenth street northwest.

The champion established a new record for best game, running out in 23 innings, 15 less than his previous best game, 38.

Ski Club Meet.

The Ski Club of Washington will hold a meeting tomorrow in the Interior Department auditorium at 8 p. m. Pictures showing the technique of skiing will be shown. All winter sports followers interested may attend.

College Scores.

BASKETBALL.

Oklahoma, 47; Kansas State, 41.
Wooster, 45; Lehigh, 21.
Florida, 32; Clemson, 26.
Duke, 30; Wake Forest, 26.
Wallace, 29; Ohio Wesleyan, 25.
Purdue, 43; Wisconsin, 26.
Northwestern, 47; Illinois, 38.
Indiana, 58; Iowa, 24.
Naval Training School, 28; Virginia, 26.
Washburn, 43; Drake, 37.
Emory and Henry, 42; Union College, 38.
St. Mary's, Tex., 28; Centenary, 32.
Washburn, 37; Drake, 43.
DePaul, 33; Minnesota, 34.
Washington (St. L.), 41; Tulsa, 27.
Creighton, 33; Iowa State, 34.
Holy Cross, 39; Wheeling, 26.
Stamford, 38; Hamline, 26.
Tulane, 32; Alabama, 30.

SPORTS **The Washington Post** SPORTS

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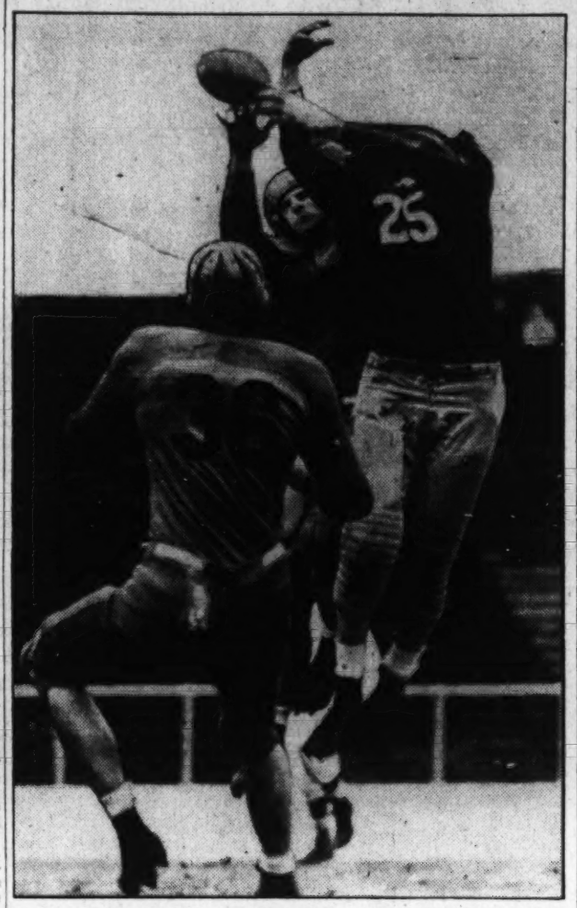
Football's No. 1 Puzzle Picture



Wide World Photo.

No, Capt. Roach (No. 25), of Texas Christian, did not lose his head in attempting to snare a pass against Marquette. It is simply a trick of the camera, made easy when Roach bent his head far back in leaping for the ball, his padded shoulders hiding his face from view and giving the illusion that it was a headless player who figured in the struggle.

This Morning . . .

With Shirley Povich.

From the Coast comes the news that Al Schacht has been appointed the official "clown" of the Pacific Coast League for 1937 and the wonder is that the American League didn't create a job for Schacht.

American League baseball has been all too solemn and commercial in recent years and could stand a bit of comic relief. The passing of Babe Ruth, who hit home runs and struck out with equal gusto, left the league virtually bereft of color. The National League, with its Dizzy Dean and Pepper Martin, is a far more colorful and personable circuit, if a league can, indeed, be personable.

POVICH.

Schacht has the satisfaction not only of receiving the appointment as baseball's first "official" clown but of retiring from the major leagues as its highest-paid coach. When he quit the Red Sox to free-lance as a clown, the former junior partner of the Altrock-Schacht firm of funnymen, was drawing a yearly salary of $7,000. Baseball coaches' salaries start at $2,500 and progress little higher.

In fact, Schacht would never have left the Washington club at the end of the 1934 season to join the Red Sox as coach except that Clark Griffith, who had sold Joe Cronin to the Sox for a quarter-million cash, could hardly refuse Cronin's request that Schacht also be released to Boston. Griffith and baseball men generally rated Schacht as a clever third-base coach and any other club but Boston would have been forced to pay the Nats' dearly for his release.

The Altrock-Schacht feud on the Washington club was a truly bitter affair but at the same time a never-ending source of amusement to players on the team. Extreme professional jealousy of each other's clown acts led to an incident in a Boston railway station which was marked by flying fists and proved the last straw. For a half-dozen years they would not speak to each other, using their same old acts. When it was downright necessary for them to communicate, Moe Berg, a friend of both, was the obliging go-between.

From pantomime on the ball field to pantomime on the stage was a short, easy and thoroughly delightful jump for Schacht, who always fancied himself an actor. He was never happier than when the occasion found him before the footlights or in the dressing room applying the grease paint to his makeup. Show business was his calling, he felt.

He delighted, too, in serving as a stooge for Clark Griffith. When called upon to speak at dinners, civic luncheons and banquets, Griffith's talks consisted chiefly of an introduction of Schacht who could spell-bind an audience for hours.

But Schacht, the fun-lover, could be ribbed unmercifully without savvying. There was the occasion of the double-header at Yankee Stadium in 1933 a few days after the May Day riot game in Washington in which Ben Chapman, of the Yankees, spiked Buddy Myer, who kicked Chapman, who thereupon punched Earl Whitehill in the jaw. The next week the two teams met in New York and tension was supposed to be high.

But fines and suspension dealt the players by the league president and the stern warning of heavier fines to follow had virtually guaranteed no great excitement in New York. Before and between games, Schacht staged his clown act. All was peaceful.

That night in the Washington club's hotel, a newspaperman hailed Schacht. Swearing Schacht to confidence, into Schacht's ear he buzzed the utterly fabricated report that "a high league official told me today that your clown act before the game relieved all the tension and prevented another riot."

At least one button must have burst from Schacht's vest as his chest expanded during the telling of the story. Schacht, who had been hanging on every word, never imagined that he was being hoaxed. "Well," he finally said, "it's nice to know they appreciate you in this league," and walked away, treading air.

In Short——

Schacht, slightly deaf, was by no means sensitive about it . . . in fact, he and Al Crowder, who was also troubled with his hearing, used to stage contests in the Washington dressing room to decide which was the deafest . . . they'd take seats at opposite lockers and whisper loudly at each other . . . "I heard that," Crowder would exclaim gleefully after Schacht stopped his whispering, "see if you can hear this?" . . . whereupon, in the same tone of voice Schacht used, Crowder began to whisper . . . it fell upon deaf ears, Schacht indicated . . . Crowder, taking courage, unleashed a stream of oaths at Schacht in the same tone . . . invariably that kind of language performed some kind of a miracle upon Schacht's hearing and the contest would end in an uproar . . . Schacht unblushingly pleads guilty to being the A. Fan who used to sign the letters addressed to Clark Griffith and the newspapers in praise of Al Schacht's pitching and clowning . . . when Al asked for pay raises and Griffith pointed out that Schacht should be glad that he had none of the worries of a club owner who didn't know how he was going to meet the pay roll, Schacht used to end all argument by offering to change jobs with Griffith.

Mader, Hurt, Is Stopped By Roper

New Yorker Injures His Ankle, Bout Halted in Eighth Round.

Fight Even at Time of Finish; Both Bleed in Final Sessions.

By Bill McCormick.

Eddie Mader, a handsome New York heavyweight, slipped last night—slipped in a game in which slips don't take over, and thus became the loser to burly, rugged Jack Roper, of California, on an eighth-round technical knockout in a scheduled 10-round feature bout at Turner's Arena.

The slip, which occurred on the momentum of a missed right swing, carried Mader to the floor and sprained or broke his right ankle, forcing the bout to be halted after one minute and 20 seconds of the round on orders of a Boxing Commission physician.

At the time the contest ended, Mader had been on the floor once—in the second round—and had been staggered several times by a sizzling left hook to the head, but despite that the two fighters were fairly even on points, in the opinion of most of the scant crowd of 750 present.

Overeager, Misses Swing.

Mader, whose blows seemed to lack proper timing throughout the early rounds, had just begun to find the range with a swishing overhand right when, in his anxiety to land a sleep-producer, he let loose a mighty swing. The mighty swing missed the lop-sided features of Roper by almost a foot and Edward followed the punch to the floor.

As he landed, a pained expression came over Mader's face and Referee Charley Reynolds wasted no time leading him to a neutral corner and calling on a commission doctor to make the examination which disclosed Eddie was in no shape to continue. Only an X-ray examination will disclose whether the injured ankle is sprained or broken.

After a slow start, in which Mader seemed to dazzle him with a left jab as he danced in and out, Roper found the range with his clever and potent left hook in the second round. The wallop caught Mader a trifle too high, but even at that, sent him down for no count.

Outboxes Mader.

From that point on, the bout became strictly an affair in which Mader piled up points by outboxing and outspeeding his ponderous 200-pound opponent who outweighed him 21¼ pounds, only to have his margins swept away by Roper's dynamite lefts to the head.

At close quarters, Mader did not do so well, with Roper's superior weight and strength standing the latter in good stead.

Both fighters were bleeding most unbecomingly when the untimely finish came. A smack on the nose had made Mader spurt crimson several rounds earlier and the blood was seeping from a cut beneath his left eye. Roper was bleeding profusely from a cut under his right eye, and when the flag of truce was run up his features were even more lopsided than they had been in the beginning.

In a four-round semifinal, Tom Ponte, who was Tom Pontecarvo when he won the Eastern Intercollegiate Heavyweight Championship while at Western Maryland, had little trouble winning a unanimous decision from Dixie Davis, of Richmond.

Venerable Joe Finazzo, wearing a balloon-tire around his tummy, fumbled his way to a draw against Tiger Red Lewis, Richmond light-heavyweight, in a slow six-round preliminary.

In four rounders, Billy Temes and Steve Anderson, featherweights, worked to a draw; Hunter Crostic scored a second round knockout over Jimmy Ortiz and Angelo Meola did the same to Buddy Lynn.

Miller Prepared For Covelli Battle

By the Associated Press.

Cincinnati, Jan. 4.—Freddie Miller, seeking to scale again the heights of fistiana from which he toppled a year ago, tapered off his preparations today for a ten-round bout Wednesday with Frankie (Kid) Covelli, a promising Brooklyn youngster.

Miller, former National Boxing Association featherweight champion, will make his first appearance in Cincinnati since his defeat last May by Jimmy Vaughan, of Cleveland, two weeks following the loss of his title to Peter Sarron, of Birmingham and Washington.

Since then Miller has spent six months in South Africa, winning his five bouts there. Miller holds one decision over Covelli. He won at Brooklyn a year ago, his rapier-like lefts giving him an advantage on the overeager Covelli.

RayMangrum Wins Golf Play-Off

Dayton Pro Beats Manero by 3-Stroke Margin for Miami Crown.

By the Associated Press.

Miami, Fla., Jan. 4.—Tall Ray Mangrum, of Dayton, Ohio, overcame a four-hole deficit to defeat Tony Manero, the national open champion, in an 18-hole play-off for the $500 first prize in the Miami open tournament today.

Four down at the fifth hole, Mangrum came back to fire a par 70 at the dapper Coral Gables, Fla., professional, who ended up with a 73.

Manero collected second prize of $400 in the first tournament of the new year. They split today's gallery fees. The two tied at 277 for the regulation 72 holes which ended yesterday.

Manero went behind for the first time on the twelfth hole and stayed there until the end. Mangrum lashed out a tremendous tee shot, put his second 6 feet from the pin and holed out a birdie on the twelfth. Manero, with a longer approach, left himself a 12-foot putt which he missed.

Mangrum picked up another stroke on the long thirteenth with another birdie by virtue of a sizzling approach with a No. 2 iron to the left of the green and a 6-foot side-hill putt.

Both got pars on the 240-yard fourteenth, but Mangrum administered the coup de grace on the long fifteenth. He hooked a beautiful drive around the dogleg, put his second just off the green, chipped past the cup and holed a 10-footer for another birdie. Manero, meanwhile, skied his tee shot into the rough and nearly stymied himself behind a tree. He played to the fairway with a half-swing and had to be content with par.

Mangrum Back in 33.

Manero's one chance to pick up a stroke came on the seventeenth, where Mangrum made his first error of the nine, a chip that barely made the carpet from a bunker beside the green. Tony himmed the cup from 8 feet, however, and both took fives.

Mangrum had gone out in 37 and Manero came in with 37, but Tony's outward margin had been only one strike while Mangrum returned with 33, two under par.

The Cards.

Out—Par	4	4	4	3	5	4	4	3	4	—35
Manero	4	3	4	3	4	5	5	4	4	—36
Mangrum	4	5	3	4	6	4	4	3	4	—37
In—Par	4	3	4	5	3	5	3	4	4	—35—70
Manero	5	3	4	5	3	5	3	5	4	—37—73
Mangrum	4	3	3	4	3	4	3	5	4	—33—70

Game Cancelled.

The Prince Georges Athletic Association has been forced to cancel its game with the Southeast Business Men tonight because their gymnasium will be used by the high school players. The Southeast manager is requested to call Greenwood 2726.

Rochester in Pro Loop.

New York, Jan. 4 (AP).—The American Professional Football League today voted Rochester into the league. The franchise was awarded to Mike Palm, of Rochester, and Harry Newman, former Michigan star.

Eastern Five Is Upset on Own Court

Bows to St. John's in First Defeat on Home Floor Since 1931.

Catholic Lads Stave Off Rally and Capture 22-21 Thriller.

By John R. Vosburgh.

Eastern High started its new year of basketball yesterday by losing its first game on its own court in six years. St. John's High's Catholic Prep School champions staved off a whirlwind last-minute rally to take a 22-21 victory from the inter-high title-holders.

Not since 1931 when Gonzaga High, another Catholic Prep crew, halted the Lincoln Parkers have they lost on their own courts. St. John's made good yesterday where it had failed by an eyelash two weeks ago, when it lost, 25-21, in two overtime periods.

Yesterday's result was also an eyelash decision. The Johnnies had a 12-5 lead a tthe half and widened it to 20-11 and 22-13 in the final quarter. Only some super shooting by little Carroll Colton, Coach Mike Kelly's fast-flying forward, kept Eastern in the running in that final half.

Colton Is Star.

The midget speedster collected 13 of Eastern's 21 points and 12 of the 16 collected by the Blue and White in the second half. He almost won the game with 10 seconds to play when he took a shot from mid-floor only to have the ball hit the rim and finally roll off the hoop.

Eastern failed to score a basket in the first quarter which ended with the count 7 to 3 in favor of St. John's. Clint Quantrille, big center, tallied the only basket the interhigh champs scored in the first half, early in the second period. Jack Regis, St. Joan's center, scored five points in the second period to put the Cadets in the lead, 12 to 5, at the intermission.

With Colton scoring 4 of the 6 points, Eastern came up to 14-11 in the third period, but Jimmy Swagart's one-hand shot, a basket by Gallagher and a shot half the length of the floor by Regis, as his coach, Horse Holbrook shouted "No," put the Johnnies away out in front, 20 to 11, before Colton scored again for 20 to 13.

Giebel made it 22 to 13, but Colton scored three baskets in a row, and it was 22 to 19. Quantrille, who had been missinfi set shots all day, finally sank one and it was 22 to 21. It looked as though Eastern might again overtake the flying Johnnies, but Carroll missed a side shot, and with seconds to go his long shot bounced off the rim just before the final whistle.

He'd scored his quota by this time anyway. Despite Colton, Eastern's dominance in its own lailiwick had finally been broken.

Eastern.	G	FG	P	St. John's.	G	FG	P
Colton,f.	6	1	13	Rehkopf,f.	0	0	0
Clinton,f.	0	0	0	Gallagher,f.	1	0	2
Lombardy,f.	0	0	0	Giebel,c.	2	1	5
Groves,f.	0	0	0	Regis,c.	4	1	9
Palmer,f.	0	0	0	Swagart,g.	2	0	4
Quantrille,c.	3	1	7	Battisto,g.	1	0	2
Lusby,g.	0	1	1				
Miller,g.	0	0	0	Totals	10	2	22
Handcock,g.	0	0	0				
Totals	9	3	21				

Best Dressed Wrestler Will Appear Thursday

Henry Piers, the best-dressed man in rassledom, will apepar at Joe Turner's Arena Thursday night, with ill-natured Gino Garibaldi in the one-fall finish feature. Piers, a Dutchman, will not be very well dressed in the ring, however, wearing only the usual tights.

The youngster is considered one of the smartest and most scientific heavyweights in the game, but faces a menacing obstacle in the tireless Garibaldi.

15 Spring Exhibitions For Macks This Year

Philadelphia, Jan. 4 (AP).—The Athletics will play 15 spring training games, exclusive of those played at their Mexico City training camp, it was announced today.

Other than a five-game city series with the Phillies, the St. Louis Browns are the only major league team to appear on the schedule.

Bred to Run

By Walter Haight

SYNOPSIS.

A colt is foaled on the Ridgeway Farm. He is given much advice by his mother as he learns to munch grass and test his wobbly legs. The Ridgeways are forced to dispose of their horses at auction and the colt is "thrown in for good measure" when his mother, Battleship Girl, is sold to the Witmore Farm. Dorothy Holbrook's auto has a flat tire near the fence and she sees the colt frolicking. Later she persuades her father to buy him, identifying the colt by a white ring around his leg. Taken to Holbrook Manor, the colt grows like a weed. He and "Miss Dorothy," as he calls his owner, become fast friends. The colt meets Trainer Jensen and is given early racing education. Named "Flat Tire," he starts his racing career and loses his rider at the break. Feels disgraced when not allowed to run next out, but wins his following race. Jensen and his friend, the Cigar Man, win $4,000. Miss Dorothy and her father leave on a world tour. Flat Tire is "out of the money" in two stake races and is sent to the farm for the winter. Jensen, pressed for cash, needs a sure winner. Puts Flat Tire in a claiming race. He wins, but is claimed by "Big Ed" Moreland, tout and gambler. Flat Tire is sold to Arch, a young millionaire, for $5,000.

CHAPTER TWELVE.

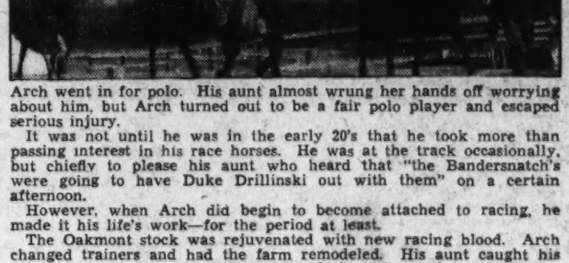
Arch and Auntie.

The young man who bought me for $5,000 from Big Ed Moreland was Archibald Kingsbury Vondonhilt. He had a family tree "as long as the national forest," to use the words of one of his mares. He was born with a silver spoon in his mouth. Throughout his boyhood he tried to spit it out. He envied the children he saw playing blindman's buff on the crowded streets. He almost pulled his nurse's arm out of socket while trying to run after a dirty ball that a boy had batted his way when he was being sunned in the park.

His relatives called him "Little Archibald" and it was not until his third year at college that he had his friends whittle it down to "Arch." His father died when he was 14 and his mother became Countess of Ashbury two years later. Arch had seen little of his father and from the time that he went away to school at 12, he seldom saw his mother.

Arch's aunt, with a name so long that I will not attempt to spell it here, took sort of remote control over him. He gradually pulled away from her. School and college kept him busy most of the year and camps and travel made the summers skip by.

Arch's father left him a fortune, including the Oakmont Stable.



Arch went in for polo. His aunt almost wrung her hands off worrying about him, but Arch turned out to be a fair polo player and escaped serious injury.

It was not until he was in the early 20's that he took more than passing interest in his race horses. He was at the track occasionally, but chiefly to please his aunt who heard that "the Bandersnatch's were going to have Duke Drillinski out with them" on a certain afternoon.

However, when Arch did begin to become attached to racing, he made it his life's work—for the period at least.

The Oakmont stock was rejuvenated with new racing blood. Arch changed trainers and had the farm remodeled. His aunt caught his spirit. When a mare she liked particularly had a foal, auntie supervised the building of a stall that was to end all stalls. She had it done in pale blue with a curtain, mind you, at the window. She installed indirect lighting and a special contraption that made the stall air-conditioned. She ordered a porcelain feed box and a stainless steel hayrack. Then auntie assigned a groom as a special nurse to the mare and her foal. She had a sort of "peep hole" made in the side of the stall where she could bring her friends and let them admire the "little darling," as she called the colt.

She did all this as a kind of surprise for Arch, the young man having gone to California for the winter with a division of the stable. When Arch returned he was both surprised and angry. He ordered the stall deluxe torn out and had it replaced by an ordinary stall. Of course, he did not consult auntie.

Auntie brought some friends to the farm the next week-end. She had talked only of the "snug home I have made for my little horse family." I will not repeat what auntie said when she discovered the change but the horses told me that she was not seen at the farm again and only on rare occasions at the tracks.

I heard Arch tell of the instance and he ended with "and she wondered why the colt died a couple of months later."

I had been puzzled as to why Big Ed sold me. I did not believe he needed the money and I knew he was very fond of me. I found out later by putting together snatches of conversations, both of horses and humans, that Big Ed wanted to "get in good" with Arch. It seemed

that some of the track officials had been watching the deals of Big Ed and Nuckles closely and they decided that Arch and his influence might come in handy should they run afoul of the racing gods. So, in addition to getting a good price for me, they "bought a little insurance," as the gamblers say.

At the time of my purchase I had visions of being a big shot in the Oakmont Stable. I knew my mother and Miss Dorothy would be proud of my racing for this wealthy stable. However, I found that I was just another horse to Arch. When I had acclimated myself, I knew the reason. Arch had several of the top-notch money winners in training. In his stud were the blue bloods of the sport. Arch had his pets among the horses, of course, but I will say, with the exception of a very few instances, all were given the same excellent care.

Betting, gambling angles and such had no part in the scheme of things at the Oakmont Stable. Arcn's horses were always "trying." Arch's jockeys were always "leveling," as the horsemen call it. Arch's trainers worked as carefully with the horses as a watchmaker with a tiny timepiece. Arch's pleasure was seeing his horses run and seeing the ancient and honorable colors of the Oakmont stable borne to victory.

Life was worth living at this stage of my career. Perhaps the contrast was to exaggerate the experiences I was to have later.

I learned from the other horses that the Oakmont Stable treatment and routine was not unlike that of hundreds of stables in racing. Many horses, I was told, saw nothing but this good side throughout their careers.

Arch would have liked to change my name to something more becoming than Flat Tire but as I heard him remark, "They will be put-

Continued on Page 17, Column 6.

Maryland Line-up Named For West. Maryland Boxing

Heine Miller, the Marine who is telling it to Maryland's boxing squad, yesterday announced the starting line-up for Saturday's inaugural with Western Maryland at College Park, and if experience weighs heavily in the outcome, Maryland should win in a walk.

Four of the eight nominated for duty are seniors with two years of experience to their credit; another is a senior getting his first chance in a regular role, and the remaining three are young, rugged and ambitious sophomores.

Ivan Nedomatsky, Southern Conference 145-pound champion; Ed Shegogue, 115 pounds; Tom Birmingham, 125 pounds, and Mike Lombardo, 155 pounds, are the experienced seniors, Lancelot Jacques, a burly light-heavyweight, is the fifth senior. Ben Alperstein, rookie 135-pounder, and southpaw to boot; Alex Males, 165-pounder, and Ed Egnell, heavyweight, are the newcomers scheduled to undergo their baptism of fire.

Egnell may not start. He has not returned to school yet because of the death of his mother and may not be back before next week. In the event that he does not fight, reliable Johnny Gormley will step into the breach.

Jews Ousted From All Golf Clubs in Germany

Berlin, Jan. 4 (AP).—German Jews have been barred from Nazi golf clubs, the government disclosed today.

All Jews were ousted from country clubs just before Christmas, officials said. They will be allowed to play only on their own private courses.

The aristocratic Wannsee Club near Berlin lost 200 members.

Ready to Climb Through Ropes for the Honor of Maryland

Lancelot Jacques (175 pounds) | *Alex Males (165 pounds)* | *Mike Lombardo (155 pounds)* | *Ivan Nedomatsky (145 pounds)* | *Ben Alperstein (135 pounds)* | *Tom Birmingham (125 pounds)* | *Ed Shegogue (115 pounds)*

Kuhel May Be Highest-Paid Nat as Myer Accepts Salary Cut

Captain Signs At Figures Unknown

Chapman's Wages Due to Rival That of First Baseman.

Pay Slash Looms for Newsom; Appleton to Get Increase.

Dutifully accepting a salary cut that bordered on an amputation, Capt. Buddy Myer, relinguished his role as the Nats' highest paid performer.

Reticent, as usual in salary matters, Griffith declined to reveal the figures of Myer's 1937 contract but admitted they called for a considerable reduction in his 1936 wage of $14,500.

Myer, a mild holdout last spring when he rejected Griffith's first salary offers as incommensurate with his position as the American League batting champion of 1935, quickly arrived at terms for 1937 with Griffith over the week-end.

Sick Through Season.

"He knew he was of little help to the team last year on account of his illness, and we had no trouble reaching an agreement," said Griffith.

The first batch of 1937 contracts were put in the mails yesterday by Griffith, who declared that several of the team would be given salary increases.

The distinction of being the Nats' highest paid player of 1937 is expected to fall to First Baseman Joe Kuhel or Outfielder Ben Chapman. The release of Earl Whitehill to Cleveland removed from the payroll one of the team's highest-salaried stars.

Pitcher Buck Newsom ranked second to Myer in the wage list last year, but Griffith is not in a mood to maintain Newsom at his 1936 salary. Newsom, who came to the Nats as a $5,500 pitcher in 1934, was promoted to a salary of $11,000 in 1936, but his record on the mound hardly justified that figure.

Had Good '36 Season.

Kuhel, off his sensational season in 1936, is in a position to demand the highest salary he has ever been paid by the Nats. The regular first baseman was a victim of salary cuts during the past two years when he lapsed from the form he had shown in 1933, and the increase that will be contained in his 1937 contract may stamp him the most expensive of Griffith's players.

Ben Chapman came to the Nats from the Yankees as a $10,000 employe with the stipulation that he would be given a $2,000 bonus if Manager Joe McCarthy approved of his play at the end of the season. Griffith, as a gesture of confidence in Chapman, paid him the $2,000 bonus promised by the Yanks immediately after Chapman joined the Washington club.

Outfielders Johnny Stone, Pitcher Pete Appleton and Third Baseman Buddy Lewis are also expected to demand and receive salary boosts. Stone, who led all the Nats in hitting with his .340 average, was among the lowest paid stars in the league in 1936, accepting a cut in his 1935 salary, but he is in a position to demand a tilting of the ante by Griffith for 1937.

Griffith yesterday declared that none of his ball players will be offered a bonus clause in their 1937 contracts, but he said last year that there would be no bonus clauses in 1936 only to admit during the season that Newsom, DeShong and Appleton would be paid on a bonus basis.

Midwest Coach Resigns.

St. Paul, Jan. 4 (AP).—Dr. John C. Acheson, president of Macalester College, announced today he had accepted the resignation of Alan Gowans, football and basketball coach, effective at the end of the school year.

Fair Grounds Entries.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $600; allowances; for 3-year-olds.

1	Miss Ivory	103	
2	Jeanne Son	108	
3	S'thland Beau	112	
4	Idle Elf	114	
5	Busy Lutrecia	107	
6	Miss De Mie	107	
7	Edification	112	
8	R'ckabye Babe	107	
9	Lady Dedlock	107	
10	Sadie Scarf	107	
11	Valiant Boy	112	
12	Skeeter	114	

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	*Eninel	104	
2	*Cilley	104	
3	Pancoast	114	
4	Howe Chances	114	
5	*Itsie Bitsie	113	
6	*Servant Pride	109	
7	Seedling	109	
8	*Lugen L'eaze	109	
9	*Joe Jay	113	
10	Simple Flower	109	
11	Busy Storm	109	
12	Levaal	114	
13	Vanda C'rulea	104	
14	*Thistle Jock	113	
15	Bright Don	114	
16	Little R	114	
17	*Merovech	109	
18	*Indiana Flyer	109	

THIRD RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	*Beau Bon	107	
2	Animosity	112	
3	*John Tio	112	
4	*Leoran	112	
5	*Black Hal	107	
6	Popo	112	
7	Brilliant Pal	112	
8	Hoosiers Pride	112	
9	Blue Spur	112	
10	*Attauquechee	107	
11	*Cant. Jeffers	112	
12	Stratagem	107	
13	*Tut Tut	107	
14	Yellow Metal	107	
15	Zowie	107	
16	Golden Words	112	
17	*Magic Line	107	
18	*Indiana Flyer	109	

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	High Bottom	115	
2	Sugar Jar	115	
3	*Redwick	105	
4	Pens Wonder	110	
5	Sir Kal	114	
6	*Brophy	105	
7	*Anna V. L	109	
8	Pretty Busy	105	
9	*Skippy M'Gee	114	
10	*Proteus	110	
11	Silver Tidings	105	
12	Miss Subway	109	
13	*Be Quiet	109	

FIFTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	*Wild Kitty	96	
2	Gr't Meadows	110	
3	*Charlie Jr	110	
4	*Pops Betty	102	
5	*Pergo	103	
6	Golden Quest	110	
7	Zonka	110	
8	*Arctic Star	103	
9	*Hey Flirt	101	
10	*Shasta Br'm	101	
11	Laura Kiev	110	
12	Red Rogue	108	
13	*Justa T'cher	96	
14	*Nessus	108	
15	Coming Back	107	

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $700; the Plaquemine; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Susan Hay	107	
2	J'nie Nuchols	118	
3	*Crusader	113	
4	Wee Emma	105	
5	*Revelstoke	111	
6	Chrysmute	110	
7	Conastanto	110	
8	Jack Conners	114	
9	*Sky Lad	110	
10	*Legal Gamble	113	

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	*Probationer	107	
2	Jim Ned	112	
3	*Halliard	107	
4	*Sorcery	112	
5	Chief O'onimo	117	
6	Flighlette	107	
7	Languo	117	
8	Dunfox	112	
9	Mynah	102	
10	Dispeller	112	
11	Bahadur	112	
12	Tela	107	
13	*Showman	107	
14	Tiempo	107	
15	*Showman	107	
16	Respect	112	
17	Peter Dixon	107	
18	Masked Coelia	107	

EIGHTH RACE — (Substitute): 1 mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Lady Scout	107	
2	Miss Joker	107	
3	*Montmary	102	
4	Elihu	112	
5	*Miss Spider	102	
6	Carsono	112	
7	*Lucky Foot	107	
8	*Ozie	102	
9	Muscle Tin	117	
10	To Her Play	107	
11	*Cant. Jeffers	112	
12	Stratagem	107	
13	*Tut Tut	107	
14	Yellow Metal	107	
15	Zowie	107	
16	Golden Words	112	
17	*Magic Line	107	
18	*Indiana Flyer	109	

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

Time Out! By Chet Smith

The goalie's raising Plymouth Rocks this year!

1937 Card Grid Team Faces Hard Program

Returning to his desk after a five-day spell of illness, "Dutch" Bergman, Catholic University's grid coach and director of athletics, yesterday announced his team's 1937 schedule, and in so doing may have placed his coaching neck squarely on the chopping block; for it is, with two exceptions, a list of small "names" represented by big, tough teams.

Eight games are definitely booked, and the ninth, which in all probability will be played, is hanging fire. Four games, exclusive of that pending, will be staged at Brookland, and one date, November 20, has been left open permanently. Mississippi, Western Maryland, North Carolina State and Shenandoah are the schools dropped from last year's schedule.

Bergman, who seems to have gone out of his way to endanger his status as a top-flight coach, still is dickering for a date with Duquesne, the one team that has not signed. He had a brief telephone conversation yesterday with "Clipper" Smith, the Dukes' coach, who had a stop-over here en route to Pittsburgh from Miami. Smith seemed to think the game will go through all right, but it must be ratified by the board of regents, which does not meet until next week.

Canisius First Opponent.

Beginning with Canisius and extending through to South Carolina, the Cardinals will meet up with as tough a crew of hombres as most larger schools play. The Buffalo boys were four deep in every position last season—one of their best in years, and it was a sophomore team to boot. Catholic may start the season in reverse if this one is even close to its 1936 form.

Loyola of New Orleans will have a new coach at the helm, since Eddie Reed has departed, but with a plentiful supply of material to draw from the new mentor should have a fairly good club. La Salle, of Philadelphia, always has been tough for the Cards, tying them two years ago and coming within an ace of whipping them last autumn. Added to that is the fact that C. U. will be helping the Explorers dedicate their new stadium in '37, and every team has the annoying habit of trying to throw a good house-warming party.

Detroit, to be met here, had a swell record to show for its '36 efforts, ditto for De Paul—another club that just missed defeating the Cards, and here are two more sophomore aggregations.

Duquesne Not Set-up.

Duquesne couldn't exactly be termed a pushover, West Virginia Wesleyan laid its sophomore stars all over Brookland last year and won, and Miami is definitely on the upgrade in football. South Carolina appears to be the weakest team on the entire card, but may be able to match Catholic.

The Cardinals, you are probably aware, will be rebuilding from the ground up, because the only thing Bergman has left from 1936 is a boxful of shiny new uniforms, and a couple of footballs.

His boys have got to be unusually good, he's got to be unusually lucky, or his neck has got to be unusually tough, or it's going to be a mighty mournful year for "Dutch" Bergman.

September 24, at Canisius.
October 2, Loyola, at New Orleans; 9, at La Salle; 16, Detroit (pending); 23, at De Paul (tentative); 30, Duquesne (pending).
November 6, West Virginia Wesleyan; 12, at Miami; 20, permanently open; 25, South Carolina.

Reynoldstown Scratched.

London, Jan. 4 (AP).—Reynoldstown, winner of the Grand National the last two years, will not be entered in the classic steeplechase this year, his owner, Maj. Noel Furlong, announced today.

"I think Reynoldstown has done enough," said Maj. Furlong.

At the Post . . .

with **Bill Bennings.**

Dear Al:

There promises to be a keen battle here for first honors among the trainers. Hirsch Jacobs and Bert Michell, the latter in charge of those consistent Denemark horses, are the chief contenders. Jacobs has 15 winners to Michell's 13 at this writing. Riding race horses must be a profitable business. Sammy Renick, one of the best-liked young men who ply the saddle trade, has purchased a home at Miami Beach, and they say it cost $22,000. "Singing Sammy," as he is known, will make his winter home there. He is under contract to Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt. Harry Romaine, a Lynbrook (N. Y.) lad, is a promising lightweight apprentice. He can ride at 90 pounds. Jockey Irving Anderson looks like a cinch to carry off the jockey honors for the meeting. He had 17 winners up to today. I had a wire from the Herbert (S. C.) police department today. They said that there is a man down there who has been playing a pinball machine for the last 32 hours. He keeps mumbling to himself. They want to know if the man is Clocker Mike. I sent an answer: "If he snaps his finger on the third shot each time, then he is Clocker Mike. Please don't disturb him."

BILL.

First race—Slippery Jim seems to fit well in this field and may surprise by stepping off with the principal honors. I'm expecting a hustling ride from Jockey Joe Wagner. **Romney Royal** has shown enough to be rated as a serious contender. **Hornet** may be better than generally rated and could be a threat off that rail position.

Second race—Epitaph seems to have a slight edge over the talent due to march postward in this sprint. **Little Duke** has improved and with **Shepherd Boy** will be ready to make the top one hustle.

Third race—Regula Baddun is a consistent sort and one that will do a lot of running in the field. He needs only the right ride. **Lum Joy** has worked well and could jolt the field. **Good Dame** for the show end.

Fourth race—Muggins defeated almost as good as these last out and we must expect another performance of that caliber. **Quickly** looms as the one to beat. **Wild Pigeon** is fit now and may upset the dope.

Fifth race—The Denemark entry of **Evening Tide** and **Prairie Dog** will be hard to beat in this field. Any price will be a good one. **Zaca** and **Proph** may make money appearances.

Sixth race—Ravenna runs as if this distance suits. Although the cold dope says **Legsure** and **Star Loom**, I'm going to string along with the one I have named on top.

Seventh race—Thirteen Stars, after his many Maryland flailures, waltzed to victory here. He should run back to his winning effort and defeat these. **Knight's Fancy** and **Wise Will** for the place and show.

Eighth race—Synopsis has been forwarded to me as a good thing in the day's finale. Take it or leave it. **Ceylon** and **Sock Dologer** for the remaining money positions.

Best bet—**Epitaph.**

Governor Favors Pari-Mutuel Repeal

By the Associated Press.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 4.—Gov. James V. Allred said today he would recommend to the legislature convening January 12 repeal of the law authorizing pari-mutuel gambling on horse races.

"I also intend to recommend legislation to curb activities of bookies," he announced. "Present laws are inadequate to cope with the situation."

Allred recommended repeal of the horse race gambling statute two years ago but the legislature failed to act.

Post Scripts . . . .

Now that Al Jolson, The Singing Fool, has become a full-fledged fight manager, with Featherweight Henry Armstrong under his guidance, Maj. Harvey L. Miller, of the District Boxing Commission, recalls a coincidence . . . it seems that Jolson once had aspirations to become a fighter . . and on the very night that Al was being knocked out in one round in his first fight in the old Dreamland Rink in San Francisco, Willie Meehan was being "given the hook" while trying to sing Mother Machree in the Empress Theater, a few blocks away . . . Jolson gave up the ring to become the country's No. 1 Jazz Singer . . . and Meehan deserted the stage to become a pretty good heavyweight fighter, who later whipped Jack Dempsey . . . George Rensa, Dallas catcher recently acquired by the Chicago White Sox, was the only Texas Leaguer receiver who had the better of the base runners in his circuit last season . . . 43 bases were stolen off him, but, on the other, he tossed out 57 men attempting to steal . . . he had five assists in one game, four in another and twice threw out three would-be pilferers of bases . . . all in all, he had 104 assists, took part in 12 double plays and accepted more chances than any other catcher in the Texas League . . . the modern toboggan is an offspring of the "Ottobonark" and "Tabaakum," used by the Indians for bringing in their game.

50 - Cent 'Gate' For Navy's Basketball

Admission to Ring Bouts to Be by Invitation; Other Events Free.

By the Associated Press.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 4.—A 50-cent admission charge will be made at Saturday basketball games at the Naval Academy this winter under a new policy announced today by Lieut. Comdr. Andrew C. McFall, graduate manager of athletics.

The charge, which will include a 5-cent tax fee, will apply to all Saturday games, with the exception of the Army-Navy basketball game to which admission will be by ticket issued by the Navy Athletic Association. No charge will be made for Wednesday basketball games.

"Last year the crowds at the Saturday basketball games got so large that we could not control them properly," Comdr. McFall said. "In order to establish better control we have decided to charge a nominal fee so those admitted to the armory will be able to see the game properly."

Other Events Free.

No charge will be made for the other athletic events at the Academy during the winter.

The regulations on boxing established last year will be in effect this season. These require all officers and midshipmen attending to be attired in evening dress, and other spectators are expected to wear formal dress.

Because of the limited seating capacity of the Navy gymnasium, which seats 4,100 spectators, those attending the boxing meets this winter will be by invitation of the Navy Athletic Association. Tickets or invitations will be issued to midshipmen, naval officers and guests.

The Academy winter season will open Wednesday, when the Navy basketball team meets the quint of Gettysburg College. The Middy varsity squad of 17 players, who reported back from Christmas leave last night, began preparation for the game today.

Watt Brothers Lose Mother, No. 1 Fan

Mrs. Martha C. Watt, mother of the Watt brothers, prominent in local and professional sports for more than a decade, will be buried today in West Philadelphia. Mrs. Watt, who was 62 years old, died at her home, 407 M street northeast, last Saturday. She took a keen interest in the athletic careers of her five sons, two of whom played major league baseball.

Allie once played for the Washington club, while Frank pitched for the Philadelphia Nationals. Willie and George, after sparkling careers on the local sandlots, became umpires and are members of the District Umpires Association. Walter, the youngest of the brothers, played baseball and football with old Business High and was prominent on various sandlot teams.

Mrs. Watt also is survived by a daughter, Margaret.

Georgetown Church League

Arl. Presby.	G	FG	P
Fox, f	0	1	1
Kirchner, f	2	2	6
Beach, f	1	0	2
Brasse, c	3	0	6
Koch, g	1	1	3
Bullen, g	1	0	2
Totals	8	4	20

Peck Mem.	G	FG	P
Dinsmore, f	4	1	9
Mills, f	2	0	4
C'mentson, f	4	0	8
Herndon, c	5	1	11
Head, c	1	0	2
Beatty, g	4	0	8
Thomley, g	0	0	0
Brown, g	2	0	4
Reeves, g	0	0	0
Totals	22	2	46

Referee—Tucker.

Central Community Center

Lansburghs.	G	FG	P
Brunger, lf	3	0	6
C.M'neaux, rf	0	2	2
Andrus, c	4	0	8
Nichols, c	0	0	0
Webb, lg	4	1	9
Ginnetti, lg	1	0	2
J.M'neaux, rg	0	2	2
Davies, rg	2	0	4
Totals	14	5	33

Azs Frat.	G	FG	P
Raffell, lf	8	0	16
Reuben, rf	0	0	0
Cohen, c	3	0	6
Curasa, lg	2	0	4
Janes, rg	1	0	2
Totals	14	0	28

Referee—Young.

Racing Selections

Fair Grounds.
(For fast track.)

1—Southland Beau, Skeeter, Busy Lutrecia.
2—Merovech, Vanda Cerulea, Joe Jay.
3—Popo, John Tio, Beau Bon.
4—Sir Kal, Miss Subway, High Bottom.
5—Coming Back, Zonka, Great Meadows.
6—Chrysmute, Legal Gamble, Persuader.
7—Bahadur, Mynah, Jim Ned.
8—The Mauler, Sun Caprice, Lucky Foot.
Best bet—Popo.

Alamo Downs.
(For fast track.)

1—Lamporte, Whiskarita, Quick.
2—Barney Keen, Sailors Gift, Teeter Totter.
3—Terrier, Alkali, Phrixus.
4—Egmont, Atina, Venga.
5—Takus, Our David, Beginners Bait.
6—Mariolet, Minton, Veronica C.
7—Carus Clarus, Monks First, Autumn Leaves.
8—Sickle Hour, Sir Satin, Wardell Ormont.
Best bet—Mariolet.

Santa Anita.
(For good track.)

1—No selections.
2—Back Log, Dyak, Squeaker.
3—Zor, Take Me, Kelconard.
4—Brass Bottle, Jaipur, Mr. Blaze.
5—Bonny Grafton, Home Loan, Alvino.
6—Miss Merriment, Clean Cut, Marica.
7—Make and Break, Euxine, Koterito.
8—Vale of Tears, Mad Frump, Le Miserable.
9—Later On, Tiny Kitty, Moresorls.
Best bet—Miss Merriment.
—Louisville Times (AP).

Move to Label Horse-Fixing Crime Made

Md. Racing Commission to Recommend Law to Legislature.

By the Associated Press.

Baltimore, Jan. 4.—The Maryland Racing Commission recommended today that the Legislature pass a law "making it a criminal offense to tamper in any way with a race horse."

The commission called attention to the epidemic of sponging last fall at the Bowie track. Six horses were found with sponges in their nostrils, designed to slow down their speed so they would not have a chance of winning the race.

"At the present time, if the culprits who sponge the horses were caught, all that could be done would be to rule them off the property used for racing purposes," the report said.

"Other measures of a precautionary nature will be taken to put an end to the sponging of horses engaged in racing on Maryland tracks, but a law, as suggested, will give added force to the commission's efforts."

Signed by Jervis Spencer, jr., chairman; Edwin Warfield and George R. Norris, the report also said the State's four major tracks had enjoyed a general increase in net revenue.

Subject to a 15 per cent State tax, the combined net revenue of the four tracks yielded the State $72,641.20 as compared with $62,266.32 last year.

All-Time Loop Records Fall In Pin Play

Krauss, Overand Battle for Top Honors in Kilowatt League.

The city's numerous duckpin loops fell to slaying the maples with renewed vim and vigor last night after a holiday lull in activity, with all teams imbued with a grim determination to better their standings in the second half of their respective leagues.

All-time league and season records were routed in a burst of first class pin mauling at the Lucky Strike drives, with the Kilowatt League furnishing an exciting individual battle for top marks between Bill Krauss, of the District Engineers, and Joe Overand, of Schedule. Rolling in the same match, as opponents, Overand cracked Krauss' all time set mark of 408 with a 416 set, only to see the anchor man of the Engineers come back to regain this all-time record with a 419 set. Although rolling a high game of 60, and a top game of 1,718, Schedule nipped the Engineers for two games. Not to be outdone, George James, of Sub Station, tied the league's high game with 169 and Bill Lanahan shot 164 to tie the former high game score.

In the Sanico League, at Convention Hall alleys, Tom Bradford, the loop's high individual average bowler, continued to pack the punch which put the Green Bag Coffee crew atop the league's standings with a big 150 game and a 371 set to aid in swamping Sanico Cakes.

Bureau of Investigation, pacesetter in the strong Federal league, maintained its position at the top of the heap although dropping a game to Navy. Astor Clarke, the mainstay of the G-Men, collected a 389 set and Carroll Daly, of Navy, chipped in a 153 game. The second place Senate five eked out an odd-game decision over PWA and G. P. O. gained on the leaders by swamping Veterans Administration.

Earl McPhilomy's average in the Graphic Arts League went soaring well above the 120 mark last night when the former District No. 1 shooter smashed the pins for a brilliant 173 game and 429 set, both all-time league records . . . Southern Dairy featured the Merchant League's activities at Convention Hall, annexed team laurels with a 605 game and 1,670 set . . . Convention Hall turned in an unusual stunt in last week's Inter-city League match, rolling three 593 games against the National Beer five of Baltimore, losing two games . . . Purchasing ran away with all honors in the Southern Railway Clerks League at Arcadia, shooting a 576 game and 1,672 set and annexing individual honors with a 143 game and 382 set by Staffel and Maley, respectively.

Merrick Boys Club Loans-Currency Victors

Both Merrick Boys Club, in the National Basketball League and Loans and Currency in the American League of the Southeast Community Center, maintained their leadership at Hine Junior High School last night, the former defeating Navy Yard, 42 to 17, and the latter winning from D. C. Paper Co., 36 to 20. In another American League contest, Sigma Mu Sigma conquered the Celtics, 45 to 27. Cole, Cresiful and D'Antonio starred for Merricks.

L. and C.	G	FG	P
Howse, f	3	0	6
Cross, f	2	0	4
Jeans, f	0	1	1
Beck, c	5	1	11
Beck, c	0	0	0
Hale, g	2	1	5
Kramer, g	4	1	9
Cullen, g	0	0	0
Totals	16	4	36

D. C. Paper	G	FG	P
Bass, f	0	0	0
Scott, f	0	1	1
Schuoffee, f	5	1	11
Rhoades, c	1	0	2
Bromley, g	0	0	0
Collins, g	3	0	6
Totals	9	2	20

Referees—Habel and McClay.

Celtics.	G	FG	P
Gress, f	3	3	9
Wood, f	6	3	15
Geovanetti, c	0	0	0
Brahelra, g	1	0	2
Darnell, g	0	1	1
Totals	10	7	27

Sig. M. Sig.	G	FG	P
Staubley, f	5	0	12
Hoy, f	5	0	10
P. Haskell, c	4	1	9
Cross, g	2	1	5
T. Haskell, g	2	1	5
Felner, g	2	0	4
Totals	21	3	45

Referee—McClay.

Navy Yard.	G	FG	P
McCarthy, f	0	1	1
Johnson, f	0	0	0
Ceomic, f	2	1	5
Hunt, f	0	0	0
Rauscher, c	1	0	2
Frigitt, c	1	0	2
Heflin, g	3	1	7
Beall, g	0	0	0
Cooper, g	0	0	0
Totals	7	3	17

Merrick.	G	FG	P
Cole,	3	4	10
Cresaful, f	3	5	11
Won'eberger, c	4	3	11
Mongello, g	2	0	4
D'Antonio, g	3	0	6
Totals	15	12	42

Referees—Habel and McClay.

Western Loses Star, Still 'Team to Beat'

NEEDLE. HALLORAN. SAYLOR. STANTON.

DeWITT. BURNS. HEIL. SCHULZE.

All is not so quiet on the Western basketball front. The Big Red appears the "team to beat" in the interhigh series, starting Friday, and the school is very much excited about the whole business.

In view of the fact that the team has lost its veteran guard, Hop Lomax, for several weeks, this is a rather striking state of affairs. However, the fact that dour, laconic Coach Cliff Moore admits this year's team to be as good as the Western team of 1934 is explanation in itself.

In 1934 Western wound up a close second to one of the greatest Eastern teams in Eastern history. This year Eastern is once again an average team, no longer great, and Western senses the kill, as they say in box-fighting language. Joe Brennan, a member of that Western five which lost the deciding game to Eastern by a scant margin in '34, is openly predicting the title for Western.

Lomax Valuable Player.

This despite the loss of Lomax, the former Tech player, who is in the hospital with a badly infected arm as the result of a bruise and water on the elbow. Coach Moore considers Lomax one of his "most valuable" players.

"Without him," he says, "we'll be under a big handicap."

Western opens the series against Woodrow Wilson High, Friday, at Tech High, in one-half of the first interhigh double-header in two years. Central and Eastern play in the other half. The coach hopes Lomax will not be on the sideline for more than two or three games.

Moore has a tall, fast team this year. Paul Heil, his center, and Capt. Gerry Burns and George DeWitt, his forwards, are all good six-footers and Hugo Schulze and Lomax, Irving Needle and Tom Saylor are no shorties. Either Needle or Saylor will fill Lomax's shoes.

Moore's Eighth Year.

This marks Moore's eighth year as Western's coach. He has consistently kept the Georgetowners a threat in inter-high basketball. A native of Massachusetts, he uses no set plays and only uses the quick break occasionally. His style is short, smooth passing and patient working of the ball to the basket. He uses the man-for-man defense.

The coach is already planning for his 1940 team. For years he has coached lightweight fives on the side. All Western's players today are former lightweight players. Moore believes in building up his material.

He is proud of this team of his this year. The boys have won four straight games from good opposition—Briarly Military Academy, the Alumni, Bethesda-Chevy Chase High and George Washington High of Alexandria.

They say Wilson will be the fifth victim and they're already looking toward the sixth and the championship.

JOHN R. VOSBURGH.

Devitt Prep Conquers Hyattsville Five, 29-15

Devitt Prep yestreday invaded Hyattsville High School's basketball court and drubbed the home team, 29-15. Pascalla and Hargaden led the winners in scoring, while Buddington starred for the locals.

Among the Hyattsville players striving for a first-string berth are Lewis, Kinter, Mostow, Shulman, Jahn Hargaden, brother of Ed Hargaden, of Georgetown and Heurich fame; Sanders, Botten, Pascalla, Clark and Witt.

Hyattsville will attempt to even scores with Devitt when it takes the floor at 3:30 today at the Hyattsville Armory.

Devitt.	G	FG	P
Lewis, f	2	0	4
Rusch, f	0	1	1
Kinter, f	2	0	4
Shulman, c	0	0	0
Pascalle, c	4	0	8
Harsaden, g	4	0	8
Botten, g	0	0	0
Mostow, g	1	0	2
Sanders, g	1	0	2
Totals	14	1	29

Hyattsville.	G	FG	P
Fields, f	1	0	2
Stienberg, f	1	0	2
Buddington, f	2	2	6
Fields, f	0	0	0
Ogle, c	1	1	3
Williamson, g	0	0	0
Jones, g	1	0	2
Totals	6	3	15

Referee—Cosar.

Rosemont Co-Favorite For Santa Anita Race

St. Louis, Jan. 4 (AP).—Betting Commissioner Charles Burke, revising his future book on the Santa Anita Handicap, February 27, installed Rosemont as co-favorite with Sea Biscuit at 10 to 1 today.

At 12 to 1, Mr. Bones and Time Supply were second choices in the quotations, with Top Row, Roman Soldier, Firethorn and King Saxon grouped at 15 to 1. Burke, who succeeded the late Tom Kearney, posted 20 to 1 against Azucar, Indian Broom, Special Agent and Stand Pat.

Bred to Run

Continued from Page 16.

ting it on the program 'So-and-So, formerly ran as Flat Tire,' so I guess I will have to stick to the name."

I was sort of pleased for the sake of Miss Dorothy. She would be disappointed when she found me, if she did find me (I was beginning to have some doubt) identified by a name—for instance, Pretty Percy.

Trainer Birthwright put me in my first race in Oakmont colors at Laurel. It was an allowance event and I was half of an entry with Swift Sweet, a filly. Trainer Birthwright came into our stall in the paddock and told Jockey Soltz (incidentally he was one of the three veteran riders the Oakmont Stable employed) that I was to "set the pace" for the filly.

"Take Flat Tire to the top as soon as you can. Hustle him along every second. Remember that colt of Jim Hilton's has a lot of speed and if you don't run him into the ground, Swift Sweet isn't going to get anything," Trainer Birthwright said.

Jockey Soltz rode to instructions. We had an outside post position, but the race was at a mile and a furlong and there was plenty of ground before we reached the clubhouse turn. I always was a good post actor and Soltz broke me well. We had a little trouble shaking off one of them but Soltz soon had me in front. From the way he booted and hustled on my back you would have believed it was a 5-furlong sprint.

I don't know what the time was for the first half-mile but it must have been close to the record. One of the horses, I learned later it was that thing of Hilton's, was close to us. When we turned to swing for the stretch, my legs began to tell me I had had enough. Jockey Soltz must have known it for somehow he did not seem to press me as he had.

The Hilton horse caught and passed me but my ears told me that others were closing in on him. I looked out of the corner of my eye (I wasn't wearing blinkers that day) and I caught sight of Swift Sweet as we drifted farther back. She was beautiful to see. Her ears were pricking; Jockey Delaney was riding for all he was worth.

I noticed that the Hilton horse was tiring now and Swift Sweet was "picking him up." Nearing the wire, she lunged ahead and won by the best part of a length it appeared to me, although I was too far back then to accurately judge.

I felt that my job had been well done.

As was to be the case during my stay at the Oakmont Stable, I did not learn the mutuel price on our entry nor did I hear or see anything that indicated a "killing or such" on the race. I did hear an unusual volume of cheering as we returned for the jockeys to "weigh out."

Trainer Birthwright, evidently pleased by my "assist" race with Swift Sweet, rewarded me by allowing me to start on my own four days later.

I'm not trying to alibi, but I had a "wolf tooth" (a tooth that came through the side of my gum). Trainer Birthwright had not noticed it when he examined me. The tooth had worn a sore spot on the inside of my mouth and made me sensitive to the bit. This had not bothered me in setting the pace for Swift Sweet because I had been allowed to run rather freely.

However, when Jockey Soltz attempted to hold me under restraint soon after the start, the tooth stuck in the sore place and the pain made me run wide at the turns. I did not blame Jockey Soltz for almost breaking my neck trying to keep me in, but really I was suffering.

I broke about fourth but was far out of it when we reached the backstretch due to the fact that I had gone to the outside fence. I finished about sixth, chiefly because, when Soltz turned my head loose in the stretch he relieved the pressure on my mouth and I made up several lengths.

Trainer Birthwright, unlike some of the horsemen I was to know, did not scold or abuse either me or the jockey.

"It just isn't in the books for that colt to run that bad," he said. "I have got to find out why."

He took off his coat, went over my legs, poked at my hips, looked up my nostrils and then opened my mouth. He pulled the skin away from my gums and soon discovered the sore spot and the wolf tooth.

The next day the tooth was pulled by the veteranary who applied some medicine to the cavity and the sore spot. A week later I was as good as new.

I was to reach the high point of my racing career a short while later, but I did not know it at the moment.

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(The names of all persons and horses that are used in this story are fictitious. If the name of any living person or horse is used, it is a coincidence.)

Lack of Track Problem at Catholic U.

Coach Griffith Has Men But Needs Place to Put Them to Work.

Wanted: Indoor running track, preferably one-eighth mile size; must be in good condition; price must be reasonable; phone Dorsey Griffith, gymnasium, Catholic University.

Griffith, coach and chief supporter of the Cardinal legmen actually hasn't advertised for a running track, but may do so soon if something isn't done about one for his boys. The old oval-shaped treadway virtually fell apart with a peaceful sigh last spring after serving more than its allotted time, despite the expert patchwork of Dorsey, who knew every piece of lumber in it by grain.

The track's loss wouldn't be felt so keenly if conditions now were similar to those of other days. Time was when Catholic U. had all the equipment and even sponsored a sizable indoor meet, but lacked good material. After Jack Hickey, Vinney Fraatz, "Whitey" Ambrose and a few others of their ilk graduated the Cardinal campus was as barren of talent as an amateur radio program.

Material Is Good.

This year Griffith is well supplied with better-than-average men, many of them experienced. He has three good indoor meets scheduled for the boys, the Southern Conference, Fifth Regiment of Baltimore, and New York K. of C., but unless something is done about this track situation all may have to be canceled.

Heretofore the trackmen have been permitted to stretch their leg

Chief Cherokee Wins Feature

Gelding Runs Record Race

Fastest Mile of Gables Meeting Is Credited to Denemark Horse.

By the Associated Press.

Tropical Park, Fla., Jan. 4.—The monotonous regularity with which the horses of Mrs. Emil Denemark win feaure events here went on uninterrupted here today. Chief Cherokee, a close third in his last start, despite being knocked out of contention, ran the fastest mile of the meeting to win the Istokpoga Purse for his Chicago owner. Charlie Kurtsinger, riding his second winner of the day, had the 5-year-old gelding well in hand as he passed the judges a length and a half in 1:37 4-5. Mrs. E. D Jacobs' Mamas Choice, flashy winner of her last two races and favorite in one of the most open betting races of the current session, beat Wha Hae, a William Ziegler, jr., representative, by a half length for the place. Kerry Patch was barely edged out of the picture in the field of ten.

Chief Cherokee was a well-played second choice, returning $9.20 for $2. He carried 117 pounds. The gelding had been campaigning in sprint competition.

As in his last start, Chief Cherokee broke slowly from the inside, beating only Blackbirder away from the stalls. Wha Hae and Mamas Choice showed the way to the far turn. Kurtsinger, who had sent Chief Cherokee around horses on the backstretch, shot his mount to the front, leaving the far side and the Chief ran into a comfortable lead, which never was threatened. Wha Hae tired and allowed Mamas Choice to beat him out in the final strides.

Pottage, under a vigorous ride by Ira Hanford, easily outran eight other 3-year-old maiden fillies in the 6-furlong curtain raiser here this afternoon. Taking command shortly after the start, the S. W. Ward representative ran into a wide lead over the favored Marinella and Dickery Dock. Pottage had two lengths' advantage at the wire, while Dickery Dock outfinished Marinella by a length and a half for the place. Pottage returned $14.50.

Justa Play, a 6-year-old mare, was an upset winner of the second dash. Paying $57.60 for a $2 ticket, the brown daughter of Broadway Jones got up to beat Johnny Cake by a half length, while Emvee was third, three lengths farther back.

Phlox Is Victor.

Phlox, showing improvement over two other starts at this point, had the better of a hard drive with the heavily backed Bugle Ann in the third, another 6-furlong test.

Favorite players got a start in the fourth, a class "C" handicap at six furlongs, when Great Haste led Bluebeard, the second choice, home by a length. Chancer was a fast closing third, a head off Bluebeard. Bluebeard had to dispose of the speedy gray colt, Silver Fleece, after which Great Haste moved up to duel with the leader. Bobby Watson swung the choice to the front entering the home lane and drew away slowly but surely. Great Haste paid $4.90.

Tropical Park Entries.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $700; claiming; for 3-year-olds; maiden colts and geldings.

No.	Horse and Jockey.	Wgt.	Odds.
9	Hornet (Kurtsinger)	112	12-1
10	Ubalda G. (Seabo)	112	30-1
11	Slippery Jim (Wagner)	115	5-1
12	Match Plate (R. Watson)	115	20-1
1	Scandinavian (Dabson)	118	8-1
2	Gala (Cooper)	112	20-1
3	*Ballot Boy (Schmidt)	107	6-1
4	Thornhaugh (no boy)	118	20-1
5	Loyal Son (S. Renick)	112	6-1
6	*Bred in Blue (Anderson)	107	20-1
7	Sonny Royal (Madeley)	118	3-1
8	Pamuck (Catrone)	112	20-1

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward; (divided).

7	Shepherd Boy (Madeley)	115	12-1
8	Sandy Boy (Seabo)	110	20-1
9	*Epitaph (Anderson)	110	3-1
10	Uppercut (Porter)	112	15-1
11	Over Yonder (South)	113	6-1
12	Blue Point (L. Hanford)	112	20-1
1	Sam Worthy (R. Watson)	115	10-1
2	Golden Seal (Corona)	113	12-1
3	Johnny Tight (J. Renick)	110	10-1
4	Little Duke (Gross)	112	4-1
5	Hennanita (Lounsbery)	110	20-1
6	*Mantados (Bierman)	107	8-1

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward (division of second).

8	Stool Pigeon (Rosen)	112	20-1
4	Lum Joy (Matioli)	110	8-1
6	Balanced Budget (Madeley)	113	10-1
7	*Miss Capers (Bierman)	100	20-1
8	*Good Dame (Anderson)	105	3-1
9	Reguila Baddun (Rosen)	112	5-1
10	Thiswy (Paradise)	112	20-1
11	Cloverport (Kurtsinger)	110	15-1
12	Peter Pepper (Cooper)	112	20-1
1	Adamite (J. Renick)	112	20-1
2	*Sun Teatime (Schmidt)	102	6-1
3	Galon Boy (Porter)	115	15-1

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

7	Paralda (Wall)	112	20-1
8	*Wild Pigeon (Schmidt)	113	8-1
9	*Air Line (Anderson)	109	8-1
1	Sweet Guinea (Porter)	107	20-1
2	Quickly (R. Watson)	109	3-1
3	Idle Along (Feis)	109	15-1
4	Speed (Stout)	112	10-1
5	Muggins (Wagner)	111	2-1
6	*Recovery (Bierman)	104	6-1

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $800; added; the Lantana Handicap; for 3-year-olds.

4	Bernard F. (Seabo)	112	10-1
5	Little Sleeper (Bierman)	98	10-1
6	Rainland (Anderson)	105	15-1
7	Woof (Rosen)	114	3-1
8	*Evening Tide (Kurtsinger	113	5-2
9	*Prairie Dog (Westrope)	115	5-2
2	Zaca (R. Watson)	116	3-1
3	Proph (Porter)	116	6-1
	†Mrs. E. D. Shaffer-Mrs. E. Denemark entry.		

SIXTH RACE—One mile; purse, $700; claiming; for 3-year-olds.

6	Candlelight (I. Hanford)	114	15-1
7	Ravenna (Cooper)	105	15-1
8	Cuban Boy (Stout)	114	12-1
9	Leisure (Kurtsinger)	105	3-1
10	*Dickery Dock (Schmidt)	100	20-1
1	Spicr (Stout)	109	12-1
2	*Bold General (Schmidt)	105	15-1
3	Al Carlys (Rosen)	117	15-1
4	Prince Oar (S. Renick)	110	6-1
5	*Star Loom (Anderson)	107	3-1

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

3	*Vitor (Anderson)	105	8-1
4	*Tellwhy (Schmidt)	108	6-1
5	Thirteen Stars (Quattlebaum)	113	3-1
1	Dark Winter (Hardy)	113	5-1
2	Wise Will (S. Renick)	110	4-1
6	Knights Fancy (Kurtsinger)	105	6-1
8	Tornadic (Hightshoe)	113	10-1
7	*Wilco (Bierman)	108	10-1

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

7	Felwyn (Seabo)	108	15-1
8	*Claimant (Anderson)	107	8-1
9	Ceylon (Dabson)	113	3-1
10	Stealth (South)	110	20-1
11	*Scotch Pepper (Bierman)	112	30-1
12	Brush Past (Paradise)	113	10-1
1	Synopsis (Kurtsinger)	112	10-1
2	*Lillian E. (Schmidt)	107	15-1
3	*Pinta Smile (Schraudenbach)	104	20-1
4	Sock Dolcger (Rosen)	117	7-2
5	*Behind Me (Jackie)	100	20-1
6	Keep Out (R. Watson)	113	12-1
	†Apprentice allowance claimed.		

First post, 1:45 p. m., Eastern standard time.

Horses listed in order of post position. Weather, clear; track, fast.

Chart of Races at Tropical Park

By the Associated Press.
MONDAY JANUARY 4, 1937.
WEATHER, CLEAR; TRACK, FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700; claiming. For maiden fillies, 3-year-old. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 2:00. Off at 2:02. Winner, S. W. Ward's ch. f. (3), by Au Feu—Balance Sheet. Trained by S. W. Ward. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:12 4-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
POTTAGE	(I.Hanford)	110	7	4	1½	1²	1²	1²	$6.25
DICKERY DOCK	(Schmidt)	111	1	6	6¹	3½	2²	2½	3.90
MARINELLA	(Merritt)	110	6	5	2½	2²	2¹	3²	2.85
MY GOODNESS	(R.Watson)	110	4	3	5½	5²	4¹	4²	9.80
ELIZBTH FARLEY	(Anderson)	105	8	8	7½	6¹	6½	5³	4.35
LAUREL TIME	(J.Renick)	110	3	7	8½	8½	5½	6³	84.40
GOOD SELKA	(South)	110	2	9	9	9	7½	7³	6.90
SHERABINA	(Rosen)	113	9	1	3¹	4³	3²	8³	97.10
OLO MOR	(Matioli)	110	5	2	4³	7¹	9	9	29.95

Two-dollar mutuels paid—POTTAGE, $14.50, $6.90, $3.90; DICKERY DOCK, $6.00, $3.30; MARINELLA, $2.70.

POTTAGE was a bit slow to get into her stride, but quickly ran up, assumed the lead at the half-mile pole, drew away and won nicely in hand. DICKERY DOCK came through on the inside and closed gamely. MARINELLA was hard ridden all the way and had no excuse. MY GOODNESS closed some ground. ELIZBTH FARLEY was outrun.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place easily. Went to post at 2:29. Off at 2:33½. Winner, Mrs. M. Howard's br. m. (6), by Broadway Jones—Baby Gar. Trained by R. L. Hanna. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, 50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:12.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
JUSTA PLAY	(Bierman)	107	1	7	6¹½	4¹	2²	1½	$27.80
JOHNNYCAKE	(Anderson)	113	6	3	1³	1½	1¹	2¹	5.95
EMVEE	(Mecion)	118	9	9	7½	6¹	4²	3²	3.35
GEO. GABLE	(South)	113	10	2	2³	2¹	3½	4³	3.05
PAPYROGRAPH	(Polk)	115	8	11	10¹	9½	6¹	5¹	9.30
SCOTCH QUEEN	(Catrone)	110	3	8	8½	8½	5½	6¹	113.25
ROBERT S.	(Kurtsinger)	114	12	1	8¹½	7½	7½	7½	100.15
RAYDON	(R.Watson)	117	11	4	9¹	8½	9½	8¹	20.15
GRATTAN	(Jackson)	114	5	10	12	12	11²	9³	79.25
CHANCE QUEEN	(Stout)	110	2	6	4³	10¹	10¹	10³	41.60
MISS CHICRO	(Wall)	107	7	5	3½½	3½½	8¹	11³	3.40
DREAMY ISLE	(Gorman)	110	9	12	11³	11¹	12	12	29.80

Two-dollar mutuels paid—JUSSTA PLAY, $57.60, $37.10, $14.10; JOHNNYCAKE, $8.20, $5.20; EMVEE, $3.30.

JUSTA PLAY slipped through inside around the turn and then was taken to the outside of JOHNNYCAKE in the stretch, closed fast and was drawing away at the end. JOHNNYCAKE had plenty of speed, but tired suddenly. EMVEE was in close quarters in the early part, but finished fast when clear. GEORGE GABLE had speed for half a mile, then quit.

$2.00 DAILY DOUBLE—FIRST AND SECOND RACES—PAID $736.60.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $800; claiming. For 3-year-olds. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:00. Off at 3:02. Winner, E. D. Shaffer's br. f. (3), by Bull Dog Bright—Hop. Trained by B. S. Michell. Value to winner, $600; second, $125; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:12.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
PHLOX	(Kurtsinger)	108	2	3	3³	2½	2½	1½	$7.35
BUGLE ANN	(Stout)	111	5	2	2¹	1²	1½½	2½	2.60
LITTLE MAXIE	(I.Hanford)	116	3	4	1½	2½½	3²	3¹	5.75
FLICKERING	(Schmidt)	110	9	1	5½½	4³	4¹	4½	33.40
ZEBAR	(J.Renick)	107	8	5	4½	5²	5½½	5½	13.60
ALICE HIGHLAND	(Seabo)	107	7	8	8¹	8½	6½	6²	5.30
ETHEL'S CHOICE	(Anderson)	110	6	7	6¹	6½	8½	7³	3.55
BALANCE STEP	(Steffen)	111	1	6	7³	7¹	8²	8½	21.05
CHILCA	(Schraudenbach)	110	4	9	9	9	9	9	19.50

Two-dollar mutuels paid—PHLOX, $16.70, $6.00, $4.10; BUGLE ANN, $4.30, $3.20; LITTLE MAXIE, $5.00.

PHLOX got away fast, displayed good speed, came with a rush in the stretch and won going away. BUGLE ANN was hard ridden all the way and had no excuse. LITTLE MAXIE, on the inside, weakened in the last sixteenth. FLICKERING ran a fair race.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. The Sarasota Handicap. Purse, $800 added. For 4-year-olds and upward in Class C. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:28. Off at 3:35. Winner, Miss A. Doris' b. g. (5), by Haste—Stephanie. Trained by H. L. Campbell. Value to winner, $645; second, $125; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:11 4-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
GREAT HASTE	(R.Watson)	109	6	2	3¹	2½	1½	1²	$1.45
BLUEBEARD	(Rosen)	113	2	1	2³	1³	2²	2³	2.00
CHANCER	(Seabo)	118	3	5	6	4½	3½	3½	4.90
COL. GREENE	(Stout)	112	1	6	5³	5²	5²	4¹	15.25
SILVER FLEECE	(Anderson)	105	4	2	1³	3³	4²	5³	14.70
INSCONA	(South)	113	5	4	4½½	6	6	6	11.35

Two-dollar mutuels paid—GREAT HASTE, $4.90, $2.50, $2.30; BLUEBEARD, $2.90, $2.50; CHANCER, $2.90.

GREAT HASTE, displaying excellent speed, raced BLUEBEARD into defeat in the first half mile, then drew away, but had to be ridden hard to last it out. BLUEBEARD, on the inside all the way, made a game effort. CHANCER was outrun to the stretch, but finished with a rush. COL. GREENE broke slow, was taken to the outside and was running fastest of all at the end. SILVER FLEECE had early speed.

FIFTH RACE—One mile. The Istokpoga. Prurse, $900. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 4:03. Off at 4:08. Winner, Mrs. E. Denemark's ch. g. (5), by Cherokee—Pongee. Trained by B. S. Michell. Value to winner, $650; second, $150; third, $75; fourth, $25. Time, 1:37 4-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
CHIEF CHEROKEE	(Kurtsinger)	117	1	9	6³	3½	1½½	1²	1½½	$3.60
MAMAS CHOICE	(Anderson)	107	2	12	2½	2½	3²	3½½	2½	3.10
WHA HAE	(Wall)	110	5	4	1½	1½	2¹	2½	3³	5.25
KERRY PATCH	(Noon)	113	8	8	4½	4½	4²	4¹	4¹	6.40
GREEK FIRE	(R.Watson)	109½	2	1	5²	7½½	6½	5½	5³	16.90
FIRST ENTRY	(South)	108	3	3	7³	6³	5½½	6½	6³	22.80
BLACKBIRDER	(Seabo)	113	9	10	10	8¹	9²	9²	7¹	6.70
UP AND UP	(Stout)	117	7	7	8½	9²	8¹	8³	8³	21.20
IRISH TED	(S.Renick)	105	6	6	3¹	5³	7½½	7½	9²	24.90
HOSE	(Wagner)	105	10	5	9³	10	10	10	10	14.70

Two-dollar mutuels paid—CHIEF CHEROKEE, $9.20, $4.50, $3.60; MAMAS CHOICE, $4.50, $3.50; WHA HAE, $3.50.

CHIEF CHEROKEE ran a remarkable race. He was next to last getting away, but moved up fast around the paddock turn, was steered to the outside in the run down the backstretch, assumed the lead at the far turn, drew away and won nicely in hand. MAMAS CHOICE was a stout contender all the way. WHA HAE had plenty of speed for 5 furlongs, then tired. KERRY PATCH ran a splendid race. FIRST ENTRY is a fair sort of plater.

SIXTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles. Purse, $800; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 4:32. Off at 4:33. Winner, I. J. Collins' ch. c. (4), by Chance Play—Liseuse. Trained by A. Miller. Value to winner, $600; second, $125; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:53.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
PLAY CHANCE	(Seabo)	110	1	3	5³	4½½	3½	1⁸	1²	$7.60
SANDWRACK	(Catrone)	113	4	6	6	6	5³	4³	2³	11.65
ESPINACA	(Anderson)	114	2	5	3¹	2½	1½	2³	3³	.95
DANDY JAY	(Kurtsinger)	113	5	4	2²	3²	2²	3¹	4¹	4.35
BRIGHT EMERALD	(I.Hanford)	105	2	1	3½½	3½½	4½	5³	5³	9.45
CHIEF YEOMAN	(Schmidt)	105	6	5	4½	5½	6	6	6	6.80

Two-dollar mutuels paid—PLAY CHANCE, $17.20, $10.90, $4.30; SANDWRACK, $9.60, $3.90; ESPINACA, $2.60.

PLAY CHANCE was allowed to gallop along back of the pace for 6 furlongs, moved up gamely on the outside, assumed the lead entering the stretch and won going away. SANDWRACK, badly outrun to the stretch, finished fast, but only beat a lot of tired horses. ESPINACA was used up racing DANDY JAY into defeat and he tired badly. DANDY JAY displayed keen speed, but stopped badly.

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $700; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 5:05. Off at 5:05. Winner, W. A. Jones' b. c. (4), by Chilhowee—Stefally. Trained by C. H. Trotter. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:45.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
TRUJILLO	(Jackie)	108	6	4	2²	2½	1½	1½½	1½	$6.45
AMERICAN PRINCE	(Rosen)	105	4	6	5³	5¹	5²	4³	2½½	7.80
CONTRAST	(Bierman)	106	5	5	6³	3½	3½½	2³	3¹	8.25
LANGUOROUS	(Anderson)	105	2	1	1½	1²	2³	3½	4³	2.45
SIR ROSE	(E.Smith)	110	7	3	1½	1³	2½½	3½½	5½	9.05
MIDSHIPMAN	(R.Watson)	113	3	7	7	7	6³	6³	6³	7.10
SLEEK	(Westrope)	108	1	2	4¹	6¹	7	7	7	3.00

Two-dollar mutuels paid—TRUJILLO, $14.90, $7.50, $4.80; AMERICAN PRINCE, $7.80, $5.60; CONTRAST, $5.40.

TRUJILLO ran into the lead at the end of the first half mile, drew out and held on gamely. AMERICAN PRINCE was taken wide around the turn and finished fast. CONTRAST ran a good race. LANGUOROUS had no mishap. SIR ROSE stopped badly after showing early speed.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $700; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 5:33. Off at 5:39½. Winner, Mrs. F. Swain's ch. g. (7), by Justice F—Flavia. Trained by F. Swain. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:46 3-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
JUST BUCK	(Krtsinger)	116	8	5	1³	1¹	1²	1²	1³	$6.10
SPARTAN LADY	(Rosen)	111	10	6	2²	2²	2¹	2²	2³	3.75
AMERICAN BELLE	(Schraudbach)	106	1	1	8³	6¹	3²	3³	3²	3.65
POLO BAR	(Stot)	113	5	2	6¹	7½	6³	5³	5³	9.45
BOOCAP	(I.Hanford)	115	3	3	9³	9²	9½	7½	4³	39.80
PROHIBITION	(Bierman)	111	12	7	4³	5½	5¹	6³	6³	43.55
PRETTYLASS	(Schmidt)	106	6	4	3³	3¹	4½	4½	7½	8.50
BAY BUDDY	(Anderson)	108	9	8	4½	4½	7¹	8½	8½	5.35
MADDENING	(Westrope)	115	7	9	10³	10¹	10¹	10¹	10¹	19.10
BOUNDING COUNT	(Seabo)	116	11	11	11¹²	11¹³	11¹⁰	11¹	10³	12.30
PHARENOUGH	(Jackie)	103	2	10	7¹	8¹	8½	10³	11³	107.60
MYSTIC FLYER	(Wagner)	110	4	12	12	12	12	12	12	112.30

Two-dollar mutuels paid—JUST BUCK, $14.20, $5.10, $3.90; SPARTAN LADY, $5.10, $3.60; AMERICAN BELLE, $4.40.

JUST BUCK was sent to the front early, showed good speed and held on gamely. SPARTAN LADY, always close up, finished last. AMERICAN BELLE was forced to go around the field on the turn. POLO BAR ran a good race. BAY BUDDY was outrun.

Fair Grounds Results.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 3-year-olds.
Baby Joe, 107 (Marrero).. 7.20 3.60 2.80
Cingalese, 107 (C. F. Simpson).. 3.00 2.60
Queen Irene, 104 (Boucher) 5.80
Binjer, Dixie Boot, Ruckie and Proof also ran. Time, 1:46 3-5.

SECOND—Six furlongs; purse, $600; for maidens; 3-year-olds.
High Lark, 115 (F. A. Smith) 7.40 4.00 3.20
Honey Cloud, 115 (Root) 3.40 3.00
Lady Rosamond, 110 (G. L. Smith).. 5.00
*News Girl, *Just Mazey, Gustavia, Dead Calm, *Little Dream, Brilliant Rock, Busy K., Buddy Miller and Visibility also ran. Time, 1:12 3-5.
*Field.

THIRD — Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
Rondola, 107 (Cowley)..... 4.60 3.20 2.80
Jessie D. M., 107 (F. A. Smith) 3.60 3.00
Cherokee Red, 111 (Canfield) 4.00
*Bocasette, Greybroom, Ana X., Big Fish, *Early Dawn, Byrdex, *Surly, Liberty Oak and Imprimis also ran. Time, 1:12 4-5.
*Field.

FOURTH—Two furlongs; purse, $600; for maidens; 2-year-olds.
Unassisted, 114 (Turner).. 11.00 5.60 4.00
Pine Mint, 111 (McCoy) 4.20 3.40
Joe D., 114 (Mann) 3.40
†Soft Spot, Mountkala, †Prince Max, Rebel Flag, Individual, Miss Pittypat, Grace George, †Grey Chord and †Zwei Herzen also ran. Time, 0:23 3-5.
†E. K. Bryson entry.
‡Wichita Stable entry.

FIFTH—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
Forced Land's, 110 (Marrero) 5.40 4.00 3.00
Irene's Bob, 111 (Hill) 3.60 2.80
Miss Lizzie, 105 (Packer) 4.40
Tractable, Miss Subway and Sun Dora also ran. Time, 1:06 2-5.

SIXTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
Toby Tyler, 111 (Dougherty) 23.60 9.40 5.80
Boy Valet, 111 (Cowley) 3.80 2.80
High Diver, 113 (Marrero) 2.40
Snobeedo, Booms Pal and Blackthorn also ran. Time, 1:46 1-5.
—ADD FAIR GROUNDS RESULTS — —.

SEVENTH—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
*Pretty Russell, 109 (F. A. Smith) 8.20 4.60 3.40
Barcardi Sweep, 109 (Hill) 9.80 3.00
House Afire, 104 (Eccard) 4.20
Ahmed, Star Banner, *Secret Lover, *Cooney, Try Fair, Masked Revue, Vee Eight, Son Richard and Dug In also ran. Time, 1:45 3-5.
*Field.

The Post's Consensus at Tropical Park

Consensus of Leading Handicappers.

First race	Second race	Third race	Fourth race	Fifth race	Sixth race	Seventh race	Eighth race
Romney R. (28)	Epitaph (23)	Good Dame (22)	Muggins (19)	Proph (23)	Leisure (19)	D. Winter (19)	Felwyn (17)
Loyal Son (15)	Sam Worthy (16)	R. Baddun (17)	W. Pigeon (17)	Zaca (14)	Star Loom (17)	Wise Will (18)	Ceylon (18)
Slippery Jim (10)	Little Duke (9)	Lum Joy (11)	Quickly (13)	Evening T. (12)	Dickery D. (12)	Tell Why (11)	S. Dolcger (13)

Bennings (Washington Post).

Slippery Jim	Epitaph	Regula Baddun	Muggins	Denemark Ent.	Ravenna	Thirteen Stars	Synopsis
Romney Royal	Little Duke	Lum Joy	Quickly	Zaca	Leisure	Knight's Fancy	Ceylon
Hornet	Shepherd Boy	Good Dame	Wild Pigeon	Proph	Star Loom	Wise Will	Sock Dolcger

Best bet—Epitaph.

Louisville Times (Associated Press).

Slippery Jim	Epitaph	Reg. Baddun	Quickly	Proph	Star Loom	Wise Will	Felwyn
Rom. Royal	Sandy Boy	Good Dame	Speed	Evening Tide	Prince Oar	Knig. Fancy	Sock Dolcger
Pamuck	Shep'd Boy	Bal. Budget	Idle Along	Woof	Dickery Dock	Dark Winter	Stealth

Best bet—Star Loom.

Alamo Downs Results.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; 3-year-olds and upward.
Tricky Miss, 105 (Neal).. 9.20 5.00 4.80
Aniela G., 105 (Vedder)..... 94.10 40.90
*Star Broom, 110 (Adams)..... 5.50
*My Wish, Brown Polly, Marcelline, *Declaration, Explorer, Barbara Carom, Cheka, Sighting Bar and Brilliant King also ran. Time, 1:05.
*Field.

SECOND—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; 3-year-old fillies.
Erb, 107 (J. J. Adams)... 17.20 7.70 4.90
Rolled Notes, 103 (Neal)..... 5.00 3.60
Springs Here, 107 (Cagle)..... 4.20
Tryanhurry, Countess Mario, Favorite Child, *Zelady, *Up to Snuff, *Alma Mae, Owitch, Mereta and Think Fast also ran.
*Field.

THIRD—Six furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.
Miss Premier, 103 (Neal).. 10.10 7.20 4.80
My Blonde, 103 (Meloche)..... 4.00 3.60
Any Chance, 113 (Albrecht)..... 9.30
Chilhee, My Bow, Parva Stella, *Otra Vez, Kendal Green, *Red Rod, *Honest Susan, Mokena and No Worry also ran.

FOURTH—Two furlongs; the Graduate Handicap; purse, $500; allowances; 2-year-olds.
Sweep, Tide, 118 (Clelland) 4.50 4.40 3.00
Glenpool, 118 (Thornton)..... 8.80 6.40
Sleep Out, 115 (Mozer)..... 6.40
Blojos, Pripo, Scotch Muff, Letter Polly, *Maid's Gold, *Dead Wood, Many Stings and *Mr. Grief also ran. Time, 0:22 2-5. (Time equals track record.)
*Field.

FIFTH—Six furlongs; purse, $600; allowances; for 3-year-olds.
Virginia J., 104 (Hanauer).. 6.30 3.40 2.80
Prince Arthur, 107 (Parke)..... 3.50 3.10
Escohigh, 102 (M. Fallon)..... 6.00
New Issue, America First, Old Jake also ran. Time, 1:11.

SIXTH—One mile and 70 yards: purse, $700; claiming handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward.
Good Politan, 112 (Adams) 10.90 4.30 2.80
Crout Au Pot, 107 (Parke)..... 3.20 2.40
Teddy Haslam, 107 (Thornton)..... 2.80
Sun Apollo and Boston Sound also ran.

SEVENTH—One mile and 70 yards: purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
Hoptoit, 113 (Thornton)... 7.00 3.30 2.70
Volomite, 108 (Hauer)..... 3.00 2.40
William V., 108 (Mills)..... 2.40
Witch Lore, Poe Prince, Caw Caw and Barrette also ran. Time, 1:43 2-5.

EIGHTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
Reverberate, 102 (Meloche).17.30 6.50 3.80
Waswanappi, 112 (Derden) 4.40 3.40
Donnie W., 107 (Neal)..... 3.80
Curb Bit, King Caress, Come On, Ruckus and Merry Go Round also ran. Time, 1:46 2-5.

Santa Anita Entries.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Three furlongs; purse, $1,000; for 2-year-old fillies, maidens.
1 Portalite ..... 116 8 Heroique 116
2 Battling Kate 116 9 Sunberra 116
3 Minulus ..... 116 10 Skegness 116
4 Balking ..... 116 11 First Kiss... 116
5 Nonsuch ..... 116 12 San Diequito. 116
6 Toluca ..... 116 13 Oscillator 116
7 Clacton ..... 116 14 Wild Love..... 116

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.
1 Silver Kiev... 118 7 *Hide Out.... 109
2 Squeaker ..... 115 8 Undulate 112
3 Stolen Color.. 112 9 Pass Up..... 109
4 Guide Light.. 115 10 Dyak 117
5 Back Log ..... 117 11 Iron Claw..... 116
6 *Sweet Tody .. 102 12 Zebulo 114

THIRD RACE—One mile; purse, $1,000; claiming; for 3-year-old maidens.
1 *Kelconard.... 116 7 King Royale 110
2 *Ozana ..... 106 8 Bon Hamburg 110
3 *Reluctance .. 106 9 *Take Me..... 103
4 *M'tary Boots 100 10 Lady Valorous 111
5 Plain Knight. 110 11 Dodloo 109
6 Recoinna ..... 117 12 *Zor 117

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,200; handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward.
1 Calaveras .... 108 6 †Alviso .....

Freight Traffic For Last Year Top Since 1931

Total of 36,063,307 Cars 14.5 Per Cent Above Previous Year.

Freight traffic for the railroads of the United States was greater in 1936 than in any year since 1931, the Association of American Railroads announced yesterday.

Complete reports for the year showed that 36,063,307 cars were loaded with revenue freight in 1936. This was an increase of 4,559,173 cars, or 14.5 per cent above the number loaded in 1935, an increase of 7,347 cars, or 16.9 per cent above 1934, and 6,843,255 cars, or 23.4 per cent above 1933. It also was an increase of 7,883,355 cars, or 28.0 per cent above 1932, but a reduction of 1,087,942 cars, or 2.9 per cent under 1931.

Total loadings by commodities in 1936, compared with 1935 follow:

	1936.	1935.	Per cent increase.
Grain and grain products	1,803,307	1,577,053	21.4
Livestock	786,427	714,495	6.1
Coal	8,955,051	6,144,691	13.2
Coke	479,074	339,628	41.1
Forest products	1,679,082	1,383,872	21.3
Ore	1,618,974	1,036,432	56.2
Merchandise, L. C. L.	8,266,896	8,080,675	2.3
Miscellaneous	14,502,493	12,227,288	18.6
Total	36,063,307	31,504,134	14.5

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended December 26 totaled 562,218 cars. This was an increase of 95,530 cars, or 20.5 per cent above the corresponding week in 1935 and 136,814 cars, or 32.2 per cent above the corresponding week in 1934.

Due to Christmas holiday, loading of revenue freight for the week of December 26 was a decrease of 167,478 cars, or 23 per cent below the preceding week.

Security Averages.

Stocks.

	50 Ind.	20 RR's.	20 Util.	90 Stks.
Yesterday	161.8	57.1	96.8	134.5
Previous day	162.7	57.2	96.8	135.1
Week ago	162.7	55.9	94.5	134.5
Month ago	162.8	57.9	97.4	135.3
Year ago	127.0	45.7	84.5	106.9
Two years ago	91.7	38.2	49.7	76.0
High, 1935	127.9	45.3	84.8	106.9
Low, 1935	78.6	28.6	39.5	64.0
High, 1934	105.0	54.3	90.3	93.8
Low, 1934	76.0	34.1	47.1	66.4

Bonds.

	20 Ind.	20 RR's.	20 Util.	60 Stks.
Yesterday	94.4	100.1	105.7	100.1
Previous day	99.4	100.1	105.6	100.0
Week ago	99.4	99.2	105.2	99.6
Month ago	94.7	99.6	106.0	100.0
Year ago	91.9	86.0	103.8	93.9
Two years ago	86.5	85.3	89.7	87.2
High, 1935	91.5	86.4	103.6	93.1
Low, 1935	83.6	71.0	89.3	83.0
High, 1934	85.9	90.0	90.6	88.1
Low, 1034	72.6	74.1	77.2	74.8

(1926 averages equals 100.)

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Auto Production.

Detroit, Jan. 4 (AP).—Ward's automotive reports estimated today that production of the automobile plants for the current week totaled 79,533 units, compared with 81,482 in the preceding week and 63,388 in the comparable week last year.

The Day's Movements In Leading Markets

Stocks.

	Mon.	Sat.
Advances	223	140
Declines	464	415
Unchanged	165	125
Total issues	852	680

Decline continues, led by motor shares; volume, 1,501,953.

Bonds.

Irregular; transfers, $12,775,000.

Curb.

Generally lower; turnover, 354,000.

Commodities.

Wheat, higher; cotton, lower; sugar and coffee, steady.

Exchange.

Narrow; Great Britain, $4.90 15-16; France, 4.66⅞ cents.

Guaranty Trust Resources at Peak

Special Dispatch to The Post.

New York, Jan. 4.—Total resources of the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York on December 31, according to a statement of condition published today, were $2,086,978,870.17, the largest in the bank's history. This compares with $1,847,433,862.46 on December 31, 1935, and $1,953,014,382.38 at the time of the last published statement, September 30, 1936.

The company's deposits also reached a new high total of $1,744,810,010.75, as compared with $1,513,931,162.96 a year ago, an increase of $230,878,847.79.

Capital and surplus remained unchanged at $90,000,000 and $170,000,000, respectively. Undivided profits were $9,356,562, a gain of $1,958,150.28 for the year.

The statement shows United States Government obligations of $590,105,249.40, as compared with $474,466,017.17 a year ago and $750,329,192.17 on September 30, 1936.

General Foods Buys Arbuckle Coffees

New York, Jan. 4.—Negotiations were completed here today for the purchase of certain properties of Arbuckle Bros., of Brooklyn, pioneer coffee manufacturers, by General Foods Corporation, according to Clarence Francis, General Foods president. Production will be handled by the Maxwell House division of the corporation.

Among the brands figuring in the transaction is Ariosa, which at one time outsold all other coffee brands in the Nation. It is reported that Ariosa production attained a peak never before or since duplicated in one plant.

Boston Wool Market.

Boston, Jan. 4 (AP).—(United States Department of Agriculture.)—Mills were in the market here inquiring for domestic wools, but they hesitated to pay the prices asked for the limited supply available.

Spot offerings of domestic or foreign wools in this market were very restricted. Despite a recent increase in the arrivals of foreign wools, few were being offered, as the bulk had been bought by manufacturers either in the primary market or while the wools were on the way to this country.

Corn Scarcity Drives Prices To 10-Yr. Peak

Only 49 Carloads Are Received at Chicago in 3 Days.

By the Associated Press.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Highest prices in ten years, up in some cases 2½ cents a bushel over the week-end, gave sparkle today to the trade in corn.

Forecasts of sub-zero cold, together with extreme scantiness of receipts of corn, only 49 cars at Chicago in three days, tended to make corn values soar.

At the close, corn was 1⅛ to 2½ cents above Thursday's finish, May, new, 110⅞@111; July, new, 106⅞@107; September, 102¼@102⅜; Wheat ¼ to ¾ up, May, 135⅝@135¾; July, 118⅞@119; September, 115¾@115⅞; oats ⅜ to ⅝ advanced, May, 52¼@52⅝, and rye showing ¼ to ⅞ gain, May, 116½. The outcome in provisions varied from 12 cents setback to 12 cents gain.

Futures Price Range.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat.				
May	1.35⅞	1.36¼	1.34¾	1.35¾
July	1.18⅝	1.19¼	1.18	1.19
September	1.16	1.16⅜	1.14⅞	1.15⅞
Corn.				
May, new	1.09¾	1.11	1.09¾	1.11
May, old	1.07	1.07½	1.06¼	1.07½
July, new	0.53¾	1.07	1.05⅝	1.07
July, old	1.01⅝	1.02¼	1.01⅜	1.02⅛
September	1.01½	1.02⅜	1.01⅝	1.02⅝
Oats.				
May	52⅛	52⅜	51¾	52⅜
July	46	46⅛	45⅞	46⅛
September	43⅛	53⅝	43⅛	43⅜
Soy Beans.				
May	1.55½	1.58	1.55½	1.58
July	1.54	1.57	1.54	1.57
Rye.				
May	1.16⅛	1.17	1.15⅛	1.16⅛
July	1.08⅛	1.08¾	1.07⅛	1.08⅜
September	1.01	1.01¼	1.00½	1.01
Barley.				
May	84	.....	.....	84
Lard.				
January	14.15	14.15	14.05	14.05
March	14.45	14.45	14.30	14.32
May	14.57	14.60	14.47	14.50
July	14.72	14.75	14.65	14.70

Cash Grain Prices.

WHEAT—No. 2, mixed, 1.40, mainly red.

CORN—No. 4 mixed, 1.06; No. 3, yellow, 1.10@1.12; No. 4, yellow, 1.05@1.10; No. 3, white, 1.13½@1.14; No. 4, white, 1.10⅝@1.11¼.

OATS—No. 1, white, 54@55½; No. 2, white, 53@53½; No. 3, white, 53@53½; No. 4, white, 53½.

RYE—No. 1, 1.29½; No. 2, 1.20@1.25.

SOY BEANS—No. 3, yellow, 1.51¼@1.53¼; No. 4, yellow, 1.51¼.

BARLEY—Feed, 68@90, nominal; malting, 1.00@1.40, nominal.

TIMOTHY SEED—5.85@6.10 cwt.; new, 5.60@5.85 cwt.

Penn. Airlines Buy Ten 7-Ton Planes

Pittsburgh, Jan. 4 (AP).—President C. Bedell Monro, of the Pennsylvania-Central Airlines, announced today the purchase of ten 7-ton transport airplanes capable of flying 200 miles an hour to be put in service this month. The planes will be sound-proof and almost 30 miles an hour faster than those now operated on the line.

The purchase is a part of the expansion program announced by the merged system. The new planes will operate between Washington, Pittsburgh, Akron, Cleveland, Detroit, Grand Rapids and Milwaukee.

Montreal Silver.

Montreal, Jan. 4 (AP).—Silver futures closed steady, 15 to 30 lower.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
1	January	46.25	46.25	*46.25
2	July	46.30	46.25	*46.20
3	September	46.35	46.35	*46.20

*Bid.

The Market

By Carlton A. Shively, A Special Correspondent.

Motor Shares Lead Decline in Dull Trading; Government Bonds Lower; Wheat Higher.

New York, Jan. 4.—Most financial and commodity markets were dull in tone. Stocks opened lower and were unable to do more than partially recover, closing with the majority of stocks showing declines of fractions to a point on a turnover of approximately 1,600,000 shares. Government bonds fell off. May wheat was lifted half a cent to 135⅞ cents a bushel.

Strikes and the opening of Congress were two rather unpleasant posers for the securities markets as the new year got under way. While the developments in the General Motors plants were by no means favorable either for the company or the industry, or for the maintenance of the general business recovery, optimism over the outcome was fairly good. Perhaps it is not justified, but it is based on the assumption that the public is now imbued with the idea that good times are approaching, and that anything likely to fend them off, as strikes (especially in the motor industry), will prove to be highly unpopular. Strikes rarely get far without public support. For the same reason the view is held that the Government is unlikely to throw too much weight on a side whose temporary success might threaten permanent recovery.

Just the same, if the labor demands should succeed in stopping a large portion of motor production for even a few weeks a distinctly unfavorable effect would be felt throughout business, no matter what might be the terms of eventual settlement. For all its reluctance to sell stocks on strike news, labor difficulties promise to make it hazardous for the market to estimate corporation earnings over the next few months.

Politics.

On the political side, no one knows what to expect. It is granted that the Administration, knowing that it will receive full credit for any slowing down in recovery, will be constrained to go more carefully toward its supposed goal of social reform and business control. Even Congressmen possibly will be guided by those considerations. At the same time it must be recognized that many in Congress by no means agree with the majority opinion of industrial and financial centers as to the measures likely to help or harm trade recovery. That particularly applies to the stock market.

If stocks could have been talked up the day would have brought a good market, for the press was full of optimistic views on business and markets for 1937. However, traders cannot be blamed for a leaning toward skepticism on the value of market prognostication (unless it comes from tip sheets or is whispered confidentially in brokerage house board rooms), and more attention was paid to trade news and to political fears than to conclusions of individuals more or less prominent in banking, industry and economic theory.

Any feeling of buoyancy which stocks might have had at the beginning was watered down by the break on opening sales of the leading motor stocks. On large blocks both Chrysler and General Motors sank heavily. Chrysler struck 111, for a drop of 2½ points, but recovered a point or so in the afternoon. General lost 1⅛ on 2,000 shares at 61, and couldn't muster much of a rally.

Coppers Firm.

As a partial offset to the heaviness of the motor shares, a further stiffening of copper metal prices brought some buying of copper shares. Gains were modest, for the most part, although Miami proved to be a favorite. Electrics and utilities were a shade less firm than the coppers. Motor accessories softened, but a number of oil stocks proved to be good ground gainers. Few stocks either won or lost more than a point. Steel and the old line issues were down a fraction.

Rolling of the waters by the year-end money turnover had no appreciable effect on rates, and nothing is likely to affect them until the next action of the Federal Reserve Board on excess reserves. Meantime, the return flow of currency to New York is calculated to lift reserves. Foreign exchange was dull, with sterling and the franc almost stationary.

Quarterly Reports.

The race for quarterly reports is now open. The first major industrial organization to publish a quarterly report usually does so within the first week of the new quarter. For first quarter competition of the yearly statement frequently delays reports. Most companies in the relatively prosperous industries had good profits in the closing three months of last year, although the flood of extra dividends to avoid the penalty tax somewhat exaggerated the extent of the rise in earnings. Publication of the figures will bring the inevitable recasting of ideas on stock values, but it doesn't seem as though the market would be set back on that account. If prices turn downward the blame more than likely will be placed to the uncertainties over first quarter earnings for this year.

Steel Operations.

A sharp rebound in steel operations is estimated for this week by the American Iron & Steel Institute. It places the rate at 79.4 per cent of capacity, a rise of 3.1 per cent over the previous week. Steel thus begins the year at the best operating rate in several years and at close to effective capacity. However, steel trade reports say that cancellation of orders from the motor industry are beginning to be felt, so as usual the pessimist and the optimist will have something to stand on.

Landis and the Market.

The only element of surprise in the admission of Chairman Landis of the SEC that he had "contemplated leaving the Government service late this summer" was that he would stay that long. By summer the main policies of SEC doubtless will have been firmly established. Action probably will have been taken on such matters as segregation of broker-trader functions and a better understanding reached with the Stock Exchange on discipline for members and overhauling of the stock list. Administration of the SEC after a few months will develop into a more or less routine measure—at least, until a change in Administration at Washington. In general, Mr. Landis has sailed the SEC along the same course followed by his predecessor, Mr. Kennedy.

Local Stocks

Sales.

Amer. Sec. & Tr. Co.—10 at 290, 10 at 295.

Mergenthaler Linotype—10 at 53, 5 at 53, 5 at 53.

After Call.

Pot. Elec. 5½% pfd.—1 at 113.
Col. Title Ins. Co.—100 at 15, 100 at 15.
Wash. Gas Light Co.—32 at 80.
Col. Title Ins. Co.—100 at 15.

Bonds.

Public Utility.

	Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Tel. & Tel. 4½s	112½	.....
Anacostia & Pot. 5s	75	78
Ana. & Pot. Guar. 5s	109	.....
C. & P. Tel. of Va. 5s	104½	.....
Cap. Traction R. R. 5s	94	.....
City & Suburban 5s	85	89
Georgetown Gas 1st 5s	121	.....
Pot. Elec. Pwr. 3¼s	104¾	.....
Wash. Gas 5s, 1958	107	108½
Washington Gas 5s, 1960	125	.....
Wash. Rwy. & Elec. 4s	106¼	.....
Miscellaneous.		
Col. Country Club 5½s	105	.....
W. M. Cold Storage 5s	100	.....
Stocks.		
Public Utility.		
Amer. Tel. & Tel. (9)	*184¼	.....
Capital Transit Co	13	14
N. & W. Steamboat (26)	*100	.....
P. El. Pwr. 6% pfd. (6)	110½	.....
P. El. Pwr. 5½% pfd. (5.50)	112	.....
Wash. Gas Lt. Co. (3.60)	79¾	81
Wash. Ry. & El. com. (36)	725	.....
Wash. Ry. & El. pfd. (5)	110½	.....
National Banks.		
Capital (4)	132	.....
Liberty (3)	130	.....
Lincoln (f6.25)	200	.....
Riggs (8)	315	.....
Riggs pfd. (5)	b101	.....
Washington (6)	127	.....
Trust Companies.		
Amer. Sec. & Tr. Co. (e8)	*295	305
Natl. Sav. & Tr.	130	150
Pr. Georges Bk. & Tr. (.50)	17½	20
Wash. Loan & Tr. (8)	250	300
Savings Banks.		
American (6)	100	.....
Corcoran (3)	100	.....
Firemen's (1.60)	42	.....
Title Insurance.		
Columbia (.30)	13½	16
Real Estate (6)	160	.....
Miscellaneous.		
Carpel Corp. (2.00)	25½	27
Lanston Monotype (4)	90	.....
Mergenthaler Lino. (8)	53	54½
Peoples Dr. St. com. (11.00)	50	52
Peoples Dr. St. pfd. (6.50)	111	.....
R. Est. M. & G. pfd. (**.70)	6½	6½
Security Storage (5)	120	.....
Ter. Ref. & Wh. Corp. (3)	59	.....
Wdwd. & Loth. com. (*1.50)	71	80
Wdwd. & Loth. pfd. (7)	120	.....

*Ex dividend.
†Plus extras.
‡50c paid May 15, 1936; 50c paid August 15, 1936; 50c paid November 16, 1936.
(a) 4% extra.
(b) Books closed.
(e) 2% extra.
(f) 1½% extra.
(h) 75c extra.
(g) 1% paid December 15, 1936, extra.
**25c paid June 30, 1936; 45c paid December 22, 1936.

Money Markets

Foreign Exchange.

New York, Jan. 4 (AP).—Great Britian in dollars, others in cents.

Great Britain—Demand, 4.90⅛; cables, 4.90⅛; 60-day bills, 4.89⅛.

France—Demand, 4.66⅞; cables, 4.66⅞.

Demand Rates.			
Italy	5.26½	Czechoslovakia	3.50½
Belgium	16.99	Yugoslavia	2.34
Germany		*Austria	18.73
Free	40.24	Hungary	19.80
Registered	19.30	Rumania	.75
Transit	39.75	*Argentina	32.73
Holland	54.76	*Brazil	8.80¼
Norway	24.67	Tokyo	28.40
Sweden	25.32	Shanghai	29.81
Denmark	21.93	Hongkong	30.69
Finland	2.17	Mexico City	27.88
Switzerland	22.98	Montreal in New York	100.03⅛
Spain	Unquoted	New York in Montreal	99.96⅞
Portugal	4.46⅛		
Greece	.90⅛		
Poland	18.96		

*Nominal.

New York.

Call money steady; 1 per cent all day. Prime commercial paper, ¾ per cent. Time loans steady; 60 days to 6 months, 1¼ per cent offered. Bankers' acceptances unchanged; 30-days, ⅛@⅛; 60-90 days, ⅛@⅛; 4 months, ⅛@⅛; 5-6 months, ⅛@⅛. Rediscount rate, New York Reserve Bank, 1½ per cent.

Bar silver steady and unchanged from Thursday, December 31, at 45.

London.

Money ½ per cent. Discount rates, short bills, ⅛; three-month bills, ⅛@⅛ per cent.

Bar gold advanced 1 penny to 141s 8d. (Sterling price equivalent to $34.77.)

Bar silver barely steady, ⅛ lower at 21¼d. (Sterling price equivalent to 46.98 cents.)

Paris.

Three per cent rentes, 74 francs 85 centimes; 4½ per cent rentes, 78.80. Exchange on London, 106.15. The dollar was quoted at 21.42.

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A. L. Baldwin, Northwestern Head, Retires

Dinner Celebrates His 20 Years as General Agent Here.

By Thomas M. Cahill.

A. L. Baldwin was guest of honor at a dinner Saturday night at the Dodge Hotel, given in celebration of his twentieth anniversary as general agent of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co. Guests included all members of the Washington agency as well as a number of Mr. Baldwin's friends.

Grant L. Hill, national director of agencies of the company, brought greetings from its president, M. J. Cleary, of Milwaukee, and in a review of Mr. Baldwin's service said that while in 1916, $800,000 of life insurance was written by the company in the District of Columbia, under Mr. Baldwin's leadership the Washington agency has grown to one producing more than $3,500,000 worth of business annually. In 1916, the agency ranked 67th among the company's 85 agencies. In 1913, it had moved to second place in the nation-wide competition for the company's achievement cup.

Mr. Baldwin has the distinction of having had associated with him in the life insurance business his entire family of four sons and one daughter. This occasion marked not only his celebration of 20 years' service as general agent, but also his retirement from that position, to be succeeded by his son, Roger L. Baldwin. He will, however, continue under contract with the company as special agent. During the evening, Mr. Baldwin received a watch as a gift from his agency associates, the presentation being made by Mrs. Laura S. Pester, company cashier.

Toastmaster for the dinner was F. George Clendaniel. Out-of-town guests included Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Allibone, of Syracuse, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. J. D. James, of Scranton, Pa.; Herbert L. Smith, of Harrisburg, Pa., and Mr. Hill, of Milwaukee, Wis.

D. C. Bankers' Convention.

Appointment of a committee for this year's convention of the District of Columbia Bankers Association at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., May 26-31, inclusive, is expected to be made at the annual midwinter meeting of the association on the evening of January 18, at the Willard Hotel.

Representatives of the 22 member banks in the association will attend this assembly, to which a prominent speaker will be invited. Announcement of the meeting is made by President Karl W. Corby, of the association, through its first vice president, Thomas J. Groom.

James M. Johnston & Co. have announced a change in name to Johnston, Lemon & Co., and the admission of Bernard J. Nees and Harvey B. Gram, jr., as general partners, James H. Lemon remaining as a partner.

The firm was formed November 1, 1929, as successor to the business of Irving & Johnston, which entered the general securities business in 1923. Both firms have been correspondents of Spencer Trask & Co., of New York, members of the New York Stock Exchange, since their formation. The firm conducts a general security business, specializing in local securities and participations in underwritings.

Mr. Johnston is a native of North Carolina and a graduate of the University of Illinois, class of 1917. He served as a first lieutenant pursuit pilot in the United States Air Service, A. E. F., from 1917 to 1920. Upon leaving the Army, he was associated with Spencer Trask & Co. in New York City and in Washington, D. C., until 1923, when he became a partner in the firm of Irving & Johnston, with offices in the Woodward Building.

Upon the dissolution of this firm in 1929, he formed the firm of James M. Johnston & Co. He is secretary and member of the board of governors of the Washington Stock Exchange; vice president and treasurer and director of the Federal Storage Co.; director of the Lawyers Title Insurance Co. and Seaboard Finance Corporation. He is a member of the Columbia Country Club.

Mr. Lemon is a graduate of Cen-

Continued on Next Page

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE

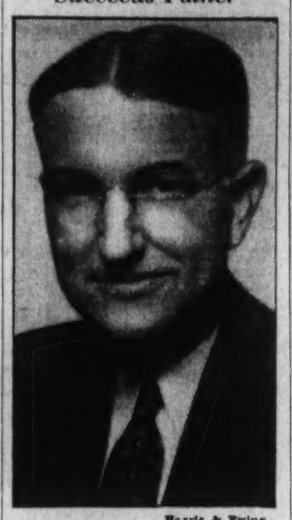
LOANS at 5%

Monthly Payments If Preferred

THE WASHINGTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY

Member Federal Reserve System

Succeeds Father



Harris & Ewing.
ROGER L. BALDWIN.

Cotton Declines On Loan Release

Nek York, Jan. 4 (AP).—Announcement over the week-end that a "reasonable" amount of cotton from loan stocks would be released during February and March was followed by scattered liquidation in the futures market today. March declined from 12.38 to 12.29 and closed at 12.31 with final prices generally 8 to 11 points net lower.

Futures Price Range.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	12.49	12.29	12.35
March	12.38	12.25	12.31
May	12.28	12.12	12.18-19
July	12.20	12.05	12.10
October	11.84	11.69	11.74-76
December	11.88	11.75	11.80

Spot, quiet; middling, 12.91.

Cottonseed Oil.

Cottonseed oil held stead early today on covering and local buying, but reacted under increased liquidation and European selling. Final prices were 5 to 7 points net lower. Sales, 127 contracts. Bleachable spot, nominal; January closed 11.47, March 11.54, May 11.65, July 11.69.

Steel Quotations.

New York, Jan. 4 (AP).—Steel prices per 100 lbs. f. o. b. Pittsburgh: Blue annealed sheets, hot rolled, 2.20; galvanized sheets, 3.20; black sheets, hot rolled, 2.60; steel bars, 2.05.

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an Entirely Different Barbering Performance

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For Building, Refinancing, Purchasing Homes
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SAFETY FOR SAVINGS
PRUDENTIAL BUILDING ASSOCIATION
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LOANS
ON IMPROVED D. C. PROPERTY
Immediate attention on your application for buying, rebuilding or refinancing.
Loans repayable monthly.
No charge for appraisal if loan is not made.
Interest charged only on unpaid balance of principal.
EQUITABLE CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION
915 F STREET N.W.
Organized 1879

Bendix Forms $60,000,000 Export Firm

New Corporation to Handle Overseas Business of Many Subsidiaries.

Special Dispatch to The Post.

New York, Jan. 4.—Announcement is made today of formation of new Bendix Aviation Export Corporation, through which will clear the worldwide business of Bendix Aviation Corporation and many affiliated companies in a $60,000,000 organization of which Vincent Bendix, automotive and aeronautical leader, is president. The new organization is a New York State corporation of which Howard S. Welch will be vice president and general manager. Welch is former president of Studebaker Pierce-Arrow Export Corporation, and since 1935 has been chief of the automotive aeronautics division of the United States Department of Commerce.

The new corporation will have main offices in New York and will control all export sales of the automobile, aviation, marine, industrial and radio divisions of Bendix Aviation Corporation.

Among the Bendix subsidiaries which will handle their foreign sales through the new corporation are Bendix Products Corporation, and Bendix Brake Co., of South Bend; Hydraulic Brake Co., of Detroit; Eclipse Machine Co., of Elmira, N. Y.; Eclipse Aviation Corporation, East Orange, N. J.; Bendix-Stromberg Carburetor Co., of South Bend; Bendix?Eclipse, of Canada, Ltd., at Walkerville, Ontario; Zenith Carburetor Co., of Detroit; Bendix-Westinghouse Automotive Air Brake Co., of Pittsburgh; Bragg-Kliesrath Corporation, South Bend; Marshall Asbestos Corporation, of Troy.

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NO COMMISSION CHARGE
NO REVAKES REQUIRED
Terms Arranged on Easy Monthly Payments
MEMBER DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BUILDING & LOAN LEAGUE
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UNDER SUPERVISION OF U. S. TREASURY
949 NINTH STREET, N.W.

Short Term
CONSTRUCTION LOANS
in District of Columbia or nearby Maryland
SIX MONTHS TO ONE YEAR
INTEREST 5½% COMMISSION 1%
Extensions at a lower interest rate for any term up to 20 years may be arranged.
H. L. RUST COMPANY
1001 FIFTEENTH STREET NATIONAL 8100

GOODYEAR
Notice to Holders of Second Preferred Stock
(formerly designated "First Preferred Stock")

The Board of Directors has extended until January 15, 1937, the period within which exchanges of the Company's Second Preferred Stock for its new senior $5 Convertible Preferred Stock and Common Stock (or negotiable scrip for fractions of Common Shares) may be made under the Plan for Rearrangement of Capitalization.

Also, a dividend of Four Dollars and Twenty-five Cents ($4.25) per share on the new $5 Convertible Preferred Stock to be issued in exchange for Second Preferred Stock has been declared and will be paid, on January 25, 1937, to original holders of record of the new stock issued on exchanges after December 18, 1936, and on or before January 15, 1937.

All Preferred shareholders who assented to the Plan are reminded of their agreement to exchange their shares for new stock as provided in the Plan. Such exchanges should be made within the period set by the Board of Directors, the recent extension of which ends at the close of business January 15, 1937.

The privilege of exchange is still available to other holders of what is now the Company's Second Preferred Stock, even though they did not assent to the Plan or have acquired stock since September 26, 1936.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company
By P. W. LITCHFIELD, President

Akron, Ohio
January 5, 1937

Bond stock certificates with letter of transmittal to:
Guaranty Trust Company of New York or The National City Bank of Cleveland
Corporate Trust Department — Corporate Trust Department
140 Broadway, New York, N. Y. — Cleveland, Ohio

Transactions on N. Y. Bond Market

By the United Press.

Total yesterday, $12,775,000; previous day, $6,037,000; week ago, $17,154,000; year ago, $18,611,000; two years ago, $15,543,000. January 1 to date, $18,812,000; year ago, $68,106,000; two years ago, $68,046,000.

Range of United States Government Issues

(Sales in $1,000. Dollars and 32ds.)

1937 High.	1937 Low.	January 4. Sales.		High	Low	Last	Net Change	Closing— Bid	Ask	Yield
121.28	115.3	1	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	121.14	121.14	121.14	— .2	121.13	121.14	2.03
110.16	105.24	20	Treasury 3½s, 1943-45	109.24	109.23	109.23	— .3	109.22	109.23	1.72
116.9	111	1	Treasury 4s, 1944-54	115.20	115.20	115.20	.....	115.18	115.21	1.87
109	107.19	2	Treasury 3¾s, 1940-43, June	107.27	107.27	107.27	— .3	107.22	107.24	1.08
111.3	106.17	5	Treasury 3¾s, 1943-47	110.26	110.13	110.16	— .2	110.15	110.16	1.65
109.23	108	10	Treasury 3¾s, 1941-43, March	108.22	108.22	108.22	— .2	108.22	108.28	1.20
109.25	108.5	1	Treasury 3¼s, 1941	108.24	108.24	108.24	+ .2	108.20	108.26	1.26
110.15	105.12	15	Treasury 3¼s, 1944-46	109.24	109.22	109.22	— .3	109.22	109.24	1.81
109.3	103.24	8	Treasury 3¼s, 1946-49	108.24	108.24	108.24	— .3	108.23	108.25	2.06
108.17	103.18	38	Treasury 3¼s, 1949-52	108.15	108.13	108.13	— .1	108.12	108.14	2.36
108.7	102.29	2	Treasury 3s, 1946-48	107.30	107.30	107.30	— .2	107.26	107.29	2.07
106.20	102.20	35	Treasury 3s, 1951-55	106.20	106.16	106.20	.....	106.17	106.19	2.46
104.22	100	68	Treasury 2¾s, 1955-60	104.20	104.17	104.19	.....	104.18	104.19	2.56
106.27	100.31	21	Treasury 2¾s, 1945-47	106.16	106.15	106.16	.....	106.11	106.13	1.94
104.18	101.7	3	Treasury 2¾s, 1948-51	104.11	104.7	104.9	— .2	104.04	104.10	2.31
103.15	100.23	87	Treasury 2¾s, 1951-54	103.15	103.10	103.11	— .2	103.9	103.11	2.47
103.3	100.30	34	Treasury 2¾s, 1956-59	103.2	102.31	102.31	— .4	102.31	103.1	2.55
101.19	100.24	77	Treasury 2½s, 1949-53	101.19	101.13	101.14	— .3	101.13	101.14	2.37
104.14	100.15	23	Federal Farm Mtg. 2¾s, 1942-47	104.10	104.10	104.10	— .4	104.8	104.10	1.87
105.23	101.20	1	Federal Farm Mtg. 3s, 1947	105.20	105.20	105.20	— .3	105.18	105.22	1.82
105.17	100.26	55	Federal Farm Mtg. 3s, 1949	105.14	105.12	105.12	— .3	105.13	105.14	2.20
105.3	100.17	125	Home Own. Loan 3s, A, 1952	105.3	105	105.1	+ .1	105	105.3	2.25
103.10	99.16	71	Home Own. Loan 2¾s, 1949	103	102.30	103	— .2	102.31	103	1.55
103.5	99.17	51	Home Own. Loan 2½s, 1942-44	102.31	102.30	102.30	— .2	102.30	103	1.69

XIN—Ex-interest. CT—Certificates.

Sales in $1,000.	High	Low	Close
CORPORATION BONDS.			
A			
43 Alleghany 5 '44	100⅜	100	100⅛
11 Alleghany 5 '49	53½	53½	53½
11 Alleghany 5 '50 sta	65½	64⅜	64⅝
126 Am&For P 5 2030	82½	80¾	81¾
13 AmIGChem 5½ '49	108¾	108½	108½
11 AmT&T 5½ '43	112	111⅜	111⅝
8 Am T Fdr cv '50	170	169	169
28 Anaconda C 4½ '50	106½	106¼	106⅛
35 Anz C Nitra deb '67	37	36½	36¾
21 Arm Del 4 '55	100	99⅜	99½
8 AT&SF 4 '95	116	115¾	115¾
19 ACL cit 4 '52	98¼	98⅛	98⅛
B			
1 B&O rfg 6 '95	101	101	101
10 B&O 5 '96 F	89¾	89½	89½
48 B&O cvt 4½ '60	76	75

New York Curb Stocks

By the Associated Press.

Total stock sales today, 354,000. Year ago, 697,575. Total bond sales today, $2,-290,000; year ago, $5,941,000.

Sales in hundreds.

	High	Low	Close
A			
6 ↑Aero Sup Mfg B	5¼	5	5¼
1 Ainsworth (1e)	19	19	19
1 Air Invest	3½	3½	3½
1 Air Inv war	1¼	1¼	1¼
7 Alum Co Am	148	146	148
.80 Alum Co pf (6)	115¾	115¾	115¾
1 ↑Alum Ind (.40)	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
2 Alum Ltd F	105	103	103
8 Am Airlines	31½	31	31⅝
.20 Am Book (4)	63	62	62
2 ↑Am Cit P&L B(.20e)	6½	6¼	6½
2 Am Cyan B (.60a)	35⅝	34½	34½
10 Am&Fgn P war	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜
1 AmFork&Hoe (1a)	20½	20½	20½
8 Am Gas & El (1.40)	39⅝	39⅜	39⅝
1.25 Am G & E pf (6)	112¼	111⅝	111¾
1 ↑Am Gen (½e)	11	10⅞	11
1.50 ↑Am Gen 82 pf (2)	34½	34	34
10 Am Lt & Tr(1.20a)	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞
1 Am Lt & Tr pf(1½)	28½	28½	28½
97 ↑Am Maracaibo	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
50 Am Sup Power	2⅜	2¼	2¼
2 Amth Pow F	5	5	5
1 ↑Ang Wupp (.20a)	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
.40 Appal El P pf(7)	108½	108½	108½
1 ↑Arctur Rad Tub	1¼	1¼	1¼
17 Ark Nat Gas	8¼	8¼	8¼
120 ↑Ark Nat Gas A	8⅜	8⅛	8¼
5 Ark Nat Gas pf	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
2 ↑Art Met Wks(.60a)	14½	13¾	13¾
5 Ashind O & R(.40a)	6½	6½	6½
13 As G & E	2¼	2	2⅛
63 ↑As G & El F	4	3¾	4
8 As G & El war	7-32	⅛	⅛
7 As G & El pf	33⅞	33½	33⅞
1.50 As Invest (2a)	52	51½	51½
1 All Cst Fish	11¼	11¼	11¼
14 Atlas Corp (.80)	16⅞	16¾	16⅞
4 Atlas Corp p (3)	51½	51½	51½
2 Atlas Corp war	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
3 Atlas Ply (⅛e)	19⅛	19	19⅛
1 ↑Automas Prod	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
12 ↑Auto V Mch (¼)	7½	7	7
.10 ↑Axton Fis A (3.20)	39¾	39¾	39¾
B			
2.25 Babcock&Wil (1g)	135½	134	135
3 Baldwin Bond	3⅛	3	3
7 Barium Stain Sti	3¾	3¾	3¾
3 ↑Bellanca Aire	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛
.80 Bell Tel Pen pf(6½)	123	122½	122½
36 ↑Berkey & Gay F	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
12 ↑Berk & Gay F war	1¼	1¼	1¼
1 Bliss E W	19½	19½	19½
4 ↑Blue Ridge(.10a)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
2 ↑Blue Rid cv pf(3h)	46¼	44	46¼
.50 Bohack	9¼	9¼	9¼
10 Bohack 1st pf	50¾	50¾	50¾
3 Bowm Bilt Hot	2¾	2¾	2¾
12 Bowm Bilt H 2 pf	8	7	8
1 ↑Bourjois (¼e)	6¼	6¼	6¼
4 Bower R Bear (¼g)	28⅜	28⅛	28½
12 Bras T&L (.40g)	18⅞	18⅛	18⅞
5 ↑Bridgpt Mach (1e)	17¾	17½	17¾
2 Brill B	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
2.50 Brit Am L & P pf	64	63	64
12 ↑Nor Europ Oil			
.25 No NY Ut 1 pf(7)	107	107	107
9 Nor St P A	37	36½	36½
1 ↑N West Eng (1½e)	27	27	27
C			
2 ↑Cab El Prod vtc	1¼	1¼	1¼
4 Can Ind Alc A	7¼	7¼	7¼
11 Can Mare Wire	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
11 Carib Syn	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1 Carnation (1a)	33¾	33¾	33¾
14 Carrier Corp	31⅞	30⅜	31½
4 Casco Prod	35½	35½	35½
12 ↑Catalin Am (.40e)	9¼	8⅞	8⅞
3 Cen & Sw Ut (.85e)	18⅝	18½	18½
1 Cen Ohio S P(.85e)	18⅝	18½	18½
1 Cen St E 7 pf	17⅞	17¾	17¾
.50 Cen St E 7 pf	42¾	42¾	42¾
2 ↑Centrif Pl (.40a)	5½	5⅜	5½
2 ↑Charis (1½)	19½	19½	19½
1 Chi Flex Shaft (2a)	54⅜	53¾	54⅜
.25 Childs pf	79	79	79
93 Cities Service	4¼	4⅛	4¼
12 Cit Serv pf	57	56	56½
2 City Auto Stp(1.10e)	13	13	13
2 Claude Neon Ltd	1¾	1¾	1¾
1 Cleve El Ill (2a)	46¾	46¾	46¾
4 ↑Cleve Tract	11	10⅝	10⅝
1 Club Al Uten	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
2 ↑Colon Develop	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
1 Colon Develo pf	3½	3½	3½
2 ↑Colo Fuel & I war	18⅜	18¼	18¼
9 Colts Pat F (1¼a)	63¾	62¼	63½
.25 Colum G&E pf (5)	93½	91	93½
.63 Colum O&O (.20e)	9¼	9	9¼
1 ↑Comwlth Distrib	1	1	1
1 ↑Comwlth Edis (4a)	118¾	118¼	118¾
5 Comwlth & So war	⅛	⅛	⅛
.25 Comm Pw&L 1 pf	89½	89½	89½
1 ↑Comm Pub Svc(1a)	31½	31½	31½
9 ↑Cons Aire	22¾	22½	22¾
1 Cons Biscuit C(.60)	9¼	9¼	9¼
26 Cons Cop Min	9	8⅝	9
2 ↑Cons Royalty (.20)	4¾	4¾	4¾
1.75 Cont G&E p pf (7)	99	98¾	99
1 Cont Oil Mex	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
3 Cont Roll & Sti	17¾	17½	17½
12 ↑Copper Bess	31½	30	31
1 Cook Paint&V (.60)	19¼	19¼	19¼
5 Copper Range (½e)	13	12¾	13
3 ↑Cord Corp	4½	4⅜	4½
82 ↑Cosden Oil Me	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
2 ↑Cosden Oil Me pf	38	36¾	36¾
17 Creole Pet (½g)	36¼	35¼	35¾
20 Crocker Wh (.10e)	14⅜	14¼	14⅜
2 ↑Croft Brewing			
34 ↑Crown C Pet (.06e)	2¼	2	2¼
1 Crown C Intl A (1)	13½	13½	13½
5 ↑Cuneo Press(2)	50½	50	50
14 ↑Cusi Mex			
D			
1 ↑Dan Reeves (½)	7¼	7¼	7¼
2 ↑Darby Pet (½)	17¾	17¼	17¼
7 ↑Davies Rub (.40)	20¼	19⅞	20¼
1 ↑Dayton Rub A (1k)	31	31	31
3 ↑Derby Oil	5½	5½	5½
2 DeJay Strs (.80a)	15¾	15¾	15¾
1 Detroit Gr Ir (.80e)	13¾	13¾	13¾
1 ↑DetroitP Prod(¼a)	8¼	8¼	8¼
3 ↑Det Sti Prod(½e)	53⅜	53½	53½
1 ↑Distill Liq	9¾	9¾	9¾
1 ↑Doehler D Castg(1e)	37¼	37¼	37¼
6 Domin Sti & Ind	12¾	12	12⅞
1 ↑Dom Chem (2.40)	13¼	13¼	13¼
.25 Douglas Shoe pf	33	33	33
1 Dubilier Con	3¼	3¼	3¼
1 ↑Duval Tex (½e)	6¾	6¾	6¾
E			
40 Eagle Pich Ld(.60e)	21¼	21	21⅜
2 East Gas & F	6¾	6¾	6¾
1 East G&F 6 pf (6)	61	61	61
1.50 EastG&F pr pf(4½)	69½	69¼	69½
.50 East Mail Iron(1.20)	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
5 East Sta Corp	8¾	8¾	8¾
5 East Sta B pf	75½	72	75½
7 ↑Easy W M B (¼a)	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
2 Econ Gr Strs (1¼e)	22	20	21½
3 ↑Eisler Elec (.05e)	3½	3½	3½
256 ↑El Bond & Sh	22¾	21⅝	22¼
4 El Bond & Sh pf(6)	80	80	80
3 El Bd & h 5 pf	72	71¼	71¼
.10 El P&L 2 pr A	75	75	75
1 ↑Elect Share	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
.50 ↑Elin N Wtch(1½e)	39	39	39
4 Emp G&P 8 pf	74½	72½	74
1.50 Emp G&P 7 pf	70	68	69
1 Emp G&P 6½ pf	70	69½	69½
1 Emp G&P 6 pf	69	68	68½
.50 ↑Emp Pow	30	30	30
4 Emsco D&Equip(1a)	17½	17½	17½
7 Equity Corp (¼e)	2¼	2¼	2¼
1 Evans Wallo pf	21¾	21¾	21¾
21 ↑Ex-cello A&T (1)	19	19	19
F			
5 ↑Fairchild Av (.1e)	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
3 ↑Falstaff Brw 1(1½e)	8	8	8
1 ↑Fanny Far (1½a)	23	23	23
7 ↑Fansteel	12½	12½	12½
2 ↑Federal Mfg (.1e)	1¾	1¾	1¾
4 ↑Ferro Enamn (3c)	40⅛	38¾	40⅛
5 ↑Fidelity Brew	⅞	⅞	⅞
.33 Fire Ass Phil (2a)	81¾	81¾	81¾
1 ↑Fisk Rub	1¾	1¾	1¾
.50 ↑Fisk Rub pf (6)	73	73	73
.50 ↑Fla P&L 7 pf	61	61	61
9 Ford M Can A (1)	23¾	22¼	23¾
5 Ford Mot Ltd(.18le)	7¾	7¾	7¾
3 Frankln Rayn(.60e)	9¼	9¾	9¾
G			
2 ↑Gen Alloys	3½	3½	3½
2 Gen Fireproof (.40a)	20	19¾	20
.80 Gen G&E cv pf B	56	56	56
12 Gen Invest	1½	1½	1½
.75 ↑Gen Aut ad pf(6k)	93½	92¾	92¾
1 Gen Razon A	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2 ↑Gen Tel pf (3)	21¼	21¼	21¼
11 Gen T & Rub	18⅞	18½	18⅞
.25 Geo Pow pf (6)	93¾	93¾	93¾
6 Glen Alden (1½e)	13¾	13¾	13¾
6 Godchaux Sug B	29¼	28½	29¼
8 Gorh Mfg vtc (1)	27¾	27	27
7 ↑Grand Nat Films	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
2 ↑Grand Rap V (1)	13	13	13
30 Gray Tel P B (1)	22	20½	22
.20 Gt A & P nv (6a)	115	113½	113½
.50 Gt A & P 1st pf(7)	127	127	127
2 ↑Greenf T & D	9	9	9
3 ↑Groc Strs Prod	4¼	4¼	4¼
1 ↑Guard Inv	¾	¾	¾
20 Gulf Oil new	59	58	58½
.80 Gypsum Lime & A	14¼	14¼	14¼
H			
1 ↑Hall Lamp (.40e)	6	6	6
1 ↑Harvard Brew	2¼	2¼	2¼
2 ↑Hat Corp Am B	14¾	14½	14½
1 ↑Hazeltine (3a)	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
28 ↑Hecla Min (.60e)	19	18½	18⅞
2 ↑Helena Rubin	1½	1½	1½
1.50 ↑Hires A (2)	39	39	39
3 ↑Holling C (.65a)	14	13¾	14
1 ↑Holophane (.90e)	19	19	19
.10 ↑Horn & H pf (7)	109¾	109¾	109¾
30 ↑Hud Bay M&S (1)	32¾	32¼	32¼
8 Humble Oil (1a)	78	77½	78
2 ↑Hurley's Del pf 8	18	18	18
10 ↑Hyerade Fd	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
I			
.50 ↑Ill P & L 16 pf	52	52	52
.50 ↑Ill P & L 6% pf	54	54	54
1 Imp Oil Can (½a)	21¾	21	21¼
1 ↑Imp Tb Can (.35)	14¼	14¼	14¼
.25 IndianaP&L pf(6½)	105	105	105
1 Ind Ter Ill B	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1 Ind Pipe L (.80a)	7¾	7¾	7¾
2 ↑Indus Finan vtc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2.80 Ins Co N Am (2a)	73¾	73¼	73¾
1 Int Cig Mch(2.35e)	26½	26½	26½
33 ↑Internat Petr (1½a)	35½	33¾	35
4 ↑Inter Prod	7¼	6¾	6¾
2 ↑Inter Util A	1¾	1¾	1¾
1 ↑Interstate Hos	4¾	4½	4¾
.20 ↑Inters Pw Del pf	20	19¾	20
1 ↑Iron Firem vtc(1a)	25	24½	25
1 ↑Irving Air Ch (1)	16	16	16
2 ↑Ital Superpow A	⅞	⅞	⅞
J			
2 ↑Jean Glass (.60e)	10¾	10¼	10½
.20 ↑Jer CP&L 6 pf (6)	93½	93¼	93½
.50 ↑Jer CP&L 7 pf (7)	99¾	99¾	99¾
3 ↑Jones & L Stl	92½	91	91
K			
.10 ↑Kan G & E pf (7)	114¾	114¾	114¾
4 ↑Ken Rad T (.40e)	20½	20	20
2 ↑Kingston Pr (.20e)	6¾	6¾	6¾
3 ↑Kirby Pet (.20e)	8¼	8¼	8¼
3 ↑KnickLite G Mfg	1¼	1¼	1¼
1 ↑Knott Corp (.40e)	14	14	14
.25 ↑Koppers Co pf (6)	106½	106½	106½
2 ↑Krueger Brew (1)	19	19	19
L			
6 ↑Lake Shore M (4)	57½	57	57
3 ↑Lakey Fdy & M	6½	6⅜	6½
2 Lehigh C&N(.30a)	10¼	10	10
9 ↑Leonard Oil	1	1	1
13 ↑Lion Oil (1)	16¾	16⅜	16⅜
1 Locke Sti Chain(.80)	13¾	13½	13⅝
5 ↑Lockheed Aire	10¼	9⅞	9⅞
12 Lone Star Gas(.60e)	12¼	12	12⅛
5 Long Is Lt	5⅝	5¼	5⅝
1.60 Long Is L pf (7)	89¾	89¾	89¾
3 ↑Loudon Packg(½)	6¼	6¼	6¼
19 ↑Louis L&E (.40a)	14¼	13⅞	14⅛
M			
4 ↑McCord Rad B	10¼	10¼	10¼
2 McWill Dredg (2a)	33¼	33¼	33¼
3 ↑Mangel Strs	8⅜	8¼	8¼
10 Marc Int Mar(.266e)	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
2 Marion St Shov	17½	17¼	17¼
37 Massey Harris	9½	9	9½
3 ↑Master Elec (1)	19	18⅝	18⅝
1 ↑Memph N Gas(½e)	6½	6½	6½
5 ↑Merrit-C & S	7	7	7
7 ↑Mesabi Iron	½	½	½
2 ↑Mexico-Ohio Oil	3¾	3¾	3¾
4 ↑Mich Bumper	2¼	2¼	2¼
1 ↑Michigan Sug pf	7¼	7¼	7¼
1 Mid St Pet B vtc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
12 Mining Corp Can	3½	3⅜	3⅜
2 ↑Mock J Voeh (.15e)	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
1 ↑Mohawk-Hud 1pf(7)	101½	101½	101½
1.50 Mohawk-Hud 2nd pf	114	113⅜	114
10 ↑Molybdenum	9¾	9¼	9½
2 ↑Monroe LoanA(.32)	3¾	3¾	3¾
.20 Montg Ward A (7)	153¾	153¾	153¾
4 ↑Montr LH&P (1½)	35½	34½	35⅛
1 ↑Moody In pt pf (3)	38	37	38
9 Mount Prod (.80)	6¼	6	6¼
13 ↑Mueller Brass (1a)	41¾	41¼	41¼
N			
14 ↑Nat Bellas Hess	3	2⅞	2⅞
2 Nat Container (⅛e)	13	13	13
2 Nat Fuel G (1)	17½	17½	17½
6 ↑Nat Invest	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
8 Nat Leather	1¾	1¾	1¾
3 Nat Mfg & Strs	9	9	9
1 ↑Nat Oil Prod (.60a)	34	34	34
1 ↑Nat P&L pf (6)	88	87	88
15 ↑Nat Rub Mch(.20g)	12¼	11⅞	11⅞
2 Nat Svc pf	3¼	3¼	3¼
2 Nat Sug Ref (2)	28	27½	28
1 ↑Nat Un Rad	1¼	1¼	1¼
91 ↑Neptune Me A(.60g)	36¾	36	36
2 ↑Neptune MeA(.60g)	16¼	16⅛	16⅛
1 New Cal El	21	20	21
1 ↑N H Clock (1½g)	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
.50 N J Zinc (2)	81	81	81
1 N Mex & Ariz (.01e)	4⅞	4¾	4⅞
4 ↑Newmt Min (3½e)	128	126½	126½
1 ↑NY Auction (¼e)	6	6	6
1 ↑N Y Merch (2a)	43	43	43
1 ↑NY Tel pf (6½)	115½	115½	115½
29 Niag Hud Pow(.40e)	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞
5 Niag Hud A war	1	1	1
1 Niag Sh Md B(.60e)	13½	13½	13½
14 ↑Nipissing Mns(½e)	2¾	2¾	2¾
8 ↑Noma Elec (.40e)	11	10¾	11
8 No Am Lt & Pw	3¾	3¾	3¾
2.50 No Am L & P pf	64	63	64
12 ↑Nor Europ Oil			
.25 No NY Ut 1 pf(7)	107	107	107
9 Nor St P A	37	36½	36½
1 ↑N West Eng (1½e)	27	27	27
O			
.50 Ohio Brass B (1¾e)	43½	43½	43½
.50 Ohio Ed pf (6)	107½	107½	107½
2 Ohio Oil pf (6)	109¾	109¾	109¾
.50 Ohio Pub Sv A pf(7)	108¾	108¾	108¾
1 ↑Okla Nat Gas	13	13	13
.50 ↑Okla Nat Gas pf	31¾	31¾	31¾
4 Oldetyme Dist	5⅞	5¾	5¾
P			
2 Pac G&E 1 pf(1½)	31¾	31½	31¾
2.50 ↑Pac Tin spec(2a)	43¾	43¾	43¾
6 ↑Pan-Am Air (1)	62	61¾	62
136 ↑Pantepec Oil	9½	9⅛	9⅛
1 ↑Paramt Mot	4¼	4¼	4¼
27 Pennroad (¼e)	4¾	4⅝	4⅝
.30 Pa P&L 7 pf (7)	111	110⅝	111
.25 Phil Gas & El	162	162	162
.25 Pepperell (6a)	137	137	137
6 ↑Phoenix Sec	6¼	6	6¼
3 ↑Pierce Gov (½e)	20⅛	19¾	19¾
56 ↑Pioneer Gold(.80)	6½	6⅜	6½
2 ↑Piney-Rowes (.40a)	8	8	8
1 ↑Pitts Fora	18½	18½	18½
1 Pitts Pl Gl (6e)	127	127	127
1 ↑Plough (1.20)	16¼	16⅛	16⅜
12 ↑Potrero Sugar	4	3¾	4
2 Powdrell & A (.60a)	11¼	11	11¼
4 Premier Gld (.12a)	4½	4½	4½
8 Prod Corp	1	1	1
4 ↑Pruden Inv (½e)	12½	12½	12½
.90 Pub Sv Ind 16 pf	34	33½	33¾
1.25 Pug Sd 6 pf	46¾	46¼	46¼
Q			
.10 ↑Quaker Oats (4a)	121	121	121
1 ↑Quebec Pow (1)	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
1 ↑Rainoow Lum B	3	3	3
1 Rath Pkg (½g)	32	32	32
.75 Raym Conc (¾e)	24½	24¾	24¾
.50 Raym Conc pf (3)	42¼	42	42
5 Reiss Manu vtc	4½	4⅜	4½
5 ↑Red Bank Oil	11	10½	11
1 ↑Reed Roll B(.80a)	33¼	33¼	33¼
6 ↑Reiter-Fost	7	7	7
1 ↑Reynolds Inv	2¼	2¼	2¼
1 ↑Richmond Rad	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
1 ↑Root Pet (1)	13¾	13½	13½
1 ↑Rossi a Intl	⅞	⅞	⅞
16 ↑Rustless I & S	12¼	12	12¼
5 Ryan Cons	4⅞	4¼	4¼
S			
25 ↑Safety Car H&L(6e)	115	115	115
1 ↑St Anth Hot	9¼	8⅞	9
34 St Regis Pap	9¼	8⅞	9
1 Schulte R Est	1¼	1¼	1¼
3 Segal Lock	2¾	2¾	2¾
14 Seiberling Rub	7¼	6¾	7
14 ↑Selected Indus	3½	3½	3½
1 ↑Selec Leather(½e)	10¼	10¼	10¼
2 ↑Seversky Aire	4¾	4¾	4¾
1 ↑Shahmoon Ind	13¾	13¾	13¾
1 ↑Sherw Wms pf (5)	113	113	113
1 Shrev El-D P L stp			
1 Smith Cor vtc (1e)	28	28	28
1 ↑Sonotone (.10e)	2	1⅞	1⅞
6 So Penn Oil (1½a)	44½	44	44
1 So Cal Ed pf (1½a)	41½	41½	41½
1 So C Ed B pf (1½)	28½	28½	28½
1 So Col Pow A	31	31	31
1 ↑So Dixie Gas	2	2	2
5 ↑Southl Roy (.40e)	9¼	9¼	9¼
4 ↑Spencer Ch S (.60)	9⅞	9¾	9⅞
1 ↑Squ D CoApf(2.20)	37½	37½	37½
3 ↑Stand Dredg	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1 ↑Stand Dredg pf	17	17	17
10 ↑St Oil Ky (1a)	19¾	19¾	19¾
1 ↑St Oil Ohio (1a)	37¾	37	37
12 St Pow & Lt	5½	5⅜	5⅜
1 St Pow & L B	5	5	5
3 ↑Stand Prod (.4g)	20¾	20	20¾
7 Starrett Corp vtc	7¾	7¼	7¾
3 ↑Sterchi Br St(.30e)	9½	9⅜	9⅜
5 ↑Sterling Inc (.10e)	4¾	4¾	4¾
2 ↑Sterling Bre (¼e)	6¼	6¼	6¼
2 ↑Stroock & Sons Am	21¾	21¾	21¾
2 Sullivan Mach	25½	25½	25½
17 ↑Sunray Oil (.10e)	4½	4	4½
15 ↑Sunshine Mng (3)	20½	20¼	20¼
.50 ↑Swiss-Am El pf	98	98	98
T			
2 ↑Taggart	11¾	11⅜	11¾
1.25 ↑Talcott p pf (2¾)	57½	57	57
1 ↑Tampa El (2.24)	37½	37½	37½
5 ↑Tastyeast A	2	2	2
17 ↑Technicolor (½e)	21	20½	20¾
7 ↑Teck-Hu Gld (.05)	5¼	5¼	5¼
6 ↑Texon Oil (.60)	6¼	6¼	6¼
.50 Thew Shovel (½e)	46	46	46
1 ↑Tilo Roof (½a)	12¼	12¼	12¼
1 ↑Tishman Real	9¾	9¾	9¾
1 ↑Tob Prod Exp (.10e)	3¾	3¾	3¾
8 ↑Todd Ship (2a)	51	51	51
18 ↑TomMoore Dist(2a)	7⅛	6¾	7⅛
1 ↑Tonopah Min (.06e)	1¼	1¼	1¼
2 ↑Trans-Lux (.20a)	4¾	4¼	4¼
8 ↑Tri-Cont war	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
22 ↑Tubize Chat	16¼	15⅝	16
7 ↑Tubize Chat A	60½	60	60¼
2 ↑Tung-Sol Lamp	8¾	8¾	8¾
1 ↑Tung Sol L pf (.80)	11¼	11¼	11¼
5 ↑Twin Coach (1.40e)	17¾	17¼	17¼
U			
2 Ulen & Co 7½ pc pf	6½	6½	6½
4 Un Gas Can (¼g)	16¾	16¾	16¾
1 United Aire war	19¼	19¼	19¼
3 Unexcelled Mfg	3¼	3¼	3¼
1 ↑United Shoe	39	39	39
1 ↑Univ Cooler A	6¾	6¾	6¾
1 ↑Univ Cooler B	6¾	6¾	6¾
1 ↑Univ Pict pf (2)	30	30	30
1 ↑Univ Prod (.80)	9¾	9¾	9¾
1 ↑Univ Theat (.10e)	1¾	1¾	1¾
1 ↑Upson Co (.40e)	9¾	9¾	9¾
1 ↑Utah Pow & Lt	1¾	1¾	1¾
1 ↑Utah P&L pf	67½	66½	66½
2 ↑Utility Equities	4¼	3¾	4¼
25 ↑Util Shares pf	87	87	87
14 Util Power & Lt	1¾	1¼	1¼
2.50 Ut P&L pf	24	23	24
V			
13 ↑Venez Mex Oil	7¾	7½	7¾
9 ↑Venezuel Pet	2	1⅞	2
W			
2 ↑WagBank vtc(2.35e)	21	20	20
1 ↑Waits & B A (½e)	11¼	11¼	11¼
5 ↑Walker Min	2¾	2¼	2¼
7 ↑Wayne Pump (½g)	35	34	34
4 Wellington Oil	10¾	10⅜	10⅜
2 ↑Wentw Mfg (1.20)	27	26½	26⅞
1 ↑West Va C & C	4	4	4
3 ↑West Tab & Sta(1a)	30½	30½	30½
2 Wms Oil-O-Mat(⅛e)	10	10	10
2 ↑Wilson Jones(2½e)	46½	46	46½
29 Wolverine Port Cem	6¼	5¼	6¼
29 Wolverine Port Cem	6¼	5¼	6¼
1 ↑Woodley Pet (.40a)	9	9	9
82 Wright Ha XD(.40a)	7¾	7¾	7¾
Y			
3 ↑YoungstowSD(1½e)	65¼	65	65
2 ↑Yukon Gold (.13e)	2¾	2¾	2¾

↑Officially listed on application by the corporation.

Other securities are admitted to dealing as "unlisted" on application of a regular member and approval by the listing committee and the board of governors.

Rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Unless otherwise noted, special or extra dividends are not included.

XD—Ex dividend. EX—First sale since ex dividend date or dates. XR—Ex rights. (a) Also extra or extras. (b) Including extra or extras. (e) Paid last year. (f) Payable in stock. (g) Declared or paid so far this year; no regular rate. (h) Cash or stock. (k) Accumulated dividend paid or declared this year. (ur) Under rule. (ww) With warrants. (x

NA. 4200—Post Want Ads Bring Results the Same Day—NA. 4200

Curb Bonds

Sales in $1,000. | High | Low | Close

DOMESTIC BONDS.

A

17 Ala Pow 4½s '67 .... | 92⅝ | 92¼ | 92⅝
26 Am G&E 5 2028 .... | 107⅝ | 107¼ | 107¼
38 Am P&L 6 2016 .... | 102⅝ | 101½ | 102
21 As Elec 4½ '53 .... | 64⅜ | 64¼ | 64½
13 As G & E 5 '50 .... | 61½ | 61⅜ | 61¼
8 As G & E 5 '68 .... | 61⅝ | 61 | 61
24 As G&E 4½ '49 C .... | 57 | 56½ | 56⅝
4 As T&T 5½ '55 A .... | 88 | 87⅞ | 88

B

1 Baldw L 6 '37 xw .... | 151½ | 151½ | 151½
18 Baldw L 6 38 xw stp .... | 152 | 151¼ | 152
5 Birm El 4½ '68 .... | 98¾ | 98¼ | 98⅛

C

11 Can Pac 6 '42 .... | 113½ | 113 | 113½
1 Caro P & L 5 '56 .... | 105¾ | 105¼ | 103¼
9 Cen Ill PS 4½ '67f .... | 104 | 103⅜ | 103⅜
4 Cen P & L 5 '58 .... | 95⅞ | 95½ | 95⅛
15 Cen St El 5½ '54 .... | 69¾ | 69¼ | 69¾
5 Cen St El 5 '48 .... | 69 | 68⅞ | 69
4 Cen St P&L 5½ '53 .... | 74¼ | 74¼ | 74¼
118 Cities Ser 5 '50 .... | 80 | 78½ | 80
10 Cit & Pot L 5½ '49 .... | 77 | 75⅞ | 77
11 Cit S Pow 5½ '52 .... | 73½ | 73 | 73
2 Com Ed 4 '81 F .... | 106¼ | 106¼ | 106¼
32 Comm P&L 5 '57 .... | 87 | 86 | 86⅜
41 Cont G&E 5 '58 A .... | 95 | 94½ | 94¾

D

5 Del C Gas 5 '50 B .... | 105⅞ | 105¾ | 105¾

E

27 East G&F 4 '56 A .... | 94⅜ | 94 | 94⅜
36 Elec P&L 5 2030 .... | 94 | 93⅝ | 93½
9 Emp O&R 5½ '42 .... | 93½ | 93 | 93

F

20 Fla P&L 5 '54 .... | 100⅝ | 100½ | 100½

G

5 Gatin P 5 '56 .... | 103¼ | 103 | 103
8 Gen Pub Ut 6½ '56 .... | 95¾ | 95 | 95
2 Gen W W 5 '43 A .... | 94 | 94 | 94
17 Geo Pow 5 '57 .... | 104¾ | 104¾ | 104¾
13 Glen Ald Coal 5 '55 .... | 86¾ | 86¾ | 86¼

H

2 Hall Pr 6 '47A stp .... | 98¾ | 98½ | 98¾

I

55 Ill P & L 5 '56 C .... | 104 | 103½ | 104
14 Ill P&L 6 '53 .... | 105¾ | 105¾ | 105¾
6 Ind Svc 5 '50 .... | 78 | 77½ | 77⅝
2 Ind P&L 5 '57 A .... | 105½ | 105½ | 105½
10 Int Sec Am 5 '47 .... | 101½ | 101¼ | 101½
Inters Pow 6 '52 .... | 68½ | 68 | 68
30 Inters Pow 5 57 .... | 72¼ | 72 | 72⅛

J

1 J C P&L 4½'61 C .... | 105⅛ | 105⅛ | 105⅛

K

8 Ky Util 5 '69 I .... | 97¾ | 97¼ | 97¾
4 Ky Util 5 '61 H .... | 98¾ | 98¼ | 98¾

L

4 Lehigh PS 6 2026 A | 110⅞ | 110⅜ | 110⅞
2 Lou P & L 5 '57 .... | 105⅝ | 105⅝ | 105⅝

M

7 Miss Pow 5 '55 .... | 95¾ | 95 | 95

N

29 Nat P&L 5 2030 B .... | 93½ | 92½ | 92½
2 Nat Pub S 5 '78 ctf | 48 | 47½ | 47½
8 Nevada Cal E 5 '56 | 96¾ | 96¾ | 96¾
8 N Eng G&E 5 '50 .. | 78¾ | 78½ | 78½
9 N Eng G&E 5 '47 .. | 78⅝ | 78⅜ | 78⅛
6 N Eng Pw 5½ '54 .. | 101¼ | 101¼ | 101¼
28 N Pow Pa 5 '48 .. | 100¾ | 100½ | 100½
16 NY Pw&Lt4½ '67 .. | 106 | 105⅝ | 106
7 NY St E&G 4½ '80. | 103 | 102⅝ | 103
1 No Ind P S 5 '66C .. | 105⅝ | 105⅜ | 105⅝

O

6 Okla N Gas 5 '46 .. | 103¾ | 103½ | 103¾

P

30 Pac P & L 5 '55 .... | 88⅛ | 87 | 87⅞
4 Pen Cen P&L 4½'77 | 105½ | 105½ | 105½
3 Pen-Oh Ed 5½ '59 .. | 104¾ | 104¾ | 104¾
9 Peo Gas L&C 4 '81B | 98¾ | 98¼ | 98¾
17 Peop L & P 5 '79 .. | 27¼ | 26¾ | 27
12 Pied El 6½ '60 A .. | 68⅛ | 68 | 68
9 Puz Sd & L 5½ '49 | 95¾ | 95 | 95¼
20 Puz Sd P&L 4½ '50D | 88⅛ | 88⅛ | 88¼

S

13 S E P & L 6 2025 A. | 107⅛ | 107¼ | 107⅜
7 So Cal Ed 3⅜ '60 .. | 107⅞ | 107⅜ | 107⅜
2 Southern NatG6 '44 | 103⅛ | 103⅛ | 103⅛
2 Stand G&E6 '35vtt. | 90¼ | 90¼ | 90¼
18 Stand G & E 6 '51 .. | 91 | 89 | 91
2 Stand G & E 6 '66 .. | 88⅞ | 88⅞ | 88⅞
37 Stand P & L 6 '57 .. | 88¾ | 88⅛ | 88⅜

T

8 Tenn El P 5 '56 .... | 96 | 95¾ | 95¾
6 Tex El S 5 '60 .... | 106 | 105⅞ | 106
7 Tex P & L 5 '56 .... | 105½ | 105⅜ | 105⅜
4 Twin CRT 5½ '52 A | 94 | 93¾ | 94

U

8 Un L & P 6½ '74 .. | 92 | 91¾ | 92
15 Un L & P 6 '75 .... | 85¾ | 85¾ | 85¾
7 Un L & R 5½ '52 .. | 91⅞ | 91¼ | 91¾

V

8 Virz P S 5½ '46 A. | 102½ | 102¼ | 102½

W

3 Waldorf-Ast 7 '54. .. | 44¼ | 43½ | 43½
3 West News Un 6 '44 | 73¾ | 73 | 73
2 West Pa 5 2030 .... | 105½ | 105½ | 105½
12 West Pen Ut 5 '57 .. | 98 | 97¾ | 97¾

FOREIGN BONDS.

1 Ger C Mun 7 '47 .... | 17½ | 17½ | 17½
15 It Sup Pw 6 '63 A. | 57½ | 58 | 57½
6 Panama Bras 7 '58.. | 26¾ | 26¼ | 26⅜
4 Rosa 6½ N C '19 .. | 1½ | 1½ | 1½
1 Russ 5½ ctf 1921 .. | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼
Terni Elec 6½ '53. | 67¾ | 67¾ | 67¾
1 Un El Svc 7 '56. .. | 67½ | 67½ | 67½

Bank Stocks.

New York, Jan. 4 (AP).—(New York Security Dealers Association.)

Bank and Trust.

	Bid.	Asked.
Bk of Man (1½)	31½	33½
Bankers Tr (2)	67½	69½
Cen Han Bk & Tr (4)	125	128
Chase Nat (1.40)	48	50
Chem Bk & Tr (1.80)	60	62
Commercial (8)	204	210
Cont Bk & Tr (.80)	18¾	19¼
Corn Ex Bk & T (3)	63¾	64¾
Empire Tr (1)	28	29
First Nat (Bos) (2)	49¼	51¼
First Natl (100)	2005	2135
Guaranty Tr (12)	331	336
Irving Tr (.60)	15¼	16¼
Manufacturers Tr (2)	54	56
Manufacturers Tr pf (2)	55	57
Natl City (1)	41	43
N Y Trust (5)	140	143
Public (1½)	57	59
Title G & T	16¾	17¾

Insurance.

Aetna Cas (2a)	101	105
Aetna Ins (1.60)	50¼	52¼
Aetna Life (.80a)	28¼	29¾
Am Equit (1a)	37¾	40¾
Am Ins Newark (½)	12¾	14
Am Reins (3)	77½	80½
Am Reserve (1a)	31¼	33¼
Am Surety (2½)	57¼	59¼
Automobile (1a)	31¾	33¾
Balt Amer (.20a)	8¾	9¾
Carolina (1.20)	28½	30
City of N Y (1.20)	29¼	30¾
Conn Gen Life (.80)	33¼	34¾
Continent Cas (1)	27½	29¼
Fid & Dep (3a)	121½	124½
Firemens Nwk	11½	13
Frank Fire (1a)	32½	34½
Gen Reinsurance (2)	42¼	44¼
Glen Falls (1.60)	43½	45½
Globe & Rep (½a)	21	23
Globe & Rut	75½	79½
Great Amer (1a)	27	28½
Hanover (1.60)	35½	37½
Harmonia (1.20)	29¾	31¾
Hartford Fire (2)	74	77
Home Fire Sec	6¼	7¼
Home (1a)	39	41
Homestead (1)	23½	25
Lincoln Fire	4½	5½
Natl Fire (2)	67½	69½
Natl Liberty (.20a)	9	11
N Hampshire (1.60)	41¾	43¼
N Y Fire (.60a)	24½	27½
Nor River (.80a)	26¾	28¾
Phoenix (2a)	98	100
Prov Wash (1a)	39	41
St Paul Fire (6a)	207½	212
Springfield (4½a)	127	130
Sun Life	690	720
Travelers (16)	476	486
U S Fire (1.80a)	54¼	56¼
Westchester (1a)	34	36

a—Also extra or extras.
g—Declared or paid so far this year.

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WASHINGTON BUILDING DISTRICT 9486

Weather Reports

Weather Conditions.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Monday—8 p. m.

Forecast for the District of Columbia—Fair and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday rain and colder; gentle to moderate southerly winds Tuesday, becoming northerly Wednesday.

For Maryland—Fair and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday rain and colder in east and rain changing to snow and much colder in west portion.

For Virginia—Fair and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday rain and colder in east and south and rain, possibly changing to snow, and much colder in northwest portion.

Conditions.

The disturbance that was central over western Quebec Sunday night has moved northeastward to southern Greenland. Godthaab, 28.74 inches. The northwestern disturbance has moved east-southeastward to the upper Lake region, Marquette, Mich., 29.28 inches, and still another disturbance is centered over Washington, Seattle 29.48 inches, and pressure is falling rapidly thence southeastward over the plateau and middle Rocky Mountain regions, Lander, Wyo., 29.64 inches. Another disturbance is developing over the western Gulf of Mexico, Vera Cruz, Mexico, 29.76 inches. These disturbances have been attended by precipitation from the North Pacific States eastward to the Lake region and along the Texas coast.

Pressure is high from the Appalachian region and the east Gulf States eastward to the vicinity of Bermuda and thence northeastward over the ocean, Norfolk, Va., 30.26 inches, and St. Georges, Bermuda, 30.24 inches, and it is abnormally high from eastern Alaska southeastward to Alberta and Saskatchewan, Mayo, Yukon, 31.18 inches. The temperature has fallen in the Atlantic States and from the western Canadian provinces southward over Montana, the Dakotas, Minnesota and northern Nebraska, while it has risen over practically all other sections. The temperature has fallen more than 50 degrees during the last 24 hours in the southern portions of Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Local Weather Report.

Temperature—Midnight, 40; 2 a. m., 37; 4 a. m., 36; 6 a. m., 35; 8 a. m., 34; 10 a. m., 37; 12 noon, 38; 2 p. m., 40; 4 p. m., 42; 6 p. m., 40; 8 p. m., 37; 10 p. m., 34. Highest, 43; lowest, 33.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 40; 2 p. m., 32. 8 p. m., 42. Rainfall in 24 hours, 0 p. m. to p. m.), 0. Hours of sunshine, 9. Per cent of possible sunshine, 95.

Departures From Normal.

Accumulated excess of temperature since January 1, 1937, 32 degrees.

Accumulated excess of precipitation since January 1, 1937, 0.69 inch.

Temperatures and Precipitation.

Temperatures and precipitation for 24 hours ended 7:30 p. m. Monday:

	Lowest Mon. night.	Highest Sun. p. m.	Rainfall 7:30 p.m. to 7:30 p.m. fall.
Washington, D. C.	43	48	....
Asheville, N. C.	42	56	....
Atlanta, Ga.	48	52	....
Atlantic City, N. J.	40	54	....
Baltimore, Md.	42	48	....
Birmingham, Ala.	52	52	....
Bismarck, N. Dak.	8	8	0.01
Boston, Mass.	38	52	....
Buffalo, N. Y.	30	34	0.18
Chicago, Ill.	38	46	....
Cincinnati, Ohio	40	54	....
Cheyenne, Wyo.	36	52	....
Cleveland, Ohio	38	52	0.01
Dallas, Tex.	54	54	....
Davenport, Iowa	40	56	....
Denver, Colo.	48	54	....
Des Moines, Iowa	42	54	....
Detroit, Mich.	38	50	....
Duluth, Minn.	24	12	0.11
El Paso, Tex.	48	66	....
Galveston, Tex.	62	52	0.06
Helena, Mont.	32	28	0.14
Huron, S. Dak.	14	2	0.02
Indianapolis, Ind.	42	52	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	58	54	....
Kansas City, Mo.	42	58	....
Little Rock, Ark.	48	62	....
Los Angeles, Calif.	60	66	....
Louisville, Ky.	44	54	....
Marquette, Mich.	28	4	0.08
Memphis, Tenn.	48	52	....
Miami, Fla.	60	72	....
Minneapolis, Minn.	16	4	0.04
Mobile, Ala.	62	46	....
New Orleans, La.	60	48	....
New York, N. Y.	40	52	....
North Platte, Nebr.	40	34	....
Omaha, Nebr.	42	20	....
Philadelphia, Pa.	38	52	....
Phoenix, Ariz.	54	58	....
Pittsburgh, Pa.	34	52	....
Portland, Me.	36	28	....
Portland, Oreg.	40	52	0.28
Rapid City, S. Dak.	36	34	....
Salt Lake City, Utah	24	4	....
St. Louis, Mo.	42	48	....
San Antonio, Tex.	60	58	....
San Diego, Calif.	60	64	....
San Francisco, Calif.	54	52	....
Santa Fe, N. Mex.	32	12	....
Savannah, Ga.	52	50	....
Seattle, Wash.	44	34	0.22
Springfield, Ill.	44	22	....
Tampa, Fla.	80	66	0.26
Vicksburg, Miss.	58	56	....

Local Produce

(Prices paid shippers f. o. b. Washington.) (By the U. S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics).

Eggs.

Market weak. Prices 1 to 2 cents lower.

Current receipts, 26½@27; nearnery whites, 27@27½. Government graded and dated white eggs (net prices paid shippers, f. o. b. Washington): U. S. extras, large 29½; U. S. extras, mediums, 27; U. S. standards, 29.

Live Poultry.

Market, generally quiet and steady.

Fowl: Colored, heavy, 16@18; Leghorns, 9@11. Chickens: Virginia Rocks, broilers and fryers, 18@20. Delaware crosses, 18@20. Guineas, young, 2 lbs. and up, 40 each; under 2 lbs., 25@30 each; old guineas, 20@25 each. Turkeys: Young hens, 24@29; young toms, under 19 lbs., 15; 20 lbs. and over, 18@17; No. 2s, 12; old hens, 14; old toms, 14.

Fruits.

(All arrivals are since Thursday's report, December 31, 1936.)

STRAWBERRIES—Florida, express receipts, pony refrigerators, 16@17 per pint; truck receipts, crates, per pint, 17@18.

ORANGES—Florida, boxes, 2.00@3.00, as to grade and size.

GRAPEFRUIT—Florida, boxes, 1.50@2.25, as to grade and size.

LEMONS—California, boxes, No. 1, 5.00@5.50; No. 2, 4.00@4.50.

TANGERINES—Florida, 4-5 bushel boxes, 1.00@1.50, as to grade and size.

GRAPES—California, lugs, Emperors, 2.50@2.75.

PINEAPPLES—Cuba, crates, 3.00@4.00.

APPLES—Bushel baskets, U. S. No. 1: Virginia, Staymans, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.15@1.25; 2½-inch minimum, 1.35@1.40; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.50@1.60; 3-inch minimum, 1.65@1.75; Grimes, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.10@1.15; 2½-inch minimum, 1.35@1.40; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.50@1.65; Golden Delicious, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.25 @1.35; 2½-inch minimum, 1.50@1.60; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.75@1.85; Delicious, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.35@1.40; 2½-inch minimum, 1.60@1.75; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.90@2.00. Yorks, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.00 @1.15; 2½-inch minimum, 1.25@1.35; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.440@1.50; Jonathans, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.15@1.25; 2½-inch minimum, 1.35@1.50; Black Twigs, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.15@1.25; 2½-inch minimum, 1.35@1.40; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.50 @1.65. Boxes: Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia, combination, extra fancy and fancy: Staymans, 1.60@2.00; Delicious, 1.75@2.25; C grade: Staymans, 1.40 @1.65; Delicious, 1.50@1.75, as to size.

Vegetables.

CABBAGE—New stock: South Carolina, 1½-bushel hampers, pointed type, freight rates, 1.00; Pennsylvania, bushel baskets, topped, washed, 1.10.

CAULIFLOWER—California, crates, 1.50 @1.65.

CELERY—California, ½ crates, individually washed and precooled, 2.50@2.75.

LETTUCE—Arizona, Western crates, Iceberg type, 5 dozen, 2.75.

ONIONS—50-lb. sacks, U. S. No. 1: New York, yellows, 75@85; Utah, Valencias, 3 inches and larger, 1.10@1.15.

PEAS—Bushel hampers: California, Telephones, large size, 3.00@3.25; small size, 2.25; Florida, small size, 1.25@1.65.

SPINACH—Bushel baskets: Texas, 80@85; Virginia, 65; fair condition, 50.

SWEET POTATOES—North Carolina, bushel baskets, Puerto Ricans, partly graded, 75@85; few best, 90@1.00; Maryland and Anne Arundel County, bushel hampers, Jersey type, U. S. No. 1, 90@1.00.

TOMATOES—Florida, wide ranse in condition, lug boxes, green, ripes and turning, wrapped, 6x6, mostly around 1.50; 6x7, 50@1.25.

POTATOES—100-lb. sacks, U. S. No. 1: New York, Round Whites, 2.50@2.65; Maine, Green Mountains, 2.90@3.00; Pennsylvania, Round Whites, 2.60@2.75; Idaho, Russet Burbanks, 3.25@3.50; Florida, bushel crates, Bliss Triumphs, U. S. No. 1, 2.00.

BEETS—Texas, ½ crates, 1.50.

SNAP BEANS—Florida, bushel hampers, green, flat type, 1.75@2.00; Round Stringless, 2.00@2.25.

LIMA BEANS—Cuba, bushel hampers, 3.00.

BROCCOLI — California, crates, 2.00@2.50, according to condition.

AVOCADOS—Florida, boxes, 75@1.25; California, 2.00@2.40.

KALE—Virginia, bushel baskets, 40.

COLLARDS—Virginia, bushel baskets, 40.

PARSNIPS—Pennsylvania, ½-bushel baskets, 50.

SQUASH—Florida, bushel hampers, white, wrapped, fair quality, 1.50@1.75.

PEPPERS—Florida, 1½-bushel crates, green, fancy, 2.50@2.75; choice, fair condition, 1.25; bushel hampers, green, small size, 1.75.

MUSHROOMS—Maryland, 3-lb. baskets, 50@85.

TURNIPS—Texas, ½ crates, 2.10; Pennsylvania, bushel baskets, 50.

(Quotations from other sources.)

BUTTER—Range of prices to stores, gathered from wholesale dealers (prices to nearby shippers based on Philadelphia and New York prices): One-pound prints, carton (90 score), 37; ¼-pound prints, carton (91 score), 38; 1-pound prints, carton (90 score), 36; ¼-pound prints, carton (90 score), 36; ¼-pound prints, carton (92 score), 39; ½-pound prints, carton (90 score), 37; tub (92 score), 37; tub (90 score), 34; tub (91 score), 36. Market very strong.

MEATS — Choice beef, 16; calves, 18; lambs, 14; fresh ham, 22; smoked ham, 27; pork, 22; bacon, slab, 27; bacon, sliced, 33; compound, 14; lard, 16.

LIVESTOCK—Pigs, 9@9½; light hogs, 9½@10; medium hogs, 10@10½; heavies, 9@10; roughs, 6@8½; calves, 5@12; lambs, 5@9.

Ship Movements

At New York.

Arrived Yesterday.

American Farmer, from London.
Alcoa, from Puerto Cabello.
Colombia, from Cristobal.

Arrive Today.

Empress of Austria, from Southampton.
Pennland, from Antwerp.
Santa Inez, from Valparaiso.

Arrive Tomorrow.

Cameronia, from Glasgow.
Georgic, from Havre.
Reliance, from Hamburg.

Arrive Thursday.

Lafayette, from Havre.
Washington, from Hamburg.

Sail Today.

Berengeria, for Cherbourg.
Black Tern, for Antwerp.
Champlain, for Plymouth, Europa, for Cherbourg.
Exoxhorda, for Cherbourg.
Exilona, for Casablanca.
Ilsenstein, for Rotterdam.
Manhattan, for Cobh.
Spaarndam, for Rotterdam.

Sail Tomorrow.

New York, for Cherbourg.
Franconia, for world cruise.
Svaneholm, for Gothenburg.

Sail Thursday.

Ingria, for Casablanca.

DIED.

ADAMS, MARGARET. Suddenly, on Monday, January 4, 1937, MARGARET ADAMS (nee Holman) beloved wife of the late John Adams, sr., aged 81 years. Remains resting at the Sergeon Co. funeral home, 1011 7th st. nw. Services at the Epiphany Chapel, 12th and C sts. sw., on Wednesday, January 6, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

BALL, NEARIE IRENE. On Monday, January 4, 1937, NEARIE IRENE BALL (nee Sweeney), beloved wife of Samuel Ray Ball. Remains at the chapel of Thomas F. Murray & Son, 2007 Nichois ave. se. Services at the Church of the Nativity, Fourteenth and A sts. se., on Wednesday, January 6, at 2:30 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

COMPTON, ALICE R. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, at her residence, 4214 Beck st. se., ALICE R. COMPTON, the beloved mother of Mrs. Charles F. Loyd and Mrs. Dorothy Thompson. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home, 517 Eleventh st. se., on Tuesday, January 5, at 1 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Mount Rest Cemetery, La Plata, Md.

CORNWELL, THOMPSON. On Monday, January 4, 1937, THOMPSON CORNWELL, the beloved husband of Catherine Cornwell, of Lansburn, Pa., and father of Arthur Cornwell, Mrs. Alice Carroll, Mrs. Susie Courtney and Mrs. Ella Savage. Funeral services at the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home, 517 11th st. se., on Wednesday, January 6, at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment Washington Memorial Park Cemetery.

FARLEY, IDA MAY. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, at her residence, 1102 B st. ne., IDA MAY FARLEY, the beloved wife of John C. Farley and mother of Miss A. Irene Farley. Funeral service at the above address on Tuesday, January 5, at 8 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Riverside, Pa. Services by the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home, 517 11th st. se.

GORMAN, THOMAS B. On Saturday, January 2, 1937, THOMAS B. GORMAN, beloved son of Alice Cornwell and stepson of Wallace R. Cornwell and brother of Gerald, John and Harry Gorman, Mrs. Cecelia Birch and Mrs. Margaret Sansbury, and devoted friend of Emma. Funeral from his late residence, 1436 Ives pl. se., on Tuesday, January 5, 1937, at 8:30 a. m., thence to Holy Comforter Church, 14th and E. Capitol sts., where mass will be offere at 9 a. m. for the repose of his soul. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited. Arransements by William J. Malley.

HARDY, ROBERT H. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, ROBERT H. HARDY, aged 83 years. Funeral from W. W. Deal's funeral home, 816 H st. ne., on Wednesday, January 6, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

HIGGINS, JAMES WORTHINGTON, Jr. On Saturday, January 2, 1937, at his residence, 537 Quintana pl. nw., JAMES WORTHINGTON HIGGINS, Jr., beloved husband of Marie Elizabeth Higgins (nee Riordan) and father of James Allen Higgins. He is also survived by his father, James Worthington Higgins, sr., of Calvert County, Md., and two sisters, Mrs. Louise H. Williams, of Calvert County, Md., and Mrs. Robert W. Cook, of Annapolis, Md. Funeral from his late residence on Tuesday, January 5, at 1:30 p. m., thence to Fort Myer Chapel, Fort Myer, Va., where services will be held at 2:30 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

DIED.

JEWELL, ROBERT F. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at his residence, 1412 Chapin st. nw., ROBERT F. JEWELL, beloved husband of Hattie E. Jewell. He is also survived by four sons and one daughter. Funeral services at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Wednesday, January 6, at 10:30 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Prospect Hill Cemetery.

KEYSER, HARRY MILES. On Saturday, January 2, 1937, at Episcopal Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, HARRY MILES KEYSER, of Falls Church, Va., beloved husband of Hattie Tuckerman Keyser and father of Dorothy Tuckerman Keyser and William Miles Keyser. Funeral from Columbia Baptist Church, Falls Church, Va., on Tuesday, January 5, at 2 p. m. Interment in Oakwood Cemetery.

KOHLER, FREDERICK JACOB. On Monday, January 4, 1937, FREDERICK JACOB KOHLER, beloved husband of Lola H. Kohler and father of Les Kohler; aged sixty-seven. Funeral from his late residence, 1203 Jamieson st. nw., on Wednesday, January 6, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Oak Hill Cemetery.

LECKIE, EMMA. On Friday, January 1, 1937, EMMA LECKIE, the beloved mother of Charles Leckie. Funeral services at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Tuesday, January 5, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment Congressional Cemetery.

MILLER, JUSTUS. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, at the residence of his son, St. George Episcopal rectory, 908 North Nelson st., Arlington, Va., JUSTUS MILLER, beloved husband of Louisa Amanda Miller (nee Dieckman) and father of the Rev. Henry J. Miller and brother of Mrs. Dora Pfeil, of Buffalo, N. Y. Remains resting at the Ives funeral home, 2847 Wilson blvd., Arlington, Va. Funeral service on Tuesday, January 5, at 2:30 p. m. at St. George's Episcopal Church, North Nelson st., Arlington, Va. Interment Columbia Garden.

MILLER, FRANK EDRIDGE. On Saturday, January 2, 1937, at Garfield Hospital, FRANK EDRIDGE MILLER, beloved husband of Norah Humpherson Miller. Funeral from V. L. Speare funeral home, 1009 H st. nw., on Tuesday, January 5, at 2 p. m.

MILLIKEN, MARY SINCLAIR. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at her residence, the Woodley Park Towers Apartments, MARY SINCLAIR MILLIKEN, widow of N. Byron Milliken and devoted mother of Mrs. Florence E. Milliken. Remains resting at the H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2901 14th st. nw. Notice of funeral later.

MOORE, EMILY S. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, at her residence, 202 the Woodley Apartments, 1851 Columbia rd. nw. EMILY S. MOORE. Funeral services at the above residence on Wednesday, January 6, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Laurel Hill Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pa., on Thursday, January 7.

MURRAY, VIOLET A. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, at her residence, 2633 Adams Mill rd. nw., apt. 4, VIOLET A. MURRAY, beloved sister of Mrs. May M. Crump, of Chicago, Ill., and Walter William Murray, of Arlington, Va. Remains resting at the above address until 1 p. m. Wednesday, January 6. Funeral services at the Church of the Reformation, 212 East Capitol st., on Wednesday, Jan. 6, at 2 p. m., the Rev. C. F. Blackwelder officiating. Interment Congressional Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

NAPOLI, FRANK. Suddenly, on Sunday, January 3, 1937, at his residence, 1135 Girard st., FRANK NAPOLI, beloved husband of Josephine Napoli and father of six minor children. He is also survived by three brothers, Lewis, Jasper and Sam Napoli. Remains resting at his late residence until Wednesday, January 6, at 8:30 a. m., thence to Sacred Heart Church, 16th st. and Park rd. nw., where requiem mass will be offered at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment St. Mary's Cemetery.

O'DONOGHUE, GENEVIEVE G. On Monday January 4, 1937, at her residence, 1934 35th st. nw., GENEVIEVE G. O'DONOGHUE, beloved daughter of the late Dennis and Margaret O'Donoghue. Funeral from James T. Clemens home, 1241 Wisconsin ave. nw., on Wednesday, January 6, at 8:30 a. m., thence to Holy Trinity Catholic Church, 36th and Q sts. nw., where mass will be said at 9 a. m. Interment private.

PEARSON, GRANVILLE McL. On Saturday, January 2, 1937, at Walter Reed Hospital, McL. GRANVILLE PEARSON, the beloved husband of Elsie Pearson. He is also survived by four children. Funeral from his late residence, 1009 Congress st., on Tuesday, January 5. Interment Arlington National Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited. Services by the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home, 517 11th st. se.

RUFF, EMMA R. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, at her residence, 504 L st. ne., EMMA R. RUFF, the beloved wife of William R. Ruff. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home, 517 11th st. se., on Wednesday, January 6, at 8:30 a. m., thence to St. Aloysius Church, where requiem mass will be offered at 9 a. m. for the repose of her soul. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

SLEMAKER, MARY LOU. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, at Children's Hospital, MARY LOU SLEMAKER, the beloved daughter of Carroll S. and Margaret L. Slemaker. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home, 517 11th st. se., on Tuesday, January 5, at 9:30 a. m.; thence to the Church of Latter Day Saints, 16th and Columbia road, where services will be held at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Oakwood, Va.

SMITH, CLARENDON. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at his residence, 1313 Rhode Island ave. nw., CLARENDEN SMITH, beloved husband of Lena Overall Smith and father of Arthur Clarenden Smith and Mrs. George Burchheld and grandfather of Mrs. Buell Miller and Mrs. Donald Latham and Arthur Clarendon Smith, jr., aged 82 years. Funeral services at Hysong's parlors, 1300 N st. nw., on Wednesday, January 6, at 2 p. m. Interment (private) in Glenwood Cemetery.

SPANO, VINGENZA. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at her residence, 5327 Connecticut ave. nw., VINGENZA SPANO, widow of Cosmo Spano and mother of Joseph, John and Edward Spano, Mrs. Frances Agrusti and Mrs. Nellis S. Mancuso. Funeral services at the above residence on Wednesday, January 6, at 1 p. m., thence to Church of Chelsa del Redentore Italian Baptist, New York ave. and Kirby st. nw. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment Glenwood Cemetery.

SPARKS, ADA MIRANDA. On Sunday, January 3, 1937, at 2:35 p. m., ADA MIRANDA SPARKS, wife of the late Jared F. Sparks and mother of the late J. Ernest Sparks, aged 81 years. Funeral services at Hysong's parlors, 1300 N st. nw., on Tuesday, January 5, at 3 p. m. Interment Glenwood Cemetery.

STILES, FLORENCE FRASER. Suddenly, on Monday, January 4, 1937, at her residence, the Roosevelt Hotel, FLORENCE FRASER STILES. Remains resting at Lee's funeral home, 4th st. and Massachusetts ave. ne., where services will be held on Wednesday, January 6, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Glenwood Cemetery.

THOMAS, MARGARET LOUISE. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at 1:45 p. m., MARGARET LOUISE THOMAS, dearly beloved daughter of Carl N. and Ethel F. Thomas and sister of Lester, Averett, Carl, jr. and John Thomas, aged 16 years. Funeral services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2901 14th st. nw., on Thursday, January 7, at 1:30 p. m. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

TURNBULL, RUBY ELIZABETH. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at Garfield Hospital, RUBY ELIZABETH TURNBULL, beloved mother of Julie Gill, 2630 Adams Mill rd., aged 80 years. Funeral services at Hysong's parlor, 1300 N st. nw., on Tuesday, January 5, at 1 p. m. Interment private at Rock Creek Cemetery.

DIED.

TYERS, GARLAND FREDERICK. Suddenly, on Sunday, January 3, 1937, at Emergency Hospital, GARLAND FREDERICK TYERS, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Eli Tyers, of Purcellville, Va. He is also survived by two sisters, Mrs. Henry S. Hulme, of Vienna, Va., and Mrs. Bernard Garrison, of Washington, D. C., and two brothers, Harold T. Tyers, of Vienna, Va., and William C. Tyers, of Washington, D. C. Funeral services at the chapel of Money & King, Vienna, Va., on Tuesday, January 5, at 2 p. m. Interment Oakwood Cemetery,

Thrifty Shoppers Will Study the Bargains Listed on This Page!

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Real Estate Loans 27

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

WE HAVE FUNDS FOR 1ST TRUST loans on improved D. C. real estate. Prevailing rates. Prompt decisions. LOUIS P. SHOEMAKER, 1719 K St. N.W. NA. 1166.

Automobile Loans 28

QUICK AUTO LOANS
CAPITAL AUTO FINANCE SERVICE.
901 New York Ave. N.W. ME. 1355.

Rooms—Furnished 30

ARIZONA HOTEL, 310 C st. nw., one block off Pa. ave.; newly furnished rooms, lobby, 3 baths on each floor; shower bath; continuous hot water; $3.50 week up; transients, 75c to $1.

ATTRACTIVE Cathedral ave.—So. front room, bath, priv. res. Bus 20 min. downtown. $30. Gent. Refs. AD. 3584.

BACHELOR QUARTERS—NEAR CAPITOL. 404 A Street SE.
Most desirable single, double rooms, suitable for congressional people; reas.

BALFOUR APTS., No. 44, 16th and You Sts.—Comfortable room for gentleman; use phone. Cafe in bldg. Conv. to trans.

BELMONT ST. N.W., 1301, Apt. 101—Pleasant room, southern exposure. Near entrance. Gentleman. CO. 6718.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—Det. home; comf. rm.; gentleman; gar. optional. CL. 0173.

CHEVY CHASE—½ block Conn. ave.; single front room; semi-bath; large closet. EM. 8043.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C., 3718 Jenifer st.—Warm 3d fl. room; twin beds; $24.

CLIFTON ST. NW., 1303—2d floor, warm, double room; next bath; private family; $6 weekly.

COLUMBIA RD. VICINITY, 1831 Mintwood pl. nw.—Large 2d floor room; twin beds. AD. 4179.

COLUMBIA RD. NW., 1834—$3 wk.; single rooms; clean; 4 baths; men. AD. 10213.

COLUMBIA RD. at 18th st.—1794 Lanier pl. nw.—Lovely double or single room. C. h. w. Well-kept home.

CRITTENDEN ST. NW., 1233—Nice, bright double room, comfortably furnished; 2 exposures; lovely neighborhood; breakfast if desired; use of phone. GE. 2491.

DELAFIELD PL. NW., 1211—1 large, front, double room; ½ block from Georgia ave. car line; home privileges.

DELAFIELD PL. NW., 621—Large and small rooms, private home; large optional; gentlemen only. Ph. ADams 4421.

DOWNTOWN, 937 H ST. N.W.—Nicely furnished rooms, with twin beds; continuous hot water.

DOWNTOWN, 1204 G St. NW., Apt. 2—Conv.; large front double bed-living rm.; 1 block Woodward & Lothrop; $3.50 each.

DUPONT CIRCLE (1747 P st. nw.)—Nice clean single or double rm. in physician's home; every convenience; reas.

E CAPITOL ST., 304—Near Congressional Library, comfortable spacious front rm., attractively furnished; twin beds, well heated; continuous hot water.

ETHELHURST APT. (15th-L, NW.)—Clean, bright rm.; vacancy share, girl; also dble., twin beds; ladies; couple. DI. 0967.

EUCLID ST. NW., 1218—Nicely furn. l. h. k. rm.; frt., sleeping, twin-beds. AD. 8032.

EUCLID ST. N.W., 1311—Large attractive studio room, southern exposure; quiet, clean home atmosphere; reasonable.

F ST. NW., 623—Desirable room and complete kit.; run. water; c. h. w. $9.50 wk.

GATES ST. NE., 1212—Nice front room; 2nd floor; sleeping or light housekeeping. $5 or $5.50.

GEORGETOWN—Large double room; semi-private bath; free phone; convenient location; reasonable. DE. 2287.

GEORGETOWN vicinity: exceptionally well-furnished room; private bath; gentleman or employed couple. EM. 3770.

HARVARD ST. NW., 1421—Lovely private home; 2 beaut. sing. rms., $4.50-$5 wk.

IRVING ST. NW., 1501—1st floor, newly furnished room & large kitchen; Frigid.; back yard; also room for light h'k'ping.

L ST. NW., 1513—Nice, clean single rooms; maid service; gentlemen; $3.50 wk.

LAMONT ST. N.W., 1849—Comfortable bed-living room for 2 or 3. Also single. Private home. Reasonable.

LOGAN HOTEL, 13th and Logan Circle—Rooms, running water, $1.25 up; bath, $1.50 up; weekly rates, $6 up. NO. 2000.

M ST. NW., 1329—Lge. rm., facing Thomas Cir.; well heated; $22 mo., $11 half mo.

M ST. NW., 1206—Well furnished rooms for ladies in Govt.; telephone.

MASS. AVE. N.W., 1229—Large room, twin beds, also single rm. in basement; quiet, refined home.

N ST. NW., 1901—Double rm., twin beds; hot, cold running water.

NEAR CATHEDRAL (2815 39th st. nw.)—Gentlemen; nicely fur. room, semiprivate bath, shower; well heated private home; $25 month. CL. 8060.

NEAR WARDMAN—Newly decorated 2nd floor, front well-furnished room; large closet, bay window; near bath. AD. 1342.

ONTARIO PL. NW., 1845, nr. 18th and Col. rd.—Large studio rm.; running water; h. & c. opt.; unlim. phone & radio.

RIGGS PL. NW., 1715—Master bedroom; semipriv. b.; south, exp.; every comfort; well appt. home; $40, 2 persons. NO. 2742.

SHERMAN APT., 1101 15th st. nw., Apt. 701—Attractive front bed-living room; unlimited phone; all night elevator.

SHERMAN—1101 15th st. nw., Apt. 606—Large clean, quiet outside southern rm. Next semi-private bath. 2 windows.

THE WESTMINSTER (1607 17th st. nw.). Desirable newly decorated and nicely furnished rooms now available; singles, $5-$6; doubles, $7; shower; elevator.

3D ST. NW., 4920—Master bedroom; suitable for 2; new furniture, new home; near bus. GEorgia 2523.

7TH ST. NE., 1020—2 or 4 rooms, l. h. k.; second floor; laundry privileges.

9TH ST. NW., 1116—Clean, warm single room. Plenty of hot water. Quiet home. $2.50. Gentleman only.

12TH ST. NW., 1318—Large front double room, 2d floor, next to bath.

13TH ST. NW., 1114 (Downtown)—Newly furnished and decorated rm., $3 wk. up.

13TH ST. NW., 2523—Single room, $3.50 per week; also garage space, $1.00.

13TH ST. NE., 4318—Single room; c.h.w.; warm and quiet; suitable for gentleman. NO. 0611-W.

14TH ST. NW., 2544—Bed-liv. rm., or bed-rm.; next bath. $20. See janitor.

14TH ST. NW., 1125—Small neat room, $3.50; also housekeeping rms., priv. bath.

15 ST. N.W., 2131—Large front bedroom, nicely furnished. Reasonable.

16TH ST. NW., 1846—Room next bath; con't. hot water; gentleman. $20.

19TH ST. NW., 2314—Single and double rooms; first and second floor; one with priv. bath; southern expos.; ½ blk. cars and bus. DE. 3993.

20TH ST. NW., 808—Comfortable front room for empl. gentleman; nr. G. W. Uni.

21ST ST. NW., 1628—Attractive single room for gentleman; next shower; excellent location. PO. 4044.

23RD ST. NW., 401, Apt. 616—Large, attractive room, near bath; convenient to Government Bldgs. Gentleman. $20.

28TH ST. NW., 4205—Master bedrm.; private bath with shower; oil heated, insulated house; priv. family; suit. for 2 gentlemen; $40, includes gar. CL. 8318.

1335 VERMONT AVE. NW.—Bedroom, living room, kitchen, semiprivate bath; oil heat, phone, maid service; well furnished; $50; also large, cheerful bedroom, next bath. NO. 8001.

1606 16TH ST. NW.—Front basement studio room, priv. entrance; also vacancy in large studio room, for young lady. Other rooms, single and double.

HOTEL INN 606 9th st. nw. $1-$1.50 per day; $6 up weekly.

WINDOWS FOR RENT
Inauguration Parade.
January 20, 1937.
ATLAS HOTEL,
601 Pa. Ave. NW. ME. 8370

Rooms—Unfurnished 32

EMERSON ST. NE., 1344—3 2d-floor rooms and semiprivate bath; hot and cold water; excellent condition; $25 mo.

Suburban Rooms 33

ARLINGTON—Well-appointed, new home, beautifully furnished, warm front room, private bath and shower. Simmons twin beds; 1 or 2 business women or couple. Very reasonable. Bus at door. WAlnut 7163-W.

LARGE room, 5 windows, oil heat, fireplace, 2 large closets; 2 miles, 10c bus fare to D. C.; teetotalers only wanted. Wk. ends, holidays and evenings.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Suburban Rooms 33

LYMAN PL. NE., 1707, nr. Bladensburg rd. Attractively furn. large room, next bath; shower; new home. AT. 5231-W.

Room and Board 34

ATTRACTIVE front room, twin beds, bath, excellent meals. 1215 Geranium st. nw., bet. Georgia and Alaska aves. GE. 1743.

BOARD AND ROOM for college girl in exchange for light household duties and children's care. Cleveland 5405.

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MASS. AVE. NW., 1776—A distinctive home for young people in an unsurpassed location; reasonable.

N ST. NW., 3032—2 large, sunny front rooms, semiprivate bath, excellent food; reasonable. Government preferred.

N. H. AVE. NW., 1740—Large rm., accommodate 1 to 4; shower; entertaining priv.; excellent table; reasonable rates.

OFF 16TH ST. & MT. PLEASANT (1616 Hobart nw.)—Large rm.; twin beds, also single; excel. table; home; gent. AD. 5276.

PA. AVE. NW., 2402—Lovely single, double rms., twin beds; excellent home cooking. Walking distance. Gentlemen. $30 mo.

PRIVATE home with 4½ acres; employed mother with 1 or 2 children, school age; D. C. phone; bus at door. CLar. 814-P-3.

SCOTT'S, 1426 21st st. nw.—Single rooms, newly remodeled house, running water, studio furniture; special attention given last models of a good make. New instrument guarantees.... Kitt's, 1330 G st.

SPRING RD. NW., 1310—Second floor front room, single or double. CO. 4888-R.

VERMONT AVE. NW., 1326—Nicely furn. single, double rms., cont. hot water, plenty heat; excellent meals. $25 up.

WYOMING AVE NW., 1863—1 large front attractive rm.; southern exp. Suite, beds. Delicious meals. 2 or 3 gentlemen.

WYOMING AVE. NW., 2144—Sunny double room, handsomely furnished 2d floor; breakfast, dinner. PO. 3380.

6TH ST. NE., 618—Double rm., near bath; priv. home; walking distance railroad; telephone; garage; board optional.

17TH ST. N.W., 1030—Triple rm., 2d fl., $35 ea.; basement double, $32.50; priv. bath, home cooked meals. MEt. 9032.

1020 16TH ST. NW.—Rooms for young ladies; attractive home; walking distance; excellent meals.

HERNDON HALL.
1517 R. I. AVE. NW.—Vacancies now available; excellent meals; walking distance.

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BEAUTIFULLY AND COMPLETELY FURNISHED—Oriental rugs, luxurious beds, large living room (fireplace), dining room, kitchen, 2 bedrooms, bath, screened porch; references. EM. 2763.

CALIFORNIA ST. NW., 2153; Apt. 410—Attractive 5-room front apt.; elevator service; lovely location; $125. PO. 4386.

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NEAR Army Medical Center, Walter Reed; lovely apt., 3 rooms and bath; detached corner residence. 1300 Geranium st. nw.

TRINIDAD AVE NE.—Private, 2 rms., kit. and tile bath, shower; new apt.; new furn.; excellent transportation. Call AT. 2132 between 9 and 11 a. m.

YOUNG man desires young man share beautiful apt. 2 rms., kit., bath, shower; best NW. location; reas.; references exchanged. AD. 4565-J after 7:30 p. m.

10TH ST. NW., 1014—2 rooms, kitchen; elec., gas, included. Also sleeping room.

10TH ST. NE., 237, nr. E. Capitol—2 large, nicely furn. rms.; kitchen privileges; Frigidaire; private home.

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218ST ST. NW.—1724—3 rooms, kitchen, bath; 2d floor apt.; $65. PO. 6398-R.

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20th and P sts. nw., 1 room, kit., bath, completely furn.; linens, silver; Frigidaire; day, week, month. NAtional 5425.

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1133 13th St. NW.—Bed-living room, dressing room, kit., bath; elec. gas, linen, Frigid.; $15 up wk.; $55 up mo. NA. 9010.

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5-room apt. (3 bedrooms, Colonial furnishings) completely equipped kitchen; dishes, silver, etc.; spacious living room; tastefully furnished throughout; switchboard and elevator service.
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250 FARRAGUT ST. N.W.
Apt. 101—3 rooms, kit., bath.....$75.00
Elec. Refrigeration on House.
Adults Only.

6645 GEORGIA AVE. N.W.
2 rooms, kitchen and bath.....$65.00
Elec. Refrigeration on House.
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ANDERSON VAN SERVICE—Woodward Bldg., NA. 7670. Low rates N. Y., Chic., Boston, Fla., St. Louis. Local moving.

MOVING? I will move you and take your surplus furniture, etc., as full or part payment. Call Jack, LI. 5590. Prompt, responsible; local or long distance.

FLORIDA SPECIAL
FURNITURE CARGOES INSURED. CHEVY CHASE TRANS. & STORAGE CO. WIS. 3010.

Apartments—Unfurn. 47

D ST. NE., 1500—3 lovely sunny rooms; newly dec.; elec., gas, heat; clean, quiet, refined home. $43.50; available.

F ST. SE., 156, 2d floor—Suitable for refined couple; a. m. l., including elec., gas and heat; references. AT. 2952-W.

RIGGS PL. NW., 1804 (between R and S) One large room, l. h. k., semipriv. bath, second fl. frt.; gas, elec. included. $30.

TAKOMA PARK, MD.—721 Erie ave.—A beautiful new building near bus, stores; ultra modern 3 r. & b.; automatic heat and hot water furnished. Janitor, $47.50. First floor front priv. entrance; spacious 4 r. and bath with shower; $62.50. Must see to appreciate. Adults. Owner Wm. R. Ford, 605 Erie ave., Takoma Park, MI. 1339.

UPPER CONN. AVE.—2 bedrooms, living rm., porch, kitchen, bath; newly decorated. $62.50. Mr. Hatcher, CO. 6242.

Several Desirable Apartments Available.
RANDALL H. HAGNER & CO., INC.,
1321 Conn. Ave. DEcatur 3600.

Several attractive unfurnished apartments available . . . 1 to 4 spacious rooms . . large dinettes and kitchenettes . . . ample closet space . . . electric refrigeration . . . . . enclosed balconies and sun porches . . . beautiful lobby . . . restricted clientele . . . . conservative rentals.

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3500 FOURTEENTH STREET, N. W.
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Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

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Apt. 6, 2 rooms, kitchen, dinette, tile bath, shower; electrolux refrigeration; available January 15.
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1869 WYOMING AVE.
Exceptionally large and attractive apartment of 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, real fireplace in living room; $135. DEcatur 1880.

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Large reception room, living room, dining room, 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, kitchen and pantry, porch; $115 and $130. DEcatur 1880.

1921 KALORAMA RD. N.W.
Foyer, living room, 2 bedrooms, dinette, kitchen and bath. Secretarial phone service. 42-hour elevator service. $85. Resident mgr.

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REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE & GUARANTY CORPORATION
1610 K St. N.W. NAtional 1403

COLORED—Northwest section; 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; heat, gas, electricity included. DEcatur 1160.

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WEAVER BROS., INC. Dist. 9486.

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ADAMS MILL RD. NW., 3227—Facing park; semidet.; 4 bedrooms, 1½ baths; gas heat. $125. Avail. immediately. CO. 0009.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—Detached, 7 rms., bath, 1st floor lavatory; gas heat; instant hot water; insulated; Frigidaire; built-in garage. EM. 0822.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—Home of unusual charm and comfort; large living room (fireplace); Oriental rugs, luxurious beds, etc.; (references). EM. 2763.

CHEVY CHASE, MD.—7-room house; newly decorated and furnished; 3 to 6 months. $115. Call WI. 2450.

FIRST ST. NE., 207—Charming old brick home with marvelous view of the Capitol, facing Senate Office Buildings, close to the Supreme Court and Congressional Library; 6 rooms, 2 baths, glassed sleeping porch, solarium, h.-w. h.; Frigidaire; attractively furnished. Will lease for one year or longer.
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Houses and Apartments
Best Sections of City and Suburbs
Randall H. Hagner & Co.
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Houses—Unfurnished 56

BUNGALOW—5 rooms and bath; screened front porch; h.-w. h., elec.; convenient to stores and transportation; in nice neighborhood, overlooking upper Potomac Valley. Near Chain Bridge; $50.
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CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—9 rms., 2 ba.; brick, oil heat, 2-car gar.; near C. C. Circle, D. C. $120; also same locality—6 rms., ba., $90; nearby Va. and Md. bungalows, 5 rms. ba., $40 to $50. Fulton R. Gordon, 1427 Eye st. nw., DI. 5230.

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$82.50—5707 3RD PL. NW.
Six rooms, 2 baths, double rear porches, built-in garage, recreation room, automatic gas-heat.
FRANK S. PHILLIPS. DI. 1411.

4507 Arkansas Ave. N.W.
$70.00
6 rooms, bath, double inclosed rear porches, oil burner, brick garage.
National Mortgage & Investment Corp.
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Houses—Unfurnished 56

Brand-new 6-room detached brick-stone home; $70; air conditioned; garage; electric kitchen; fireplaces.
Petworth—2-family house; oil heat; perfect condition; reasonable.
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WISCONSIN AVE.—Detached; 8 rooms, bath; hot-water heat; garage; $60.
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42D ST. NW.—6 rms., bath; gar.; $69.50.
CHEVY CHASE, MD.—6 rooms, bath; oil heat; 2-car garage; $87.50.
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4703 Wis. Ave. N.W. CLeve. 1-3-6-4.

Houses—Rent or Sale 57

WILSON BLVD., Arlington, Va.; office, 5-r. & b.; a. m. l. gar.; rent, $80; right price, terms; big future for stores, offices, apts.; 3 st. frontages; 9 mi. out in Va.; 2 hard-rd. frontages; 3-A; 6-r.; make offer. Falls Church, ideal home, or rent, $65 mo., 1½ mi. W. same town, 12-A; old 5-r.; colored; rent, $22.50. Magruder ave., Kenilworth, big lot; 4-r. as is, $12.50 mo. to colored. See our list. N. E. RYON CO., 1216 N. Y. Ave.

Suburban—Rent 58

ALEX., VA., 719 King st.—Entire fl., 4 rms., kith., bath; mod.; $45. Alex. 842.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENT—2 large rooms, kitchen and bath; elec. ref., garage, hot-water heat; adults only. 1100 W. Fillmore st., Clarendon, Va. WA. 6869.

Wanted-to-Rent 62

TWO ROOMS and bath, for two gentlemen, in Brookland section; telephone and private entrance if possible. Call NOrth 8035-J.

WANT furnished and unfurnished houses in good neighborhood for immediate occupancy; responsible tenants.
R. M. HUNT CO., INC.,
630 Southern Bldg. DIst. 6573.

WE HAVE CLIENTS
Desirous of Renting Houses.
HARRY B. PITTS CO.,
1019 15th St. N.W. ME. 0100.

Sale Houses 66

ATTRACTIVE, well-built 6-room home; oil burner; reception room; beautiful suburban location. Owner will take loss in order to sell immediately. SH. 3392-J.

BUNGALOW—5 rooms; a. m. l.; built-in garage. Corner near C. U. Attractive price for quick sale. Call NOrth 8510.

HERE is a rare opportunity for a discriminating family to secure a brand new stone front home in a select nw. location on easy terms at a most reasonable price. 6 large rooms, studio attic, basement recreation room, stone fireplaces in recreation room and living room, modern kitchen, gas heat and garage. Act quickly if you are in the market for a real home. Telephone Mr. Knapp at RAndolph 5339.

LET US SHOW you this charming, well-located Chevy Chase, D. C., home. Detached, 6-room Colonial, on deep, beautifully landscaped lot. Vacant and in immaculate condition. Sold for more but can be bought for only $9,450. BOSS & PHELPS, NATIONAL 9300, EVENINGS, COLUMBIA 5610.

ROLLINGWOOD—New American Homes.
WAVERLY TAYLOR, INC.,
1522 K St. NW. NAtional 1040.

DESIRABLE HOMES AVAILABLE.
WM. H. SAUNDERS CO., INC.
1519 K ST. NW. DI. 1015.

$5,950—NEAR SOLDIERS' HOME.
Semidetached, 6-room brick; 2-car garage.
$62,50—SHEPHERD ST. (off 13th)
Modern 20-ft. brick; garage; terms arranged. MEt. 5400.

"Life's worth living in a Wardman home."
LOW-PRICED HOMES.
OUTSTANDING BARGAINS.

6420 7TH ST. N.W.
6 rooms, large lot.....$6,750

3614 14TH ST. N.E.
6 rooms, 2 baths, fully detached, all brick.....$10,750

514 POWHATAN PL. N.W.
6 rooms, 2 baths, recreation room, semidetached.....$7,450 and $7,650

1305 HAMILTON ST. N.W.
Professional Man's Home.
7 rooms, 2 baths. Completely equipped basement office with separate street-level entrance.

CHEVY CHASE, MD.
6203, 6205 MELVILLE PL.
6 rooms, 2 baths, large lot, built-in garage.

LIGHTED AND HEATED.
OPEN DAILY TO 9 P. M.
HARRY WARDMAN, INC.
1512 K St. N.W. DI. 3830.
"Life's worth living in a Wardman home."

COLORED—Two-family flat, near 3d and R sts. nw.; hot-water heat, electricity; $6,950, your terms. DEcatur 1160.

COLORED (28 R st. nw.)—8 rooms, bath, new heating plant; newly renovated throughout; $7,950. For inspection, call DEcatur 1160. Mr. Jones.

Sale Houses 66

$4,750—BUNGALOW—TAKOMA PARK. 5 rooms, bath, glassed porch, fireplace, attic, full basement, hardwood floors, lovely gas range; bargain.
WASHINGTON REALTY CO. GE. 8300.

UPPER 14TH ST.
Near Park rd.; to close estate; exceptionally attractive, 10-month brick with cellar; 9 rooms, 2 baths, hot-water heat (oil burner), elec., double rear porches. First commercial zone, rapidly changing to business.
L. T. GRAVATTE
729 15th St. Realtor NAtl. 0753

Sale Lots 69

EAST OF WISCONSIN AVE. on Appleton; near Wilson, Deal and Murch schools; 8 lots, 40x150 feet; $1,500 each; from every standpoint THE IDEAL home sites.
J. FRANK TILLER, Owner, DI. 9845.

Sale Suburban 70

BUY YOUR suburban home now. Have several real bargains; easy terms.
KENSINGTON REALTY CO.,
Kensington, Md. Kens. 132.

NEARBY VA.—New brick, 6 r. and b.; h.-w. h.; basement; hardwood floors, $5,600, $500 cash; $47 mo. J. A. BAKER & CO., 1112 N. Irving st., Clarendon, Va.; WA. 7280.

$6,300—Lovely, old Virginia home, 7 rms., ½-acre landscaped grounds; oil heat; fireplace; garage; 10c bus; easy terms.
RALPH W. GRAIN, 4399 Lee Hy. WA. 6959.

Sale—Farms, Land 73

BOOKLET describing Maryland farms for sale. Counselman & OBrien, 6825 Wisconsin ave., Bethesda, Md. WI. 4240.

SOUTHERN MARYLAND farms and acreage. Write the Maryland Realty, 1511 Guilford ave., Baltimore, Md. Phone Vernon 2341.

$75 DOWN, $15 month—10 a. wooded land, 1-room shack, 19 miles D. C. on State road. Price, $800. NAtional 3753 or AT. 5205-J.

Real Estate Wanted 76

AT ONCE, cash; any houses, up to $6,000. Immediately. R. W. Bailey, ADams 4786, or mail 1435 Meridian nw.

WANT REAL ESTATE TO SELL.
ROBERT L. McKEEVER CO., INC.,
Shoreham Building. NA. 4750.

Horses—Livestock 81

HORSES BOUGHT
DON'T STARVE YOUR HORSE!
Old, sick or lame. COL. 8533.

Sale Miscellaneous 83

DEALERS' ADS under this heading contain a firm name or a business address or state the word "Dealer." Other ads are presumed to be from private individuals. Readers who find dealers masquerading in this column as private individuals are urged to report the matter to The Washington Post.

ACCORDIONS—Before purchasing a piano accordion it's to your advantage to see Droop's first. 1300 G st. nw.

AMERICAN TYPEWRITER CO.—Portables and standards reduced for holidays; open eves. 1431 K. Capitol st. DI. 0082.

ANTIQUE furniture, glass, etc. Also modern desk and table; cheap. 1408 New Hampshire ave. nw.

ANTIQUES—Delightful, charming and intriguing articles at astonishingly reduced prices. See them today. Murray Galleries, 1724 20th st. nw. NOrth 4008.

CAMERA lenses, photographic equipment, binoculars, projectors bought, sold, Izzy's Exchange, 905 D st, nw. ME. 6898.

COAT—Brown cloth, sable collar; like new; size 16; original $150; will sacrifice; going South. Call Miss Mack, NA. 4200, Ext. 385, until 6 p. m.

DESKS, chairs, tables, files and other used office furniture. H. Baum & Sons, 616 E st. nw.

DINING ROOM SET—Santa Dominica mahogany; reasonable. 1612 19th st. nw.

FRIGIDAIRES—5 cu. ft., guaranteed excellent condition, only $44.50 while they last. 1318 14th st. nw.

FRIGIDAIRE—In excellent condition; 4 cu. ft. No reasonable offer refused. Notes, 633 Indiana ave.

NEW and used radios, drastically reduced. Terms as low as $1 weekly. Monarch Radio Shop, 717 12th st.

PIANO—Steinway upright in good condition; special to close out $198; cost new about $750. Also several other special values from $60 up—one Fischer, one Kimball, one Lester, and two Steinways. Very easy terms. Arthur Jordan Piano Co., 1239 G st. nw., corner 13th. NAt. 3223.

PIANOS FOR RENT—$3 per month and up. The largest selection in the city to choose from; 11 famous makes. All rental paid applies on the purchase price if you decide to buy later. NAt. 4730, Kitt's, 1330 G st.

SEWING MACHINES—New and used. Real bargains; renting, repairing. Sewing Machine Exch., 2412 16th st. nw. CO. 3245.

TYPEWRITERS—All makes, $17.50 up; guaranteed 1 year; rent, repair. Standard Typewriter Co., 731 10th st. nw.

Sale Miscellaneous 83

PIANO—We have a repossessed small grand, used only 5 months and like new that we will sell to any one who will continue the balance of the $10 monthly payments, totaling $296. It's mahogany finished and one of the latest models of a good make. New instrument guarantees.... Kitt's, 1330 G st.

TYPEWRITERS — New and rebuilt, all makes; $15 up; terms. Rent and repairs. Central Typewriter Co., 923 G st. nw.

TYPEWRITER TABLES—Regulation full size; reinforced steel corners; only $2.49. "United." 813 14th st. nw.

TYPEWRITERS — Remington standard, $19.50; Underwood, Model No. 5, $24.50; Corona, Model No. 3, $24.50. All in fine condition. Type-Writer Sales & Service Co., 811 17th st. nw.

WASHING MACHINES—Reconditioned. Our entire stock of well-known makes now on sale at prices and terms lower than we have ever offered. Come early and get the first pick. F. S. Harris Co., 2900 14th st. nw. COl. 0100.

PIANOS FOR RENT.
$3.50-$4.00 PER MONTH AND UP.
Finest Rental Stock in Washington.
W. W. KIMBALL CO. 731 11th St. N.W.

Coal, Fuel Oil, Wood 83A

WOOD FOR YULETIDE CHEER
Dry, cut any length; $6.50 half cord; $12 cord. Orders filled now by
JOHN MEIKLEJOHN, INC.,
212 Van Buren St. GE. 0621.

ARLINGTON COAL CO.
2,240 Pounds to the Ton.
Barged and carried to bins free.
Virginia Hard Pea.....$8.50
Virginia Hard Special Furnace.....$9.50
Virginia Hard Chestnut.....$10.50
Virginia Hard Stove.....$10.75
All grades of Pocahontas Coal.
Washington Telephone, JAckson 1880.

TIDEWATER COAL CO.
2,240 lbs.—No Clinkers—Barged FREE.
Our storing method keeps down dust.
STONE MOUNTAIN EGG.....$8.50
POCAHONTAS (smokeless)
Nut, $9.00; Stove, $10.00; Eggs, $10.50.
VIRGINIA HARD (smokeless).
Pea, $8.50; Special Furnace, $9.50;
Nut, $10.50; Stove, $10.75.
It pays to buy good coal. WEst 1429.

Miscellaneous Wanted 84

ANTIQUE JEWELRY, discarded large and small watches, dental gold; special high prices paid. Schiller Bros., 922 F st. nw.

BOOKS BOUGHT—All kinds, any quantity. See us first. Spot cash paid. Pearlman's, 1407 P st. nw. ME. 6418.

We'll Teach You to Play the ACCORDION for $12
Payable $1.50 Weekly
• Here's an opportunity to learn to play this popular instrument at almost no cost. No down payment is necessary—the $1.50 weekly covers everything—private lessons by good instructors and the use of an Accordion which you may take home for practice if you want. The same offer is available on other instruments. For full information call NAt. 3223.
JORDAN'S
1239 G Street
(Northeast Corner of 13th)

The Biggest Radio Clearance of the Year!

Things You Should Know About Judging USED RADIOS

Judge a used radio by its original selling price. The price is a good index to the materials used in the radio's building. Check the tubes, the cabinet, the speaker . . . realize that GOOD radios are built to last.

Judge a used radio by its tonal qualities and performance before you buy. Our salesmen will gladly give you any demonstration for which you ask.

Judge a used radio by the reputation of the firm selling it. We maintain a department exclusively for the rebuilding and repairing of radios and staffed by experts! You may inspect it at any time.

Judge a used radio by its appearance. Is the cabinet well constructed and made of good wood? Inspect any of the sets on our floor and make your own selection.

Nationally known radios marked down 40% to 75% below list prices. Floor models, reconditioned sets and some used radios that we must move from our floor. You can save money and get a good radio by visiting our store today.

PHILCOS
RCA-VICTORS
•
Cabinets and Table Models Priced From
$4.95 to $39.50
EASY TERMS

EMERSONS
MAJESTICS
•
Fully Reconditioned and Guaranteed
$1 DOWN WEEKLY

F.S. HARRIS CO.
2900 14th St. N.W. COL. 0100
OPEN NITES

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale—Automobiles 98

DODGE $479
1934 de luxe 4-door Sedan. A luxurious model; new paint job renders new-car appearance. One glance will convince you of its super value.
WISCONSIN MOTORS.
29th and M Sts. N.W. WEst 2972.

DODGE $195
1932 5-passenger Sedan. Excellent paint. All good tires, clean upholstery and a splendid motor. Where else can you buy a clean car like this one for $195? Open evenings and sunday. C. C. C. guaranty.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22d St

NED BRANT—A Story of College Athletics

By Bob Zuppke
Famous Football Coach.

HERE COMES OUR FIRST CUSTOMER, BUD—ITS BLUDGEON!
HE IDENT ART
GOOD! I'LL TAKE CARE OF THAT BIG WALRUS!
WHERE DO I REGISTER FOR A DATE, FRESHMEN?
RIGHT HERE—TWO BUCKS, PLEASE
DON'T GIVE ME THAT STUFF—YOUR AD SAYS ONE DOLLAR!
THAT'S FOR GENTLEMEN—GUYS LIKE YOU COME HIGHER
YOU TALK LIKE YOU WANT ME TO MAKE A PILE OF KINDLING OUT OF THIS JOINT!
PLANK DOWN THE DOUGH AND ANSWER SOME QUESTIONS

APPLE MARY

By Martha Orr

BLAST IT, IF SLIM'S RELATED TO MARY, WHAT IS HE? CAN'T BE HER BROTHER, 'CAUSE HE AIN'T MORE'N HALF HER AGE, EVEN IF HIS HAIR IS WHITE.
MIGHT BE A COUSIN, BUT WHY DOESN'T SHE SAY SO. MM—MM—M, MEBBE HE'S IN SOME KIND OF A JAM—THAT'D ACCOUNT FER A LOT OF THINGS.
HOLY SMOKE! THAT'S IT. IT FITS TOGETHER LIKE A PICTURE PUZZLE. SHE ACTS LIKE HE'S A STRANGER, SO NOBODY EXPECTS HER TO KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT HIM.
AN' HE PRETENDS HE'S LOST HIS MEMORY, SO'S HE CAN'T ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS. VERY CONVENIENT, BUT THEY CAN'T FOOL ME, I'M TOO SMART FER 'EM.
MARTHA ORR

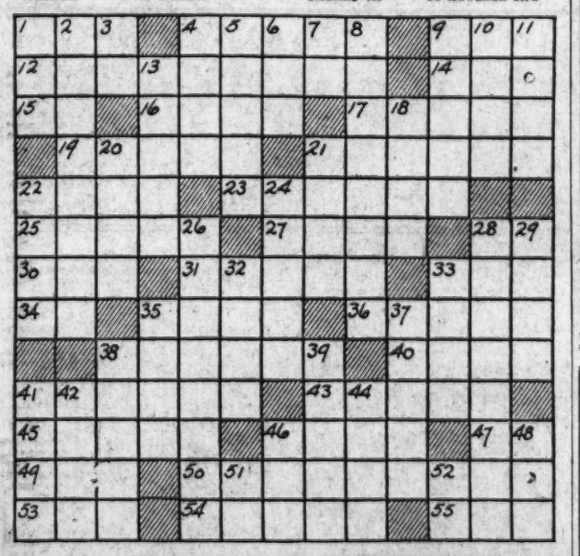
Daily Crossword Puzzle

ACROSS

1 Quick to learn
4 Biblical mountain
9 Anglo-Saxon money of account
12 Carefully wrought out
14 Legal action
15 Continent: abbr.
16 Dash
17 Lie dormant
19 Greek physician and medical writer
21 Small bottles
22 Containing all possible
23 Looked angrily
25 Cubic decimeter
27 Part of a kitchen stove
28 Symbol for tellurium
30 Town in Pennsylvania
31 Joint in the arm
33 Stripling
34 For example: abbr.
35 Continent
36 That which gives zest
38 Changes
40 Related
41 Rolls of tobacco
43 Kind of braid
45 South American monkey
46 Having wings or sails: heraldry
47 You and me
49 Clear profit
50 Naval officer
53 Dutch city
54 Cornered: colloq.
55 Number

DOWN

1 Roman bronze
2 Tormenting
3 Symbol for tantalum
4 Cavity
5 Anthropoid ape
6 Flowed
7 And: Latin
8 Calls down evil upon: archaic
9 Mountain nymph
10 Lively dance
11 Snakes
13 Reigning beauty
18 Legal claim
20 Singing voice
21 Genus of the peacock
22 Large sheet of floating ice
24 Pertaining to a rounded appendage
26 Limit
28 Habitually silent
29 Paradise
32 Reclines
33 Be fond of
35 Winglike
37 Walked with measured tread
38 Child's marble
39 Viscous mud
41 Walking stick
42 Chilled
44 Real estate held in fee simple
46 Japanese rice paste
48 Understand
51 Correlative of either
52 Hawaiian bird



SOLUTION TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE.

S	I	D	E	■	S	P	R	A	T	■	N	E	S	T
O	N	E	S	■	I	R	A	T	E	■	A	L	O	E
F	E	A	T	U	R	E	■	O	N	A	G	E	R	S
T	E	N	E	T	■	M	E	N	D	S	■	M	A	T
■	■	■	■	E	L	I	D	E	S	■	L	E	S	S
S	O	S	O	■	U	S	E	D	■	H	E	N	■	■
P	R	I	S	O	N	E	R	■	C	O	T	T	E	R
A	R	M	■	W	A	S	■	C	R	O	■	A	V	E
S	A	I	L	E	R	■	P	R	E	P	A	R	E	D
■	■	■	L	A	D	■	M	E	E	T	■	T	Y	N	E
S	L	I	P	■	M	A	S	S	E	D	■	■	■	■
P	I	T	■	P	I	N	T	S	■	E	A	V	E	S
A	M	U	S	I	N	G	■	E	L	E	G	A	N	T
R	I	D	E	■	E	L	I	T	E	■	R	I	T	E
S	T	E	I	T	■	S	E	N	S	E	■	A	N	E	W

Copyright, 1937.

Woman, 102, Dies At Hampton, Va.

Newport News, Va., Jan. 4 (AP).—Mrs. Caroline B. Beall, of Hampton, believed to be the oldest citizen in this part of the State, died today at age 102.

Mrs. Beall, a native of Tennessee, had been a resident of Hampton for 30 years. She was active up until her hundredth year, but had been in failing health since. She was born near Nashville, September 7, 1832, and spent the earlier part of her life there.

Colored Man Accused Of Firing on Motor Car

Culpeper, Va., Jan. 4 (AP).—Alexander Robinson, Rixeyville colored man, will have to go before a grand jury on a charge of shooting at Taylor Gore and family, even though he appologetically explained he was "aimin' at somebody else."

Robinson said at a hearing before Trial Justice C. E. Reams, jr., that he had an argument with a white man and when a car he thought was driven by the other man drove along a wooded road he fired his shortgun at it. The charge passed between the front and back seats without injuring any of the Gore family.

FUNNY SIGNS

by RAY BARNES

Watch out for funny signs, send them to Ray Barnes, in care of this newspaper, and share your laughs.

AUNT HET

By Robert Quillen.

"I reckon Pa needs a dose o' medicine. He couldn't eat a thing for breakfast this mornin' but two saucers o' coffee."

Copyright, 1937, Publishers Syndicate.

HELP WANTED
SEE
CLASSIFICATIONS 11-15
IN TODAY'S
POST WANT ADS

BIG CHIEF WAHOO

By Saunders and Woggon

GEE, MISTER GUSTO, - CAN I GO ALONG AND HELP PUT ON YOUR MEDICINE SHOW?
NO PIGTAILS -NO!
HI! HI!-GOOD PEOPLE! BEHOLD THIS TOWERING SPECIMEN OF A NOBLE RACE, LIKE A LONE PINE TREE IN A GREAT FOREST!
-AND, MY WORD OF HONAH! HE OWES HIS HEROIC SIZE ENTIRELY AND ABSOLUTELY TO THE USE OF KA-ZOWIE KURE-ALL!
PSST- CHIEF! IGTAILSPAY IS ERHAY!
HEY LOOKY EVERYBODY, STILTS!
UGH!

LALA PALOOZA

A Direct Hit

By Rube Goldberg

TAKE IT EASY, MISS NANCY - I LEARNED THIS TRICK AFTER HOURS WHEN I WAS JANITOR IN A SCHOOL FOR ACROBATS
LET'S SEE - WHAT WAS I SAYIN' ABOUT YOUR EYES JUST BEFORE THE ROCK SLIPPED?
HELP ME UP, PLEASE
LOOK! THE ROCK IS HEADED RIGHT FOR FATHER AND LALA PALOOZA IN THE HYDROCAR!
CRUNCH

MICKEY FINN

By Lank Leonard

N-NO SIR-I-I DIDN'T SEE NOBODY EXCEPT JERRY THE MILKMAN-AND I KNOW HE WOULDN'TA DONE IT!
WE'VE CHECKED ON THE MILKMAN. HE'S OKAY!
THAT'S ALL, FINN-WAIT OUTSIDE!
LISTEN, COMMISSIONER-YOU KNOW HOW THESE THINGS HAPPEN! THAT LAD IS A FINE OFFICER! -IF YOU CHANGE HIS BEAT NOW IT'LL BREAK HIS SPIRIT!
ALL RIGHT, HALLIGAN, I WON'T CHANGE HIM-YET! -BUT HE'D BETTER KEEP ON HIS TOES!
NOW STOP WORRYIN'! -GO HOME AND GET SOME SLEEP!
SURE, MICKEY -IT'S A CASE FOR THE DETECTIVE BUREAU! THAT'S THEIR JOB!
BUT MICHAEL-SERGEANT HALLIGAN SAID THAT THE COMMISSIONER DOESN'T BLAME YOU!
I KNOW, MA-BUT THAT WAS THE SECOND ONE!
AND IT'LL BE THE LAST! I'M WALKIN' THAT BEAT WITH VA STARTIN' TONIGHT!

DIXIE DUGAN

Simple Enough!

By J. P. McEvoy and J. H. Striebel

WHAT IS THE NATURE OF THIS JOB, MR. GRIMES?
THAT I DON'T KNOW, MISS DUGAN
I JUST HAPPEN TO KNOW A LAWYER WHO REPRESENTS A MRS. HACKET — DO YOU KNOW HER?
NO, I DON'T, MR. GRIMES
WELL, THIS LAWYER-FRIEND OF MINE SAID SHE IS INTERVIEWING YOUNG LADIES FOR SOME SORT OF JOB —
HERE — GO TO THIS ADDRESS — IF YOU DON'T LIKE THE JOB MRS. HACKET HAS TO OFFER, COME BACK AND SEE ME
OH, THANK YOU, MR. GRIMES

JOE PALOOKA

Sca-ram

By Ham Fisher

TICKETS?
I AM V.V. WEDGEBOTTOM SIR, JOE PALOOKA'S MANAGER. MY CARD.
AN' I'M WITH YA! AN' YA BETTER BE TELLIN' THE TRUTH!
THERE HE IS---- KNOBBY!!
BRRRSK!! I HAVE A LOT TO SAY TO YOU-- BUT FIRST I MUST HAVE---
I GOT PLENTY TRAY TYOU BEEN JIST WAIT 'TILL THIS FIGHT'S OVER!! YA BABOON!!
C'MON--GIT ME THAT CASH AN' HURRY UP!
AHEM--I NEED $585.25 FOR A CAB BILL---
G'WAN SCRAM! DON'T TRY TEE FUNNY WITH ME! GIT OUTA TH' WAY!

THE GUMPS

His Nose Knows

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY

By Clifford McBride

BENNY

Leaf That Alone

By J. Carver Pusey

Mellon Gallery May Hit Snag In Civic Group

Closing of 6th St. for Art Building May Draw Southwest Protest.

Organized citizenry of Southwest Washington yesterday started a movement which may threaten quick acceptance of Andrew Mellon's offer to establish a National Gallery of Art here.

Harry Wender, past president of the Southwest Citizens Association, declared residents of Southwest will not tolerate the closing of Sixth street at the Mall, as proposed by Mellon.

The Pittsburgh philanthropist has offered to turn over to the Federal Government his priceless art collection, to be housed in a national gallery which he would erect at a cost of approximately $9,000,000 in the Mall between Fourth and Seventh streets.

"Only Arterial Highway."

Mellon in his offer stipulated that Sixth street would have to be closed.

"We don't want to be put in the light of objecting to Mr. Mellon's truly magnanimous offer," said Wender, "but we can't understand why the citizens of Southwest Washington have to be deprived of their only arterial highway to the Northwest."

Wender said he planned to carry his protest before the next meeting of the Citizens Association and, if he is supported, to continue the battle before the Federation of Citizens Associations.

Proposes Arch.

"I can't understand why they can't put an archway over Sixth street so that traffic could flow under the building," Wonder said. "Anyway, from an artistic standpoint, I don't see why it is necessary to have a building three blocks long."

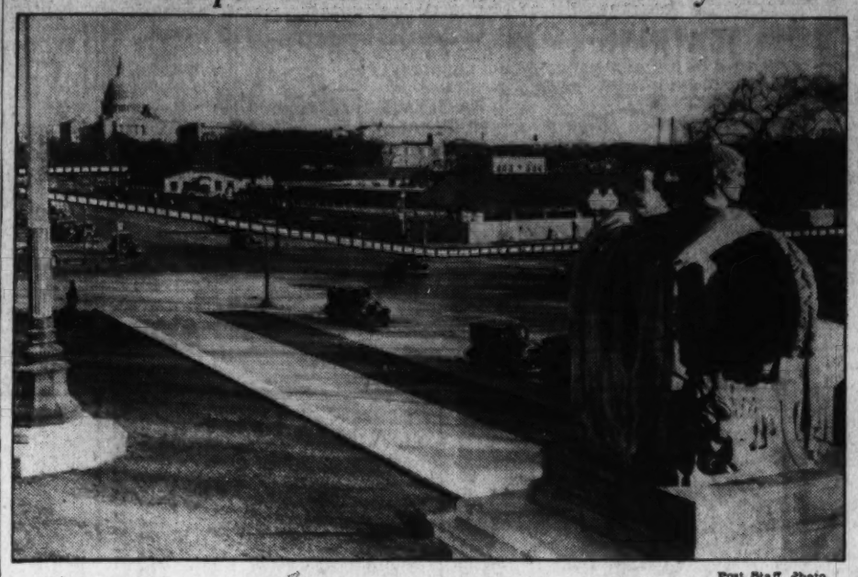
J. M. Schaffer, president of the Southwest Citizens Association, said he, too, is opposed to the closing of Sixth street and will lay the problem before the association's executive committee if action is called for before the next meeting.

Wender pointed out that Sixth street is the only arterial highway which extends from the water-front to Florida avenue northwest. He pointed out that both Seventh and Fourteenth streets are business thoroughfares which carry street car tracks.

One nigh District official who refused to be quoted admitted he was worried over the traffic problem which might be created by closing Sixth street.

The problem of closing off a main artery into the southwestern section of the city has been considered by Mellon officials, however, who have proposed widening of Fourth and Seventh streets in order to accommodate traffic into that section, it was learned.

Proposed Site for Mellon Art Gallery



Post Staff Photo.

Looking from the Archives Building. The dotted line shows area on Constitution avenue suggested as a site for the gallery building to hold the Mellon art collection.

British Ships to Spanish Waters

Continued from Page 1.

the Spanish Socialist government and its supporter, the Catalan autonomous regime, might set up an independent Catalan republic with Barcelona as the capital in the event the Fascist insurgents conquor other parts of Spain, including Madrid.)

France, Britain Alarmed

Paris, Jan. 4 (AP).—France and Great Britain may seek to halt the "undeclared war" between Germany and Spanish Basques along the northern coast of Spain, sources close to the foreign office said tonight.

Manifesting increasing alarm over Chancellor Hitler's declared intent to pursue search and seizure of Spanish merchant ships in reprisal for capture of the Nazi freighter Palos, one official declared:

"The question is whether Germany wishes to find a satisfactory settlement of the Palos incident or whether she intends to exploit it for her own particular interests."

A Spanish Socialist Embassy spokesman said his government might appeal to the League of Nations against Germany.

French Pessimistic.

French official sources said they interpreted the reported landing of Italian troops in Spain and Germany's action against Spanish steamers as meaning both Premier Benito Mussolini and Hitler would refuse to adhere to the Franco-British proposals for banning the flow of foreign volunteers into Spain.

France and Britain, under the plan advanced here, would make representations to Berlin for arbitration of the Palos incident.

Berlin Not Content.

Berlin, Jan. 4 (AP).—Nazi warships will continue to seize and search Spanish Socialist merchant ships to avenge capture of the freighter Palos, the foreign office made known tonight.

Capture of the Aragon and the Marta Juquera and the forcing of the Soton to run aground were not sufficient to pacify Germany, official sources said.

There must be more reprisals, a government spokesman asserted.

Unless the Nazi demand for release of the Spanish passenger and the cargo of the Palos is met "to the letter," the Reich trio of warships in northern Spanish waters—the Koenigsberg, the Admiral Graf Spee and the Karlsruhe—will continue their attacks, he said.

Reports reaching here that the German freighter Pluto had been halted by Spanish Basque trawlers off Bilbao late last month added further to indignation voiced in German circles.

Armada Goes Into Action.

Hendaye, Franco-Spanish Frontier, Jan. 4 (U.P.).—A Spanish loyalist armada of armed fishing trawlers and old freighters put out to sea tonight with orders to "fire on all ships that threaten attack."

Twenty of the strange craft, with guns hurriedly mounted in front of their wheel houses, slid out of the Biscay ports of Bilbao, Gijon, Santander, Bermeo and Santona. Their crews had instructions to protect Spanish and neutral shipping against rebel warcraft and the battleships of Germany.

The makeshift armada will patrol not only waters within the 3-mile limit but also the high seas to form convoys for coastal shipping not carrying war materials. Departure of the armed boats precipitated fears of grave incidents in the crowded waters.

War Unwanted, But 'Inevitable' ToReichCitizen

Average German Convinced by Increase in Arms and Food Shortage.

By the United Press.

Berlin, Jan. 3.—The average German believes that war is inevitable, but he does not want war.

He will argue heatedly against the premise that Germany wants war, or will start one. He sees no real reason for war.

But he sees Germany's growing armaments. He is directly affected by the increasing food scarcity. The sacrifices he must make are bringing home to him the fact that he is contributing to those armaments.

Though still only half recovered from the effects of the last war, the average German is resigned to the possibility of fighting again sooner or later.

One of the best examples of the general feeling occurred during a recent after-dinner conversation in which this correspondent participated.

A German company commander, about to depart with his wife on a vacation to the United States, denied stoutly for a solid hour that there was a possibility of a European outbreak. He insisted that Germany would refuse to fight if war came. The talk shifted to other matters. Suddenly the officer interrupted:

"Do you think we ought to take our son?" he asked. His boy is of high school age.

"Why?" someone inquired.

"Why, because of the war danger," was the reply.

The tangled Spanish situation has played its part in stimulating war fears. The average German does not know how deeply the Reich is involved because of press censorship. He assumes it is aiding rebel Gen. Francisco Franco considerably. And reading long stories in the controlled press of alleged Russian, French, British and American aid to the Spanish loyalists, he wonders uneasily where things will end.

But more important immediate factors are: scarcity of eggs and danger of a bread shortage; the wartime atmosphere under which every citizen of the Third Reich lives.

Every German is aware of the extent of German rearmament, including the few cases where no member of the family was drawn in. All sacrifices the German makes are demanded on the basis of the Reich's need for preparedness.

Russia and other nations continually appear in lurid press dispatches as plotting against the Reich. Emphasis always is on "defense consciousness' and not offensive aims.

The German now realizes that actual mobilization may be years delayed. But he knows that machinery for mobilization began rolling with Nazi accession and has been gaining momentum ever since. This fact makes him look uneasily toward the future.

Business Leaders Seek Agreement

A fresh attempt to organize business behind an "industrial agreements act," containing some features of NRA, has been undertaken by a band of trade asssociation executives.

Following President Roosevelt's recent declaration that something must be done to establish wage and hour standards, they gathered with Ernest M. Draper, Assistant Secretary of Commerce, and Donald Richberg, former NRA administrator, to plan a course of action.

As a result, it became known yesterday, more than 1,800 manufacturers have been circularized with suggestions for "modernization" of anti-trust laws and creation of a new agency "to aid proper business cooperation." The proposed agency would not be "another NRA," Draper emphasized, and would be directed primarily at voluntary agreements by firms in interstate commerce.

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X-Ray Shows Raphael Painting Hidden Century by Later Work

Priceless Masterpiece, Believed Likeness of Artist's Sweetheart, Found in Rome Under Head and Cloak of St. Catherine.

By the Associated Press.

Rome, Jan. 4.—A priceless Raphael masterpiece, hidden and unknown for more than 100 years and believed to depict a sweetheart of the great painter's youth, was disclosed to the world of art today by the director of the Borghese Gallery here.

Prof. Aldo de Rinaldis, head of the gallery, was authority for the revelation that what hitherto has been displayed as a painting of St. Catherine really is the work of the great renaissance master.

For more than 100 years this picture has been attributed to the schools of Perugino or Ghirlandajo and so listed in the gallery's catalog. De Rinaldis, however, said X-ray photographs disclosed that the head of St. Catherine and a cloak had been superimposed on the figure of a younger woman, holding a unicorn in her lap.

What the experts believe to be the original painting has been restored and was exhibited today at the Borghese Gallery. It shows a bare-shouldered young woman, with a long nose, long curls and a quizzical expression.

Authorities said the picture probably was that of a sweetheart of the artist's early twenties, and was painted about 1506, when Raphael lived in Florence. That was one of his most productive periods.

Three Leaders Called Plotters By Soviet Paper

High Officials, Attacked as Trotzky Aides, Are Slated for Political Trial.

By the Associated Press.

Moscow, Jan. 4.—Pravda, organ of the Communist Party, tonight bitterly assailed three men formerly high in Soviet councils in an article authoritative sources interpreted as foreshadowing another big political trial.

The newspaper's article specifically charged Karl Radek, former brilliant commentator for Izvestia; Gregory Sokolnikoff, former ambassador to London, and Gregory Pyatakoff, former assistant commissar for heavy industry, with plotting to restore imperialism to Russia.

The three are held under charges of complicity in an alleged conspiracy of terrorism and assasination inspired by the exile, Leon Trotzky.

Sixteen men, including Gregory S. Zinovieff and Leon B. Kameneff, were executed August 25 after a sensational trial in which they were convicted on similar charges.

Pravda's article charged Radek, Sokolnikoff and Pyatakoff plotted with Zinovieff and Trotzky.

"They intended to return the old bosses to power and restore capitalism to the Soviet Union," the newspaper said, linking their alleged plot with "Fascist bosses."

Politically wise sources said the attack indicated the three named in the article were slated to be outstanding figures in a second trial of alleged "Trotzkyist" conspirators, together with Gen. Kazimirovitch Putna, former military attache at London, and M. Serebryakoff, one-time departmental head in the commissariat of transport.

Spanish Strife Involves Ships Of 4 Countries

8 Russian Vessels Seized by Rebels; Nazi, British Craft Under Fire.

By the Associated Press.

Ships of four nations are involved in naval difficulties growing out of the Spanish civil war. They are:

German—The freighter Palos, seized by Spanish Basque Nationalists, released, but part of its asserted "contraband" cargo held together with one Spanish passenger.

The Pluto, reported "provisionally" captured by the Basques December 20.

British—The Etrib, fired on by insurgent vessels in the Straits of Gibraltar New Year's Eve.

The Blackhill, shelled by Spanish Fascist last week in Bay of Biscay.

Spanish—The Soton, shelled and forced ashore by a German warship in the Bay of Biscay.

The Aragon, seized by German Admiral Graf Spee and conducted to an unidentified port (possibly Guetaria, Nazi harbor between Bilbao and San Sebastian).

Marta Junquera, detained by German warship and taken to unidentified port.

Russian—The Komiles, halted by insurgent cruiser in Straits of Gibraltar last night, held at Ceuta, Spanish Morocco, but later released.

Seven other Russian boats reported interned temporarily at Ceuta, including the Krasny Profintern, Bela Kun, Moscow, Maxim Gorky, Postisheff, Katayama and Kuban.

Mooney Hearing Delayed.

San Francisco, Jan. 4 (AP).—A habeas corpus hearing in the Thomas J. Mooney case was continued for one week today by State Supreme Court Referee A. E. Shaw.

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Arms Embargo On Spain, Nazis Deemed Likely

U. S. Ban at Once Expected With 2 Nations in State of 'Undeclared War.'

Continued from Page 1.

with rigid provisions, definitely worded.

Yesterday Senator Key Pittman (Democrat), Nevada, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said he might introduce a resolution which would merely permit the President to ban shipments of arms and ammunition to Spain.

This would give the Senate time to make a careful study of proposed amendments to the neutrality act, extending it and making it applicable to all civil wars. The obstacle is the precise definition of "civil war."

Senator Pittman conferred with Acting Secretary of State R. Walton Moore on the matter last night. It is understood he will seek the President's approval of the resolution before introducing it.

He said:

Drastic Change Sought.

"I have believed throughout this time that the definition of civil war would be difficult. What we want is an amendment that will not apply to small revolts or insurrections but to cases of the present magnitude."

The fear has been expressed by those favoring giving the President discretionary powers that mandatory legislation would not cover undeclared wars, such as Germany's action in Spain is coming to be, with the possibility arising that arms shipments to Spain would be banned, while arms shipments to Germany might be continued, with the United States in the resultant position of giving aid to one belligerent and refusing it to another.

A study of monthy reports of the arms and munitions control board of the State Department showed that in the past year Germany bought $514,394.56 of arms and munitions from this country, while Spain took $122,163.

Speaker William B. Bankhead, of the House of Representatives, yesterday said he would ask the Democratic caucus to authorize immediate reappointment of present Democrats to the Foreign Affairs Committee in order to prepare for emergency action on any neutrality proposals submitted.

Real Standard Time Demanded by I. C. C.

It's time, the Interstate Commerce Commission reported yesterday, to do something about the time.

Declaring "confusion, inconvenience, irritation and in some cases danger," have resulted from community changes in standard times, the I. C. C. asked Congress to "amend the standard time act so that it will completely effectuate the purpose announced by its terms, namely: 'to establish the standard time of the United States.'"

U. S. Supervision Of Milk Sought

Elimination by voluntary action of what it termed evils in the distribution of milk, and establishment of a Federal advisory authority to co-ordinate State and Federal control of the dairy industry, were recommended to Congress yesterday by the Federal Trade Commission in its final report on an investigation of the industry undertaken at the direction of Congress.

Immediately following publication of the report, Representative Koppleman (Democrat), of Connecticut, announced he would sponsor legislation designed to promote milk-marketing agreements fair to the milk producer, consumer and distributor, in accordance with the commission's recommendations.

The commission said its inquiry had determined the "competitive element was largely lacking" in paid producers of butter and cheese, gave in detail recommendations for strengthening existing distributive organizations and removing features it deplored, and urged the advisory council's establishment.

Motors Bought For Spain Held Worn 'Libertys'

U. S. Army Official Says Engines Are Unfit for Military Use.

By the Associated Press.

Dayton, Ohio, Jan. 4.—Brig. Gen. A. W. Robins, chief of the material division of the United States Army Air Corps at Wright Field, said today airplane engines recently sold and reported consigned to the Spanish government were "Liberty" motors, manufactured during the World War.

Denying an Eastern report Robert Cuse, of Jersey City, N. J., exporter, had acquired motors so new they were not yet subject to customary overhaul after 500 air-hours, Gen. Robins said:

"That is not so. The motors were 'Libertys' and some may have been in storage for years. They had been used so much they were worn out and are totally unfit for military operation.

"We haven't had a Liberty in one of our planes for 8 years—maybe 10 or 12."

Many of the 400-h. p. engines have been sold for use in motorboats and racing cars. The Coast Guard has used them in patrol boats.

Baltimore reports last week said Cuse had acquired the obsolete equipment from Martin Liling, New York broker, who was successful bidder for the lot at an Army sale in November. Cuse also had made an offer.

"But we still have them," Robbins commented. "Some of them are here in Dayton; others are at Middletown, Ohio, San Antonio, Tex., Panama and the Philippine Islands. And we'll have them until payment is made."

Spanish Agents Seek Planes.

San Francisco, Jan. 4 (AP).—Attempts to purchase private airplanes for use in the Spanish civil war were disclosed today by bay area aviators.

Capt. Walter Seaborn, Alameda flier-broker, said the agents were offering individuals as much as $7,000 cash for planes sold by factories for $2,500. Seaborn said he was approached by agents apparently of warring forces in Spain.

Franklin Rose, head of an air service here, said he heard the agents acquired several planes in the Los Angeles area.

Virginia Employers Granted Extension On Insurance Tax

Richmond, Va., Jan. 4 (AP).—N. B. Early, United States Collector of Internal Revenue for Virginia, said today Virginia employers subject to the unemployment insurance tax due January 31 would be granted a 60-day extension for payment of the Federal portion of the levy.

Early said a decision on whether a similar extension would be granted on the State portion of the pay roll tax would be reached at a conference tomorrow with members of the Virginia unemployment compensation commission.

The Virginia Collector of Internal Revenue's office has sent out tax return forms to approximately 12,000 employers, and W. H. Rouse, member of the State commission, said today it would be almost impossible for the commission to get out State forms to that number in time for their return by January 31.

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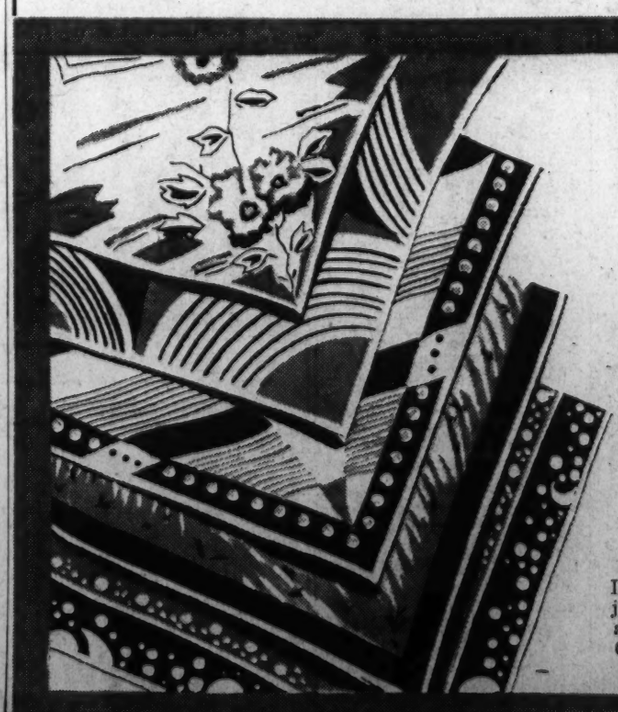

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